

Spin Density Matrix Elements from diffractive φ vector meson production at HERMES

W. Augustyniak

Andrzej Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland

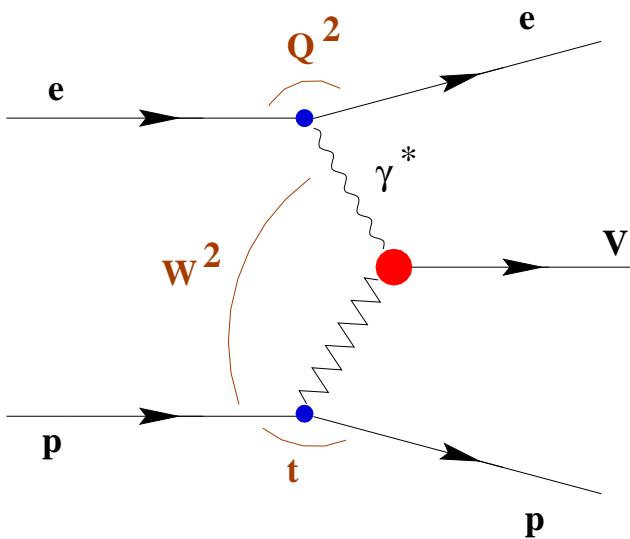
on behalf of HERMES Collaboration

witold.augustyniak@fuw.edu.pl



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- Rudiments
 - Spin Density Matrix Elements (SDME's) : definitions and their determination
 - The derived observables:
 - SDME's and Amplitudes vector mesons
 - Dependences of SDME's on Q^2 and t'
 - $R = \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T}$
 - the signatures of the Natural or Unnatural Parity Exchange amplitudes
 - The Transverse Target Spin Asymmetry - A_{UT}
 - Conclusions

$e + p \rightarrow e' + p' + V$: **Rudiments**

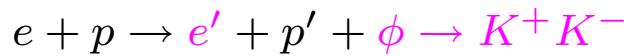


Kinematics:

- $\nu = 5 \div 24 \text{ GeV}$, $\langle \nu \rangle = 13.3 \text{ GeV}$,
- $Q^2 = 0.5 \div 7.0 \text{ GeV}^2$, $\langle Q^2 \rangle = 2.3 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $W = 3.0 \div 6.5 \text{ GeV}$, $\langle W \rangle = 4.9 \text{ GeV}$,
- $x_{Bj} = 0.01 \div 0.35$, $\langle x_{Bj} \rangle = 0.07$
- $t' = (t - t_{min})$
- $t' = 0 \div 0.4 \text{ GeV}^2$, $\langle t' \rangle = 0.13 \text{ GeV}^2$

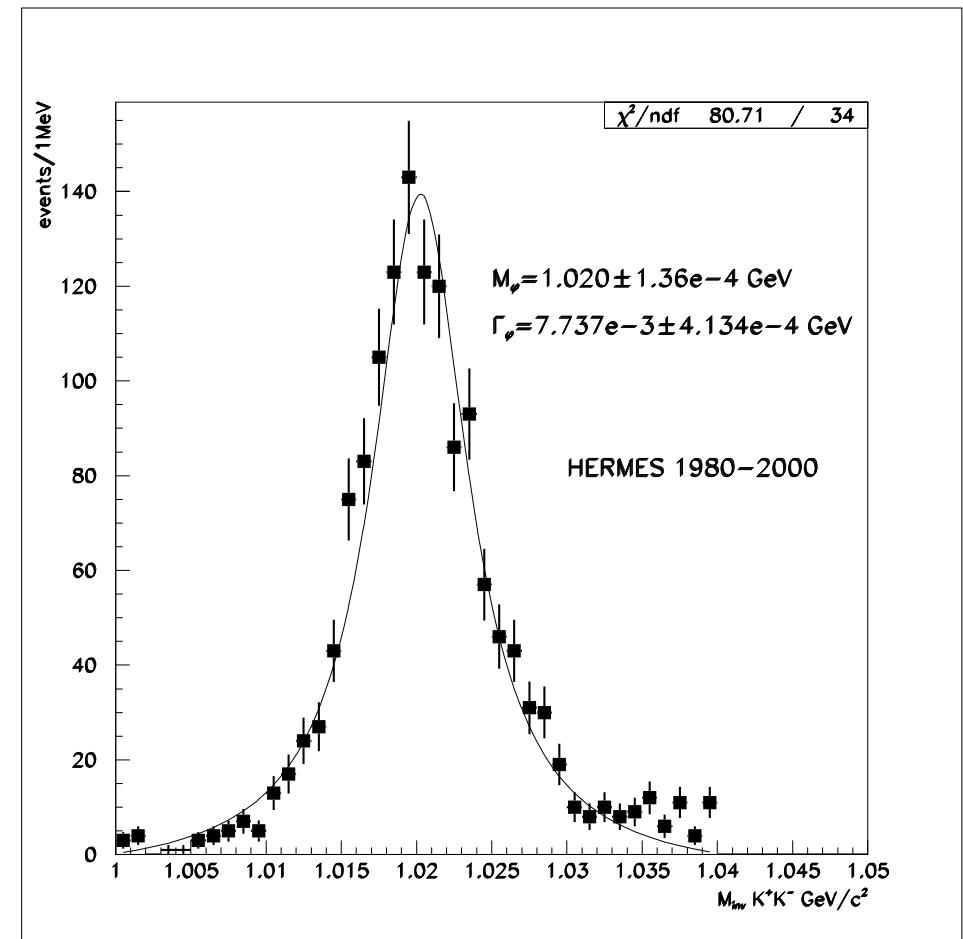
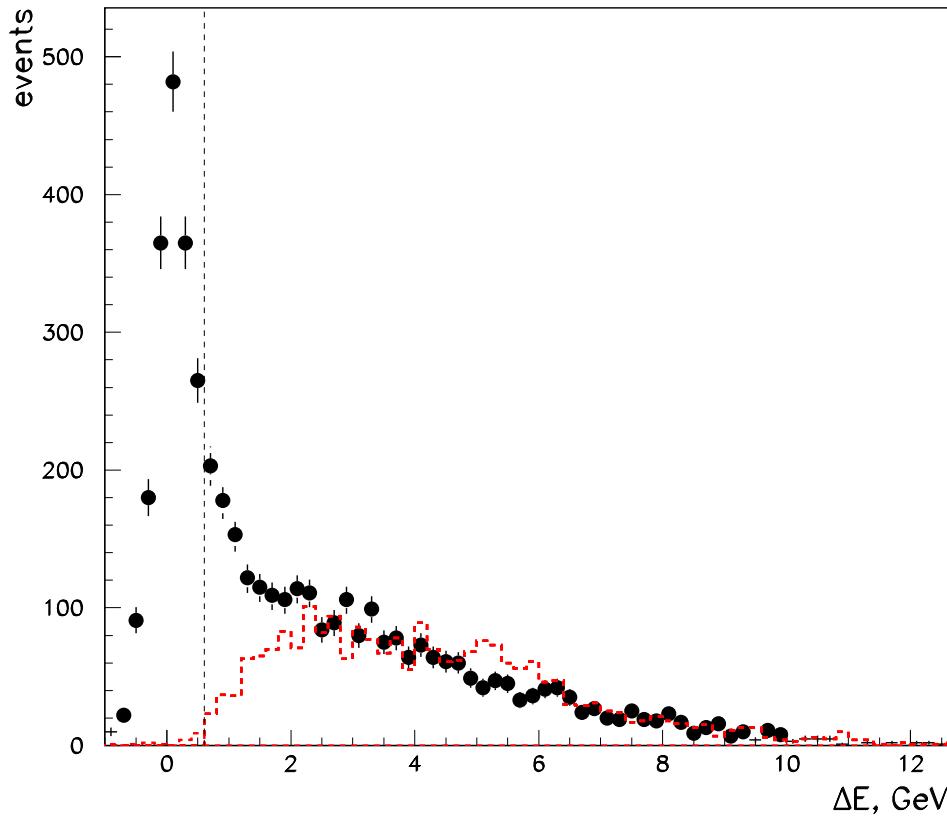
- In one photon approximation
 $\equiv \gamma^* + p \rightarrow p' + V$
- The amplitude of this process can be factorized:
 $A = \Phi_{\gamma^* \rightarrow q\bar{q}}^* \otimes A_{q\bar{q} + p \rightarrow q\bar{q} + p} \otimes \Phi_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow V}$.
 In these three steps the interaction time ($q\bar{q}$) with target is shorter than γ^* fluctuation and formation of VM.
 (Collins,Frankfurt and Strikman Phys.Rev D56(1997)2982)
- $\gamma^* + N \rightarrow \phi^0 + N'$ is good tool to study the helicity conservation:
 - helicity state of γ^* is easy to determine (QED)
 - $\phi^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ decay determines the helicity of ϕ^0

Exclusive ϕ Meson Production

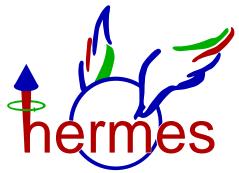


The exclusive events were selected from

the missing energy spectra $\Delta E = \frac{M_X^2 - M_p^2}{2M_p}$.



