

# Hard exclusive electro-production of vector mesons at HERMES

Bohdan Marianski

National Centre for Nuclear Research, Warsaw, Poland  
on behalf of HERMES Collaboration

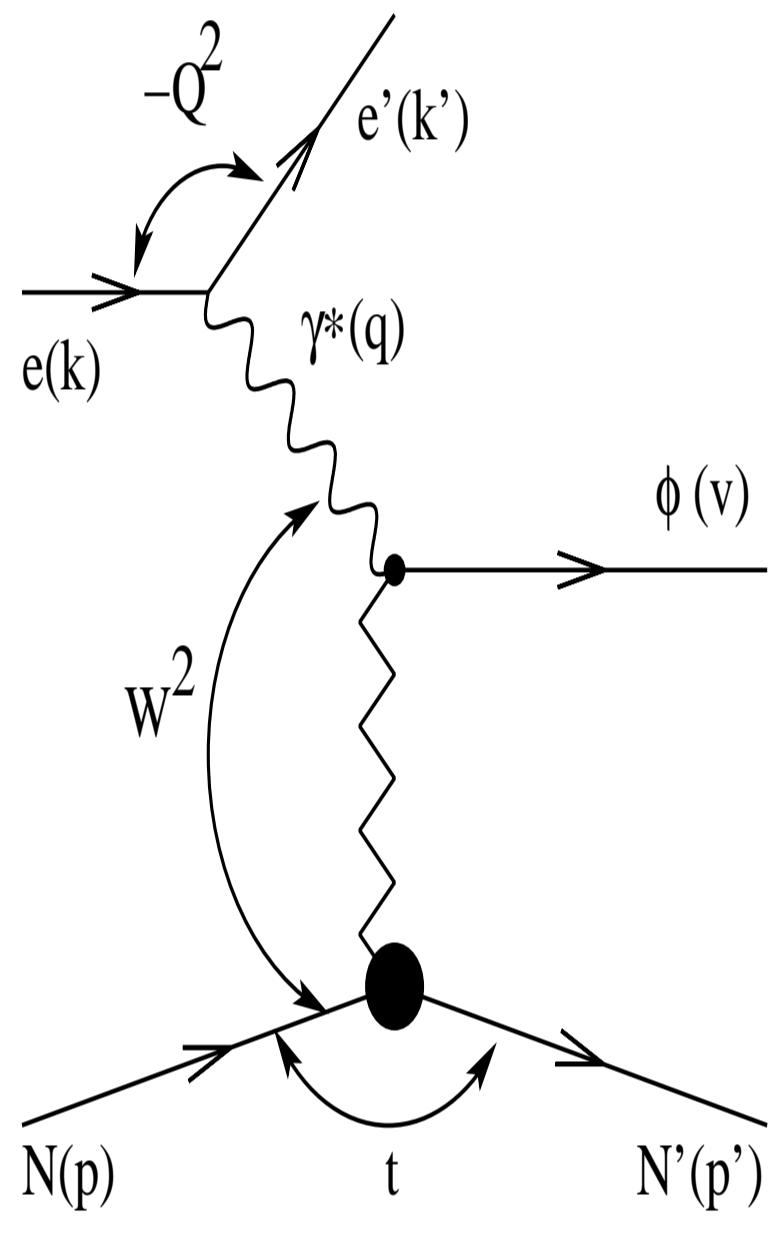


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What can we learn from electro-production of vector mesons.

