

# Dark Forces Attack

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Seminar  
December 3, 2009, Bonn, Germany

## 1. Motivation

- Models related to dark matter suggest existence of long-range forces mediated by new gauge bosons with masses in the MeV to GeV range and **very weak coupling** to ordinary matter:

### “Hidden” or “Dark” Photons

- Appear naturally in supersymmetric models descending from string theory
- Current experimental constraints on such particles quite weak
- Experimental HEP community now starting to develop strategies and to form collaborations to attack these dark forces
  - Fixed-target experiments exploiting **electron beams** especially sensitive
  - Opportunities in Germany at **DESY, ELSA, MAMI?**

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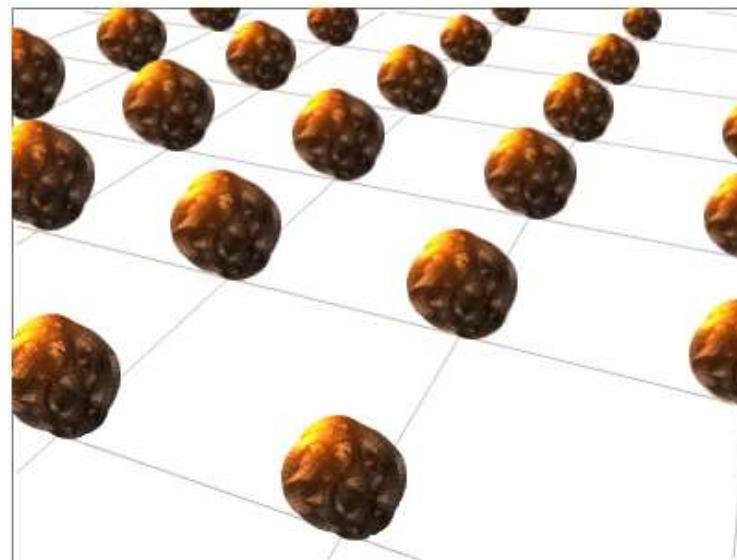
**2. Physics case for dark forces**

**3. Attacking dark forces with new fixed-target experiments**

**4. Conclusions**

## 2. Physics case for dark forces

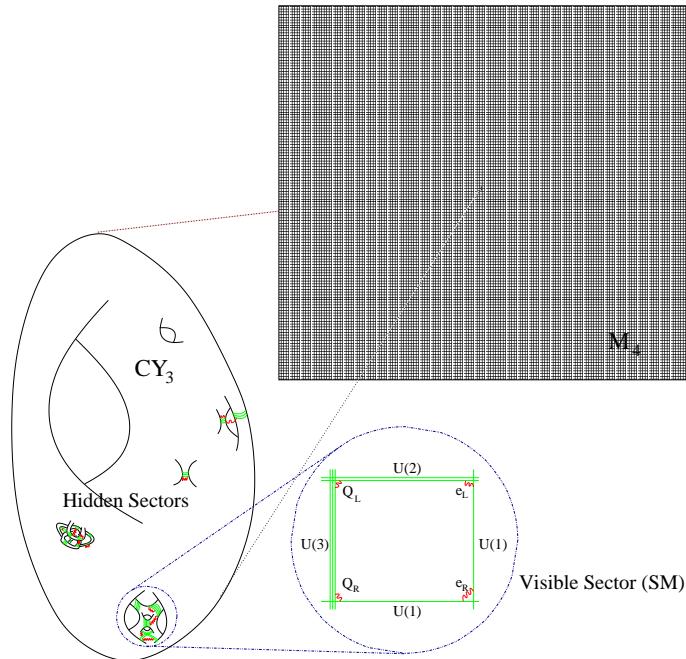
- **Top-down motivation for hidden sector dark photons:**
  - Hidden U(1) gauge factors generic feature of string compactifications



- \* both in heterotic compactifications, e.g. ask H.P. Nilles

$$E_8 \times E_8 \xrightarrow{4d} G_{\text{SM}} \times U(1)^4 \times [SU(4) \times SU(2) \times U(1)^4] \rightarrow G_{\text{SM}} \times U(1)^?$$

- \* as well as in type II orientifold compactifications with D-branes, e.g. ask T. Grimm

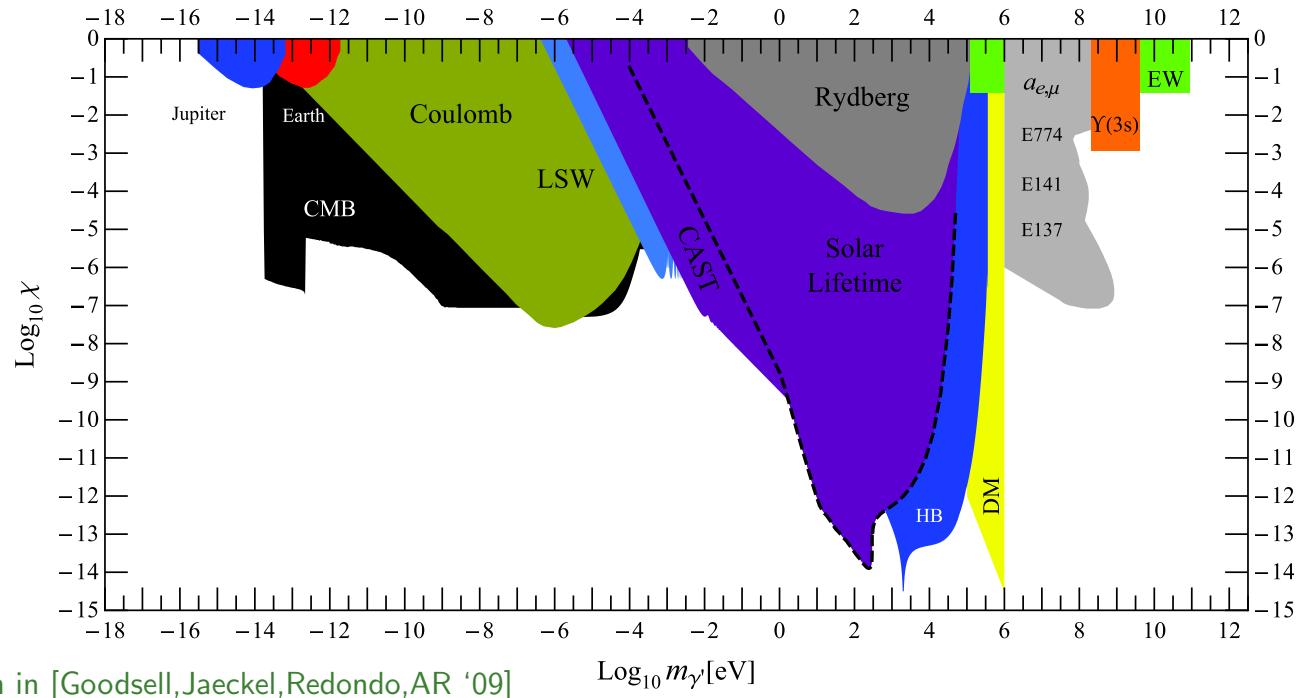


- Hidden  $U(1)$  gauge bosons (“photons”) may have masses  $m_{\gamma'} \ll \text{TeV}$

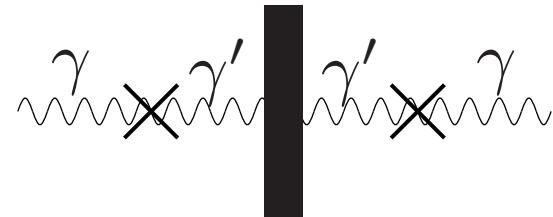
- Dominant interaction with  $U(1)_Y$  or  $U(1)_{\text{em}}$  via kinetic mixing [Holdom'85]

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}^{(\text{vis})}F_{(\text{vis})}^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}^{(\text{hid})}F_{(\text{hid})}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\chi}{2}F_{\mu\nu}^{(\text{vis})}F^{(\text{hid})\mu\nu} + m_{\gamma'}^2 A_{\mu}^{(\text{hid})\mu} A^{(\text{hid})\mu}$$

- Current constraints: Coulomb deviations,  $\gamma \leftrightarrow \gamma'$  oscillations, beam dumps,..



