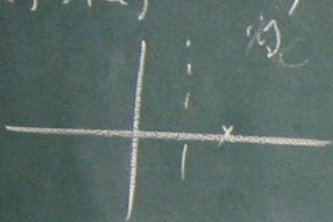


# Addendum:

$$t \frac{\partial}{\partial t} q_{NS}(x, t) = \frac{\alpha_s(t)}{2\pi} \int_x^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi} P_{SS}\left(\frac{x}{\xi}, \alpha_s\right) q_{NS}(\xi, t)$$



$\text{Re } j > \text{Re } j'$



$$\int_0^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{dj'}{2\pi i} \xi^{j-j'} \sim q_{NS}(j', t)$$

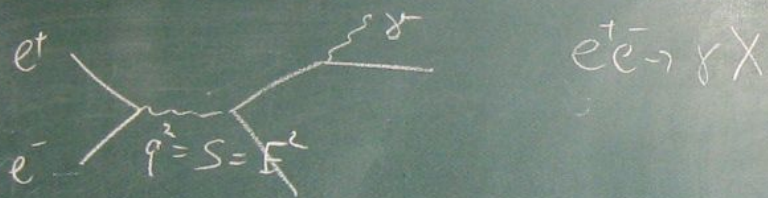
$$= \int \frac{dj'}{2\pi i} \frac{1}{j-j'} q_{NS}(j', t)$$

$$= q_{NS}(j, t)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{d\xi}{\xi} \xi^{j-j'} = \frac{1}{j-j'}$$

✓ ✓ ✓

## II Fragmentation Functions



$$P_1 = \left( \frac{E}{2}, 0, 0, \frac{E}{2} \right)$$

$$P_2 = \left( \frac{E}{2}, 0, 0, -\frac{E}{2} \right)$$

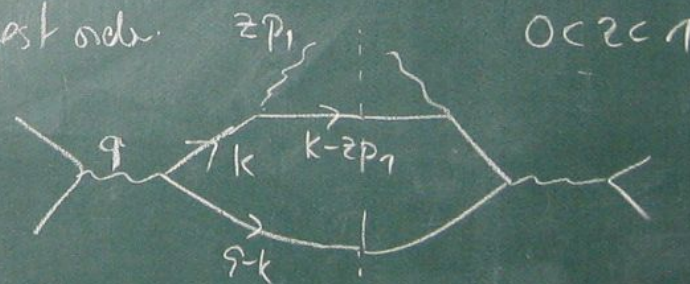
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P_1 \\ P_2 \end{array} \right\} q = P_1 + P_2$$

$$2P_1P_2 = E^2 = s$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{q^2} 3 \sum e_f^2$$



lowest order



$$k = \alpha p_1 + \beta p_2 + k_\perp$$

$$0 = (q-k)^2 = (p_1 + p_2 - k)^2$$

$$= s(1-\alpha)(1-\beta) + k_\perp^2$$

$$1-\beta = \frac{-k_\perp^2}{s(1-\alpha)} \quad (\beta \sim 1)$$

$$0 = (k-zp_1)^2 = s(\alpha-z)\beta + k_\perp^2$$

$$(\sim s(\alpha-z))$$

$$k^2 = s\alpha\beta + k_\perp^2$$

$$= s \left[ z - \frac{k_\perp^2}{s\beta} \right] \left[ 1 + \frac{k_\perp^2}{s(1-\alpha)} \right] + k_\perp^2$$

$$\approx s z - \frac{k_\perp^2}{s} + z \frac{k_\perp^2}{1-\alpha} + \frac{k_\perp^2}{s}$$

$$= s z + \frac{z}{1-\alpha} k_\perp^2$$

$> 0$  "hinelike"

$$dk^2 = z \frac{dk_\perp^2}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma + X)}{dz} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{s^2} 3 \sum_q e_q^2 D_q^\gamma(z, \mu^2, q^2)$$

$$D_q^\gamma = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \int_{\mu^2}^{q^2} \frac{dk^2}{(k^2)} \int d\alpha d(1-\alpha) 2 \frac{1+(1-\alpha)^2}{z}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \ln \frac{q^2}{\mu^2} \int \frac{dx}{x} d(1-\frac{x}{z}) 2 \frac{1+(1-x/z)^2}{z}$$



More messy:



$$\int_{\mu^2}^{q^2} \frac{dk_1^2}{k_1^2} \int_{\mu^2}^{k_1^2} \frac{dk_2^2}{k_2^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \ln \frac{q^2}{\mu^2} \right)^2 \quad k_1^2, k_2^2 > \mu^2$$

$$\alpha_1 > \alpha_2$$

$$P_{qq}^{(0)} \left( \frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_1} \right) \quad \text{same as in DIS}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{qq} = P_{qq}^{(0)} \tau \quad \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} P_{qq}^{(1)}$$

└──────────┘  
different from DIS

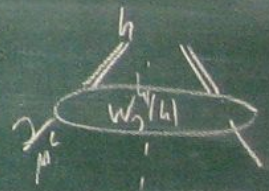
$$t \frac{\partial}{\partial t} D_i^\gamma(x, t) = \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} P_{ji}(z) D_j^\gamma\left(\frac{x}{z}, t\right)$$