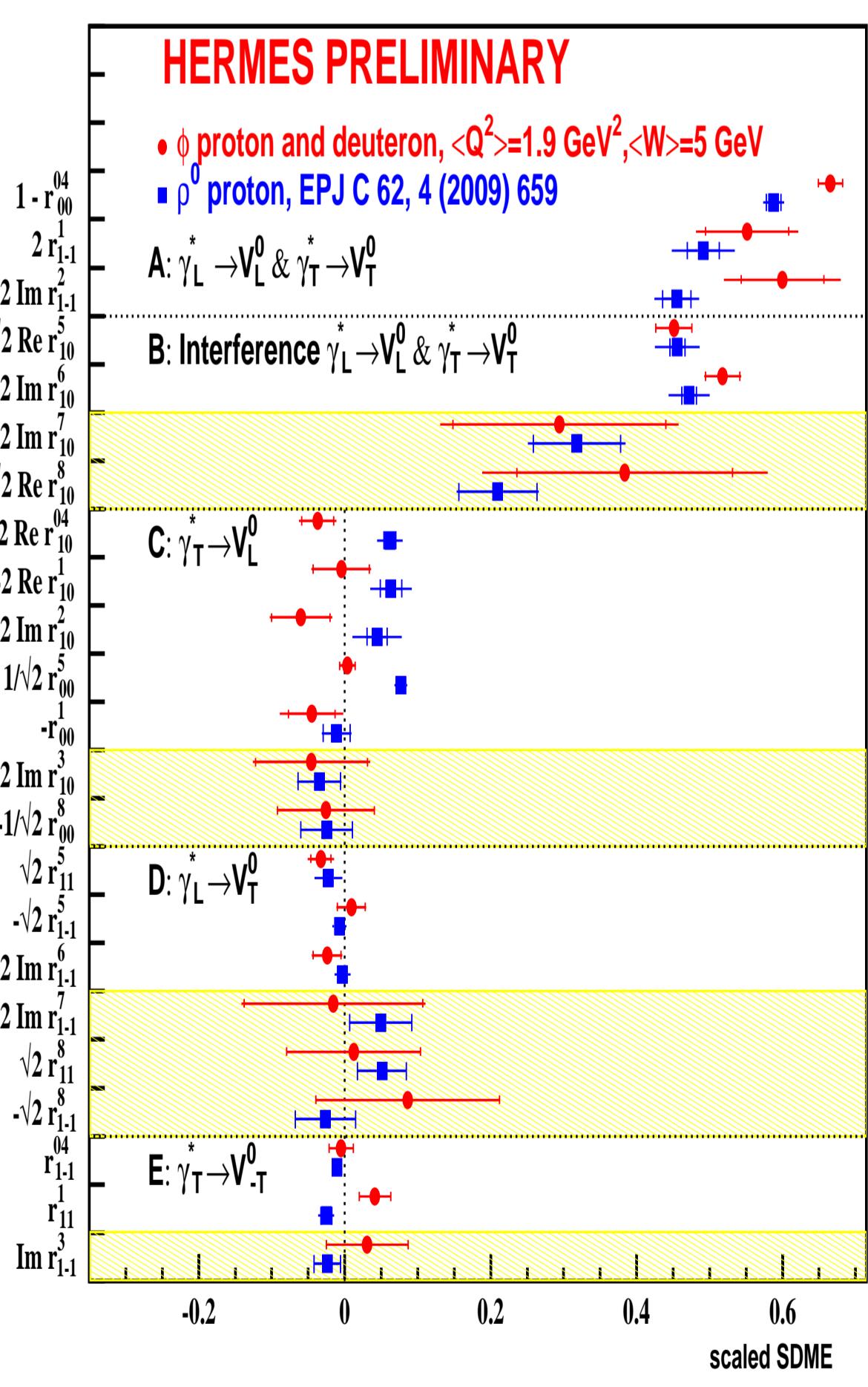
- Exclusive electroproduction of vector mesons in the process  $\gamma^* + N \rightarrow V + N'$  ( $V = \rho^0, \phi, \omega$ ) provides information on reaction mechanism and nucleon structure.
- Test of S-channel Helicity Conservation hypothesis (SCHC).
- Possibility to distinguish between contribution of N(U)natural Parity Exchange(NPE,UPE).
- Direct extraction of helicity amplitudes ratios of the reaction.
- Study of exclusive vector meson production offers the possibility of constraining Generalized Parton Distribution(GPD).