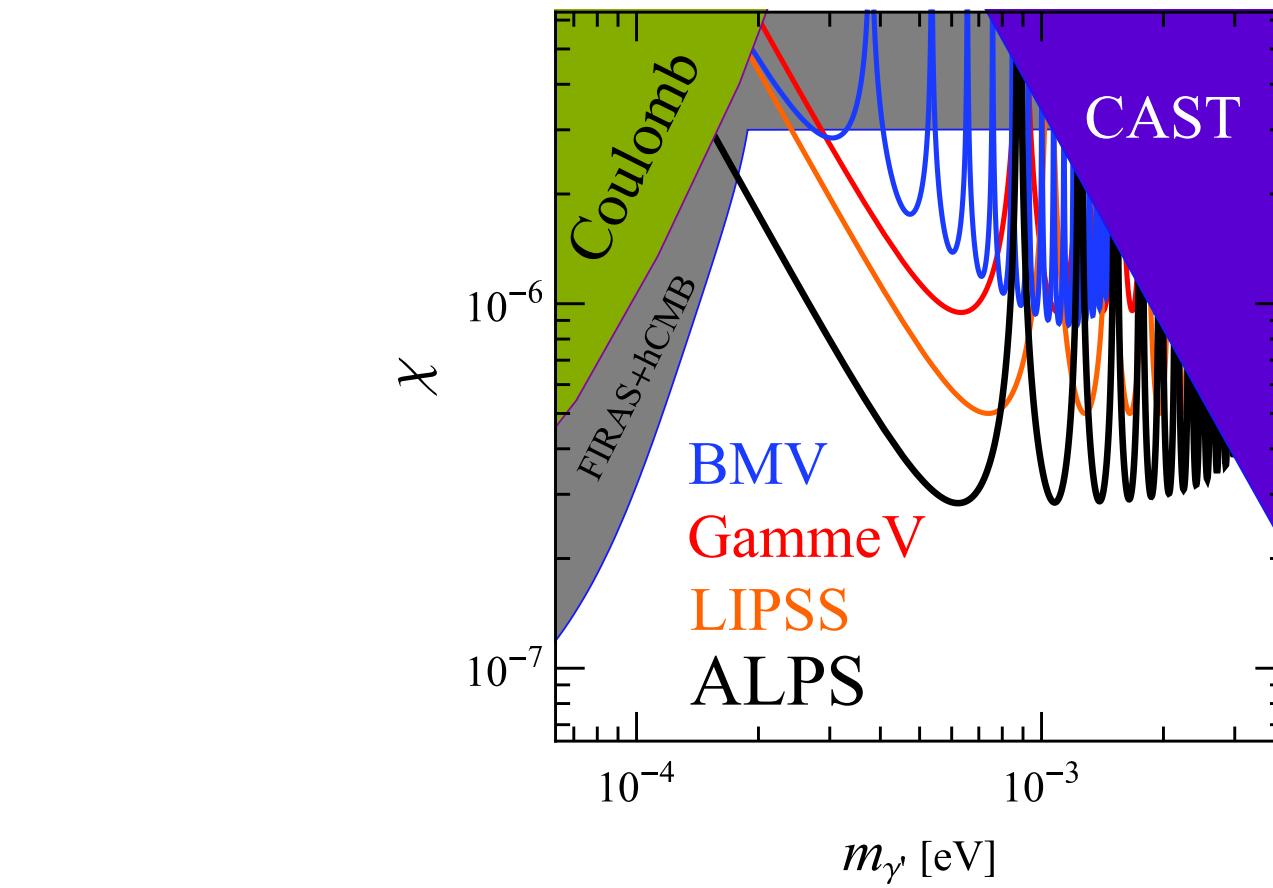
## Light Shining through a Wall (LSW):



**ALPS** (DESY), **BMV** (LULI), **GammeV** (Fermilab), **LIPSS** (JLab)



Preliminary limit from **ALPS** run in 10/2009:

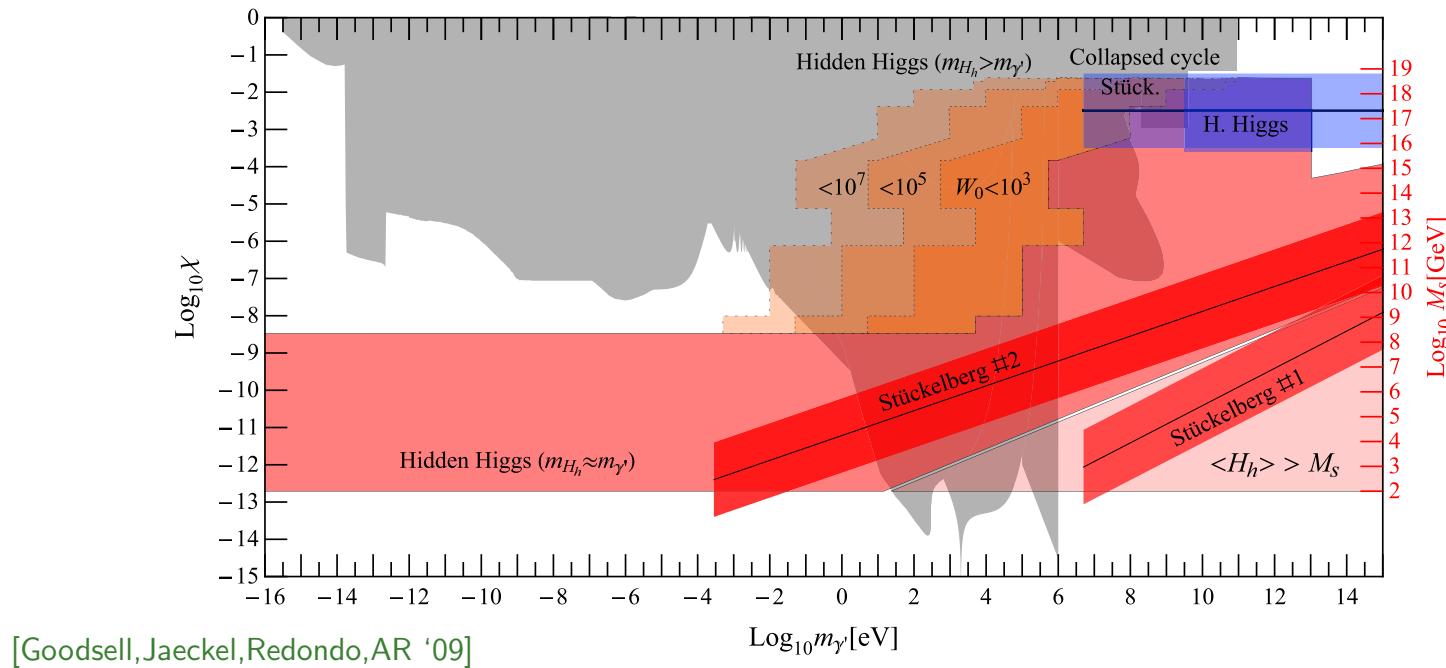


[ALPS Collaboration '09]

