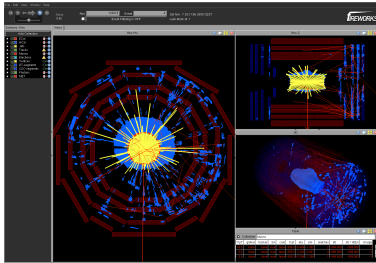


Channels, Chases, & Challenges — New Physics at the LHC

Jürgen Reuter





Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg



Talk, University of Edinburgh, 18. November 2009





The Standard Model of Particle Physics – Successes

THE STANDARD MODEL

	Fermions			Bosons			
Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon	Force carriers		
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson			
Leptons	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson			
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	g gluon			
				H Higgs boson*			

*Yet to be confirmed

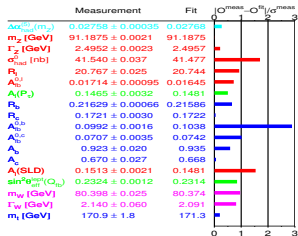
Source: AAAS

Interaction	Strength	Range	Property
strong	1	$\sim 10^{-15}$ m	
electromagnetic	10^{-2}	∞	
weak	10^{-12}	$\lesssim 10^{-17}$ m	
gravitation	10^{-39}	∞	

- Interactions: relativistic quantum field theories
- weak interactions: radioactive decays Fermi, 1934
- electroweak unification Glashow, Salam, Weinberg, 1967-1969
- strong interactions: asymptotic freedom Gross, Politzer, Wilczek, 1973
- Discovery of the gluon DESY 1979 W, Z CERN, 1983
- Experimental confirmation: better than 1%

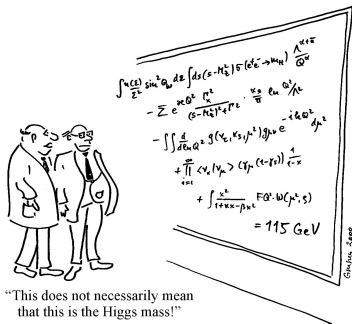
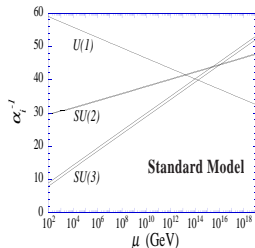
The Standard Model of Particle Physics – Doubts

– describes microcosm (too well?)



Open Questions

- Unification of all forces (?)
- Baryon asymmetry $\Delta N_B - \Delta N_{\bar{B}} \sim 10^{-9}$
missing CP violation
- Flavour: three generations
- Tiny neutrino masses: $m_\nu \sim \frac{v^2}{M}$
- Dark matter:
 - ▶ stable
 - ▶ weakly interacting
 - ▶ $m_{DM} \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
- Quantum theory of gravity
- Cosmic inflation
- Cosmological constant



“This does not necessarily mean that this is the Higgs mass!”



Ideas for New Physics since 1970

(1) New building blocks, sub structure

- **Technicolor/Topcolor**: Higgs bound state of strongly interacting particles

(2) Symmetry for the elimination of quantum corrections

- **Supersymmetry**: Spin-statistics \Rightarrow bosonic and fermionic corrections cancel each other
- **Little-Higgs models**: Global symmetries \Rightarrow corrections from particles of like statistics cancel each other

(3) Nontrivial space-time structure eliminates hierarchy

- **Additional space dimensions**: Gravitation appears only weak
- **Noncommutative space-time**: Space-time coarse-grained

(4) Ignoring the hierarchy

- **Anthropic Principle**: Parameters are the way they are, because we observe them

Ideas for New Physics since 1970

(1) New building blocks, sub structure

- Technicolor/Topcolor: Higgs bound state of strongly interacting particles

(2) Symmetry for the elimination of quantum corrections

- Supersymmetry: Spin-statistics \Rightarrow bosonic and fermionic corrections cancel each other
- Little-Higgs models: Global symmetries \Rightarrow corrections from particles of like statistics cancel each other

