

Mounting evidence for a 95 GeV Higgs boson

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in collaboration with Sven Heinemeyer and Georg Weiglein

[2203.13180]

2HDM group meeting

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CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE
QUANTUM UNIVERSE

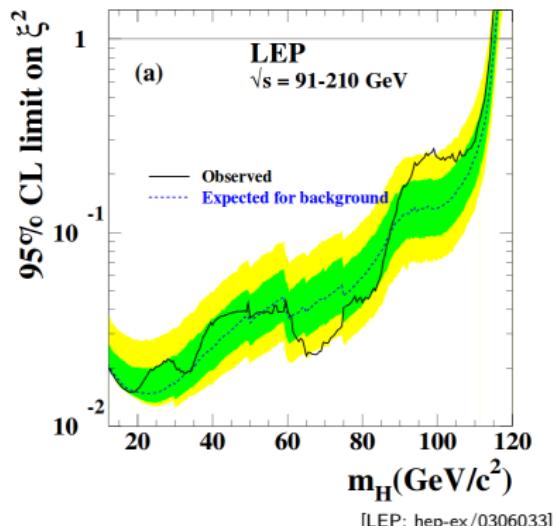
The past

The present

The future

Previously on the 95 GeV excesses

“The 95GeV excesses”



~ 2σ local excess at 95 - 98GeV

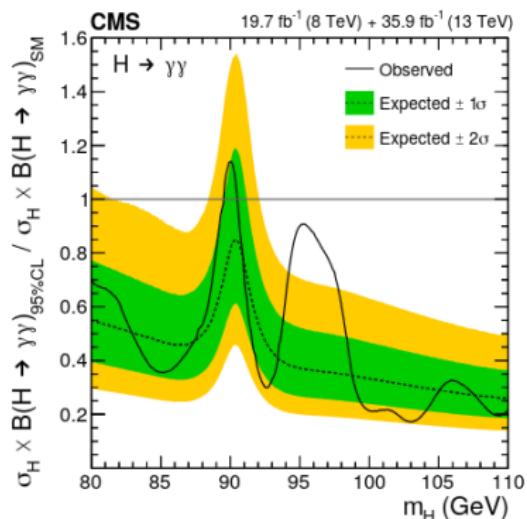
Extracted signal strength:

$$\mu_{bb} (e^+ e^- \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow Zb\bar{b}) = 0.117 \pm 0.057$$

[1612.08522]

Many model interpretations with common origin of both excesses, including N2HDM and NMSSM

