

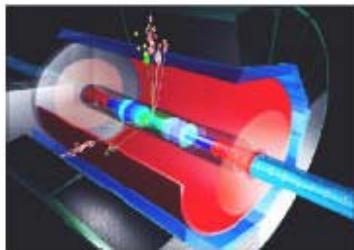
Some aspects of

Physics at HERA

A very brief introduction

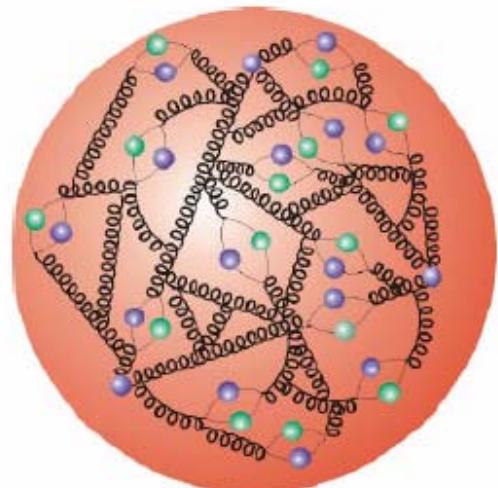
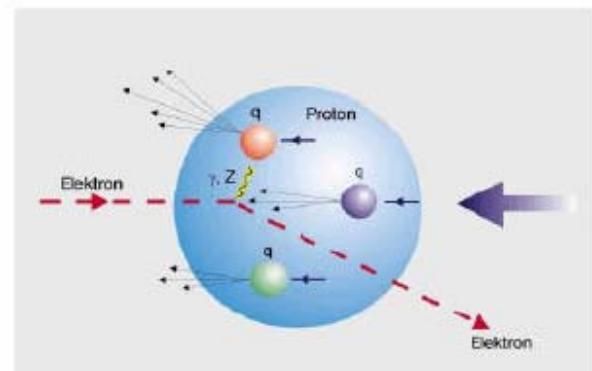
Slides collected from the DESY-Summerstudents-Lectures of
T. Haas, H.-C. Schultz-Coulon, F. Sefkow, A. Wagner





Proton structure

- Deep inelastic scattering at HERA - a leap of a factor of 100 in precision with respect to previous fixed target experiments
- Resolution = 1/1000 fm
- Resolve the proton's hyper-finestructure



e-p scattering at highest energies



DESY today - HERA



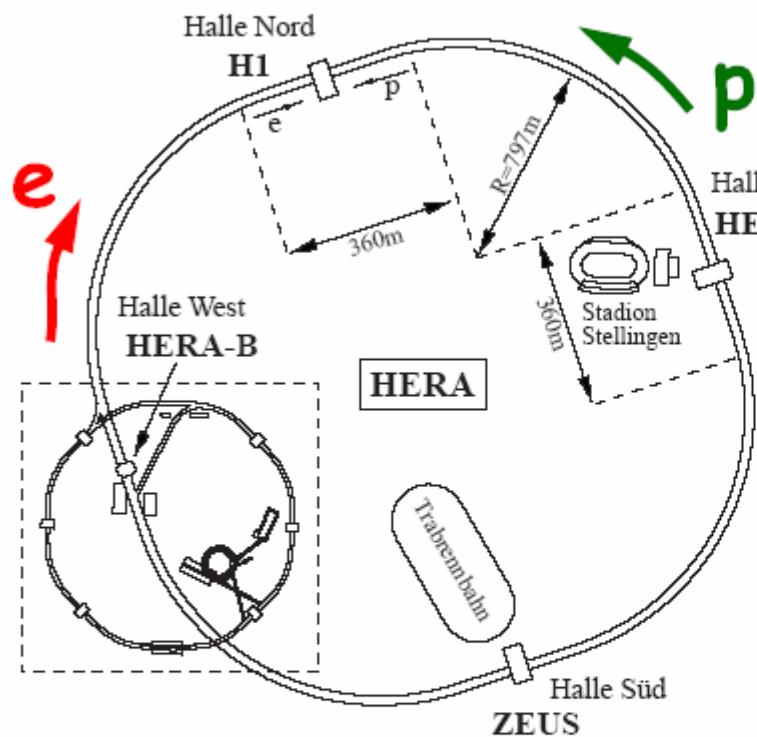
Underground ring,
6.3 km circumference

collider for

- Electrons (28 GeV) and
- Protons (920 GeV)



The HERA Accelerator Complex



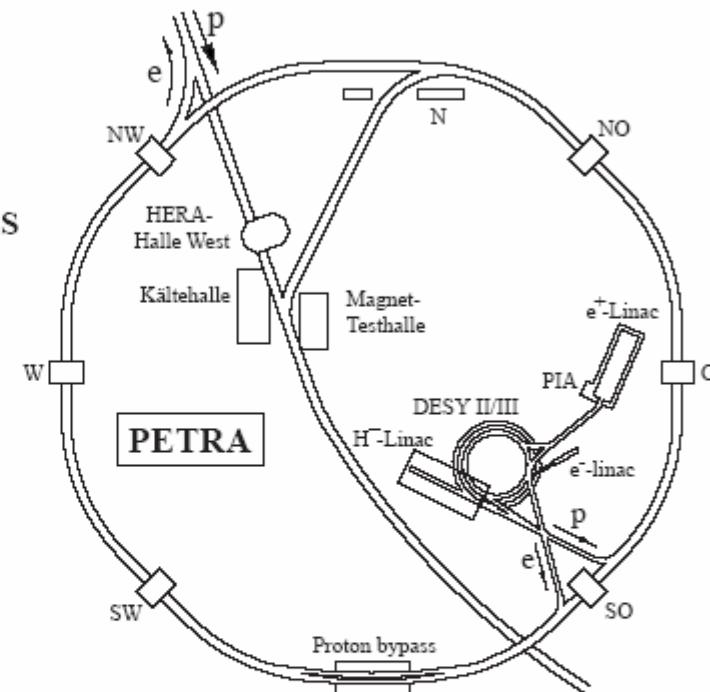
Proton ring:

Energy*: 920 GeV

Mag. Field: 4.682 T

Current: ~ 100 mA

* before 1998: 820 GeV



General:

Energy in cms: 318 GeV

Circumference: 6.3 km

BX rate: 10.4 MHz

Lumi: $1.5 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

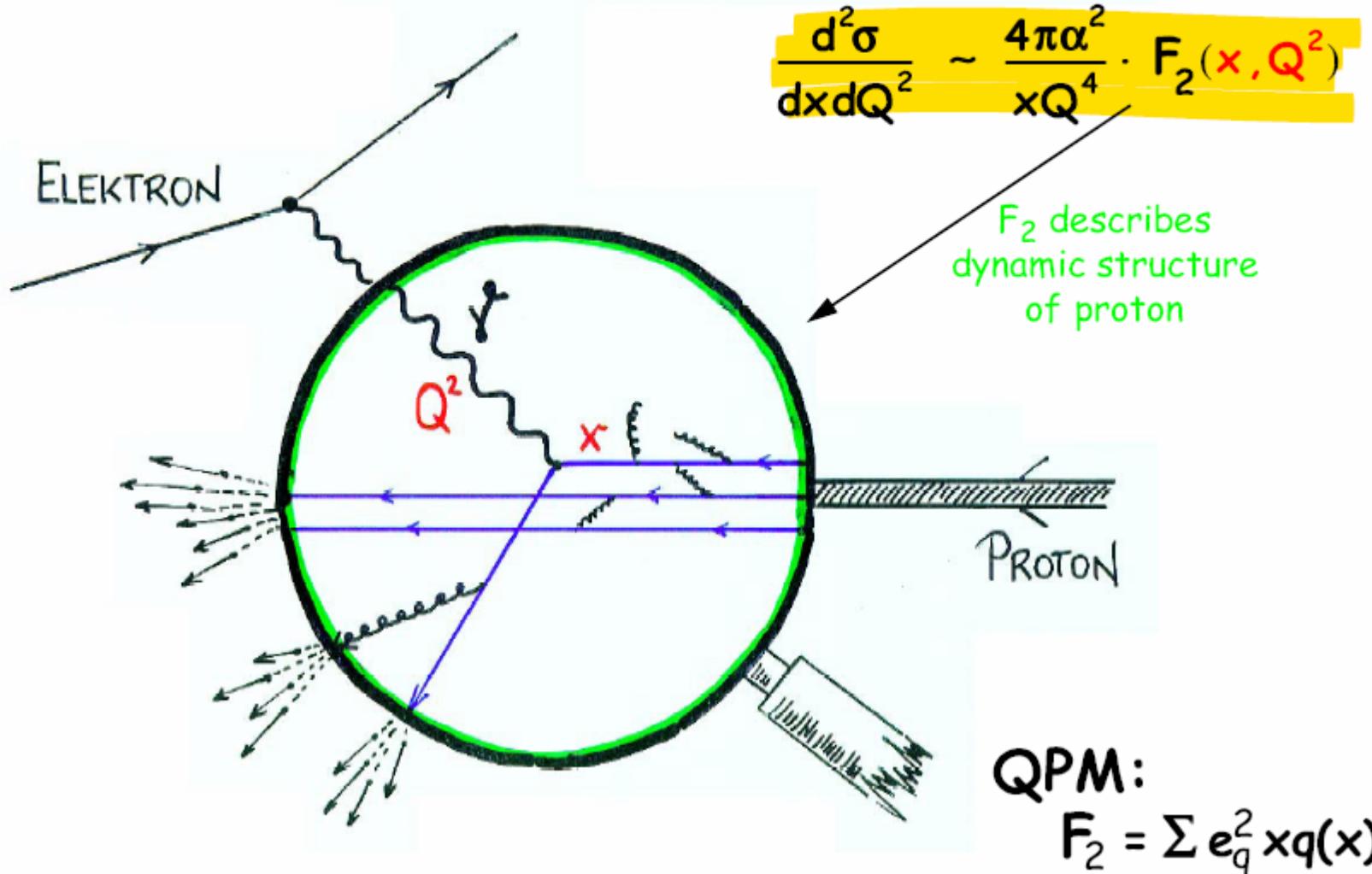
Electron ring:

Energy: 27.5 GeV

Mag. Field: 0.164 T

Current: ~ 40 mA

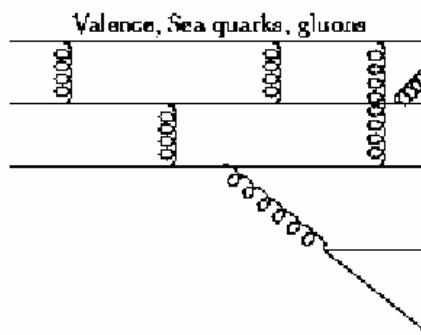
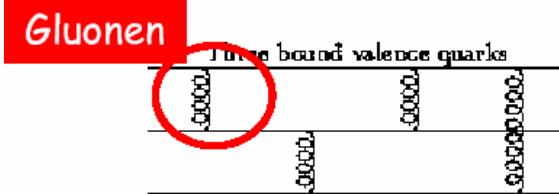
Investigating the
Structure of the Proton