(3) Nontrivial space-time structure eliminates hierarchy

- Additional space dimensions: Gravitation appears only weak
- Noncommutative space-time: Space-time coarse-grained

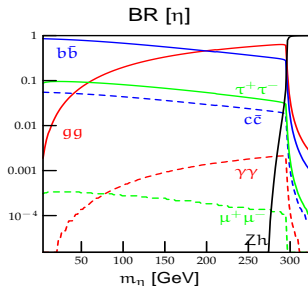
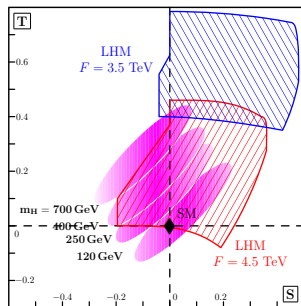
(4) Ignoring the hierarchy

- Anthropic Principle: Parameters are the way they are, because we observe them

Little Higgs Models

Kilian/JR **PRD 70** (2004), 015004; Kilian/Rainwater/JR **PRD 71** (2005), 015008; **PRD 74** (2006), 095003; Butenuth/JR

- “Little Big Higgs”: Higgs boson heavy (300 – 500 GeV)
- Extensive low-energy constraints
- Tiny neutrino masses in LHM
- General search strategy at the LHC
- Proposal of methods to distinguish model classes

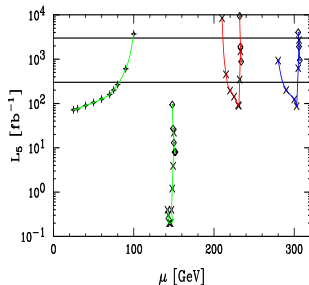
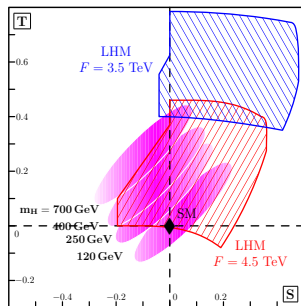


- ▶ Prediction of new scalar particles: Pseudoaxions
- ▶ Light electroweak singlets
- ▶ Good discovery prospects at LHC
- ▶ Model building aspects: T parity and dark matter in generalized models

Little Higgs Models

Kilian/JR **PRD 70** (2004), 015004; Kilian/Rainwater/JR **PRD 71** (2005), 015008; **PRD 74** (2006), 095003; Butenuth/JR

- “Little Big Higgs”: Higgs boson heavy (300 – 500 GeV)
- Extensive low-energy constraints
- Tiny neutrino masses in LHM
- General search strategy at the LHC
- Proposal of methods to distinguish model classes



- ▶ Prediction of new scalar particles: Pseudoaxions
- ▶ Light electroweak singlets
- ▶ Good discovery prospects at LHC
- ▶ Model building aspects: T parity and dark matter in generalized models



E_6 SUSY Grand Unification

JR/Kilian, PLB 642 (2006), 81

Supersymmetry: consistent extrapolation to high scales

- ⇒ two Higgs doublets H^u, H^d
- ⇒ TeV-scale SM-superpartners

Bottom-Up Approach: just MSSM

- ▶ Unifies Higgs and matter fields
- ▶ **Ansatz:** all new particles in the spectrum at TeV scale

$$Q_L = (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2})_{\frac{1}{6}, Q'_Q}$$

$$u^c = (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{-\frac{2}{3}, Q'_u}$$

$$d^c = (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{\frac{1}{3}, Q'_d}$$

$$H^u = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{\frac{1}{2}, Q'_{H^u}}$$

$$H^d = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{-\frac{1}{2}, Q'_{H^d}}$$

$$S = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{0, Q'_S} \neq 0$$

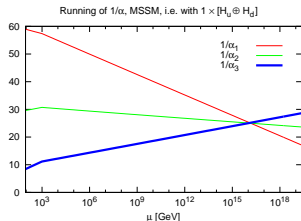
$$L_L = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})_{-\frac{1}{2}, Q'_L}$$