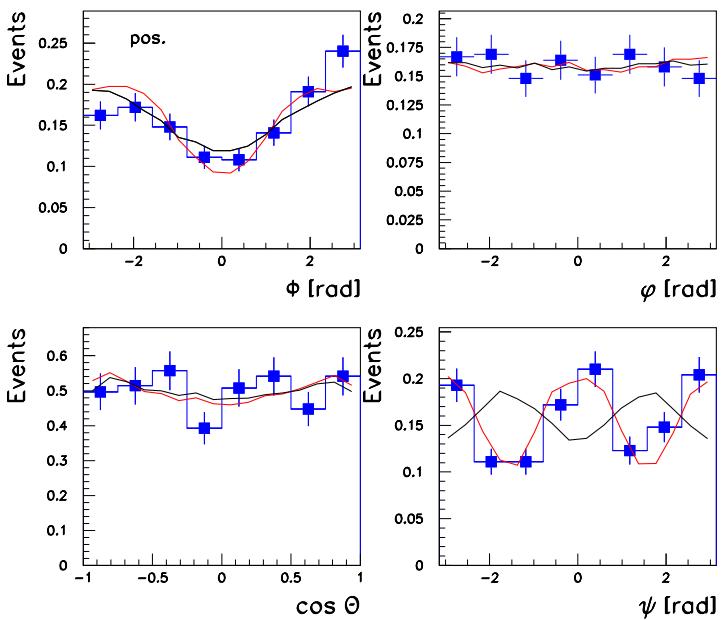
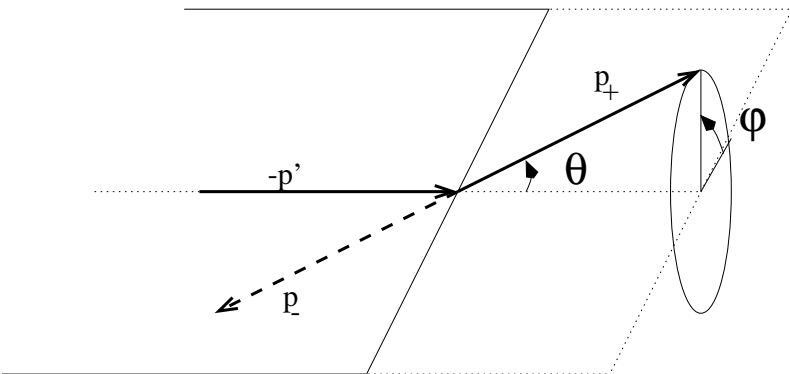
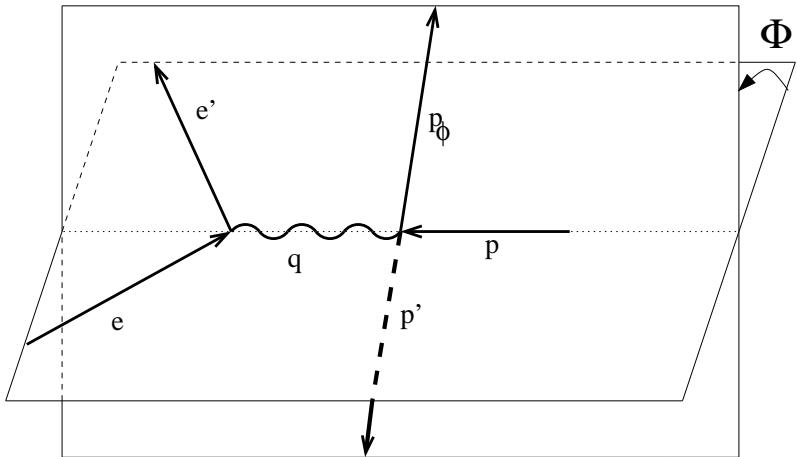
The background was simulated by code MC PYTHIA.



ϕ -meson Spin Density Matrix Elements (SDMEs)

- SDMEs: $r_{\lambda_V \lambda'_V}^{\alpha} \sim \rho(V) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{\lambda'_\gamma, \lambda_\gamma} (T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma} \rho(\gamma) T_{\lambda'_V \lambda'_\gamma}^+)$
spin-density matrix of the vector meson $\rho(V)$ in terms of the photon matrix $\rho(\gamma)$ and helicity amplitude $T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$
- presented according to K.Schilling and G.Wolf (Nucl. Phys. B61 (1973) 381)
 $\alpha = 04$ - long. or trans. photon with $\lambda_\phi = 0$; $\alpha = 1-2$ - trans. with lin. pol. ;
 $\alpha = 3$ - trans. with cir. pol.; $\alpha = 5-8$ - interf. trans./long. terms.
- measured experimentally at $5 < W < 75$ GeV (HERMES,COMPASS,H1,ZEUS)
- provide access to helicity amplitudes $T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$ and phases, which are:
 - extracted experimentally from SDMEs
 - calculated from GPDs:S.V.Goloskokov,P.Kroll arXiv:0708.3569 [hep-ph]27.08.07;
Eur.Phys.J. C 50,829 (2007) hep-ph/0601290; Eur.Phys.J. C 42,281 (2005)
hep-ph/0501242

Angular Distributions Fit: Likelihood Method in MINUIT



- ➊ Simulated Events: matrix of fully reconstructed MC events from initial uniform angular distribution
- ➋ Binned Maximum Likelihood Method: $8 \times 8 \times 8$ bins of $\cos(\Theta), \phi, \Phi$. Simultaneous fit of 23 SDMEs
 $r_{ij}^\alpha = W(\Phi, \phi, \cos \Theta)$ for data with negative and positive beam helicity ($< |P_b| >= 53.5\%$, $\Psi = \Phi - \phi$)
 \Leftarrow red line after the fit MAX. Likelihood method, black one starting parameters