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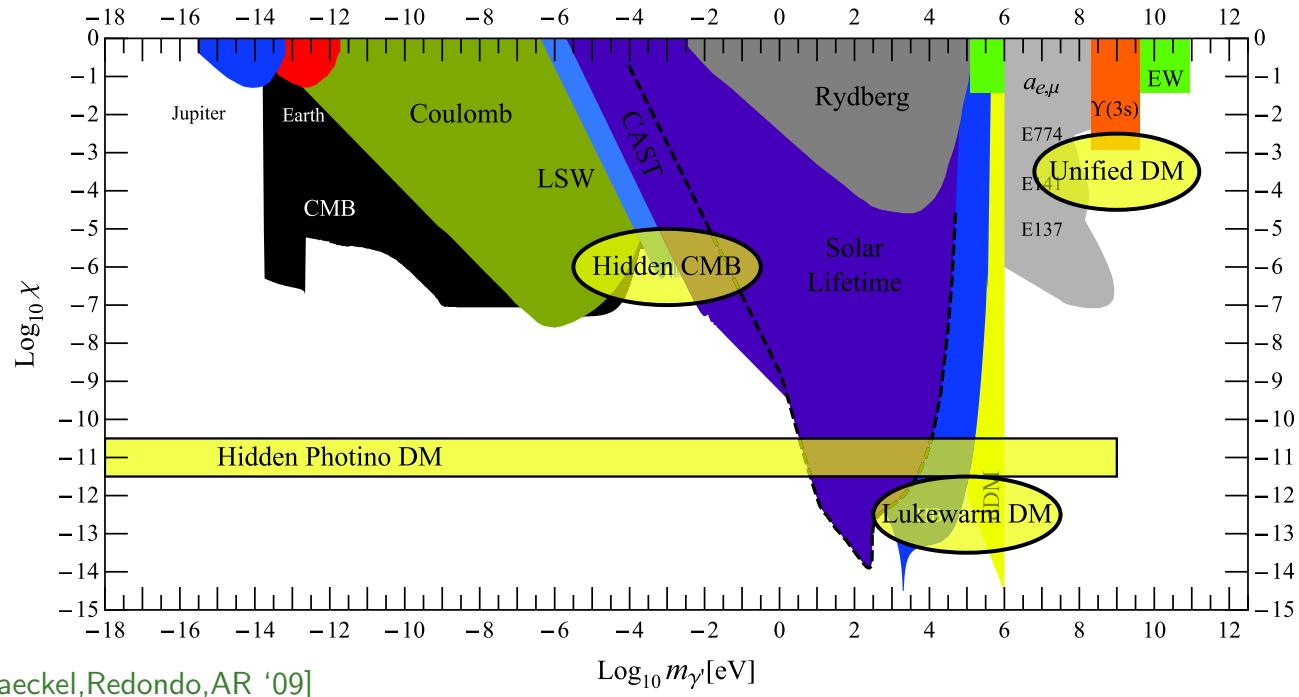
- Current constraints confronted with string predictions: type IIB



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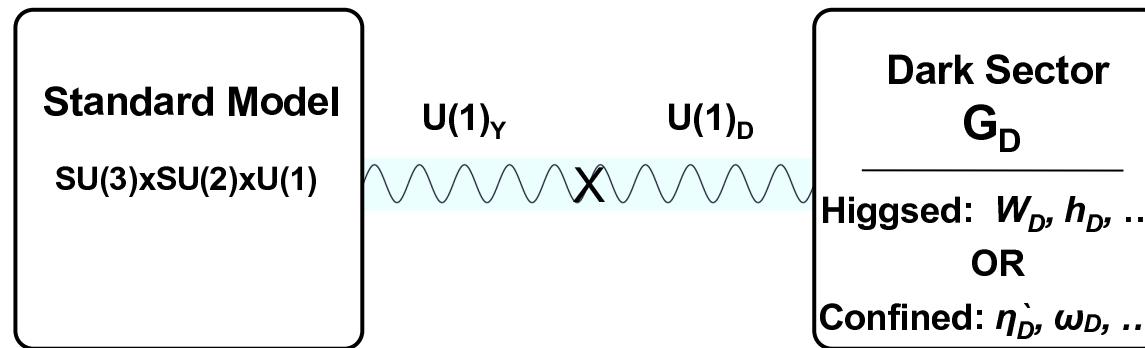
- Current constraints vs. phenomenologically very interesting islands:



## – Unified dark matter

[Arkani-Hamed,Finkbeiner,Slatyer,Weiner '08;...]

Hidden sector dark matter interacting via GeV scale hidden sector dark gauge bosons

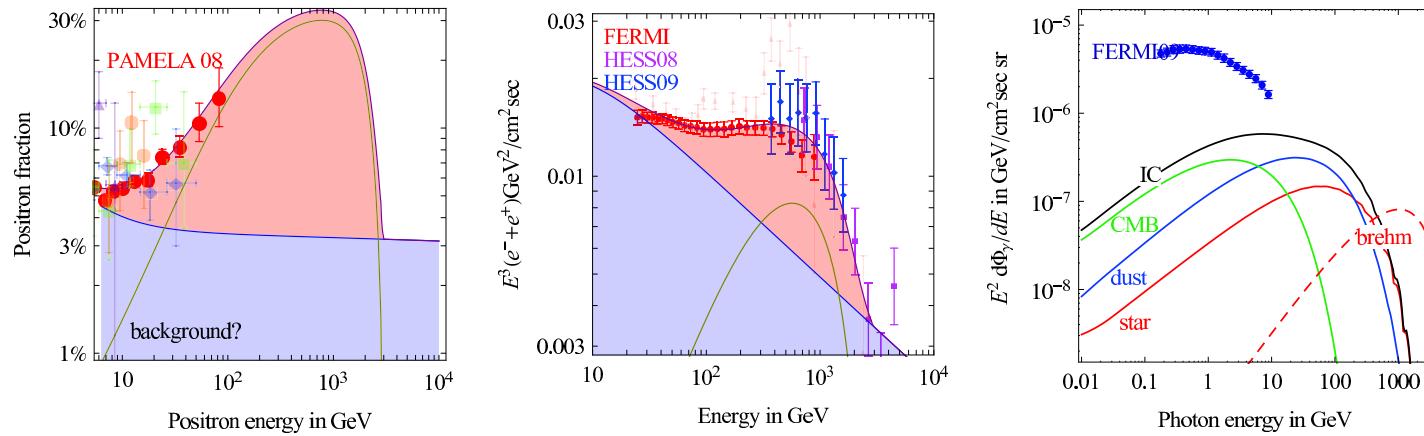


may explain astrophysical and terrestrial anomalies

- \* electron and/or positron excesses observed by PAMELA, ATIC, FERMI, HESS, ...
- \* annual modulation signal from DAMA/LIBRA and reconciliation with null results from other elastic scattering experiments

- Explanation of electron and/or positron excesses by **PAMELA**, **FERMI**, ... in terms of **thermal relic dark matter annihilation** requires
  - enhanced annihilation cross-section (boost factor)
  - leptophilic final state

DM with  $M = 3$ . TeV that annihilates into  $4\mu$  with  $\sigma v = 8.8 \times 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$



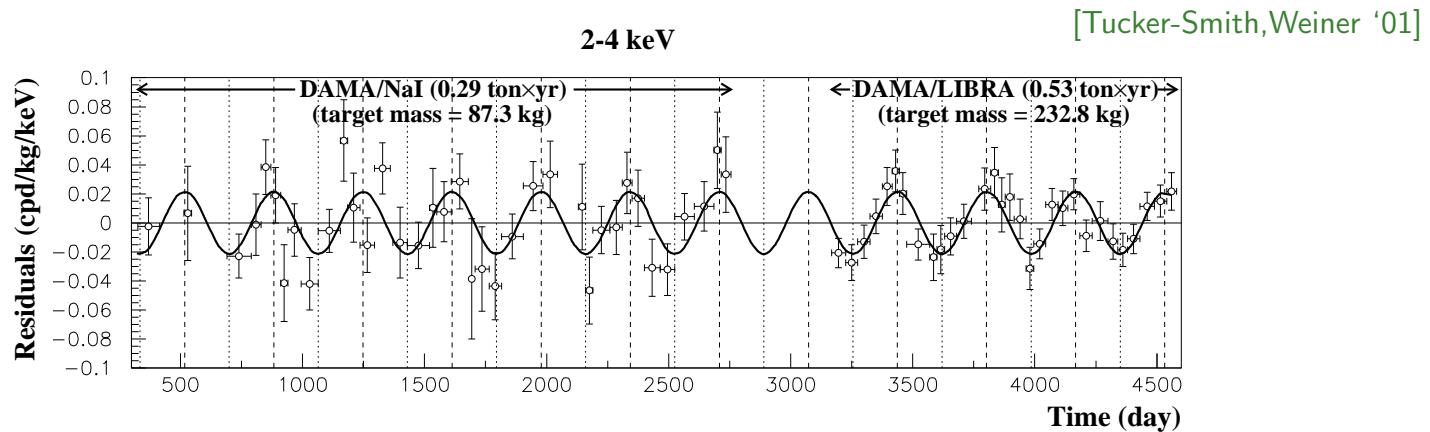
[Meade,Papucci,Strumia,Volansky '09]

⇐ Can be achieved via  $\chi + \chi \rightarrow \gamma' + \gamma'$ , if  $2m_e < m_{\gamma'} \lesssim m_p$

[Arkani-Hamed,Finkbeiner,Slatyer,Weiner '08;...]