Experimental observables. Spin Density Matrices in reaction  $e + N \rightarrow e' + V + N$



- $e \rightarrow e' + \gamma^*$  (QED). Spin-density matrix of the virtual photon :  $\varrho_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}^{U+L}(\gamma) = \varrho_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}^U + P_{beam} \varrho_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}^L$  (U - unpolarized, L - polarized beam)
- $\gamma^* + N \rightarrow \rho^0(\phi) + N \rightarrow \pi^+(K^+) + \pi^-(K^-) + N$  (QCD).
- Spin Density Matrix Elements (SDMEs):  $r_{\lambda_V \lambda_\rho}^\alpha \sim \rho(V) = \frac{1}{2} F\rho(\gamma) F^+$  Vector meson spin-density matrix  $\rho(V)$  so and SDMEs are expressed in terms of the photon matrix  $\rho(\gamma)$  and helicity amplitude  $F_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$ .
- $\alpha = 0 \div 3$  - transverse photons , 4 - longitudinal photons, 5  $\div$  8 - interference terms.
- $F_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma} = T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma} + U_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$  amplitudes,  $T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$  - natural-parity exchange (NPE),  $U_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}$  - unnatural-parity exchange (NPE) amplitudes.
- SDMEs are bilinear combination of helicity amplitudes.
- For longitudinally polarized beam and unpolarized target there are 23 SDMEs,(15 unpolarized and 8 polarized ) which are determined from the fit of angular distribution of kaons from decay  $\phi \Rightarrow K^+ K^-$  or pions from  $\rho^0 \Rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ .

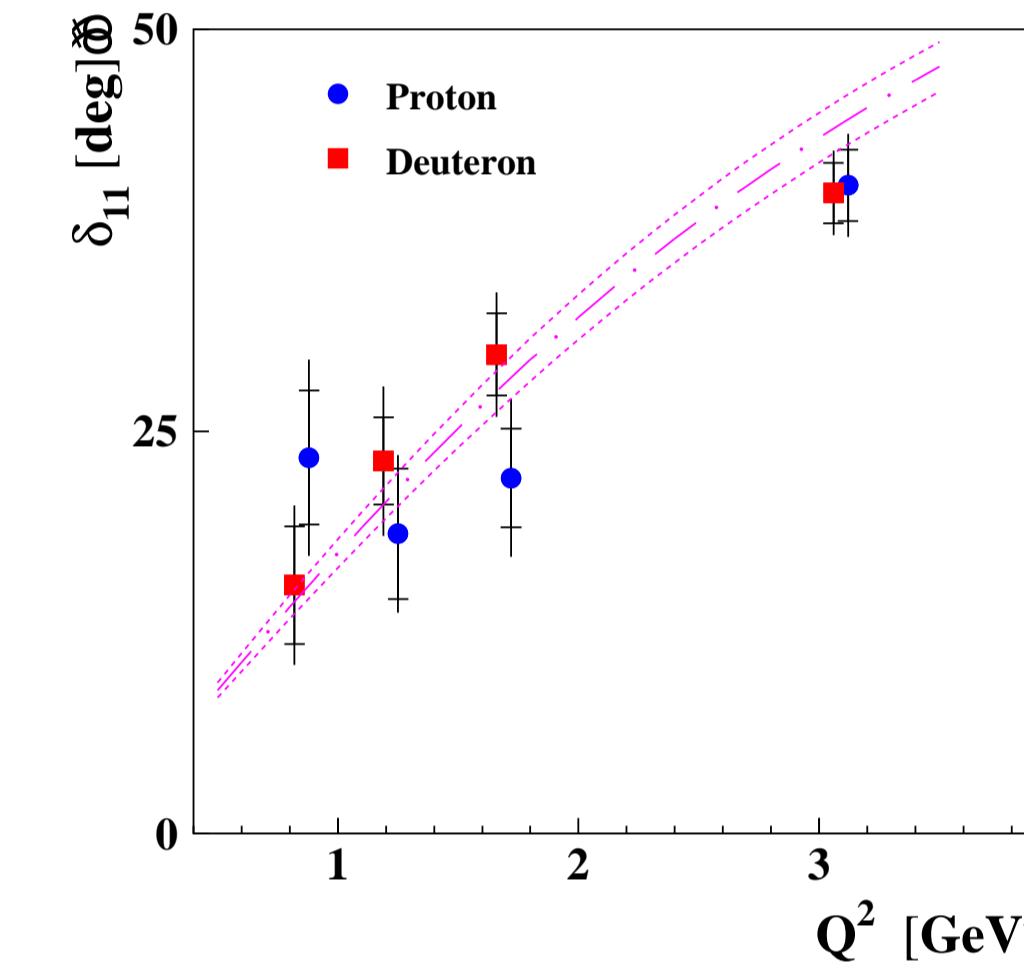
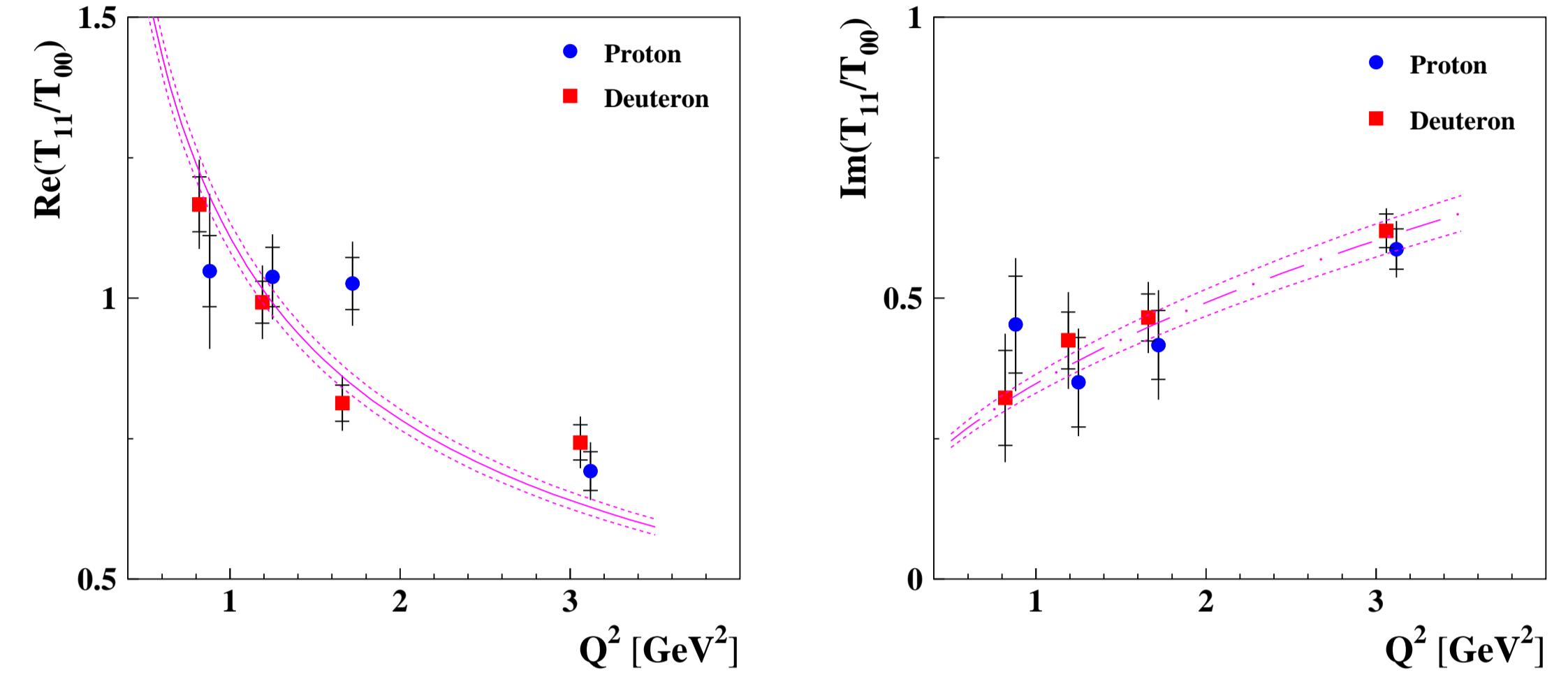
Comparison of SDMEs for the integrated data on exclusive  $\rho^0$  and  $\phi$  production



Hierarchy of the  $\rho^0$  amplitudes:  
 $|T_{00}| \sim |T_{11}| \gg |T_{01}| > |T_{10}| > |T_{1-1}|$ ,