Function for the Fit of 23 SDME r_{ij}^α

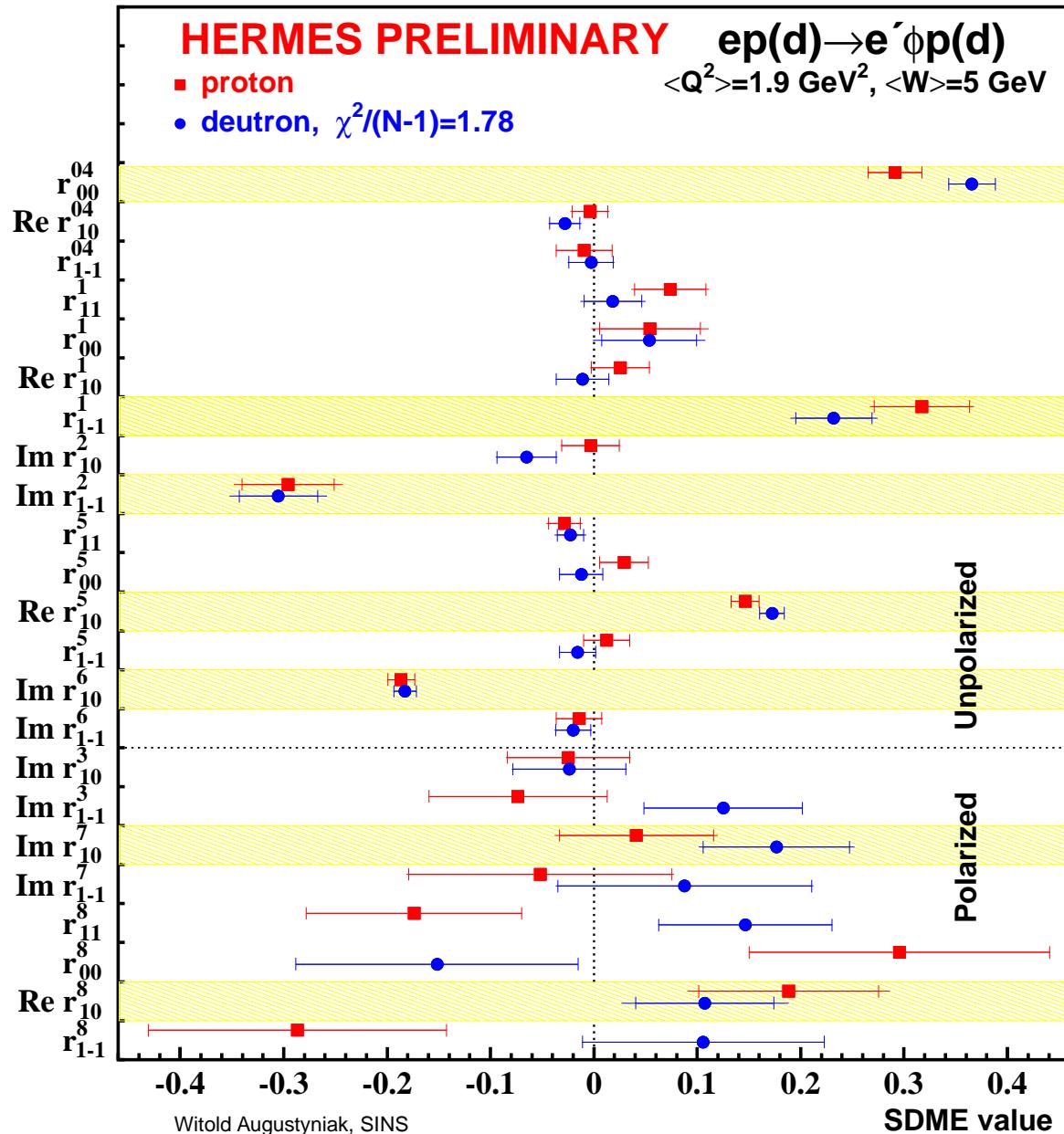
$$W(\cos \Theta, \phi, \Phi) = W^{unpol} + W^{long.pol},$$

$$W^{unpol}(\cos \Theta, \phi, \Phi) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \left[\frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{00}^{04}) + \frac{1}{2}(3r_{00}^{04} - 1) \cos^2 \Theta - \sqrt{2}\text{Re}\{r_{10}^{04}\} \sin 2\Theta \cos \phi - r_{1-1}^{04} \sin^2 \Theta \cos 2\phi \right. \\
& - \epsilon \cos 2\Phi \left(r_{11}^1 \sin^2 \Theta + r_{00}^1 \cos^2 \Theta - \sqrt{2}\text{Re}\{r_{10}^1\} \sin 2\Theta \cos \phi - r_{1-1}^1 \sin^2 \Theta \cos 2\phi \right) \\
& - \epsilon \sin 2\Phi \left(\sqrt{2}\text{Im}\{r_{10}^2\} \sin 2\Theta \sin \phi + \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^2\} \sin^2 \Theta \sin 2\phi \right) \\
& + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 + \epsilon)} \cos \Phi \left(r_{11}^5 \sin^2 \Theta + r_{00}^5 \cos^2 \Theta - \sqrt{2}\text{Re}\{r_{10}^5\} \sin 2\Theta \cos \phi - r_{1-1}^5 \sin^2 \Theta \cos 2\phi \right) \\
& \left. + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 + \epsilon)} \sin \Phi \left(\sqrt{2}\text{Im}\{r_{10}^6\} \sin 2\Theta \sin \phi + \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^6\} \sin^2 \Theta \sin 2\phi \right) \right],
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
W^{long.pol.}(\cos \Theta, \phi, \Phi) &= \frac{3}{8\pi^2} P_{beam} \left[\sqrt{1 - \epsilon^2} \left(\sqrt{2}\text{Im}\{r_{10}^3\} \sin 2\Theta \sin \phi + \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^3\} \sin^2 \Theta \sin 2\phi \right) \right. \\
& + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \cos \Phi \left(\sqrt{2}\text{Im}\{r_{10}^7\} \sin 2\Theta \sin \phi + \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^7\} \sin^2 \Theta \sin 2\phi \right) \\
& \left. + \sqrt{2\epsilon(1 - \epsilon)} \sin \Phi \left(r_{11}^8 \sin^2 \Theta + r_{00}^8 \cos^2 \Theta - \sqrt{2}\text{Re}\{r_{10}^8\} \sin 2\Theta \cos \phi - r_{1-1}^8 \sin^2 \Theta \cos 2\phi \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Sets of SDMEs for different targets



The SDME's for proton (red) and deuteron (blue) for $1.0 < Q^2 < 7.0 \text{ GeV}^2$.

SDMEs and Amplitudes

A- SCHC $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$ and $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$
 $|T_{11}|^2 \propto 1 - r_{00}^{04} \propto r_{1-1}^1 \propto -\text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^2\}$

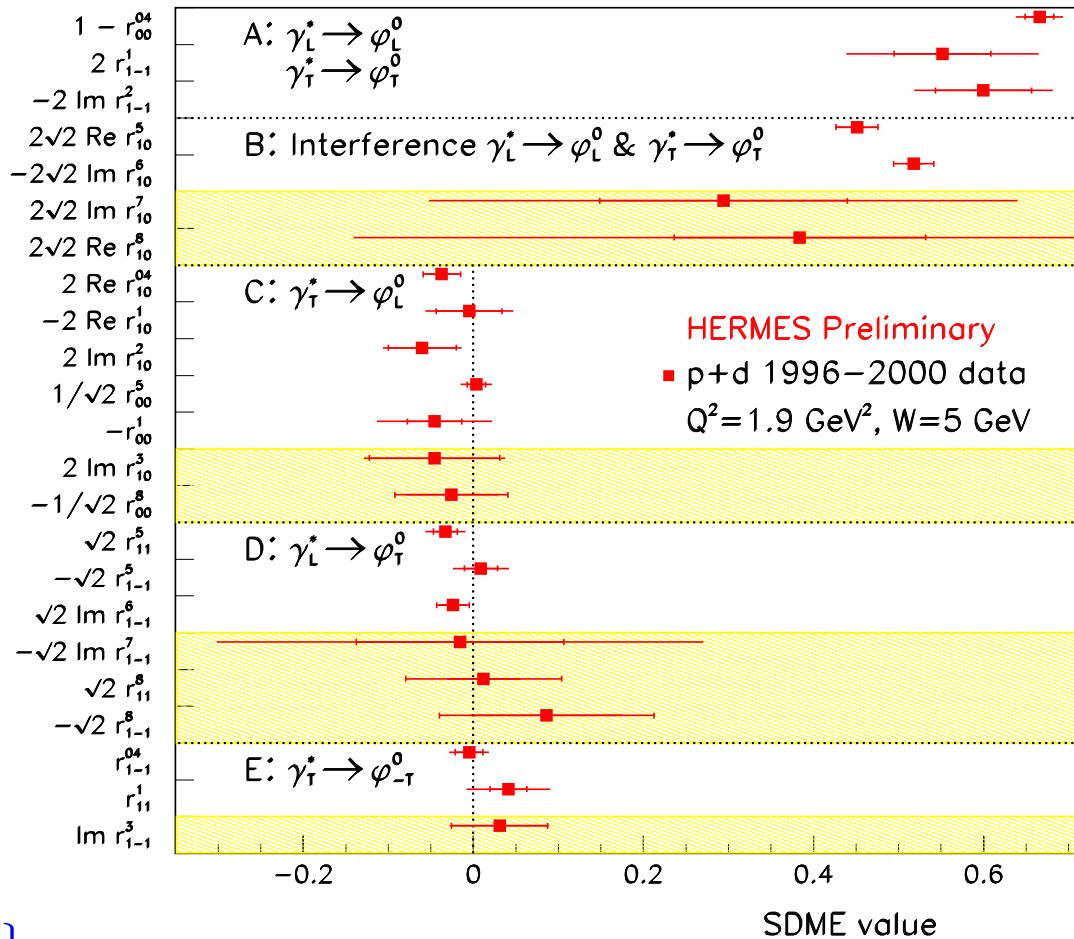
B- Interference: γ_L^*, ϕ_T^0
 $\text{Re}\{T_{00}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^5\} \propto -\text{Im}\{r_{10}^6\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{11}T_{00}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^7\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^8\}$

C- Spin Flip: $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{11}T_{01}^*\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^{04}\}$
 $\propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^1\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^2\}$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{01}T_{00}^*\} \propto r_{00}^5$
 $|T_{01}|^2 \propto r_{00}^1$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{01}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^3\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{01}T_{00}^*\} \propto r_{00}^8$

D-Spin Flip: $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{10}T_{11}^*\} \propto r_{11}^5 \propto r_{1-1}^5 \propto \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^6\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{10}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^7\} \propto r_{11}^8 \propto r_{1-1}^8$

E- Double Spin Flip: $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_{-T}^0$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{1-1}T_{11}^*\} \propto r_{1-1}^{04} \propto r_{11}^1$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{1-1}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^3\}$

Witold Augustyniak, SINS



The phase difference δ_{p+d}^ϕ between transverse T_{11} and T_{00} amplitudes was determined:
 $\text{tg}(\delta^\phi) = \frac{\text{Im}r_{10}^7 - \text{Re}r_{10}^8}{\text{Re}r_{10}^5 - \text{Im}r_{10}^6}$, $\delta_{p+d}^\phi = 33.0^\circ \pm 7.4^\circ$.