$$\nu^c = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{0, Q'_\nu} = 0$$

$$e^c = (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_{1, Q'_e}$$

$$D = (\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1})_{-\frac{1}{3}, Q'_D}$$

$$D^c = (\bar{\mathbf{3}}, \mathbf{1})_{\frac{1}{3}, -Q'_D}$$

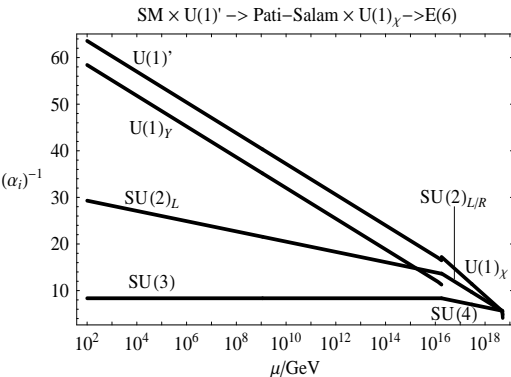


Intermediate Pati-Salam symmetry

JR/Kilian 2006, King et al. 2008

- ▶ Additional particles spoil simple unification
- ▶ Gauge coupling unification below Λ_{Planck} due to intermediate

$SU(4) \times SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R [\times U(1)_X]$ Pati-Salam symmetry at $\sim 10^{16}$ GeV



- ▶ $SU(2)_R$ and $SU(2)_L$: identical particle content \Rightarrow running
 - ▶ Crossing of $SU(4)$ and $SU(2)_{L/R}$ couplings determines E_6 breaking scale
 - ▶ Lepton number: 4th color
 - ▶ $T_{SU(4)}^{15} \propto \frac{B-L}{2}$
 - ▶ $Y = \frac{B-L}{2} + T_R^3$
 - ▶ Integrating out ν^c (see-saw)
- \Rightarrow appropriate breaking

Model building aspects

JR/Kilian, PLB 642 (2006); Braam/Knochel/JR, 2009

- Embed $E_6 \subset E_6 \otimes SU(3) \subset E_8$
- $A_4 \subset SO(3) \subset SU(3)$ flavour symmetry \Rightarrow protects the proton
Proton decay only by E_6 gauge bosons: $\tau(p) \gtrsim 10^{40}$ yrs Mallot/JR, 2009
- Mirror matter Kaluza-Klein tower breaks E_8
Possible embedding in $N = 2$ supersymmetry
- E_6 breaking from an orbifold fixed-point construction
- E_6 superpotential vanishes exactly
- Pati-Salam breaking by adjoint 78 rep. of E_6
- Both electroweak and $U(1)_\chi$ symmetry radiatively broken
- **Cocktail of dark matter candidates!**

Investigation Of The Parameter Space

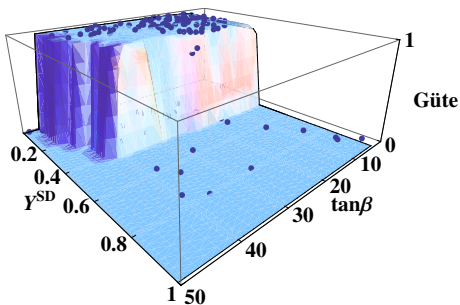
Braam/JR, 2009

- ▶ # free parameters $\sim \mathcal{O}(100)$, additional assumptions:
 - Unified soft breaking parameters
 - Flavour structure
 ⇒ Limitation on 14 free parameters
- ▶ Constraints:
 - (1) Experimental lower bounds on masses of new particles
 - (2) Running parameters perturbative up to Λ_{E_6}
 - (3) Scalar (non-Higgs) mass terms have to remain positive
(\Leftrightarrow No unwanted symmetry breaking)

- ▶ 14-dim parameter space
- ⇒ grid scanning $\rightarrow 10^{28}$ points
- ▶ Investigation per point (RGE, Higgs potential minimization, calculation of masses) ~ 5 s