- Dark matter interpretation of annual modulation signal observed by DAMA not in conflict with null results of other direct detection experiments if  $\chi$ -nucleus scattering dominated by an inelastic process,

$$\chi + N \rightarrow \chi^* + N, \quad \text{with mass splitting } \Delta\delta \approx 100 \text{ keV}$$



[Bernabei *et al.* [DAMA Collaboration] '09]

- ⇐ Can be mediated by kinetically mixed  $\gamma'$  scattering off nuclei. Necessary mass splitting from more structure (e.g. additional gauge factors or SUSY) in dark sector

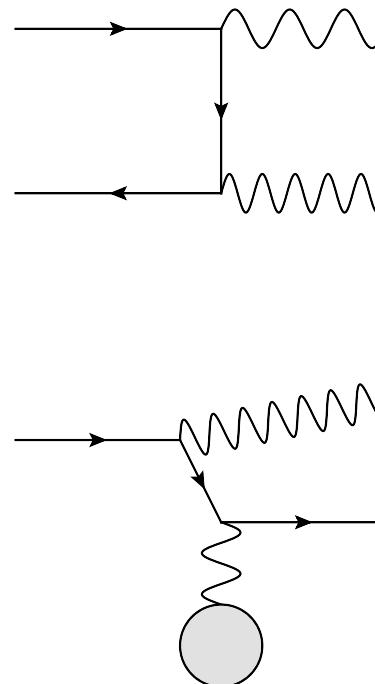
[Arkani-Hamed *et al.* '08;...;Cheung *et al.* '09]

### 3. Attacking dark forces with new fixed-target experiments

- High luminosity frontier:
  - low-energy  $e^+e^-$  collider
    - \*  $\mathcal{O}(\text{few}) \text{ ab}^{-1}$  per decade
    - \*  $\sigma \sim \frac{\alpha^2 \chi^2}{s}$
  - fixed-target experiments
    - \*  $\mathcal{O}(\text{few}) \text{ ab}^{-1}$  per day
    - \*  $\sigma \sim \frac{\alpha^3 Z^2 \chi^2}{m_{\gamma'}^2}$

⇒ Beam dump and fixed-target experiments especially sensitive!

[Reece,Wang '09; Bjorken,Essig,Schuster,Toro '09;  
Batell,Pospelov,Ritz '09]



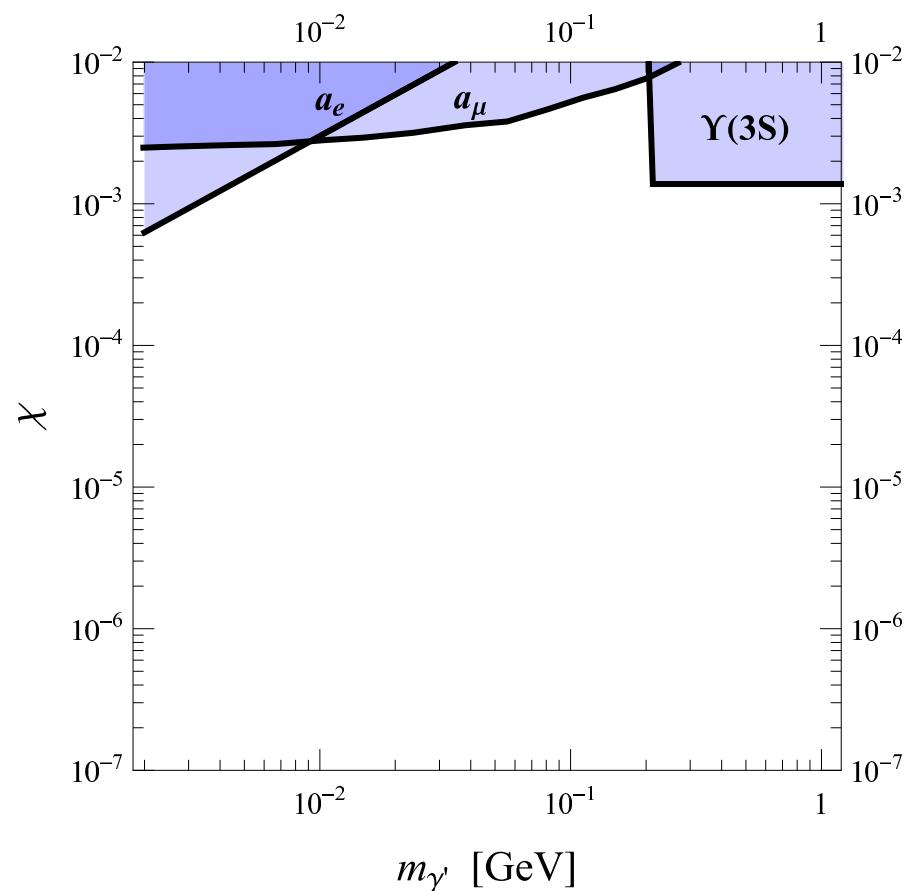
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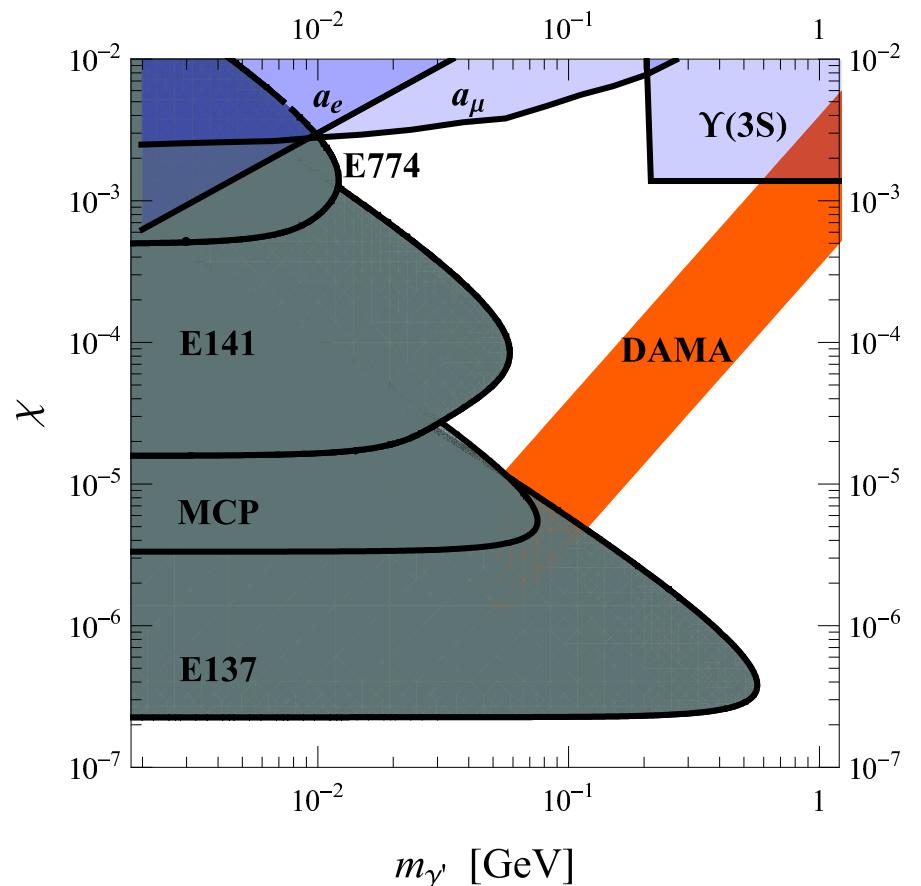
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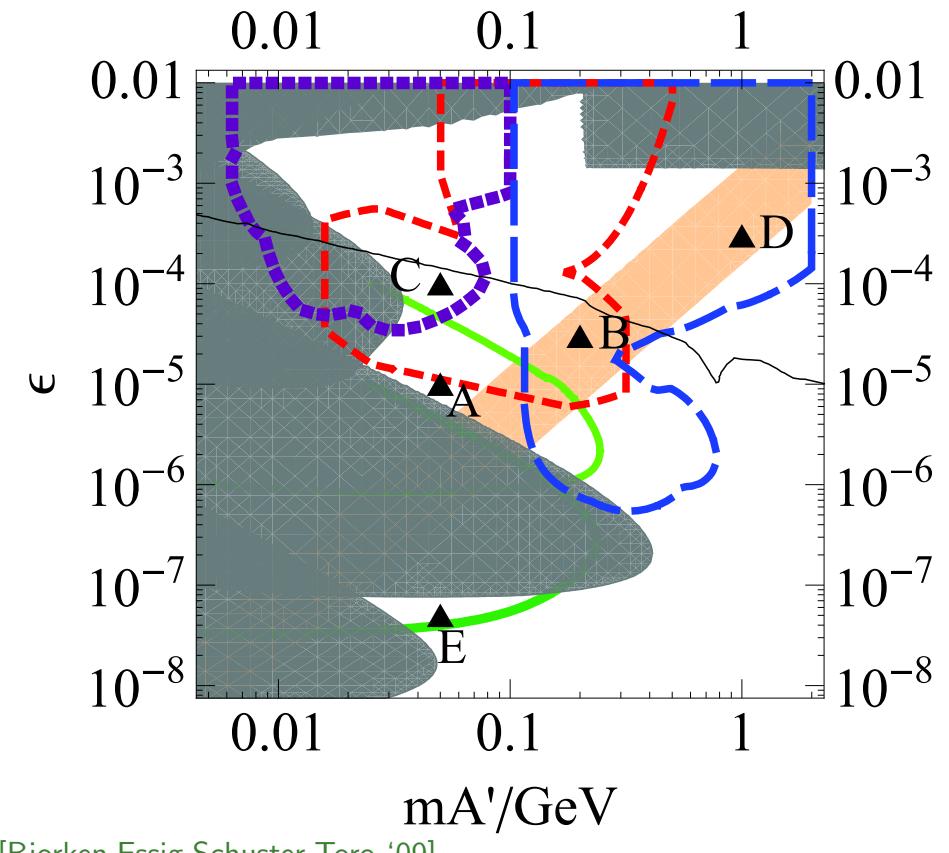
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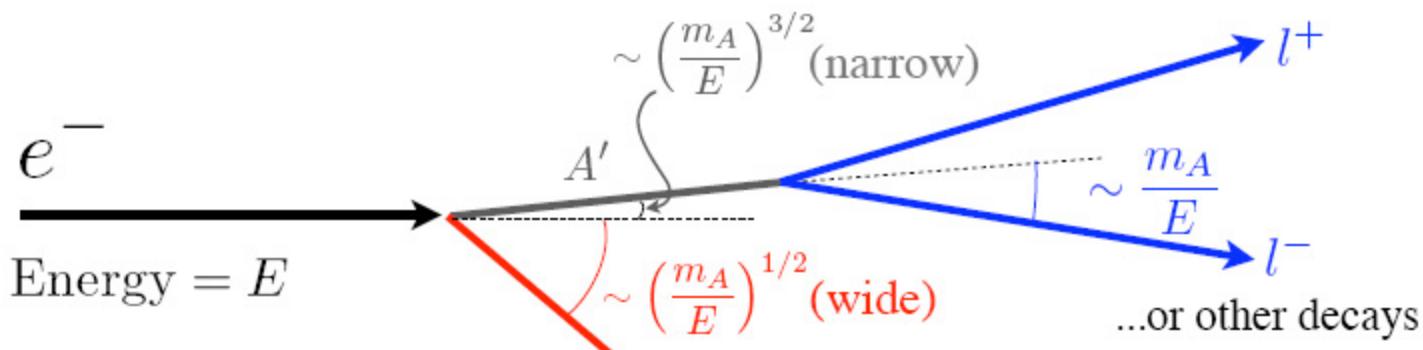
- Production cross-section and decay length of  $\gamma'$ ,