SDMEs and Amplitudes

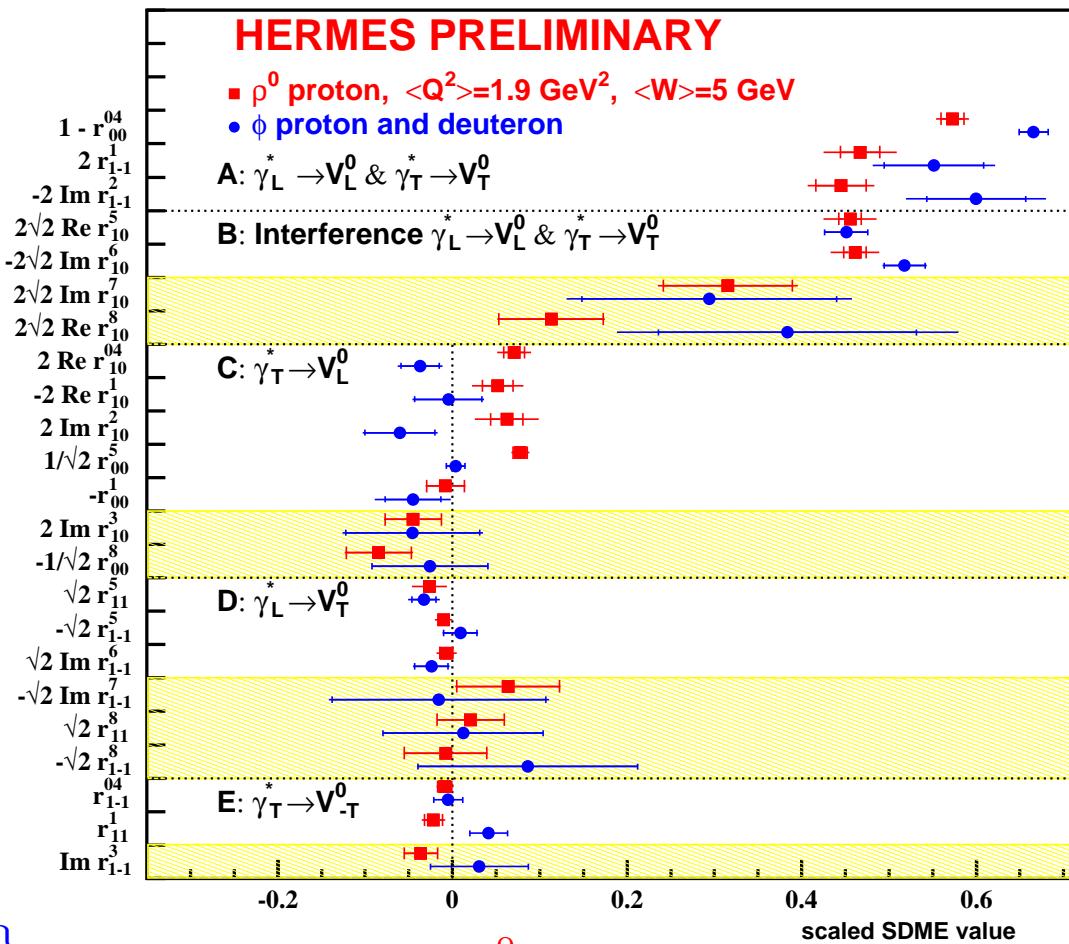
A- SCHC $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$ and $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$
 $|T_{11}|^2 \propto 1 - r_{00}^{04} \propto r_{1-1}^1 \propto -\text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^2\}$

B- Interference: γ_L^*, ϕ_T^0
 $\text{Re}\{T_{00}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^5\} \propto -\text{Im}\{r_{10}^6\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{11}T_{00}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^7\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^8\}$

C- Spin Flip: $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{11}T_{01}^*\} \propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^{04}\}$
 $\propto \text{Re}\{r_{10}^1\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^2\}$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{01}T_{00}^*\} \propto r_{00}^5$
 $|T_{01}|^2 \propto r_{00}^1$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{01}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{10}^3\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{01}T_{00}^*\} \propto r_{00}^8$

D-Spin Flip: $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$
 $\text{Re}\{T_{10}T_{11}^*\} \propto r_{11}^5 \propto r_{1-1}^5 \propto \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^6\}$
 $\text{Im}\{T_{10}T_{11}^*\} \propto \text{Im}\{r_{1-1}^7\} \propto r_{11}^8 \propto r_{1-1}^8$

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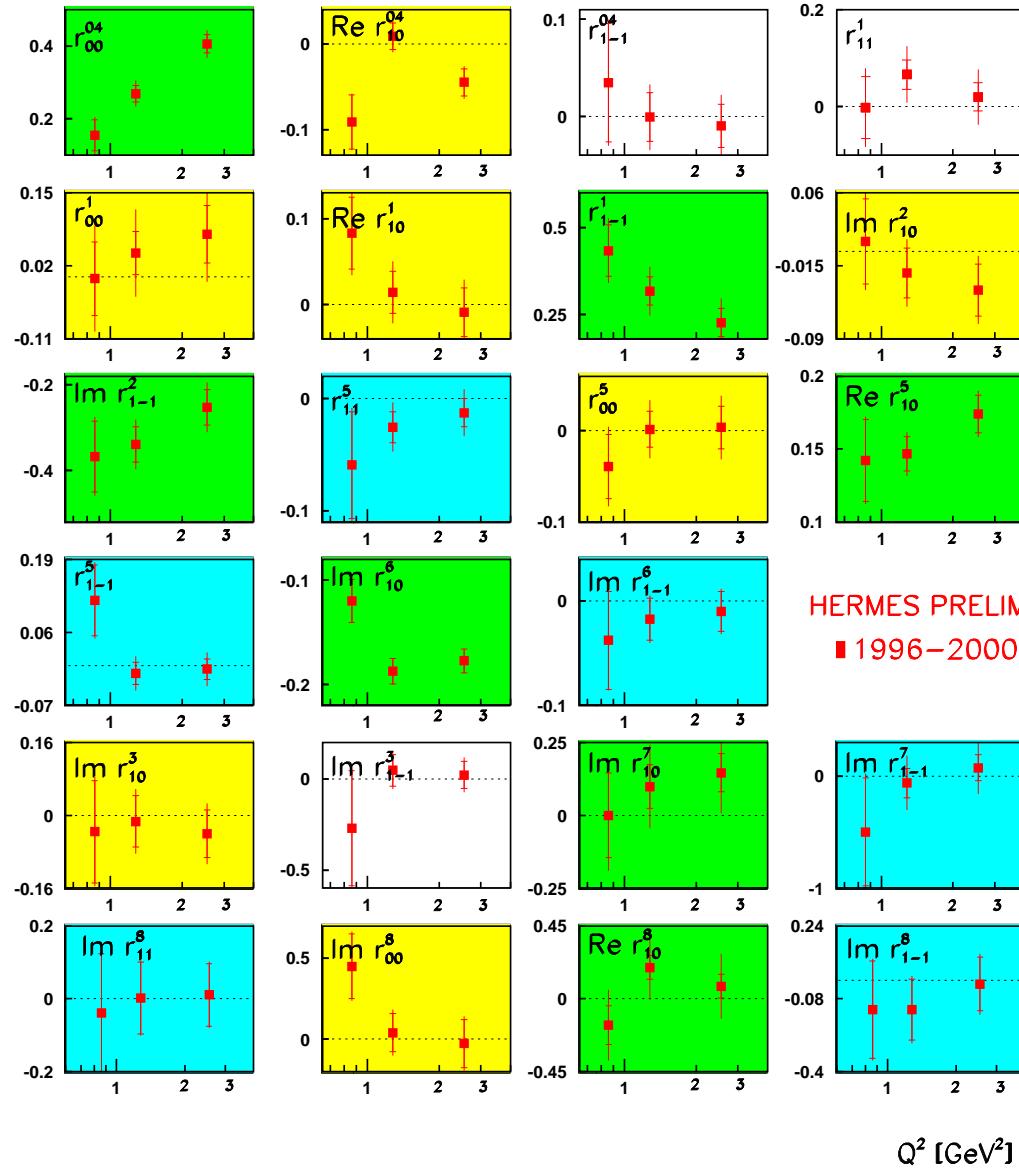