Sol: Monte-Carlo Markov-Chain through parameter space

- ⇒ Effective search for sensible parameter tuples

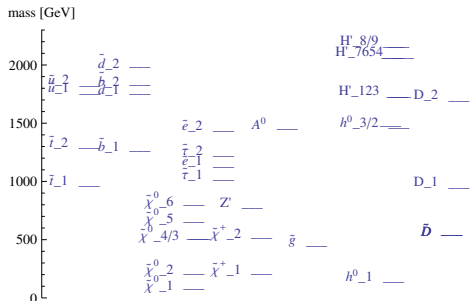


Investigation Of The Parameter Space

Braam/JR, 2009

- ▶ # free parameters $\sim \mathcal{O}(100)$, additional assumptions:
 - Unified soft breaking parameters
 - Flavour structure
 ⇒ Limitation on 14 free parameters
- ▶ Constraints:
 - (1) Experimental lower bounds on masses of new particles
 - (2) Running parameters perturbative up to Λ_{E_6}
 - (3) Scalar (non-Higgs) mass terms have to remain positive
 - (\Leftrightarrow No unwanted symmetry breaking)

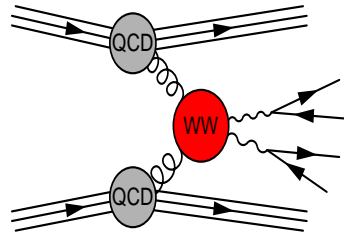
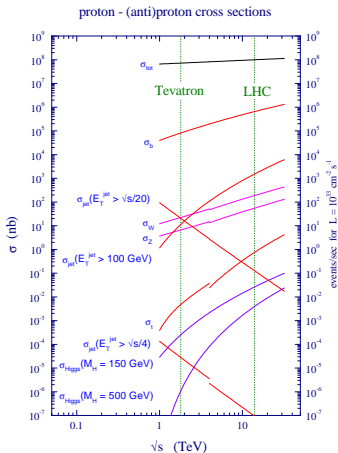
- ▶ 14-dim parameter space
 - ⇒ grid scanning $\rightarrow 10^{28}$ points
 - ▶ Investigation per point (RGE, Higgs potential minimization, calculation of masses) ~ 5 s
- Sol: Monte-Carlo Markov-Chain through parameter space
- ⇒ Effective search for sensible parameter tuples



The challenge of the LHC

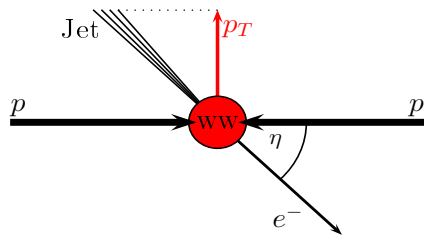
Partonic subprocesses: qq, qg, gg

No fixed partonic energy



$$R = \sigma \mathcal{L} \quad \mathcal{L} = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

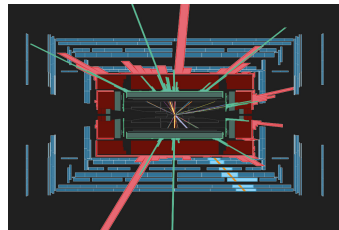
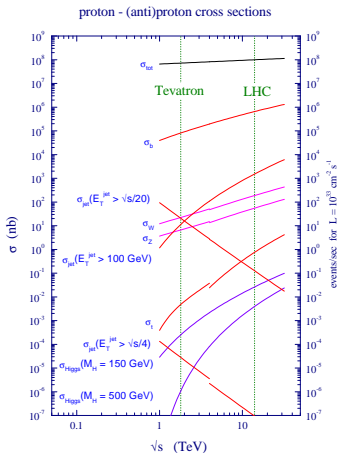
High rates for $t, W/Z, H, \Rightarrow$ **huge backgrounds**



The challenge of the LHC

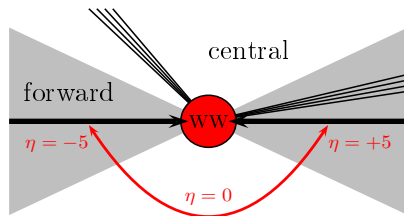
Partonic subprocesses: qq, qg, gg

No fixed partonic energy



$$R = \sigma \mathcal{L} \quad \mathcal{L} = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