$$\sigma_{\gamma'} \sim 100 \text{ pb} \left( \frac{\chi}{10^{-4}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{100 \text{ MeV}}{m_{\gamma'}} \right)^2$$

$$\ell_d = \gamma c \tau \sim 1 \text{ mm} \left( \frac{\gamma}{10} \right) \left( \frac{\chi}{10^{-4}} \right)^{-2} \left( \frac{100 \text{ MeV}}{m_{\gamma'}} \right)$$

- Vary over many orders of magnitude in interesting parameter range
- $\Rightarrow$  Multiple experimental approaches, with different strategies for constructing backgrounds
- $\ell_d \gg \text{cm}$ : beam dump; low background
  - $\ell_d \sim \text{cm}$ : vertex; limited by instrumental bkg
  - $\ell_d \ll \text{cm}$ : bump hunt; fight bkg with high intensity, resolution

# Kinematics and Geometry



Heavier product (here  $A'$ )  
takes most of beam energy:  
 $m_{A'} \gg m_e$  vs.  $m_e \gg m_\gamma = 0$   
for bremsstrahlung

$$E_e \approx m_{A'}$$

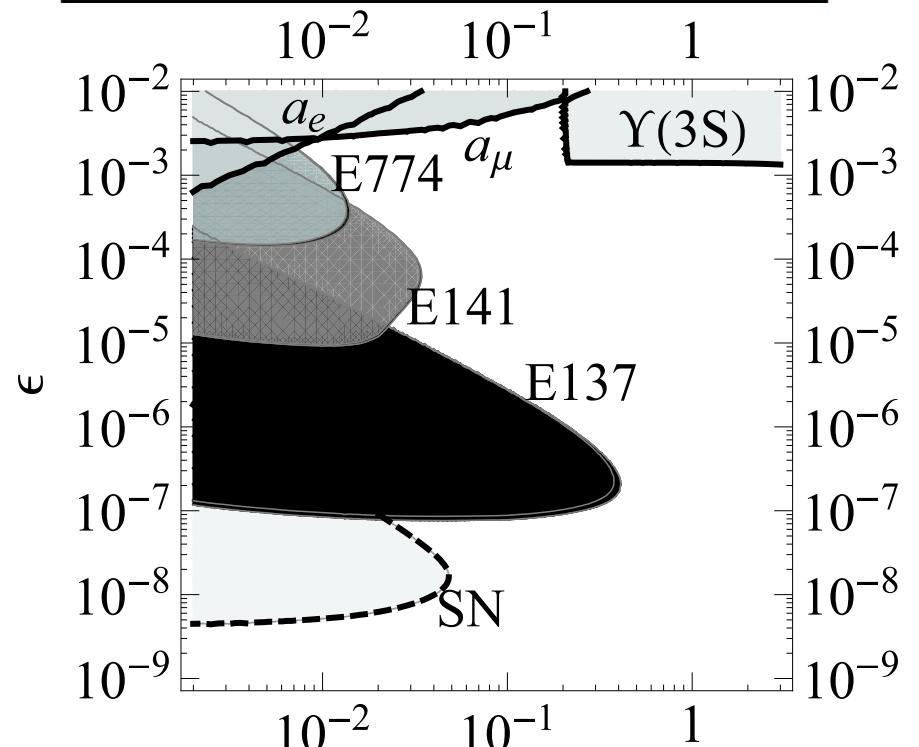
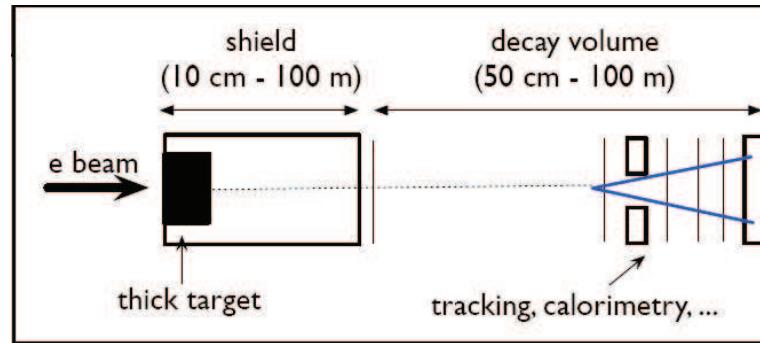
$$E_{A'} = E_{beam}$$

- Forward geometry allows small, purpose-built detector
- Limitation: Beam products also forward!