⇒ **Hierarchy of ϕ^0 amplitudes:**

$|T_{00}| \sim |T_{11}| \gg |T_{01}| > |T_{10}| \gtrsim |T_{1-1}|$, ($0 \rightarrow L, 1 \rightarrow T$)

⇒ ϕ meson SDMEs are consistent with SCHC, $|T_{00}| \sim |T_{11}|$

Dependences of ϕ meson SDME's on Q^2



The dependences of SDME's on Q^2 for proton and deuteron data. The outer bars represent the total, the inner ones the statistical errors.

INDICATIONS:

green: Helicity conserving transitions

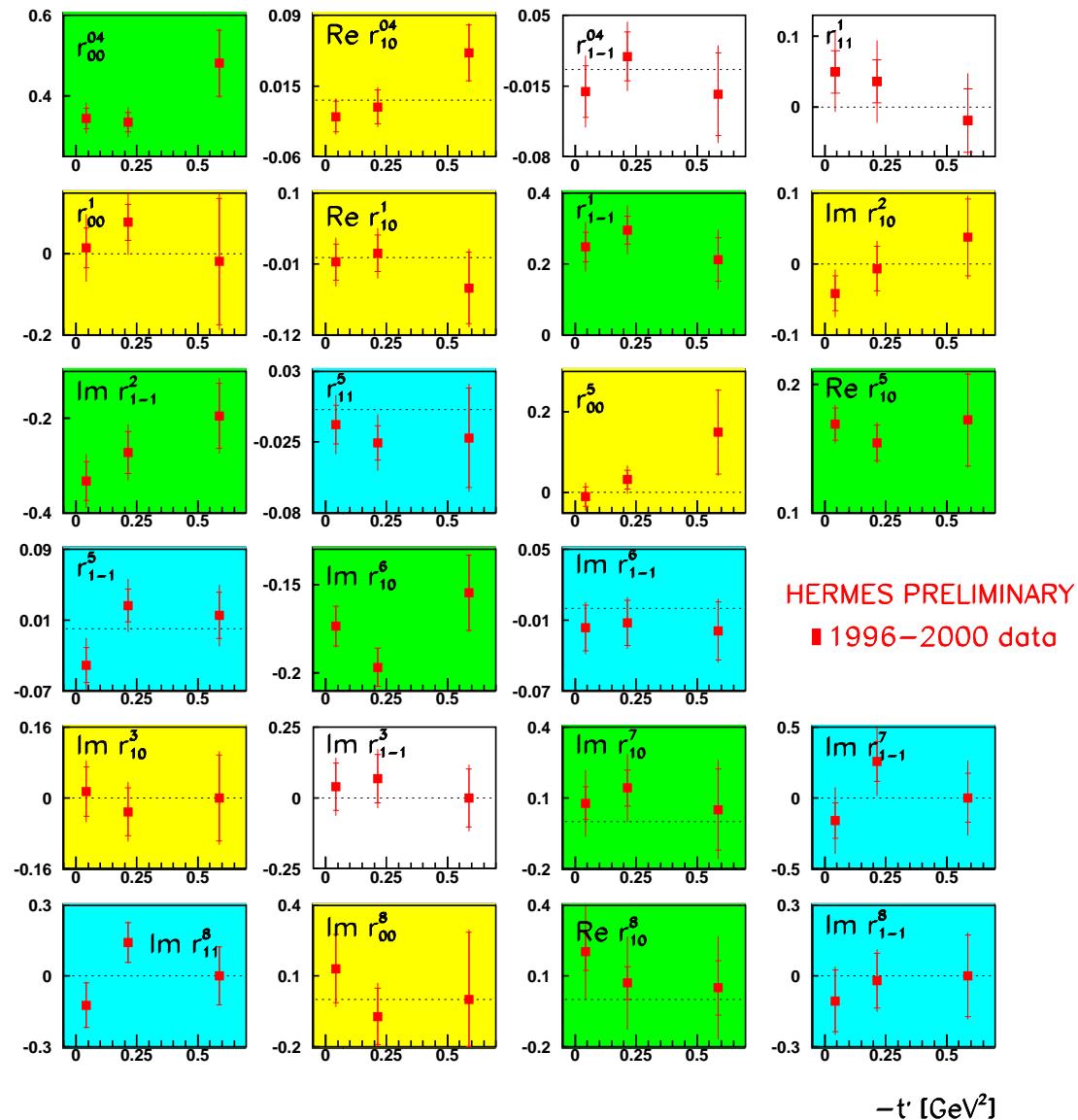
(SCHC) - $\gamma^*_L \rightarrow V_L, \gamma^*_T \rightarrow V_T$

yellow: Single Flip - $\gamma^*_T \rightarrow V_L$

blue: Single Flip - $\gamma^*_L \rightarrow V_T$

blank: Double Flip - $\gamma^*_T \rightarrow V_{-T}$

Dependences of ϕ meson SDME's on t'



The dependences of SDME's on t' for proton and deuteron data. The outer bars represent the total, the inner ones the statistical errors.

INDICATIONS:

green: Helicity conserving transitions

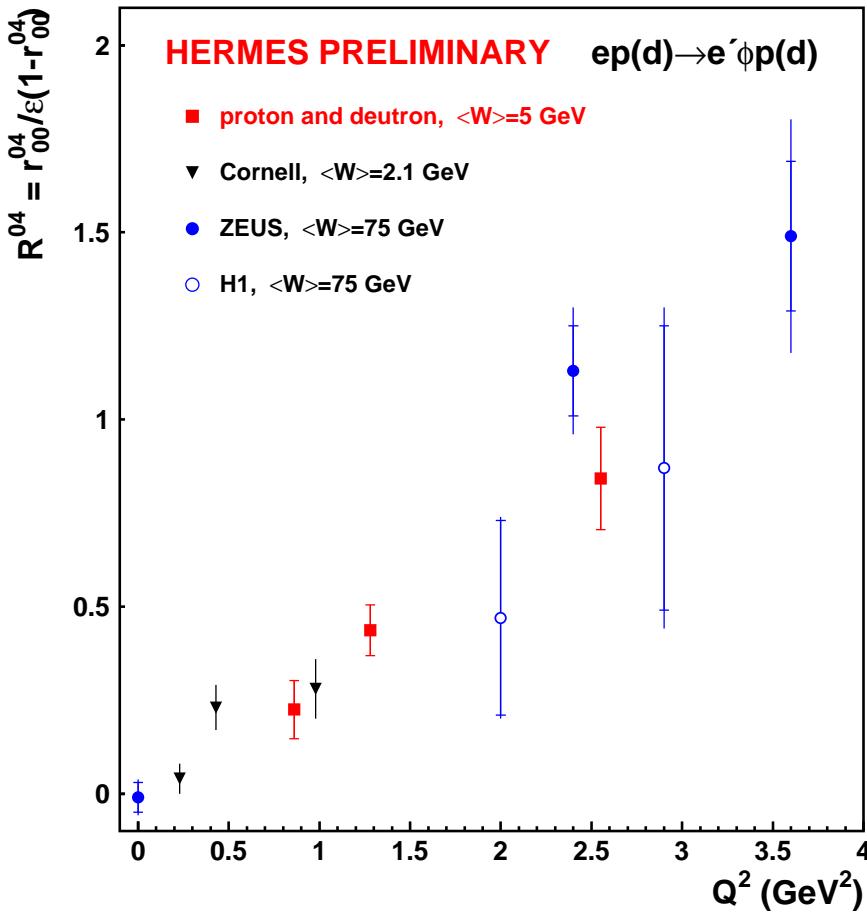
(SCHC) - $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_L, \gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_T$

yellow: Single Flip - $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_L$

blue: Single Flip - $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_T$

blank: Double Flip - $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_{-T}$

Longitudinal-to-Transverse Cross-Section Ratio



$\implies R^{04}$ for ϕ meson at HERMES is in good agreement with world data.