$\gamma \rightarrow h$



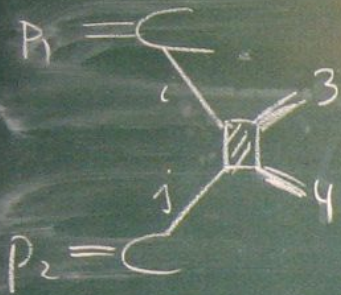
$$2 \frac{1 + (1-z)^2}{z} \Rightarrow$$

$$w_{jg}^h(z, \mu^2)$$



### III Hard Scattering in pp

$$\sigma(p_1, p_2) = \sum_{ij} \int dx_1 dx_2 f_i(x_1, \mu^2) f_j(x_2, \mu^2) \hat{\sigma}_{ij \rightarrow 1+2}$$



$$\eta = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z}, \quad p^\mu = (m_T \cosh \eta, p_T \sinh \eta, p_T \cos \phi, m_T \sinh \eta)$$

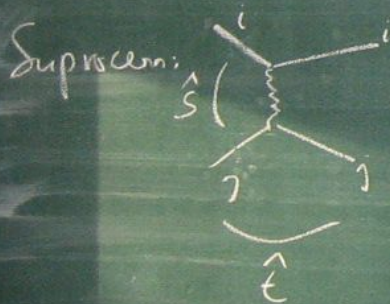
$$m_T = \sqrt{p_T^2 + m^2}$$

CM,  $p_1 = \left( \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2}, 0, 0, \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2} \right)$   
 $p_2 = \left( \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2}, 0, 0, -\frac{\sqrt{s}}{2} \right)$

$$m=0: \quad \eta = \eta = - \ln \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$$

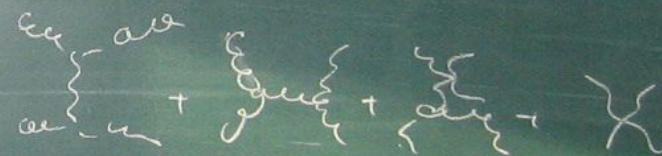
↑  
pseudorap.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} P_i &= X_1 P_1 \\ P_j &= X_2 P_2 \end{aligned} \right\} X_1 = \frac{1}{2} X_T (e^{y_3} + e^{y_4}), \quad X_2 = \frac{1}{2} X_T (e^{-y_3} + e^{-y_4}), \quad X_T = \frac{2 p_T}{\sqrt{s}}$$



$$\overline{\sum} |M(i \rightarrow i_f)|^2$$

$\overline{\sum}$ : average over initial color, helicity  
 sum outgoing "

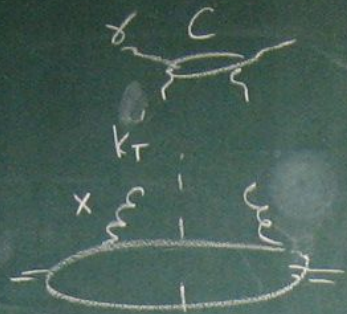


$$\overline{\sum} |M|^2 = g^4 \frac{4}{9} \frac{s^2 + u^2}{t^2} \quad (g^4, 2, 2) \quad \text{at } \theta = \pi/2$$

$$g^4 \overline{\sum} |M|^2 = g^4 \frac{9}{2} \left( 3 - \frac{t^2}{s^2} - \frac{s^2}{t^2} - \frac{s^2}{u^2} \right)$$

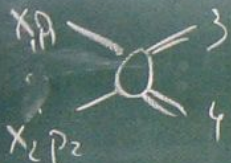
$g^4 = 30$   
 (at  $\theta = \pi/2$ )





$$\int d^2k_T C(a^2, k_T^2) \frac{1}{k_T^2} \tilde{F}(x, k_T^2)$$

$x \rightarrow 0$   $\tilde{F}(x, k_T^2)$   $xg(x, k^2) = \int \frac{dk_T^2}{k_T^2} \tilde{F}(x, k^2)$



parton:  $\frac{E_3 E_4 d^6 \bar{v}}{d^3 p_3 d^3 p_4} = \frac{1}{2S} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \sum |M^2| \delta^4(p_3 + p_4 - x_1 p - x_2 p_2)$

$$\frac{d^3 \bar{v}}{dy_3 dy_4 dp_T^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2 S^2} \sum |M^2|$$

hadron:  $\frac{d^3 \bar{v}}{dy_3 dy_4 dp_T^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2 S^2} \frac{f_i(x_1, \mu^2)}{x_1} \frac{f_j(x_2, \mu^2)}{x_2} \sum |M|^2$

One jet

$$\frac{E_j d^3\sigma}{d^3p_j} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2 s} \sum_{ij} \int \frac{dx_1}{x_1} \int \frac{dx_2}{x_2} f_i(x_1, \mu^2) f_j(x_2, \mu^2) \overline{\sum} |M|^2 \delta(\hat{s} + \hat{t} + \hat{u})$$

### 3 Building blocks

- pdf's DIS
- frag. Funct.  $e^+e^-$
- hard scatter) subprocess  
PIF

### BFKL

unint. parton