see [T.B, M. Chakraborti, S. Heinemeyer: 2003.05422] for a list models

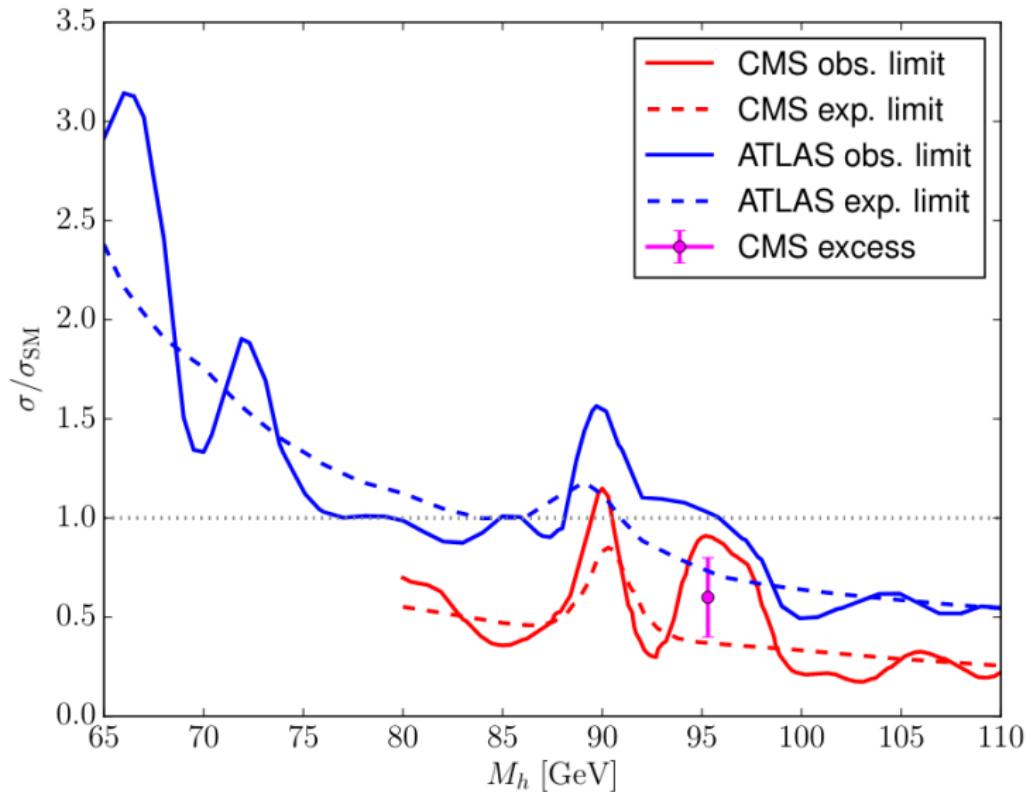


Run I/II data: Local excess of ~ 3σ

Extracted signal strength:

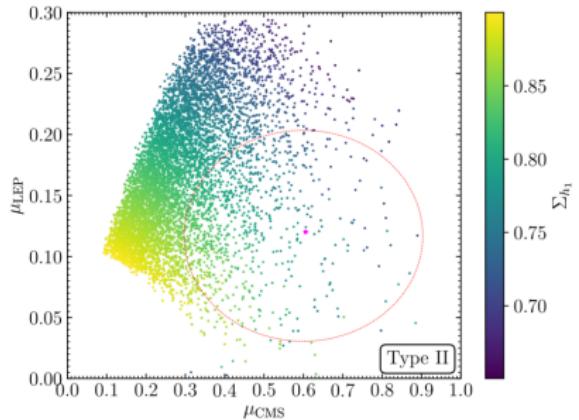
$$\mu_{\gamma\gamma} (gg \rightarrow h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.6 \pm 0.2$$

What ATLAS had to say so far

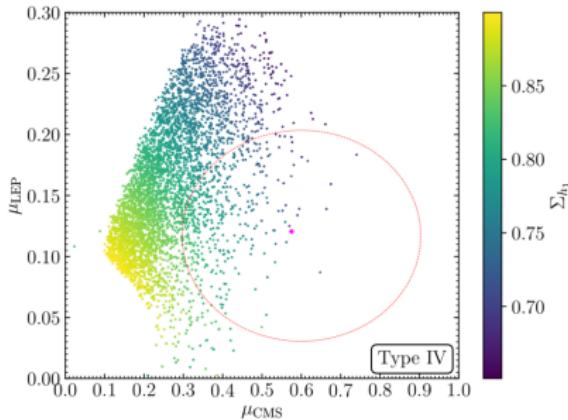


[1812.05864]

N2HDM interpretations



(a) Type II



(b) Type IV (flipped)

[1903.11661]

TLDR: N2HDM Type II and Type IV work

See also [2109.01128] for interpretation in combination with a 400 GeV pseudoscalar

The past

The present

The future

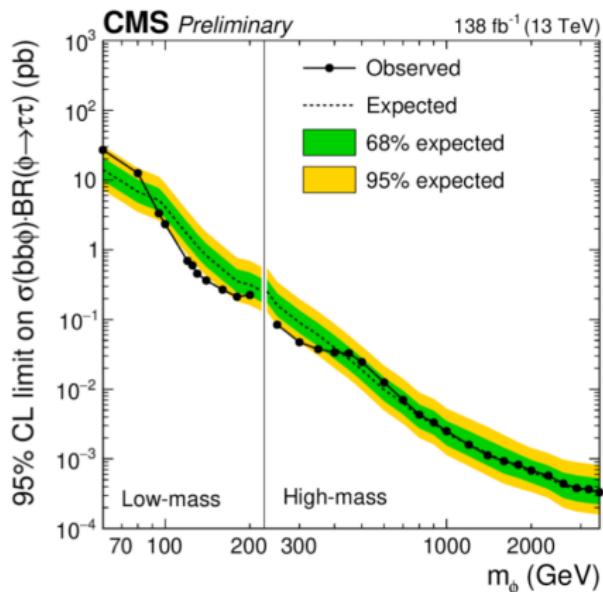
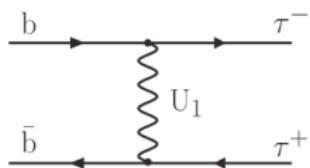
Why am I talking about it again?