- **Past beam dumps:**

[Bjorken, Essig, Schuster, Toro '09]

- SLAC E137:  
30 C, 20 GeV, 200 m, 200 m
- SLAC E141:  
.3 mC, 9 GeV, 10 cm, 35 m
- Fermilab E774:  
.8 nC, 275 GeV, 30 cm, 7 m



A. Ringwald (DESY)

Bonn, December 2009

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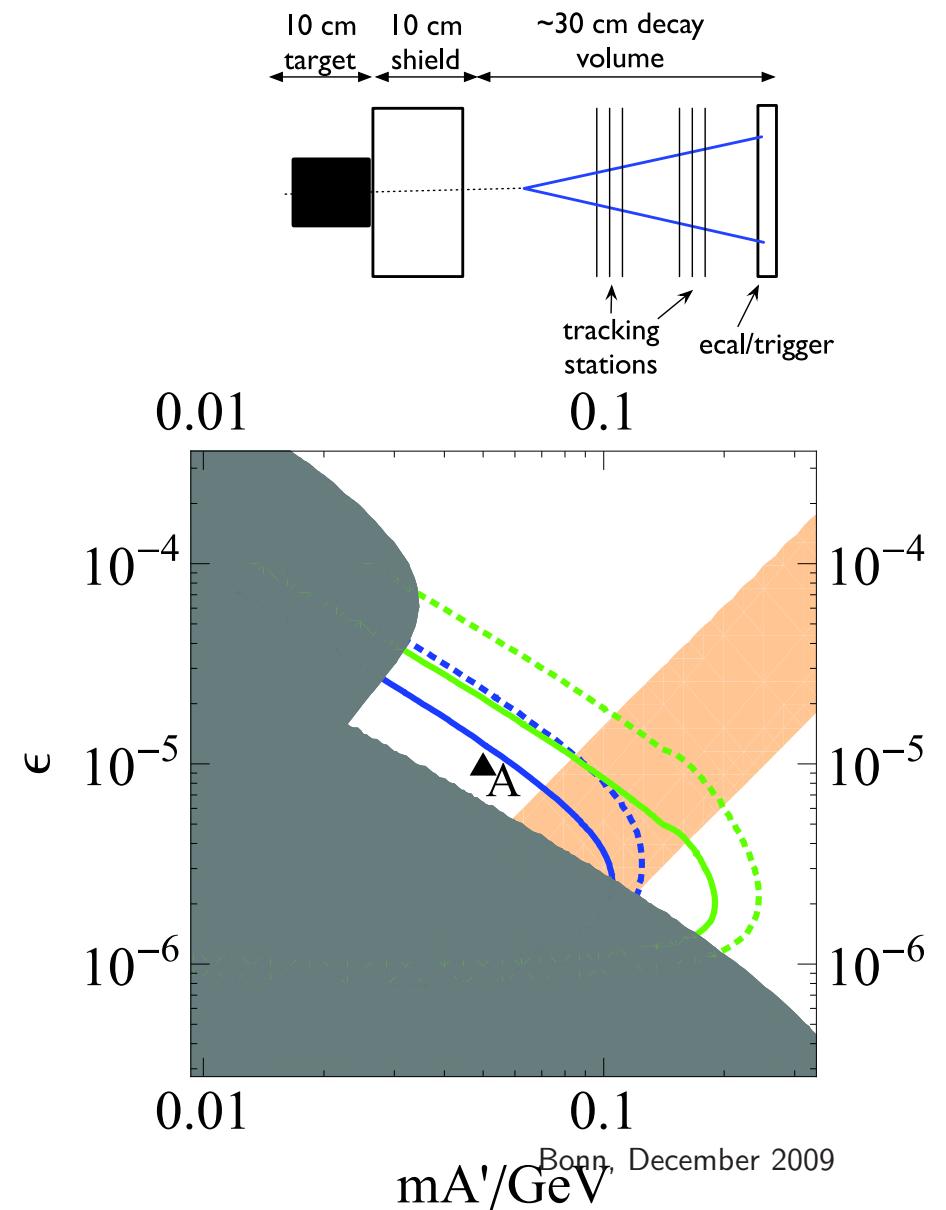
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- **New beam dump suggested:**

[Bjorken,Essig,Schuster,Toro '09]

- Low power W beam dump  
**.3 C, 200 MeV, 20 cm, 50 cm**  
**.1 C, 6 GeV, 3.9 m, 7 m**
- ⇒ Opportunity at **DESY, ELSA, MAMI?**

A. Ringwald (DESY)



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- New experiments at **DESY**?

- Beam dump of **FLASH**?

- \* extremely high current

- \* no space

- \* no time

- ⇒ opportunity for new beam dump at **FLASH II**



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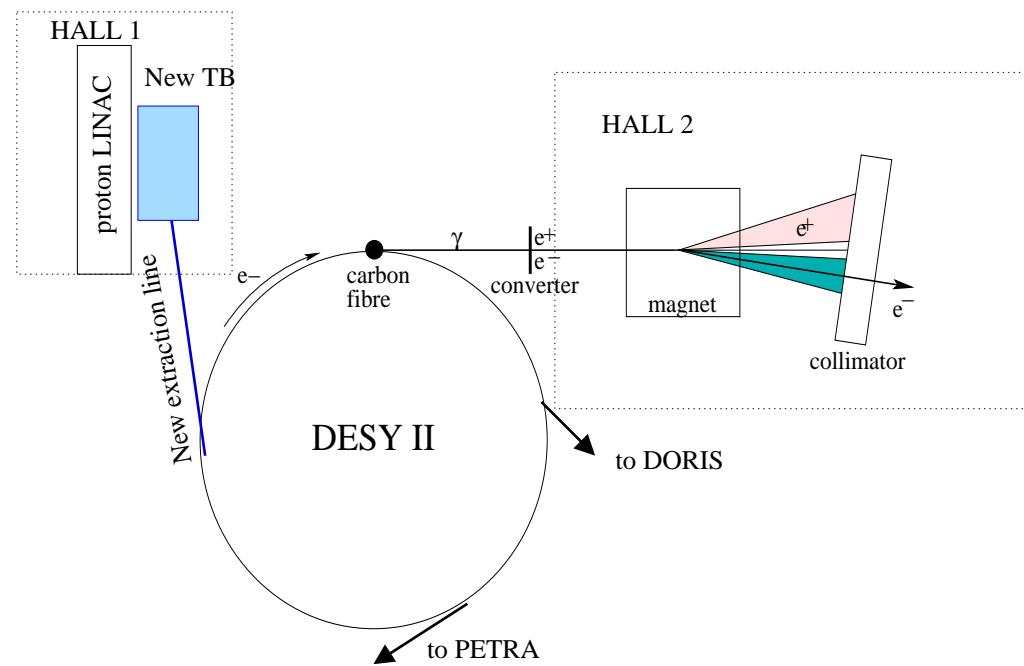
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- New beam from **DESY II**?