High rates for $t, W/Z, H, \Rightarrow$ **huge backgrounds**



WHIZARD

Kilian/Ohl/JR + PhDs, hep-ph/0102195, 0708.4233



- ▶ Acronym: **W**, **H**iggs, **Z**, **A**nd **R**espective **D**ecays (deprecated)
- ▶ Fast Multi-Channel Monte-Carlo integration
- ▶ Very efficient phase space and event generation
- ▶ Optimized matrix elements
- ▶ Current version: 1.93 (2.0 β)
<http://projects.hepforge.org/whizard> and
<http://whizard.event-generator.org>
- ▶ parton shower (p_{\perp} ordered) and analytic (v2.0.0 α)
- ▶ no hadronization
- ▶ underlying event: preliminary version for v2.0.0 α
- ▶ Arbitrary processes: a generator generator (O'Mega)
- ▶ BSM: cf. next page
- ▶ 2.0 features: ME/PS matching, cascades, new versatile user interface and syntax, WHIZARD as a shared library



WHIZARD – Overview over BSM Models

Very high level of Complexity:

- ▶ $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}jj\ell\nu$ (110,000 diagrams)
- ▶ $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZHH \rightarrow ZWWWW \rightarrow bb + 8j$ (12,000,000 diagrams)
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow \ell\ell + nj, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$ (2,100,000 diagrams with 4 jets + flavors)
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0 bbbb$ (32,000 diagrams, 22 color flows, $\sim 10,000$ PS channels)
- ▶ $pp \rightarrow VVjj \rightarrow jj\ell\nu\nu$ incl. anomalous TGC/QGC
- ▶ Test case $gg \rightarrow 9g$ (224,000,000 diagrams)

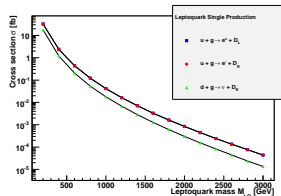
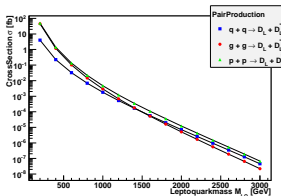
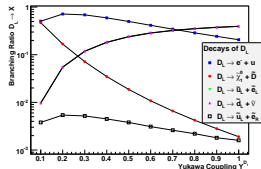
MODEL TYPE	with CKM matrix	trivial CKM
QED with e, μ, τ, γ	—	QED
QCD with d, u, s, c, b, t, g	—	QCD
Standard Model	SM_CKM	SM
SM with anomalous couplings	SM_ac_CKM	SM_ac
SM with K matrix	—	SM_KM
MSSM	MSSM_CKM	MSSM
MSSM with gravitinos	—	MSSM_Grav
NMSSM	—	NMSSM
extended SUSY models	—	PSSSM
Littlest Higgs	—	Littlest
Littlest Higgs with ungauged $U(1)$	—	Littlest_Eta
Littlest Higgs with T parity	—	Littlest_Tpar
Simplest Little Higgs (anomaly-free)	—	Simplest
Simplest Little Higgs (universal)	—	Simplest_univ
UED	—	UED
SUSY Xdim. (inoff.)	—	SED
Noncommutative SM (inoff.)	—	NCSM
SM with Z'	—	Zprime
SM with gravitino and photino	—	GravTest
Augmentable SM template	—	Template

easy to
implement new models

Predictions from E_6 GUTs for LHC

Braam/JR/Wiesler, 0909.3081

- ▶ Simulations for the E_6 model with WHIZARD
- ▶ Implementation of leptoquark/leptoquarkino + Higgs/weak ino sector
- ▶ **First analyses:** BRs, cross sections for scalar leptoquarks, S/B
- ▶ In progress: leptoquarkino pheno