Comparison of commonly measured:

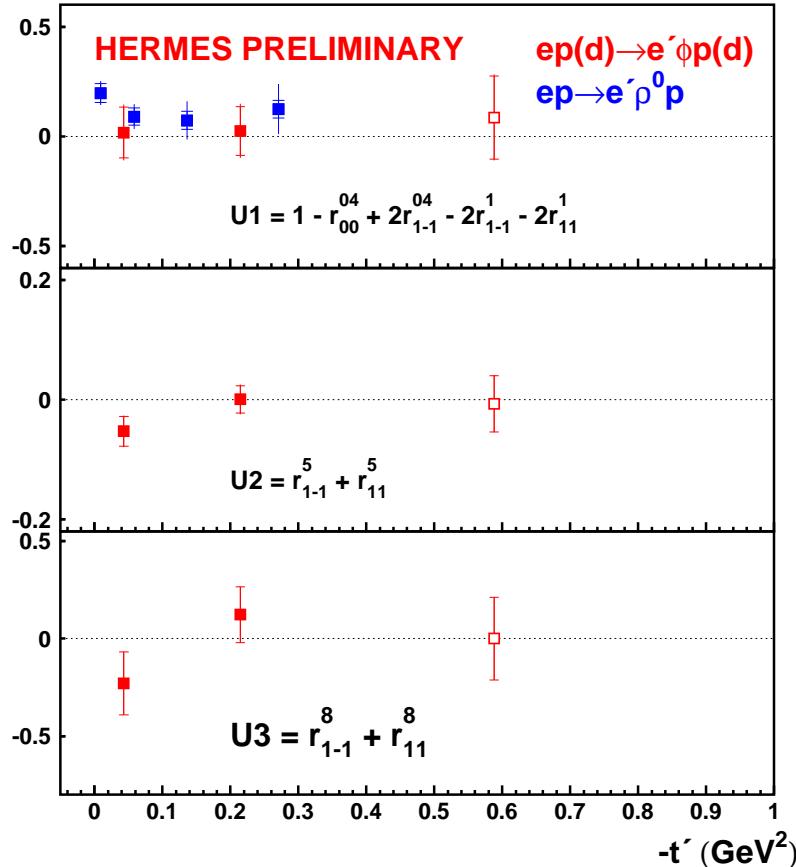
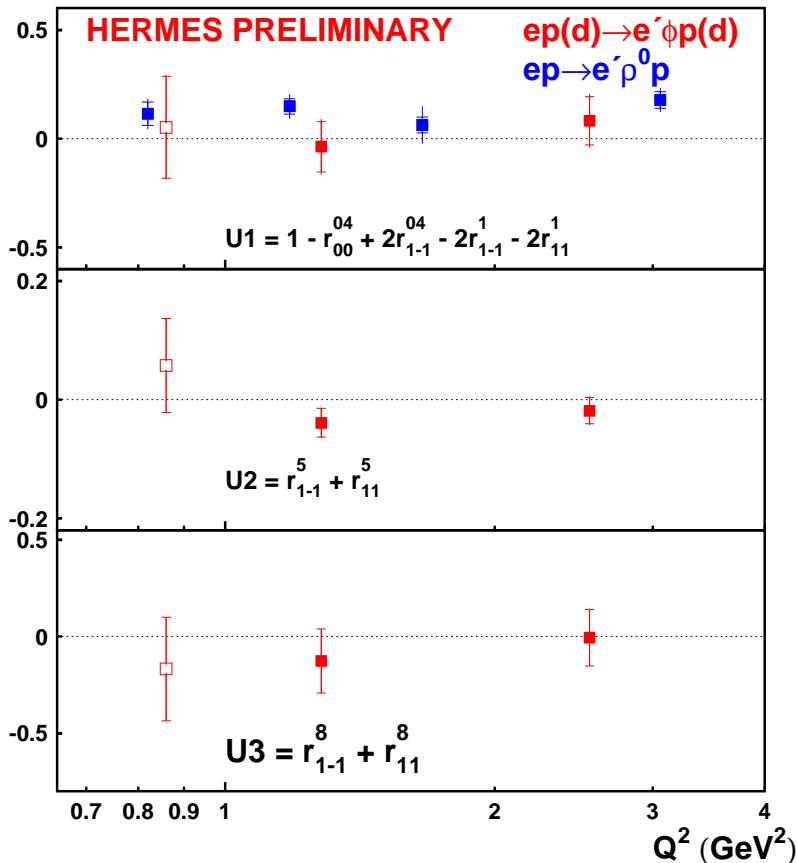
$$R^{04} = \frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}},$$

where:

$$r_{00}^{04} = \sum \{ \epsilon |T_{00}|^2 + |T_{11}|^2 \} / \sigma_{tot}$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = \epsilon \sigma_L + \sigma_T$$

Natural Parity Exchange in ϕ Meson Leptoproduction



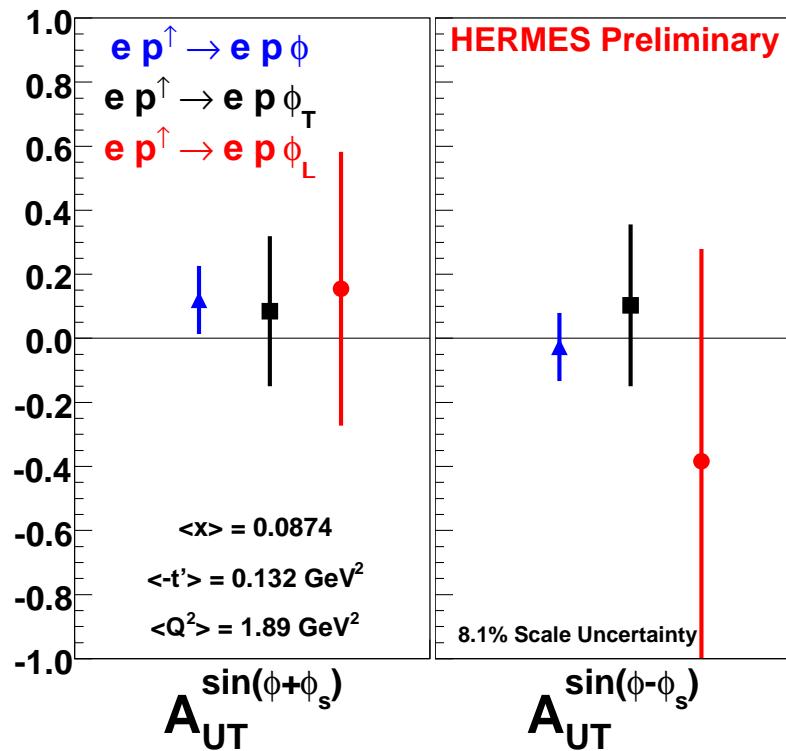
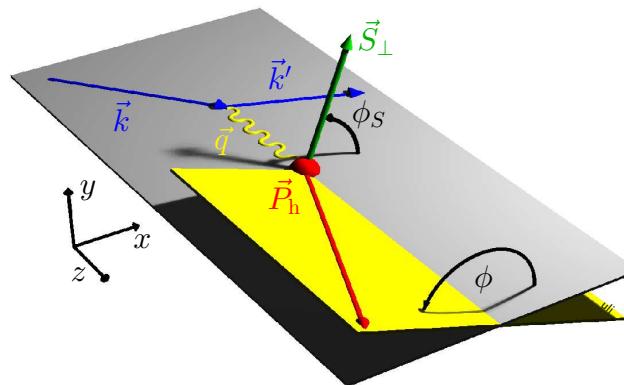
$$U1 = 0.02 \pm 0.07_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.16_{\text{syst}}$$

$$U2 = -0.03 \pm 0.01_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.03_{\text{syst}}$$

$$U3 = -0.05 \pm 0.11_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.07_{\text{syst}}$$

⇒ no UPE for ϕ meson production, as expected

Transverse Target Spin Asymmetry (TTSA)



TTSA allows to separate, sensitive to helicity-flip E GPDs with different spin dependence which contain information about the orbital angular momentum.