- \*  $\sim 10$  nA with 0.45 - 7 GeV

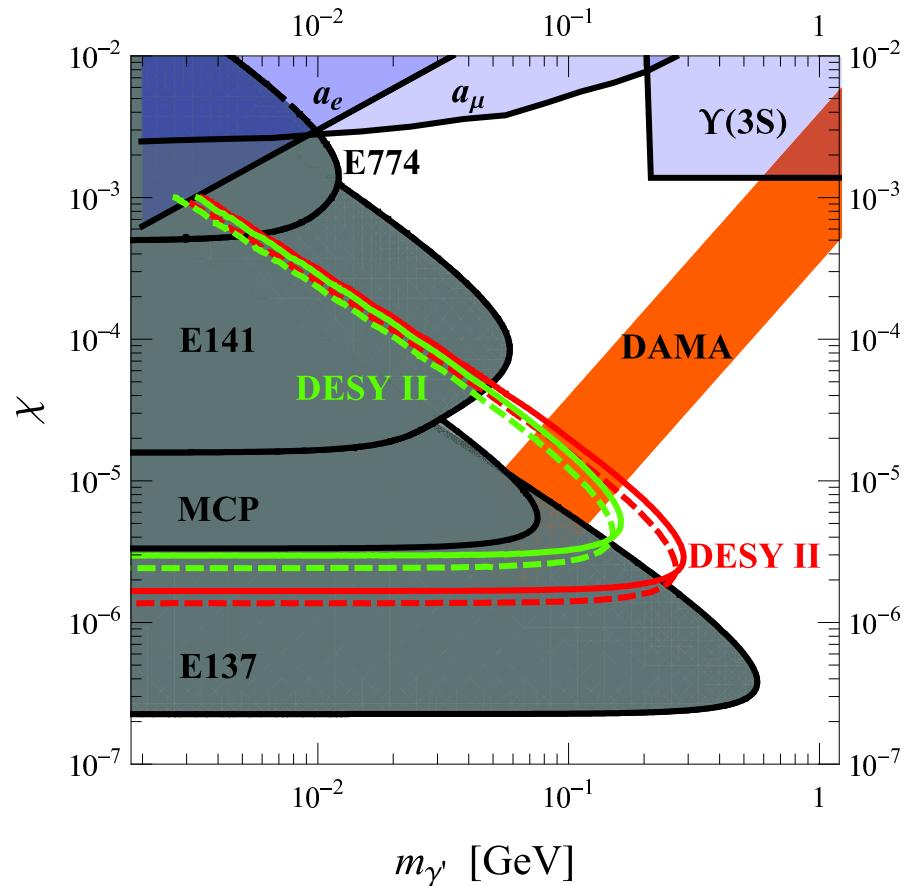
- \* new extraction line could be build within  $\sim$  weeks



- New experiments at **DESY**?

- Beam dump of **FLASH**?
  - \* extremely high current
  - \* no space
  - \* no time
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- New beam from **DESY II**?
  - \*  $\sim 10$  nA with 0.45 - 7 GeV
  - \* new extraction line could be build within  $\sim$  weeks
  - \* first estimates of beam dump sensitivity
  - \* can be new user facility
  - ⇒ discussions with directorate

[Andreas, Bechtle, Ehrlichmann, Garutti, Gregor, Lindner, Meyners, Redondo, AR]

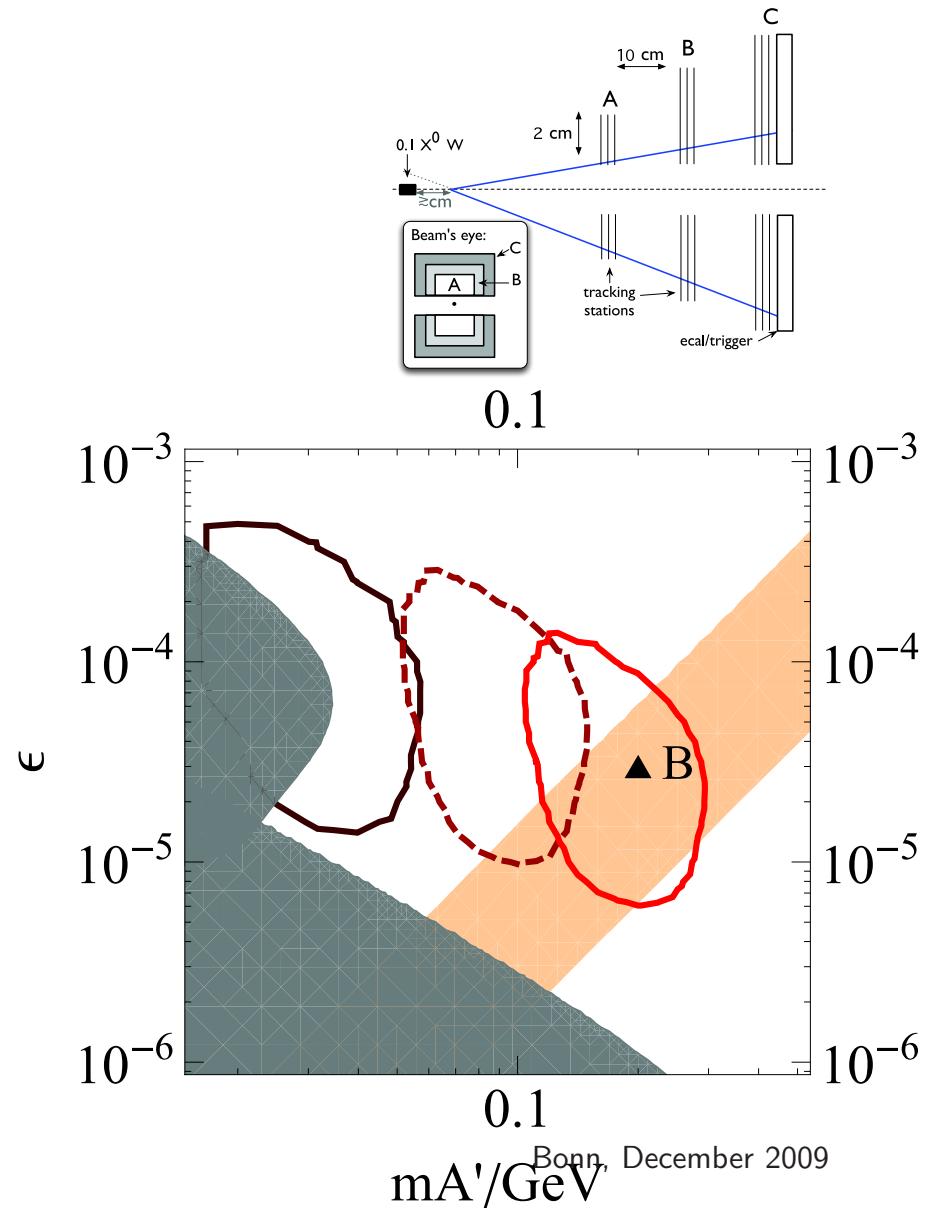


- Fixed-target suggestions:

[Bjorken, Essig, Schuster, Toro '09]