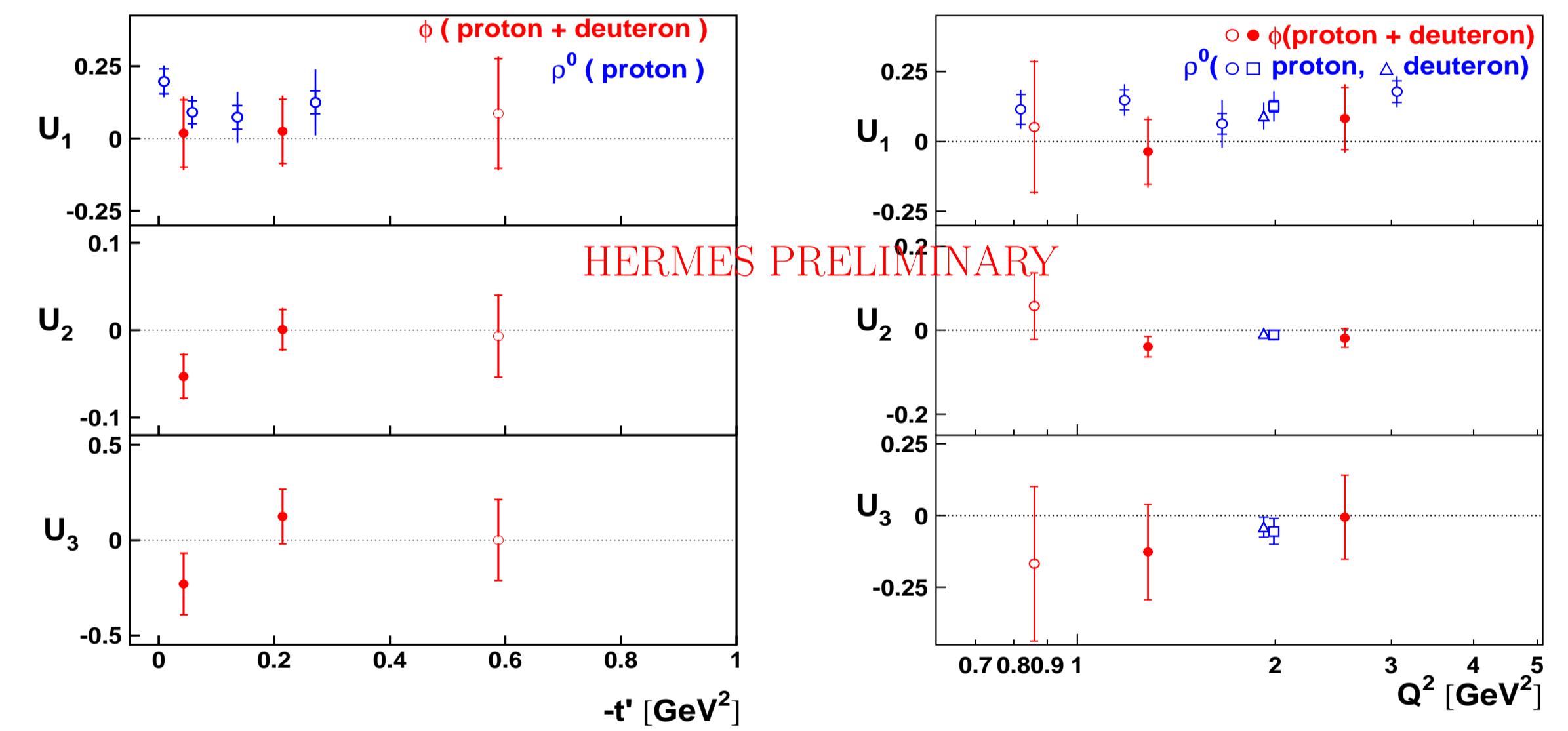
- class A and B - helicity conserving SDMEs
- A,  $\gamma_L^* \rightarrow \phi_L$  and  $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_T$  SDMEs( $\phi$ ) larger by 10% -20% than SDMES( $\rho^0$ )  
 $|T_{11}/T_{00}|(\phi) > |T_{11}/T_{00}|(\rho^0)$
- if SCHC holds:  
 $r_{1-1}^1 = -Im\{r_{1-1}^2\}$ ,  $Re\{r_{10}^5\} = -Im\{r_{10}^6\}$ ,  $Im\{r_{10}^7\} = Re\{r_{10}^8\}$  Approximately fulfilled
- Phase difference between  $T_{11}$  and  $T_{00}$   $\tan\delta = (Im\{r_{10}^5\} + Re\{r_{10}^8\}) / (Re\{r_{10}^5\} - Im\{r_{10}^6\})$   
 $\delta\rho = 30.0 \pm 5.0 \pm 2.4 \text{ deg}$      $\delta\phi = 33.0 \pm 7.4 \text{ deg}$
- C, Spin Flip:  $\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \phi_L$   $\phi$  meson SDMEs are consistent with SCHC
- Pronounced differences for  $r_{00}^5$  and  $Re\{r_{10}^4\}$  between  $\rho$  and  $\phi$   
 $r_{00}^5 \propto Re\{T_{11}T_{01}^*\} = |T_{01}||T_{11}| \cos\delta_{01}$   
 $r_{00}^8 \propto Im\{T_{11}T_{01}^*\} = |T_{01}||T_{11}| \sin\delta_{01}$   
 $|T_{01}|(\phi) < |T_{01}|(\rho^0)$
- $T_{01}$  close to 0 in the absence of longitudinal quark motion in meson.E.V. Kuraev, N. Nikolaev.and B.G.Zakharov JETP. Lett.68,696 (1998)  
smaller longitudinal quark motion in the  $\phi$  meson as compared to the  $\rho^0$