Def: $A_{UT}^l = \frac{d\sigma(\phi_s) - d\sigma(\phi_s + \pi)}{d\sigma(\phi_s) + d\sigma(\phi_s + \pi)}$, for $P_T = 1, P_L = 0$

Def: $A_{UT}^{\gamma^*} = \frac{d\sigma(\phi_s) - d\sigma(\phi_s + \pi)}{d\sigma(\phi_s) + d\sigma(\phi_s + \pi)}$, for $S_T = 1, S_L = 0$

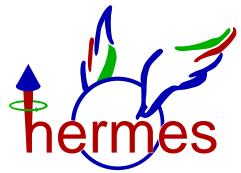
Determined following prescription of M.Diehl and S. Sapeta :
[hep-ph/0503023v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0503023v1)

from angular distribution $W(P_T, \cos(\theta), \phi, \phi_s)$ as amplitudes of $\sin(\phi \pm \phi_s)$.

The first measurement of the complete set of SDMEs for ϕ mesons

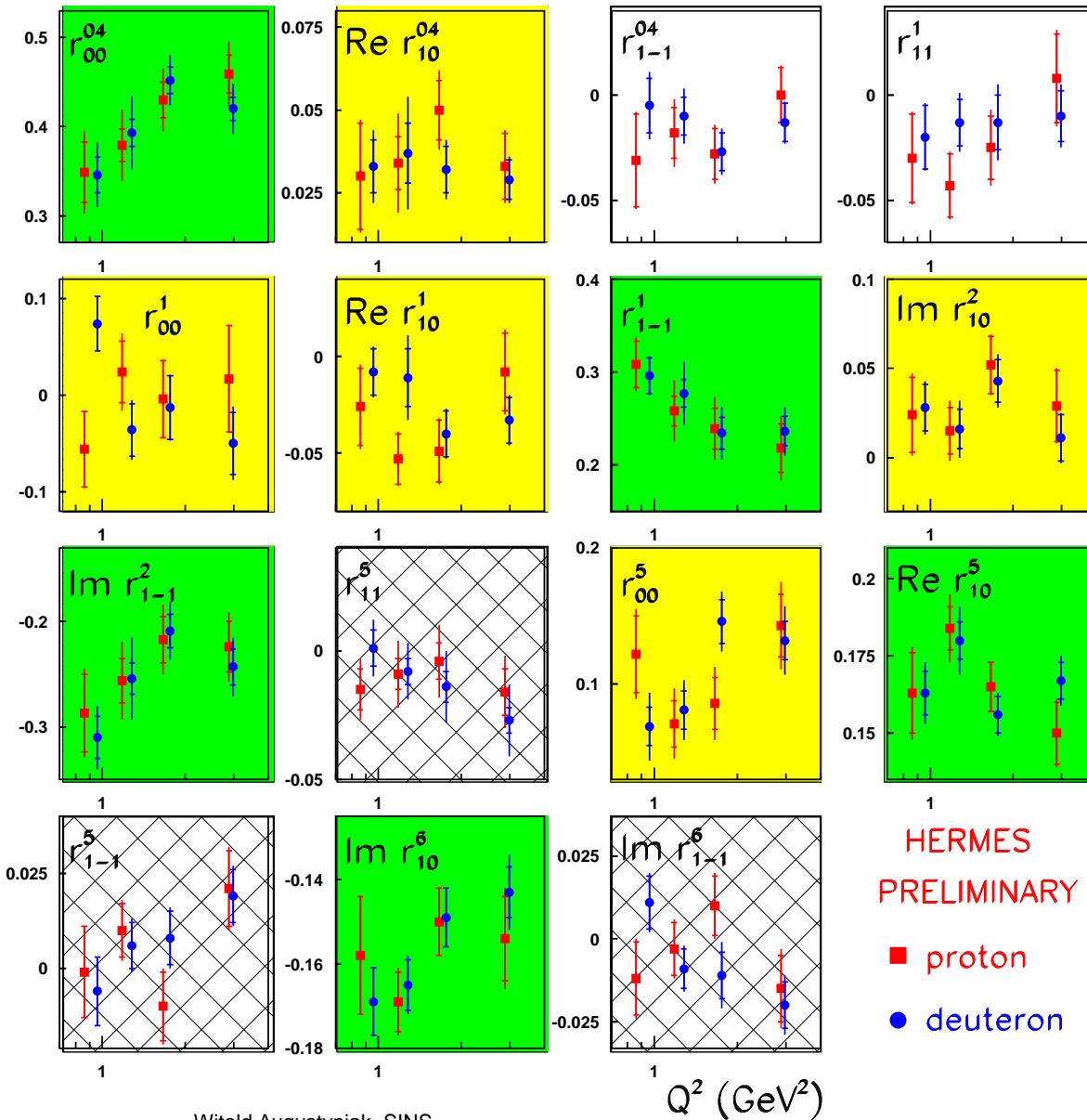
- The transitions $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$ and $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$ are dominant.
SDME's: $(1 - r_{00}^{04})$, r_{1-1}^1 , $\text{Im } r_{1-1}^2$, depend on Q^2 i.e. $\sim 1/(Q^2 + m_v^2)$
- The determined value of the difference between phase transitions $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$ and $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$
 $\delta_{p+d}^\phi = 33.0^0 \pm 7.4^0$.
- The SDME's describing the single-helicity-flip transitions: $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_L^0$ and $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_T^0$ as well as the double-helicity-flip $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_{-T}^0$ fluctuate near zero values.
- Dependence on target (H, D): not observed.
- Only Natural-Parity Exchange was observed.
- The comparisons of the $\frac{\sigma_L}{\sigma_T}$ with other measurements: good agreement.
- Determination of TTSA with L,T separation

The latest theoretical calculations in GPD model :S.V.Goloskokov,P.Kroll arXiv:0708.3569 [hep-ph]27.08.07, have been done for HERMES kinematics.