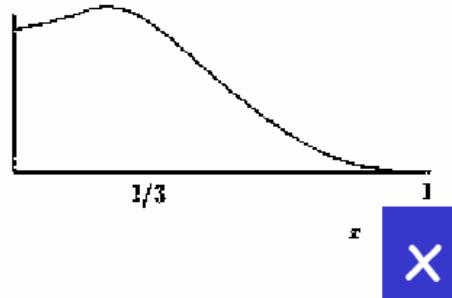
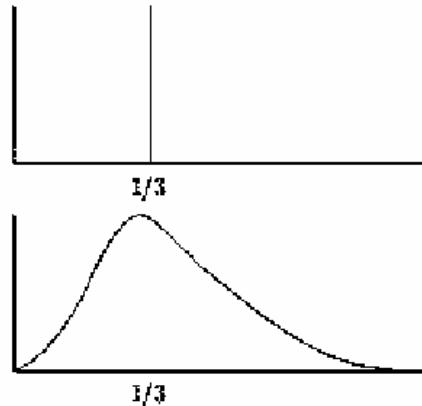
Distribution of quarks in the proton

If the Proton is:
A quark

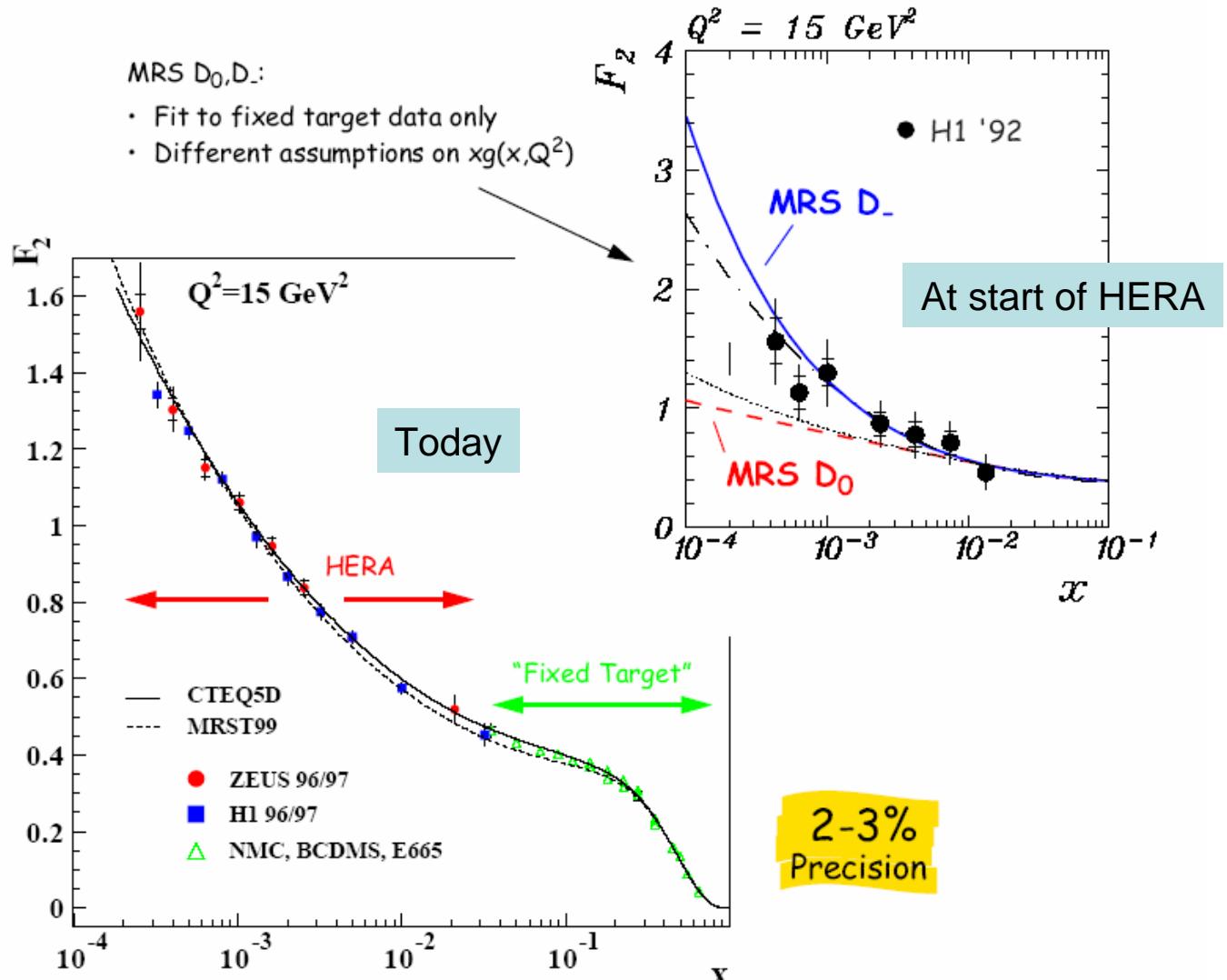
Three valence quarks



$$F_2(x)$$



Quark distribution in the proton: HERA results



Determination of PDFs