$Q^2$  dependence of  $Re\{Im\{T_{11}/T_{00}\}\}$  and phase difference  $\delta_{11}$



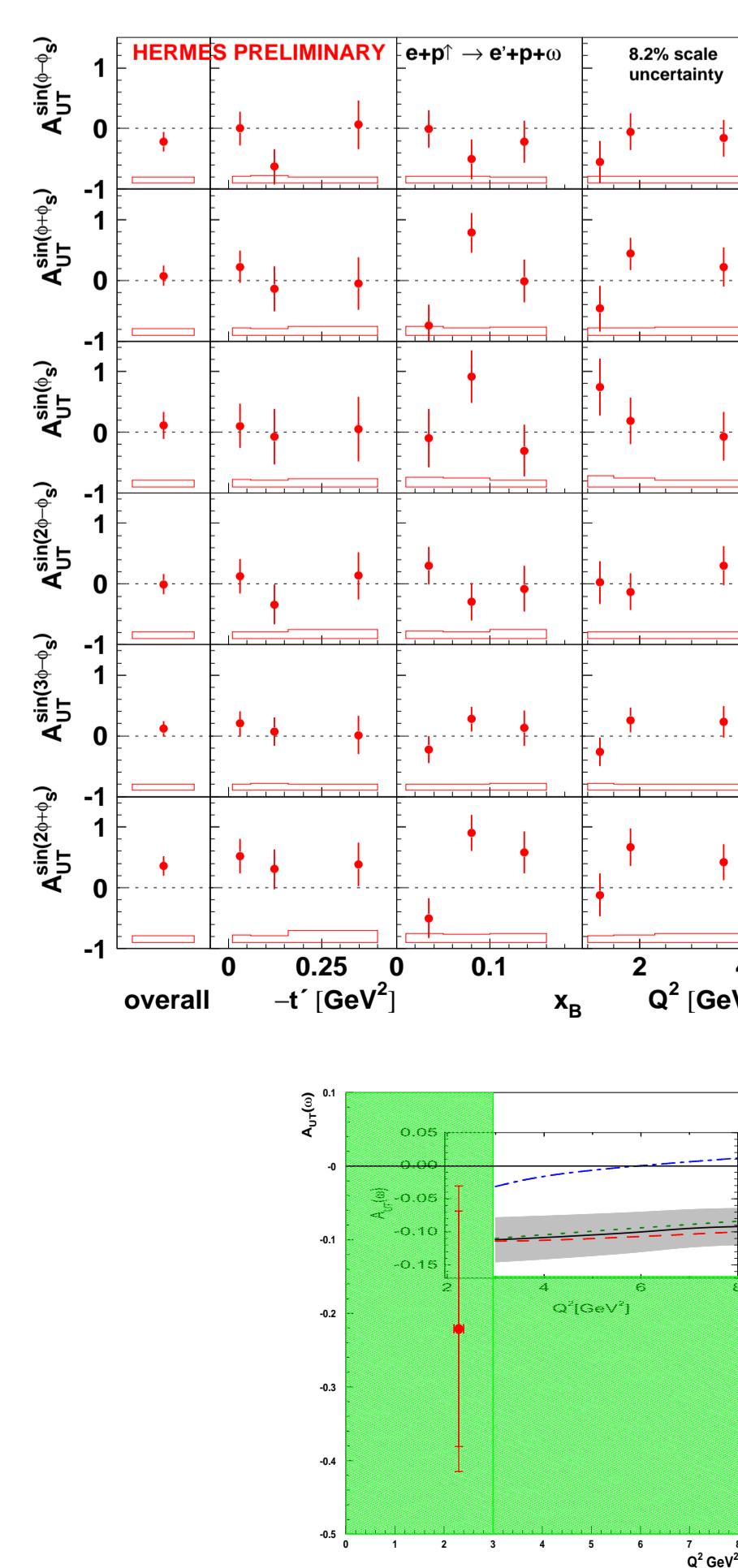
- The real parts of  $T_{11}/T_{00}$  follows  $Re\{T_{11}/T_{00}\} = a/Q$  with  $a = 1.11 \pm 0.03 \text{ GeV}$  as expected from pQCD.
- Imaginary part follows  $Im\{T_{11}/T_{00}\} = b \cdot Q$ . in contradiction to pQCD.
- The  $Q^2$  dependence of the phase difference  $\delta_{11}$  between the amplitudes  $T_{11}$  and  $T_{00}$  is given by  $\tan\delta_{11} = Im\{T_{11}/T_{00}\}/Re\{T_{11}/T_{00}\} = bQ^2/a$ . Phase difference is  $\delta_{11} \sim 30^\circ$  at  $<Q^2> = 1.95 \text{ GeV}^2$  and grows with  $Q^2$ . Large value of  $\delta_{11}$  contradicts GPD-based model.