- Thin target, double arm spectrometer  
0.1 C, 6 GeV, 20-55 mrad

A. Ringwald (DESY)

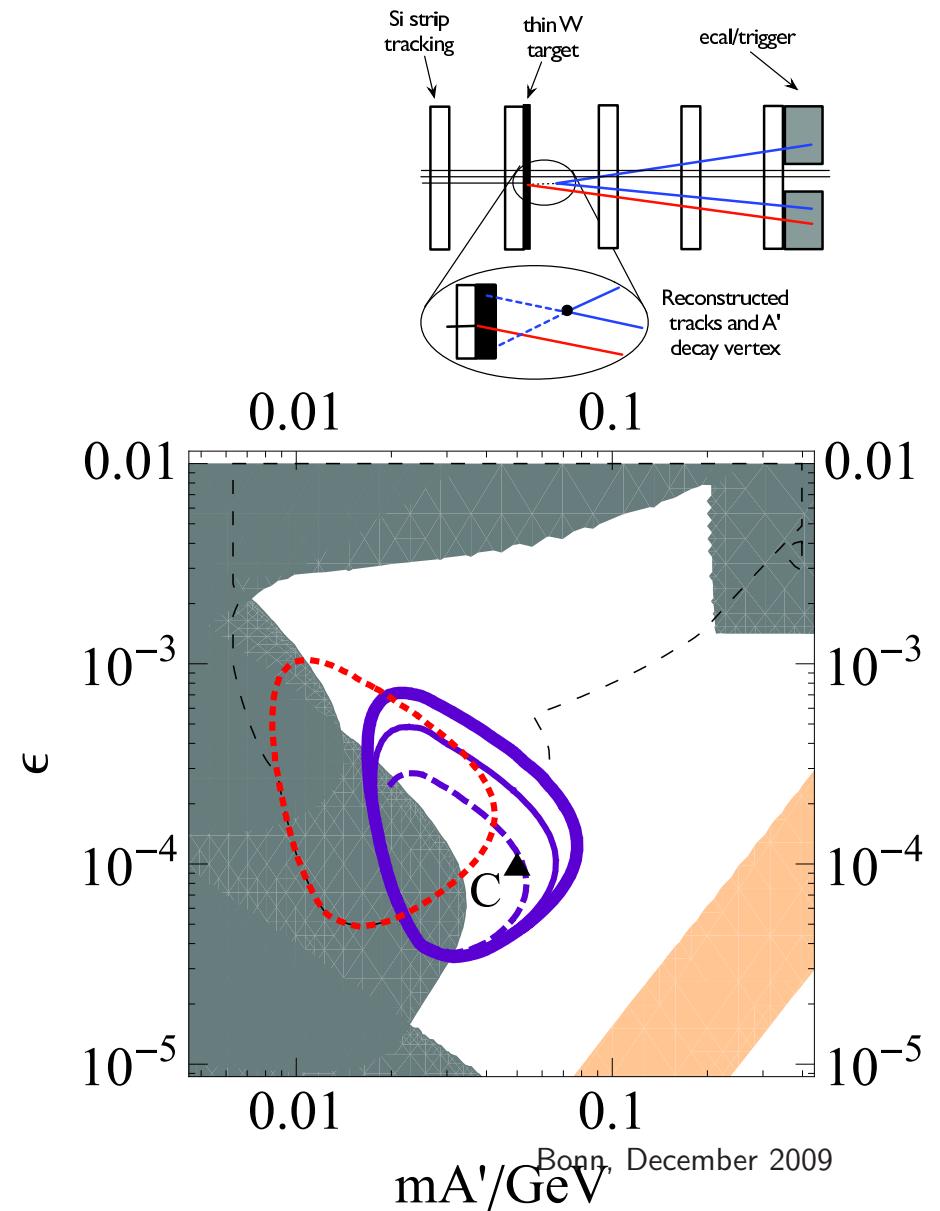


- **Fixed-target suggestions:**

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- Thin target, double arm spectrometer  
0.1 C, 6 GeV, 20-55 mrad
- Silicon strip layers in diffuse beam  
 $\sim 10^8$  e/s for  $10^6$  s, 1 GeV

A. Ringwald (DESY)

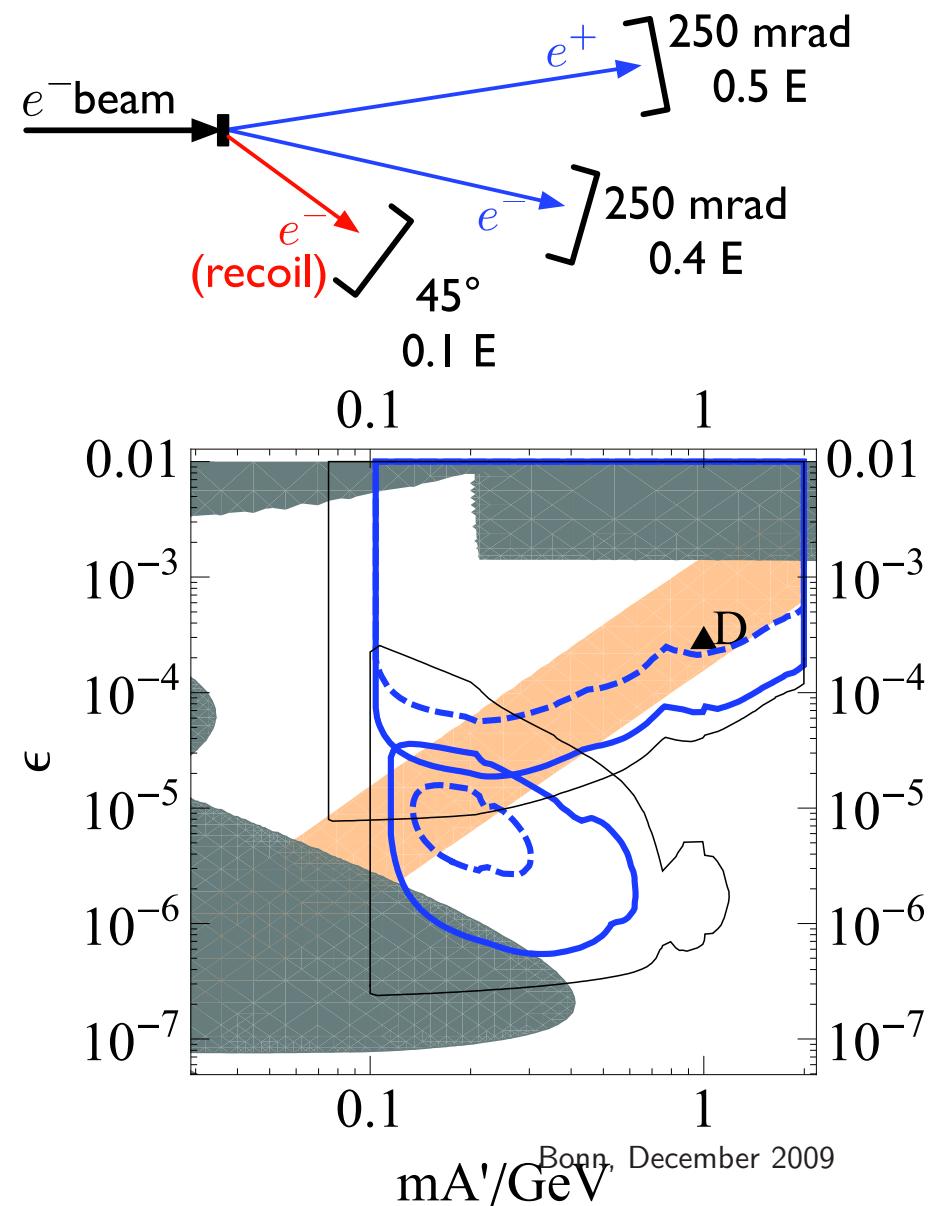


Bonn, December 2009

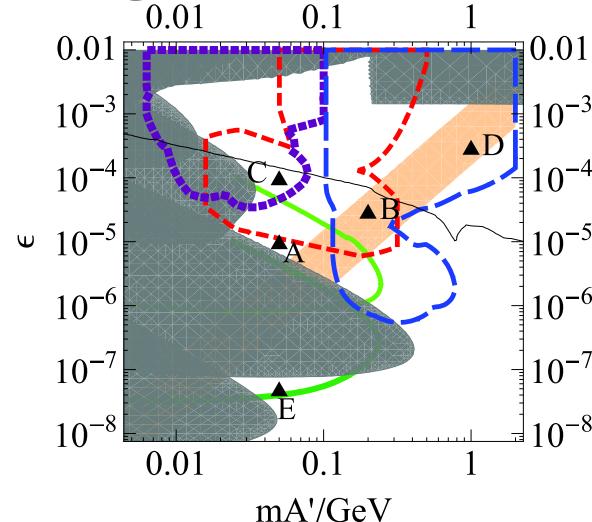
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- High resolution, high rate trident spectrometer  
 $\sim 100 \mu\text{A}$ , 6 GeV



- **Coverage of new fixed-target opportunities:**



- In US, collaborations already forming ... e.g.

Heavy Photon Search working group for proposal to attack **B** at [JLab](#)

[SLAC](#): Field, Graham, Jaros (Chair), Kenney, Maruyama, Moffeit, Odian, Sheppard, Spencer; [JLab](#): Stepanyan, Weinstein;

[UOregon](#): Frey

Proposal to attack **D** with [JLab](#) wide angle spectrometers

Bjorken, Deur, [Wojtsekhowski](#) (Chair),...

⇒ More info on webpages of [Dark Forces Workshop, SLAC](#), Sept. 2009

## 4. Conclusions

- Strong physics motivation for the possible existence of hidden/dark photons mixing with the visible photon
    - top down: many extra U(1)s in string compactifications
    - bottom up: anomalies associated with dark matter
  - Fixed-target experiments well suited to attack dark forces
  - Large parameter space requires multiple search strategies and experiments
    - low coupling/mass: new beam dump experiments
    - intermediate region: new forward-geometry experiments
    - high coupling/mass: standard wide-angle spectrometers (e.g. [JLab](#))
- ⇒ Opportunities for [DESY](#), [ELSA](#) and [MAMI!](#)