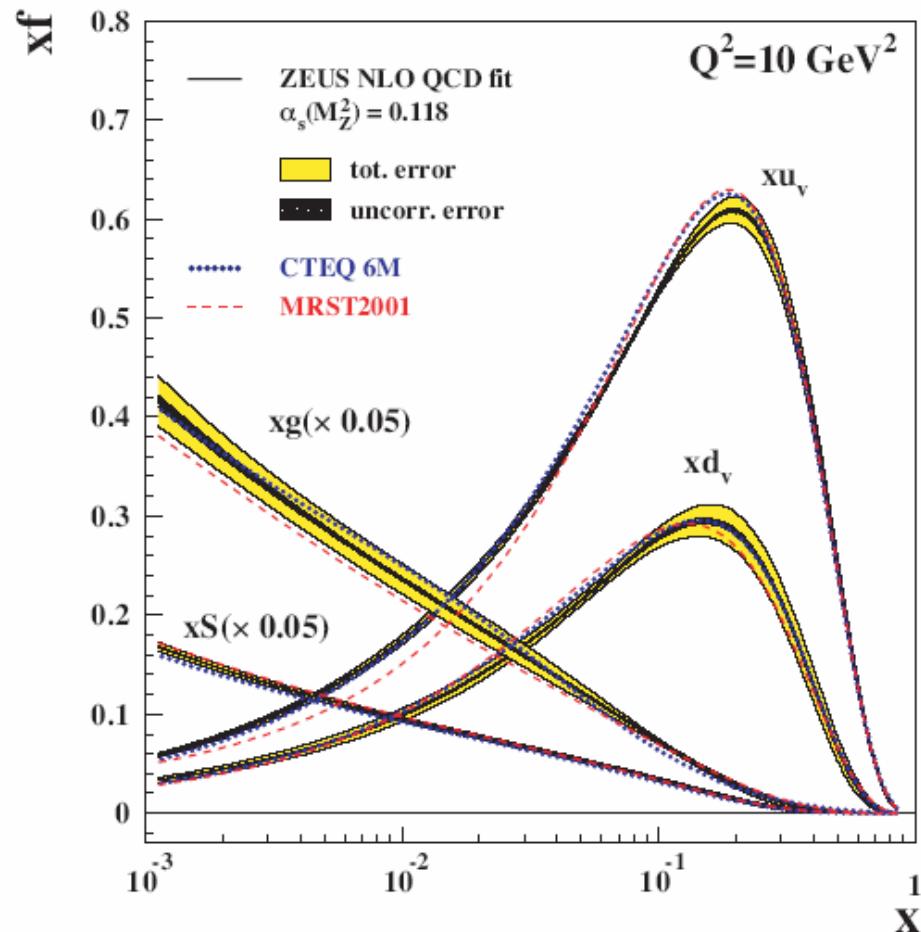
fitting the F2 data

Procedure:

- Assume parametric form of parton distribution functions at starting scale $Q_0^2 \sim O(1 \text{ GeV}^2)$.
[# Parameters: $O(10)$]
- Fit all data by evolving the PDFs to higher Q^2

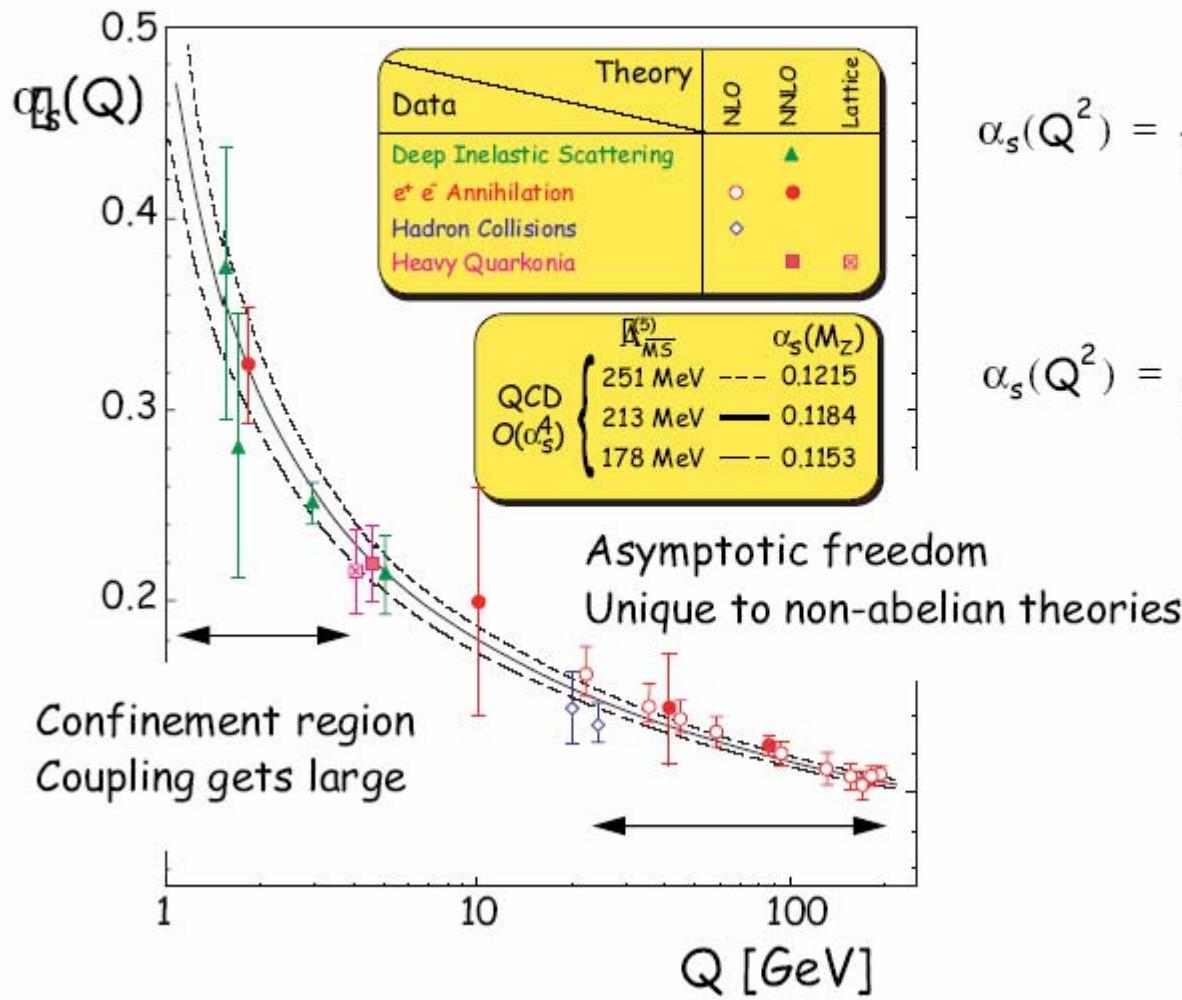
Parametric Forms:

- $xg(x) = ax^b(1-x)^c \zeta(x)$
- $xu(x) = a'x^{b'}(1-x)^{c'} \xi(x)$
...
- e.g.: H1 $\rightarrow \zeta(x) = 1+d\sqrt{x}+ex$
ZEUS $\rightarrow \zeta(x) = 1$



The Strong Coupling Constant

[A Reminder]



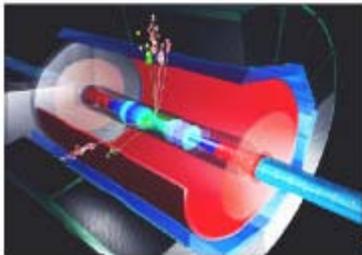
$$\alpha_s(Q^2) = \frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{1 + \beta_0 \alpha_s(\mu^2) \log \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}}$$

[Evolution equation]

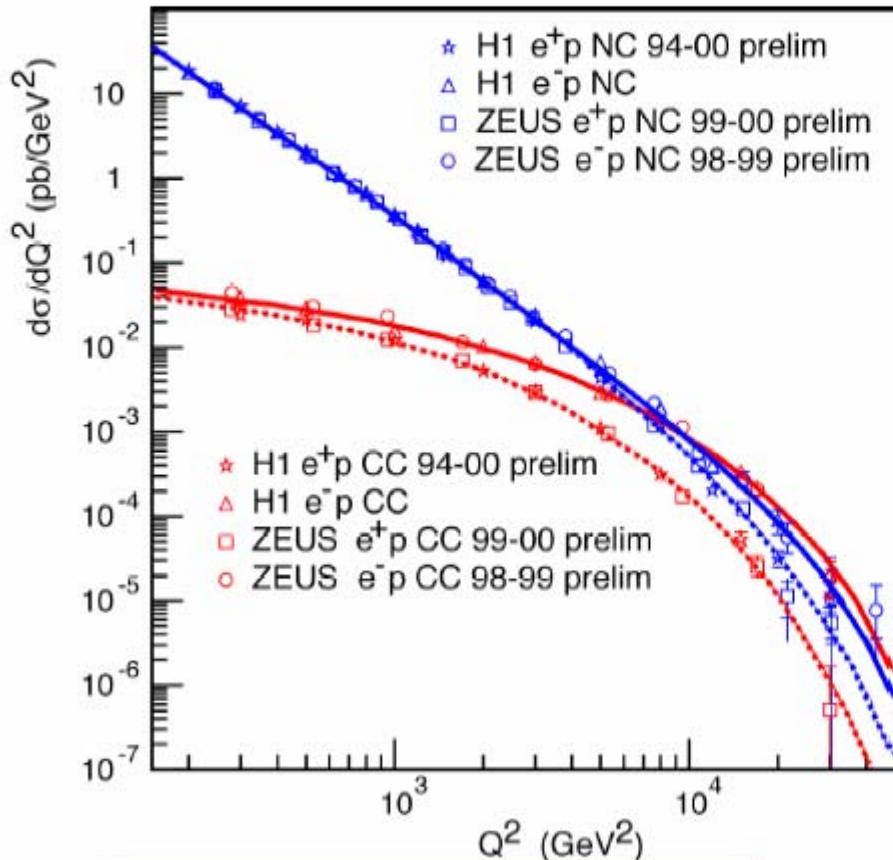
$$\alpha_s(Q^2) = \frac{1}{\beta_0 \log \frac{Q^2}{\Lambda^2}}$$

Scale of process

Fundamental QCD parameter
[Needs to be measured]



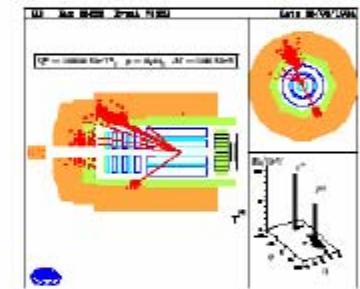
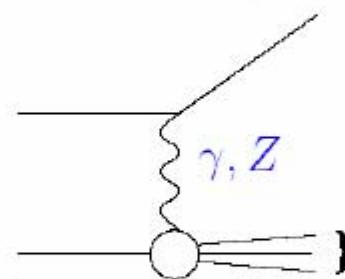
Electroweak unification



Soon to come: polarized e

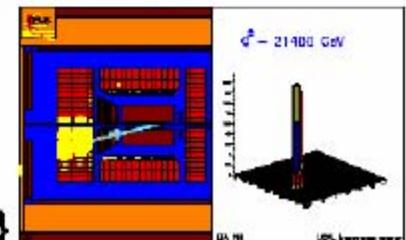
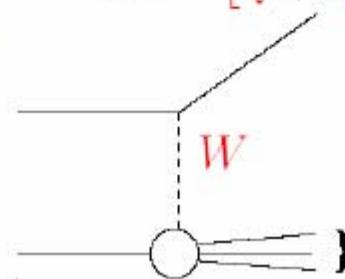
- Neutral Current $ep \rightarrow eX$

$$\sigma_{NC} \sim \left[\frac{1}{Q^2} \cdot C_\gamma + \frac{1}{Q^2 + M_Z^2} \cdot C_Z \right]^2$$