CMS: Searches for additional Higgs bosons in $\tau^+\tau^-$ final states

Both production channels exploited, bbH and ggH, using all Run 2 CMS data, in a wide range of masses (60-3500 GeV), extending a lot both at low and high mass

Local excess seen in two mass regions in the ggH channel, the one at 100 GeV particularly interesting due to the previous 95 GeV excess in $\gamma\gamma$ (however no excess in bbH channel as expected for high $\tan\beta$)

Data interpreted in terms of MSSM Higgs limits, but also for vector-like leptoquarks in the t-channel



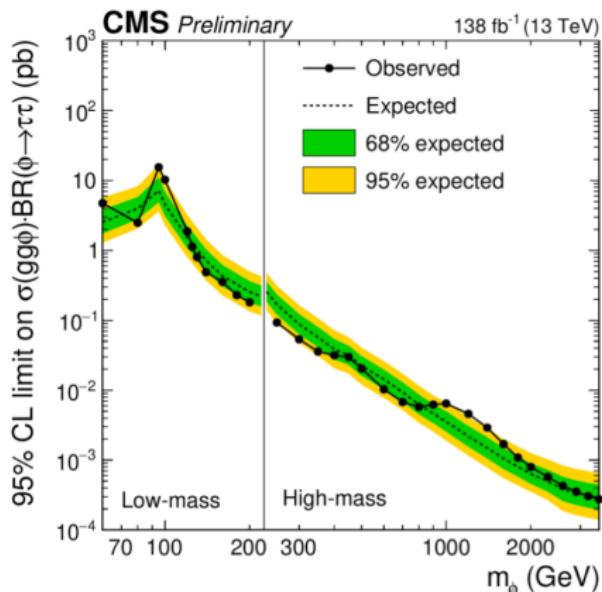
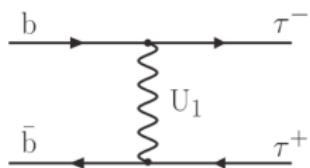
[CMS-HIG-21-001] (Alexei Raspereza et al.)

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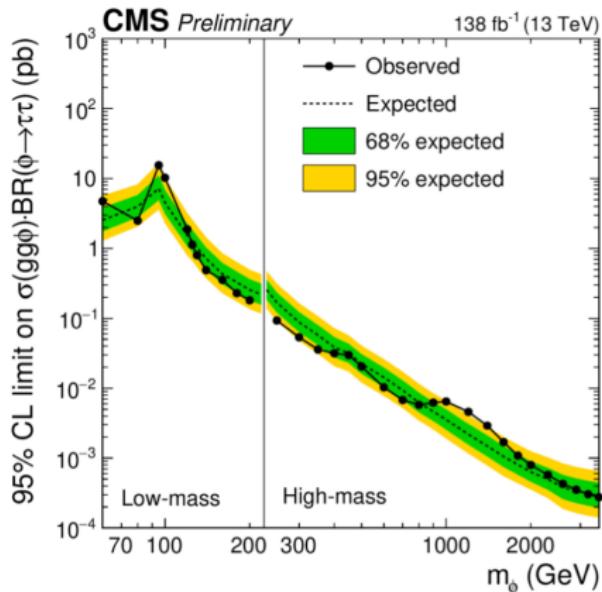
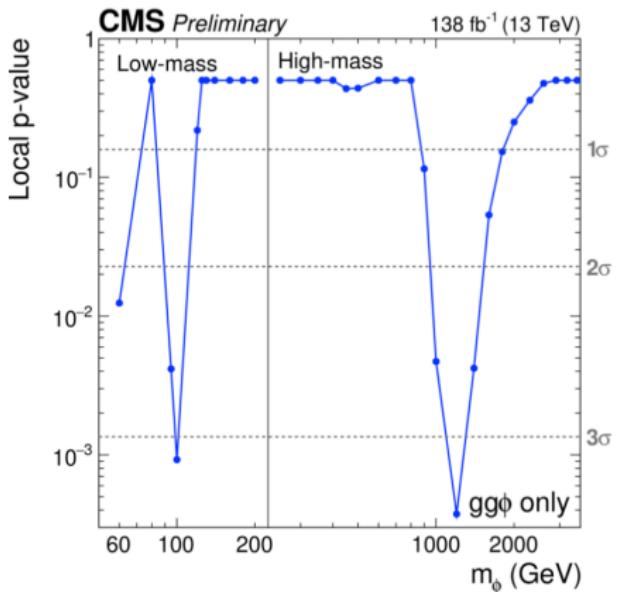
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CMS: Searches for additional Higgs bosons in $\tau^+\tau^-$ final states