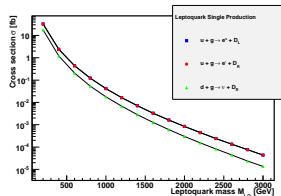
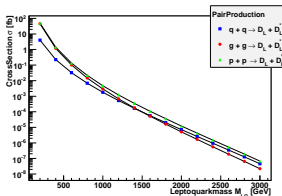
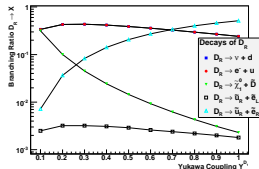


Cuts		Background	$m_D = 0.6 \text{ TeV}$		$m_D = 0.8 \text{ TeV}$		$m_D = 1.0 \text{ TeV}$	
p_T	$M_{\ell\ell}$	N_{BG}	N_1	S_1/\sqrt{B}	N_2	S_2/\sqrt{B}	N_3	S_3/\sqrt{B}
50	10	413274	64553	93	14823	23	4819	7
100	150	3272	40749	194	10891	92	3767	45
200	150	198	12986	113	5678	74	2405	47

Predictions from E_6 GUTs for LHC

Braum/JR/Wiesler, 0909.3081

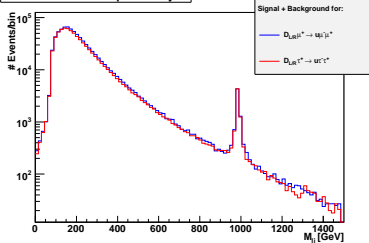
- ▶ Simulations for the E_6 model with WHIZARD
- ▶ Implementation of leptoquark/leptoquarkino + Higgs/weak ino sector
- ▶ **First analyses:** BRs, cross sections for scalar leptoquarks, S/B
- ▶ In progress: leptoquarkino pheno



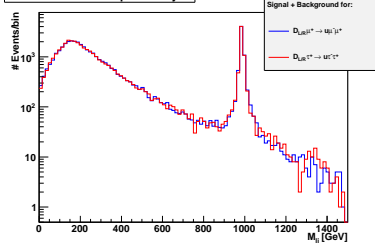
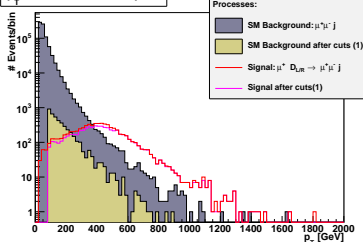
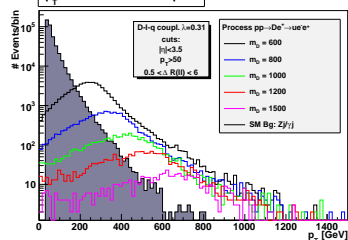
Cuts		Background	$m_D = 0.6 \text{ TeV}$		$m_D = 0.8 \text{ TeV}$		$m_D = 1.0 \text{ TeV}$	
p_T	$M_{\ell\ell}$	N_{BG}	N_1	S_1/\sqrt{B}	N_2	S_2/\sqrt{B}	N_3	S_3/\sqrt{B}
50	10	413274	64553	93	14823	23	4819	7
100	150	3272	40749	194	10891	92	3767	45
200	150	198	12986	113	5678	74	2405	47

Braam/JR/Wiesler, 0909.3081

Invariant mass of lepton and jet



Invariant mass of lepton and jet

 p_T distribution of the lepton p_T distribution of the lepton

Resonances in VV scattering

Alboreanu/Kilian/JR, 0806.4145

Model-independent description for LHC, respect weak isospin ($\rho \approx 0$):

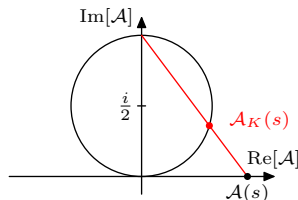
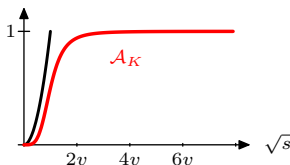
	$J = 0$	$J = 1$	$J = 2$
$I = 0$	σ^0 (Higgs ?)	ω^0 (γ'/Z' ?)	a^0 (Graviton ?)
$I = 1$	π^\pm, π^0 (2HDM ?)	ρ^\pm, ρ^0 (W'/Z' ?)	t^\pm, t^0
$I = 2$	$\phi^{\pm\pm}, \phi^\pm, \phi^0$ (Higgs triplet ?)	—	$f^{\pm\pm}, f^\pm, f^0$