Additional slides

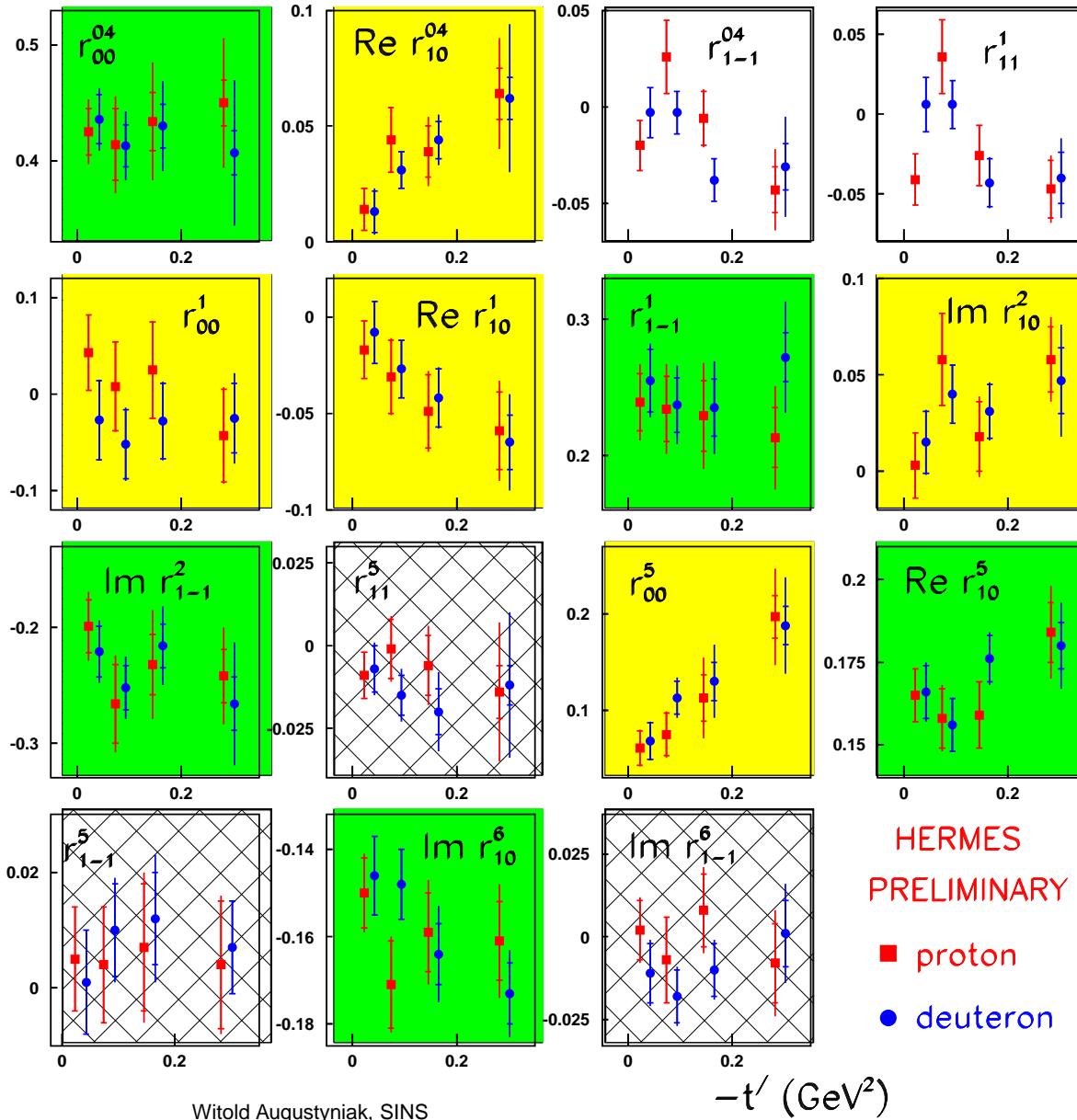
Dependencies of ρ^0 meson SDME's on Q^2



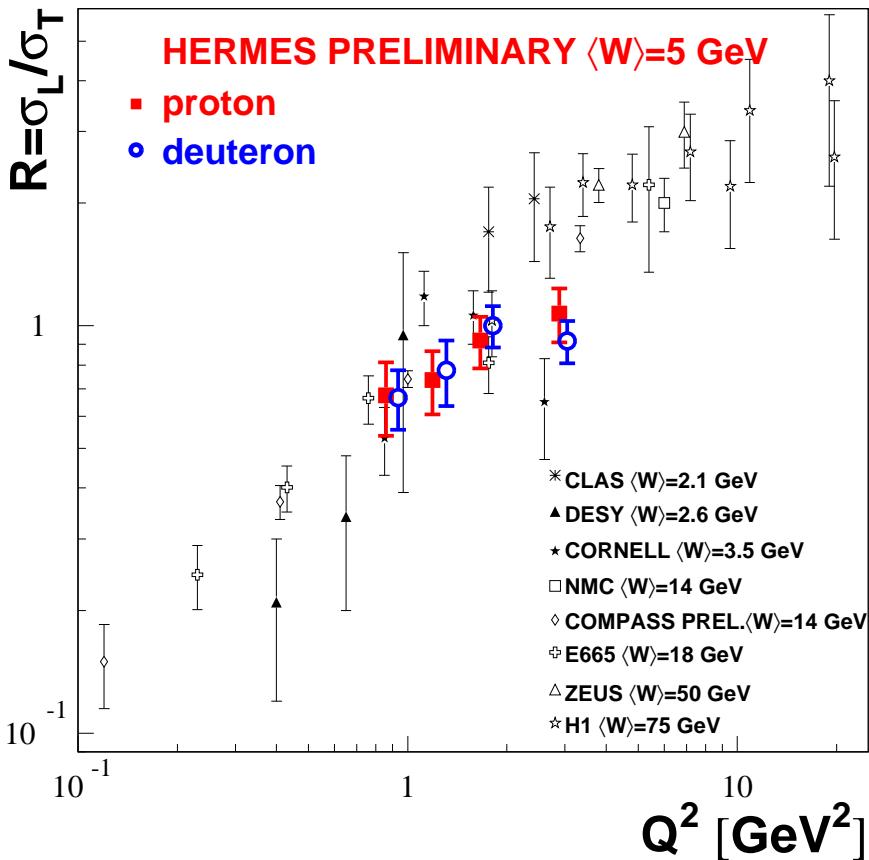
HERMES
PRELIMINARY

- proton
- deuteron

Dependencies of ρ^0 meson SDME's on t'



ρ^0 Longitudinal-to-Transverse Cross-Section Ratio



⇒ HERMES ρ^0 data on R^{04} are suggestive to $R(W)$ -dependence

Comparison of commonly measured:

$$R^{04} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}},$$

$$r_{00}^{04} = \sum \{ \epsilon |T_{00}|^2 + |T_{01}|^2 + |U_{01}|^2 \} / \sigma_{tot},$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = \epsilon \sigma_L + \sigma_T,$$

$$\sigma_T = \sum \{ |T_{11}|^2 + |T_{01}|^2 + |T_{1-1}|^2 + |U_{11}|^2 \},$$

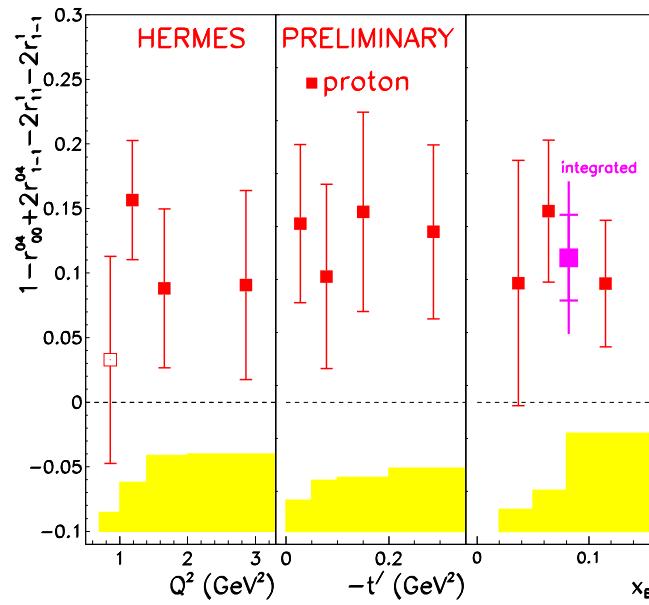
$$\sigma_L = \sum \{ |T_{00}|^2 + 2|T_{10}|^2 \}.$$

Due to the helicity-flip and unnatural parity amplitudes R^{04} depends on kinematic conditions, and is not identical to $R \equiv |T_{00}|^2 / |T_{11}|^2$ at SCHC and NPE dominance.

⇒ Second order contribution of spin-flip amplitudes to R^{04}

Unnatural Parity Exchange (UPE) in ρ^0 Leptoproduction

- Natural-parity exchange: interaction is mediated by a particle of ‘natural’ parity: vector or scalar meson:
 $J^P = 0^+, 1^-$ e.g. ρ^0, ω, a_2
- Unnatural parity exchange is mediated by pseudoscalar or axial meson:
 $J^P = 0^-, 1^+$, e.g. $\pi, a_1, b_1 \rightarrow$ only quark-exchange contribution
- No interference between NPE and UPE contributions on unpolarized target
- Extracted from SDMEs:
 $U2 + iU3 \propto (U_{11} + U_{1-1}) * U_{10}$
 $U2 = r_{11}^5 + r_{1-1}^5$
p: $U2 = -0.012 \pm 0.006_{stat} \pm 0.012_{syst}$
d: $U2 = -0.008 \pm 0.0046_{stat} \pm 0.010_{syst}$
 $U3 = r_{11}^5 + r_{1-1}^5$
p: $U3 = -0.020 \pm 0.050_{stat} \pm 0.007_{syst}$
d: $U3 = -0.021 \pm 0.038_{stat} \pm 0.011_{syst}$



- $U1 \propto \epsilon |U_{10}|^2 + 2|U_{11} + U_{1-1}|^2$
 $U1 = 1 - r_{00}^{04} + 2r_{1-1}^{04} - 2r_{11}^1 - 2r_{1-1}^1$
p: $U1 = 2|U_{11}|^2 =$
 $0.132 \pm 0.026_{st} \pm 0.053_{syst}$
d: $U1 = 0.094 \pm 0.020_{st} \pm 0.044_{syst}$
p+d: $U1 = 0.109 \pm 0.037_{tot}$
- ⇒ Indication on hierarchy of ρ^0 UPE amplitudes:
 $|U_{11}| \gg |U_{10}| \sim |U_{01}|$