[CMS-HIG-21-001] (Alexei Raspereza et al.)

N2HDM: Can we accommodate also the new excess in $\tau^+\tau^-$?

1. $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess in combination with $\gamma\gamma$ excess
2. $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess in combination with $\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}$ excesses

The Next-to 2 Higgs Doublet Model: N2HDM

$N2HDM = SM(\phi_1) + \text{Second Higgs Doublet}(\phi_2) + \text{Real Scalar Singlet}(\phi_s)$
 $= 2HDM(\phi_1, \phi_2) + \text{Real Scalar Singlet}(\phi_s)$

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Higgs sector

$$\begin{aligned} V = & m_{11}^2 |\Phi_1|^2 + m_{22}^2 |\Phi_2|^2 - m_{12}^2 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 \\ & + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)(\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)(\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{\lambda_5}{2} [(\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + h.c.] \\ & + \frac{1}{2} m_S^2 \Phi_S^2 + \frac{\lambda_6}{8} \Phi_S^4 + \frac{\lambda_7}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) \Phi_S^2 + \frac{\lambda_8}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) \Phi_S^2 \end{aligned}$$

Symmetries: Z_2 : $\phi_1 \rightarrow \phi_1$, $\phi_2 \rightarrow -\phi_2$ and $\phi_s \rightarrow \phi_s$, only softly broken by m_{12}^2
 Z'_2 : $\phi_1 \rightarrow \phi_1$, $\phi_2 \rightarrow \phi_2$ and $\phi_s \rightarrow -\phi_s$, spontaneously broken by v_s

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Extension of Z_2 to Yukawa sector \Rightarrow 4 types of the (N)2HDM

| Type | u -quarks | d -quarks | leptons |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|
| I | ϕ_2 | ϕ_2 | ϕ_2 |
| II (Susy-like) | ϕ_2 | ϕ_1 | ϕ_1 |
| III (lepton-specific) | ϕ_2 | ϕ_2 | ϕ_1 |
| IV (flipped) | ϕ_2 | ϕ_1 | ϕ_2 |

The broken phase

Assuming CP conservation: 3 CP-even, 1 CP-odd, 1 charged Higgs bosons

Electroweak symmetry breaking

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_1 + \rho_1 + i\eta_1) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(v_2 + \rho_2 + i\eta_2) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi_S = v_S + \rho_S$$

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CP-even scalar sector: Mixing from gauge eigenstate to mass eigenstate basis

$$\begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \\ h_3 \end{pmatrix} = R \begin{pmatrix} \rho_1 \\ \rho_2 \\ \rho_S \end{pmatrix}, \quad R = \begin{pmatrix} c_{\alpha_1} c_{\alpha_2} & s_{\alpha_1} c_{\alpha_2} & s_{\alpha_2} \\ -(c_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_2} s_{\alpha_3} + s_{\alpha_1} c_{\alpha_3}) & c_{\alpha_1} c_{\alpha_3} - s_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_2} s_{\alpha_3} & c_{\alpha_2} s_{\alpha_3} \\ -c_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_2} c_{\alpha_3} + s_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_3} & -(c_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_3} + s_{\alpha_1} s_{\alpha_2} c_{\alpha_3}) & c_{\alpha_2} c_{\alpha_3} \end{pmatrix}$$

Convention: $m_{h_1} < m_{h_2} < m_{h_3}$, $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \alpha_i \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$

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Coupling to SM fermions:

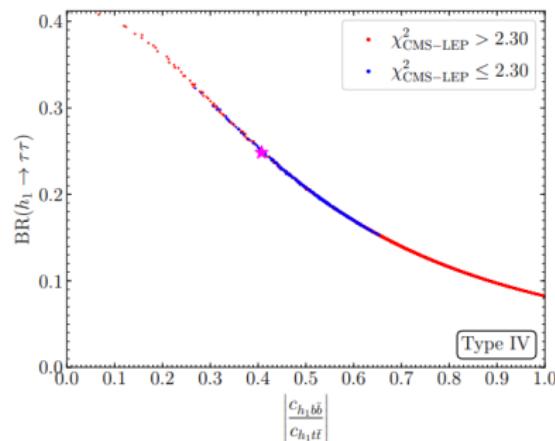
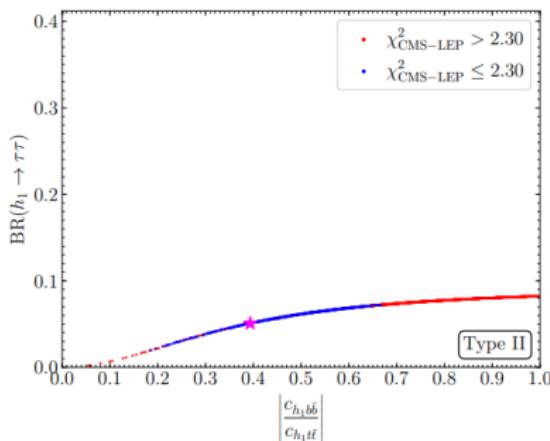
$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk}} = \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{\sqrt{2}m_f}{v} \cancel{c}_{h_i \bar{f} f} \bar{\psi}_f \Psi_f h_i$$

$$t_\beta = \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

| | $c_{h_i b \bar{b}}$ | $c_{h_i t \bar{t}}$ | $c_{h_i \tau \bar{\tau}}$ |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| type I | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i2}/s_β |
| type II | R_{i1}/c_β | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i1}/c_β |
| lepton-specific | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i1}/c_β |
| flipped | R_{i1}/c_β | R_{i2}/s_β | R_{i2}/s_β |

N2HDM interpretation: $\tau^+\tau^-$ and $\gamma\gamma$

From the previous paper:

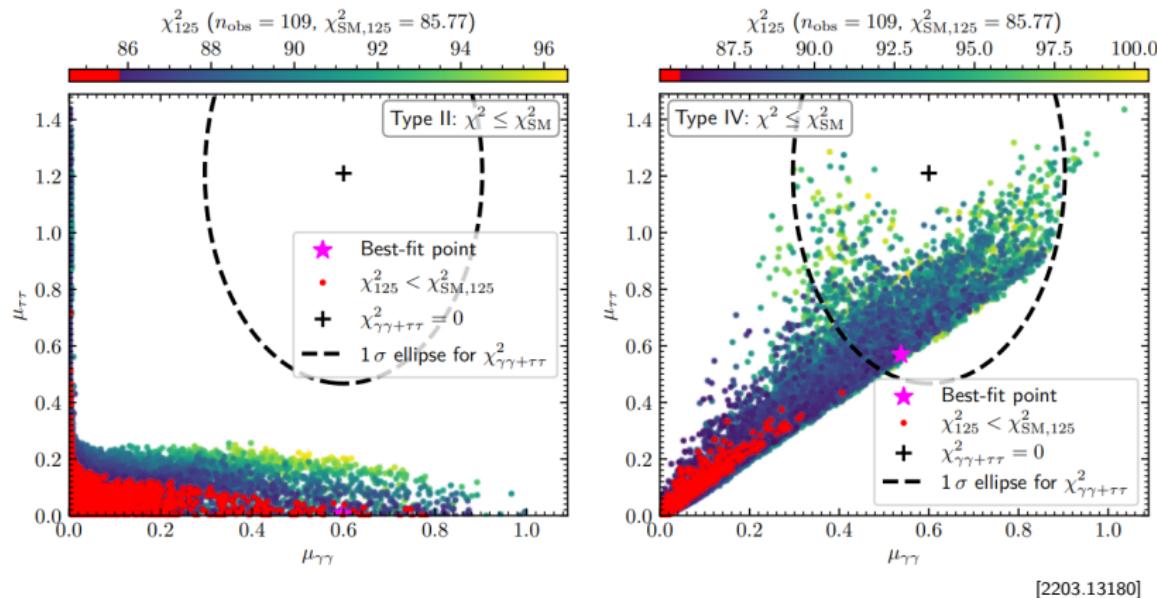


[1903.11661]

TLDR: Type II is probably not going to work, but maybe type IV?