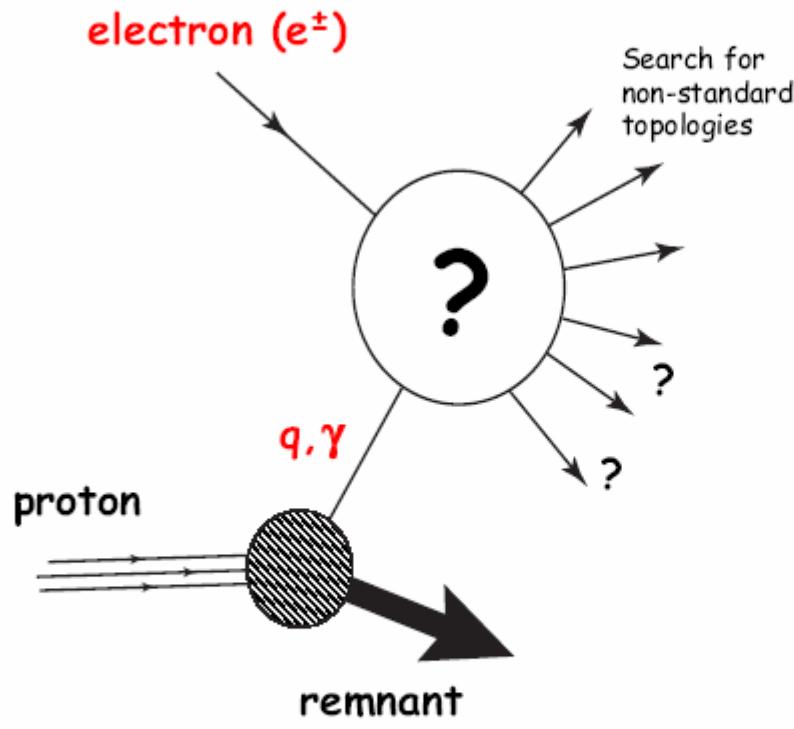


- Charged Current $ep \rightarrow \nu X$

$$\sigma_{CC} \sim \left[\frac{1}{Q^2 + M_W^2} \cdot C_W \right]^2$$



Searches at HERA



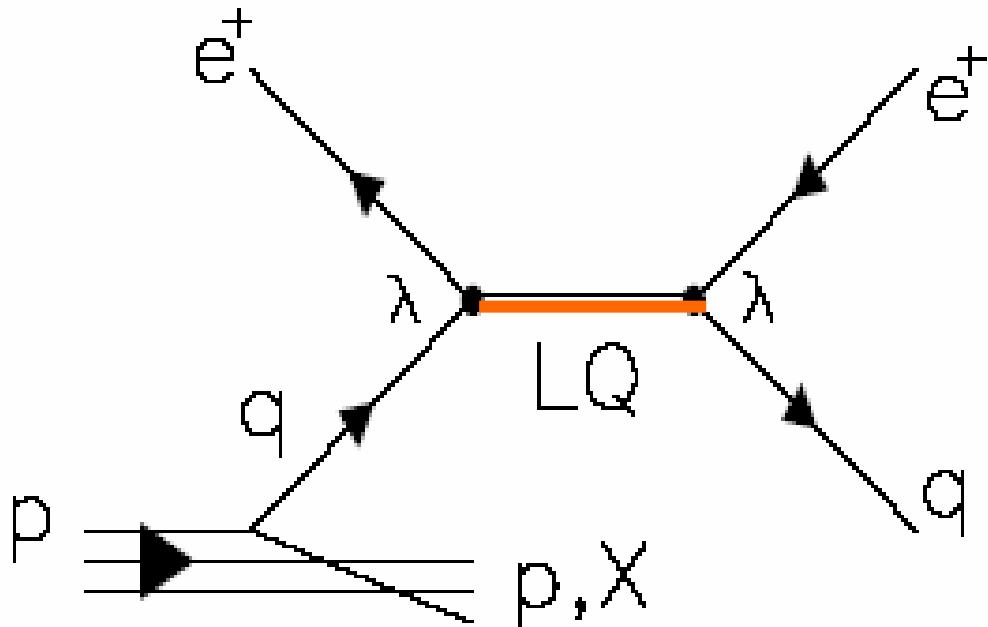
Topics:

- Lepton Flavour Violation
- Leptoquark Searches
- Excited Fermions
- R-Parity Violating SUSY
- Quark Sub-structure

Competition between HERA and Tevatron
[... but HERA will search uncovered phase space in many channels]