Test of Unnatural-Parity contribution in vector meson production



- Signal of UP in SDME method  $u_1 = 1 - r_{00}^{04} + 2r_{1-1}^{04} - 2r_{11}^1 - 2r_{1-1}^1$ ,  $u_1 = \sum_{\lambda_N \lambda_V} \frac{2e|U_{10}|^2 + |U_{11} + U_{-11}|^2}{N}$
- $u_1(\phi) = 0.021 \pm 0.071_{stat} \pm 0.159_{syst}$ ,  $u_1(\rho^0) = 0.106 \pm 0.036_{tot}(H+D)$
- Signal of UP was observed in  $\rho$  production - existence of quark-anti-quark exchange. (HERMES, Eur. Phys. J. C62 (09) 659.)
- No signal in  $\phi$  production - small content of strangeness in the nucleon and also light  $q\bar{q}$  pairs in the  $\phi$  meson.

Asymmetry moments of  $\omega$  meson produced on transversely polarized proton



- $e + p \rightarrow e' + p' + \omega \rightarrow (\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma)$  BR = 89.1%
- $A_{UT}^L(\phi, \phi_s) = \frac{1}{P_T} \int [\sigma(\phi, \phi_s) - \sigma(\phi, \phi_s + \pi)] d\phi / 2\pi = \sum_{m,n} A_{UT}^{sin(m\phi + n\phi_s)} \sin(m\phi + n\phi_s)$   
 $\phi = 2\pi - \Phi$  - angle between lepton scattering and vector-meson production planes.
- $A_{UT}^{sin(\phi - \phi_s)} \propto \frac{\sqrt{t_0 - t}}{m_p} \propto Im[2E^u - E^d / 2H^u - H^d]$

Asymmetry moments for overall bin and their kinematical dependences for  $t'(0.0 - 0.6) \text{ GeV}$ ,  $x_B(0.0 - 0.35)$ ,  $Q^2(1 - 7) \text{ GeV}^2$  bins.

Comparison of experimental value of  $A_{UT}^{sin(\phi - \phi_s)}$  with theoretical predictions based on handbag model of S. V. Goloskokov and P. Kroll. (arXiv:0809.4126[hep-ph]) The solid, dashed, dotted and dash-dotted lines represent the results for different variants. The shaded band indicates the theoretical uncertainty for one variant. The other variants have similar uncertainties.