LHC access limited: 1. resonance correct, **guarantee unitarity**

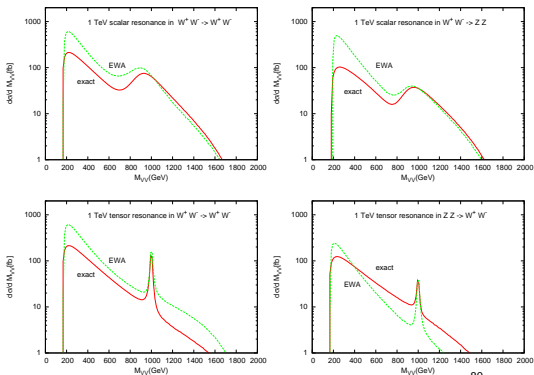
K-Matrix unitarization

$$\mathcal{A}_K(s) = \mathcal{A}(s)/(1 - i\mathcal{A}(s))$$

- ▶ Low-energy theorem (LET): $\frac{s}{v^2}$
- ▶ K-matrix ampl.: $|\mathcal{A}(s)|^2 \xrightarrow{s \rightarrow \infty} 1$
- ▶ Poles $\pm iv$: M_0, Γ large

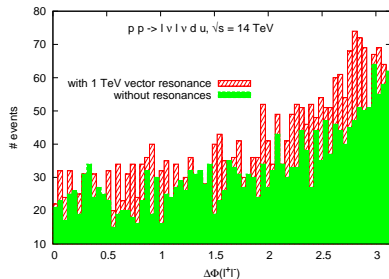


- ▶ Unitarization in each spin-isospin eigen-channel
- ▶ **breaks crossing invariance**
- ▶ Explicit “time arrow” in WHIZARD



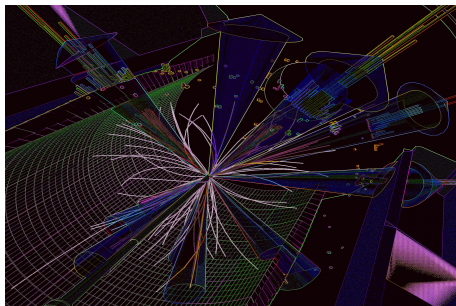
- ▶ **Effective W approx. vs. WHIZARD full matrix elements**
- ▶ Shapes/normalization of distributions heavily affected
- ▶ EWA: Sideband subtraction completely screwed up!

- ▶ Example: 850 GeV vector resonance
- ▶ coupling $g_\rho = 1$
- ▶ Discriminator: angular correlations
- ▶ Ongoing ATLAS study



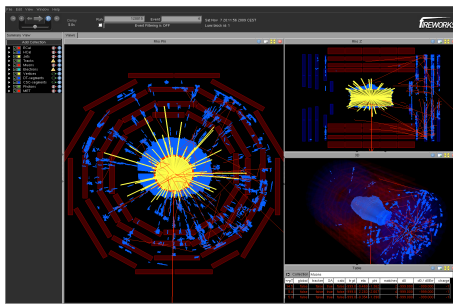
Outlook

- ▶ **LHC: new era of physics is beginning**
- ▶ New particles, new symmetries, new interactions
- ▶ A lot to do: Model building and phenomenology
- ▶ Interesting times ahead!



Outlook

- ▶ LHC: new era of physics is beginning
- ▶ New particles, new symmetries, new interactions
- ▶ A lot to do: Model building and phenomenology
- ▶ Interesting times ahead!



"Though this be madness, yet there is method in 't." - (Hamlet, Act II, Scene II).