N2HDM interpretation: $\tau^+\tau^-$ and $\gamma\gamma$

So we went and tried it out:

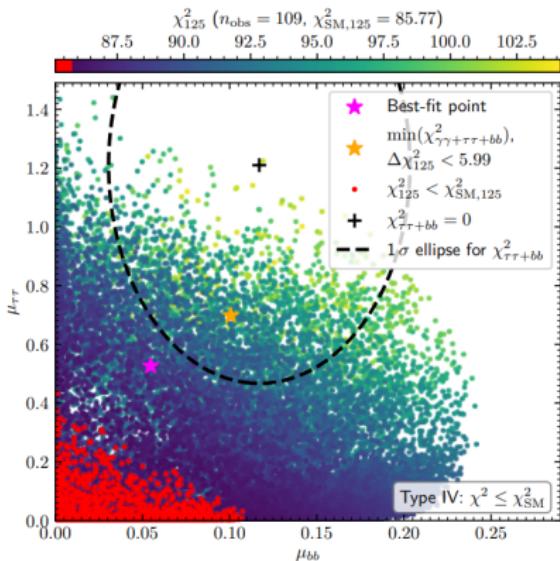
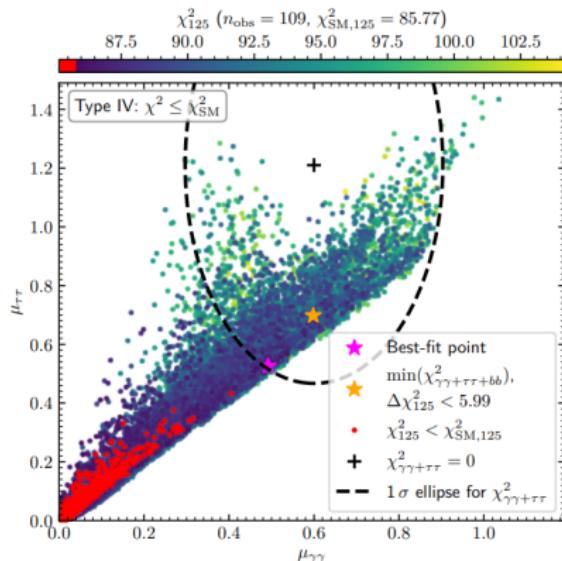


TLDR: Type II doesn't work, but type IV does!

Constraints: Collider searches, measurements of h_{125} , flavour physics, vacuum stability, tree-level perturbative unitarity, electroweak precision observables

N2HDM interpretation: $\tau^+\tau^-$ and $\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}$

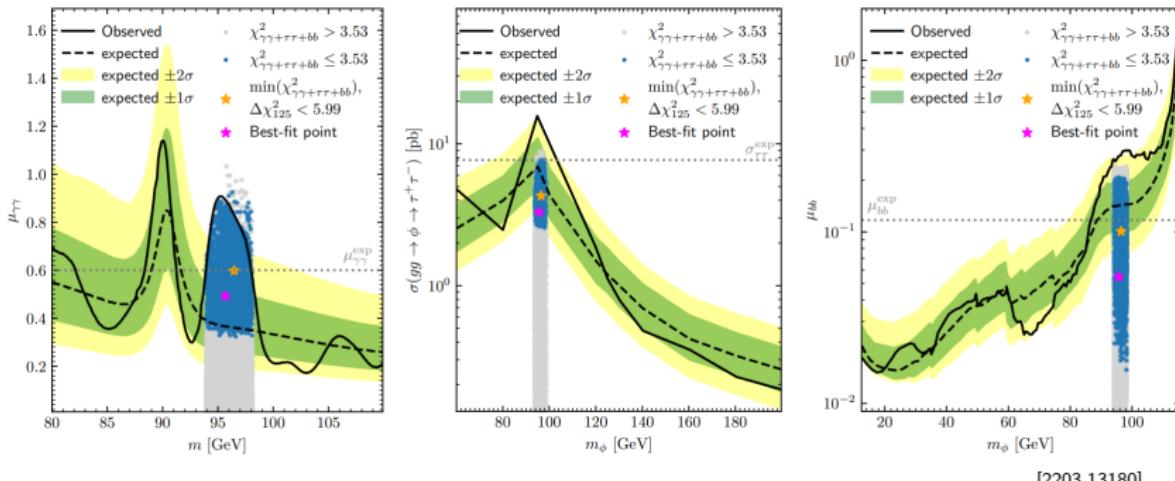
Can we additionally explain the LEP excess?