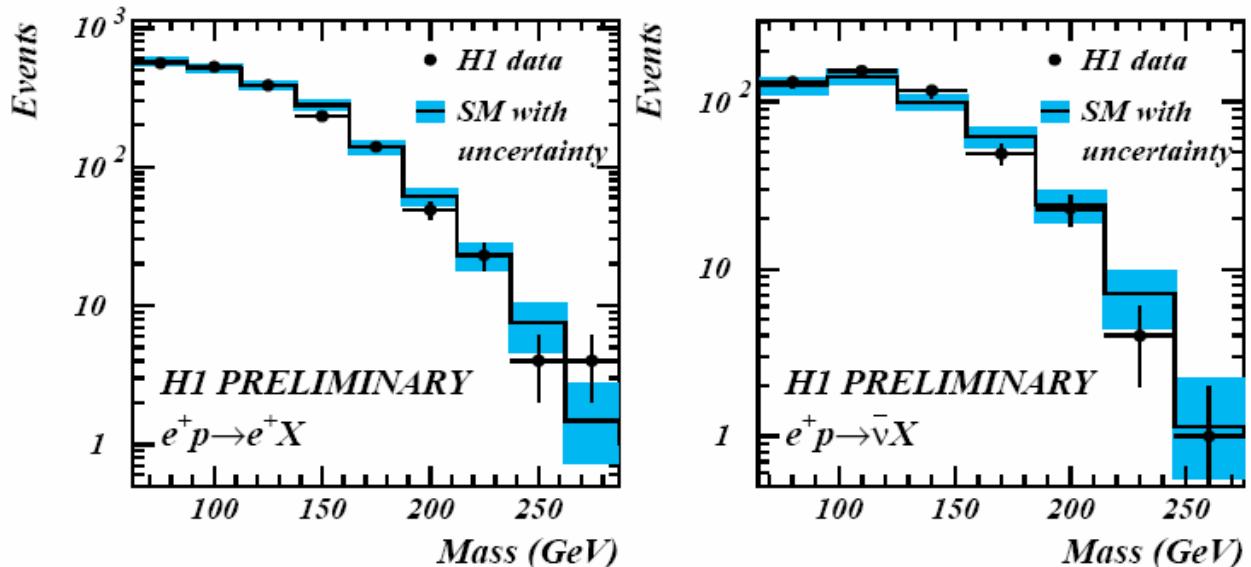
Leptoquarks: $e^\pm q \rightarrow e^\pm q$

[Signature: NC/CC @ high Q^2]



Leptoquark Search

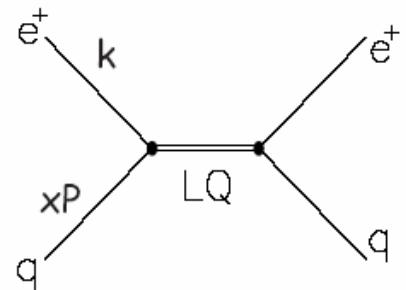
Mass Spectrum



$$M_{LQ} = (k + xP)^2$$

$$= xs$$

[since $s = 4E_e E_p$]

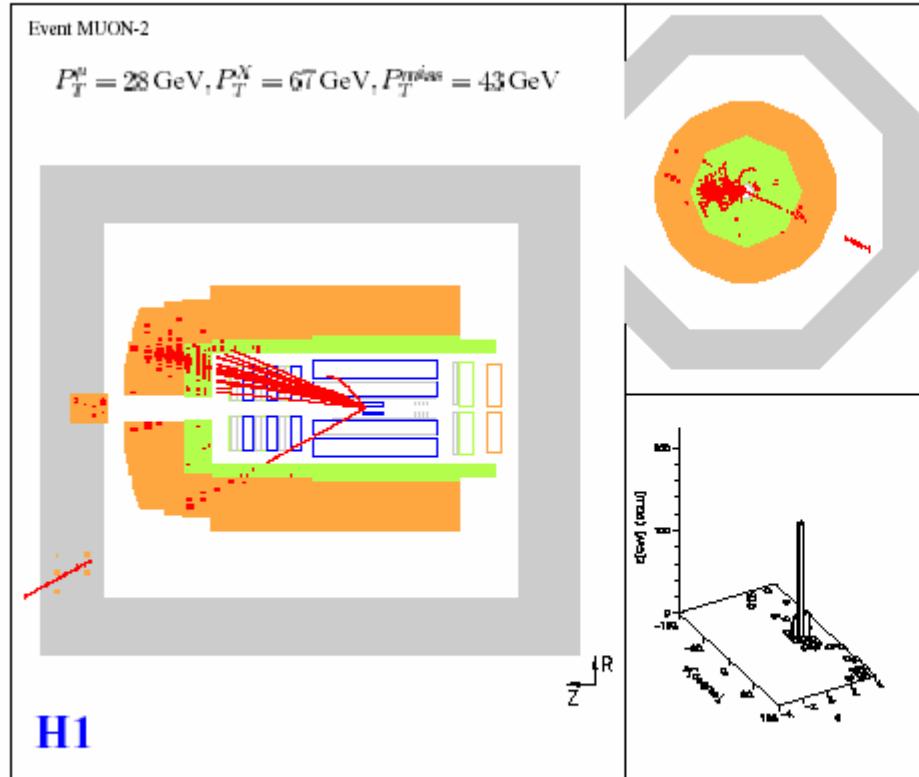


No deviation from SM seen (yet) !

No sign of a Leptoquark (yet) !

Isolated leptons and missing transverse momentum

$$e^+ p \rightarrow \mu^+ X$$



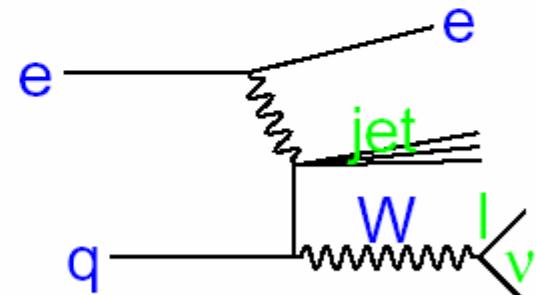
Spectacular events found by H1 in $e^+ p$ data

Physics at HERA

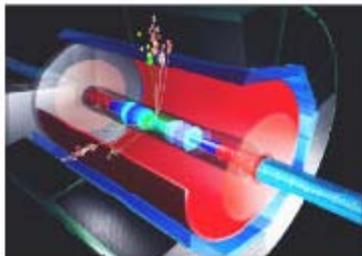
Joachim Meyer DESY

1 isolated lepton (μ, e),
with high p_T, p_T^{miss} , jet (p_T^X)

Main SM process:

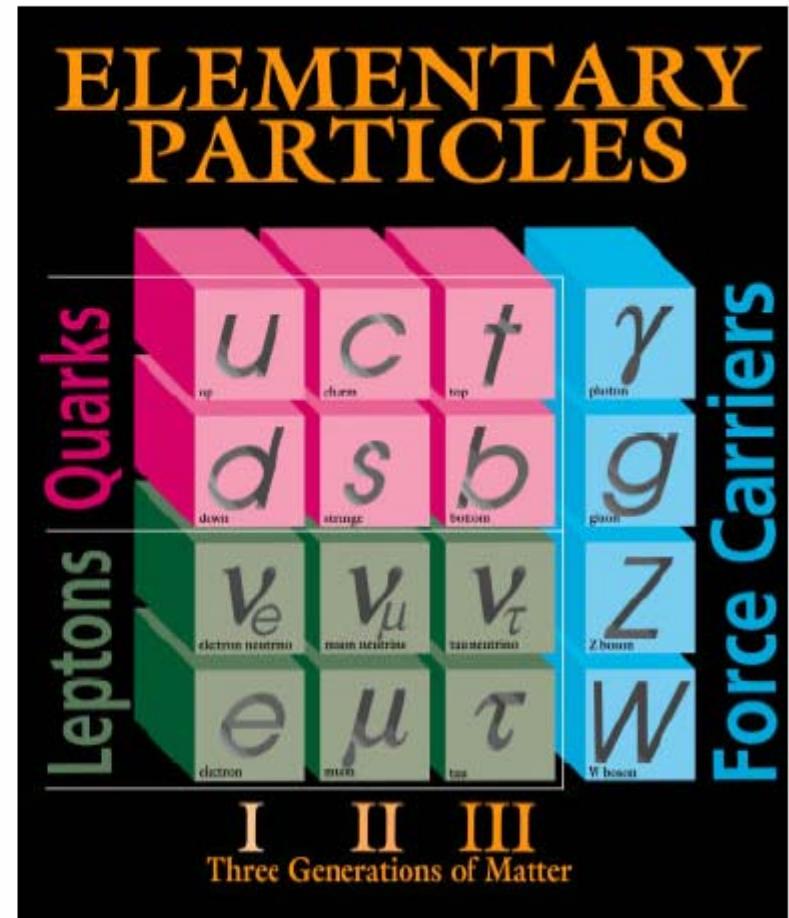


SM: < 1 event expected



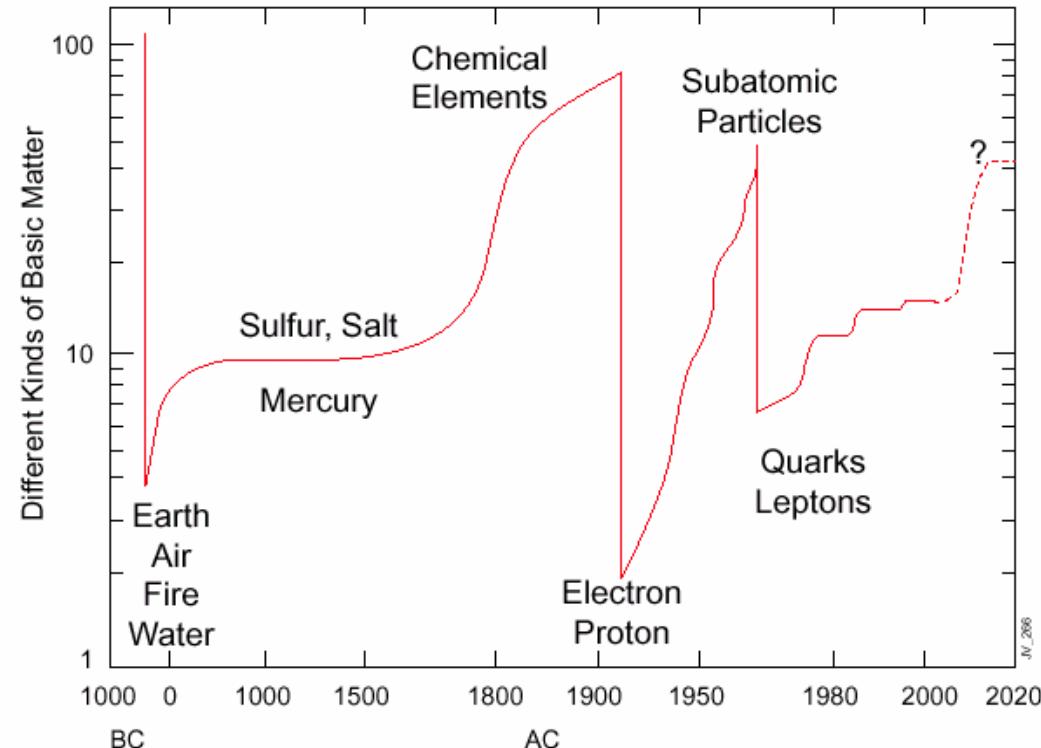
The Standard Model

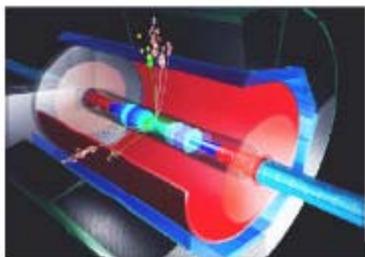
- A precise (0.1%) description of all known subatomic phenomena
- Down to 10^{-18} m HERA !
- Back to 10^{-10} s after the Big Bang
- (but nothing said about mass & gravity)



What was considered 'elementary' changed quite a lot over the times.

Constituents of Matter





What is the world made of?