TLDR: N2HDM Type IV can accommodate the excesses in all three decay modes

N2HDM interpretation: $\tau^+\tau^-$ and $\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}$

Many good (blue) points!¹



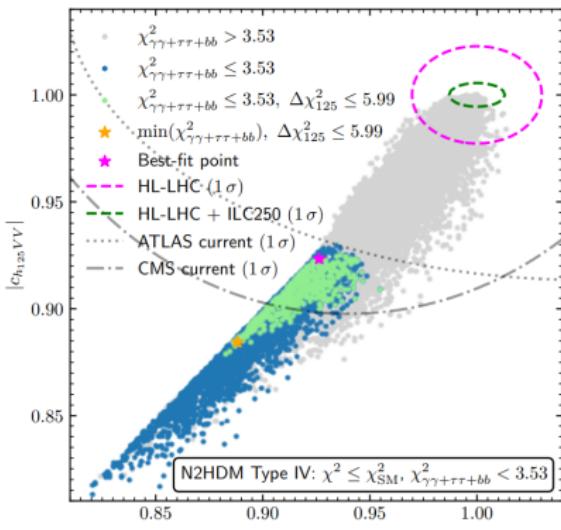
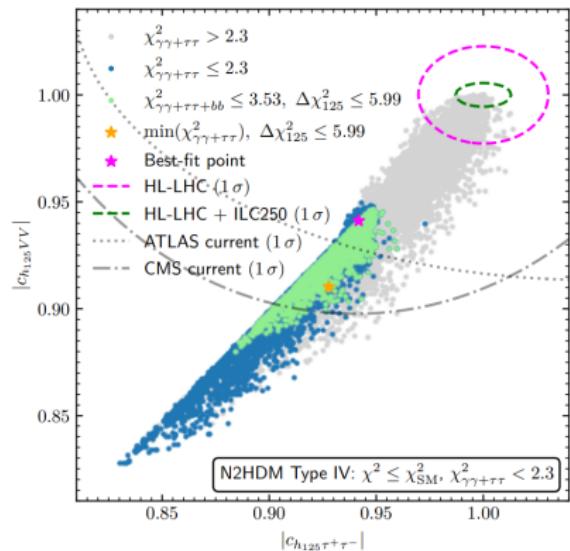
$$\chi^2 = \chi^2_{\gamma\gamma} + \chi^2_{\tau\tau} + \chi^2_{bb} + \chi^2_{125}$$

χ^2_{125} : HiggsSignals

¹Blue = Describe the excesses within 1σ confidence level: $\chi^2 \leq 3.53$

N2HDM interpretation: $\tau^+\tau^-$ and $\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}$

Can be probed indirectly via h_{125} :



[2203.13180]

TLDR: HL-LHC precision sufficient to probe the scenario

Conclusions

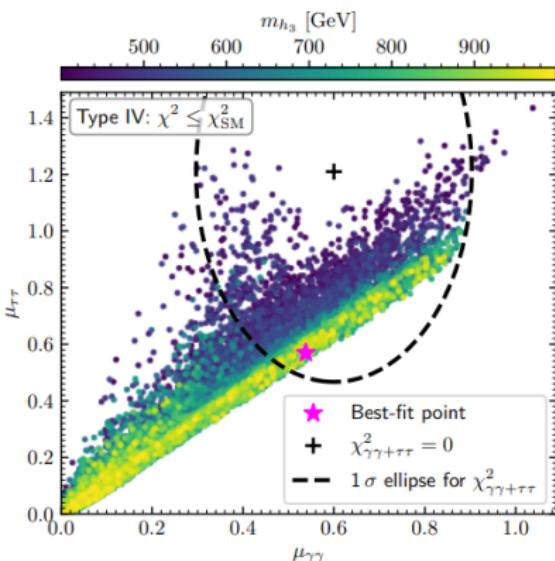
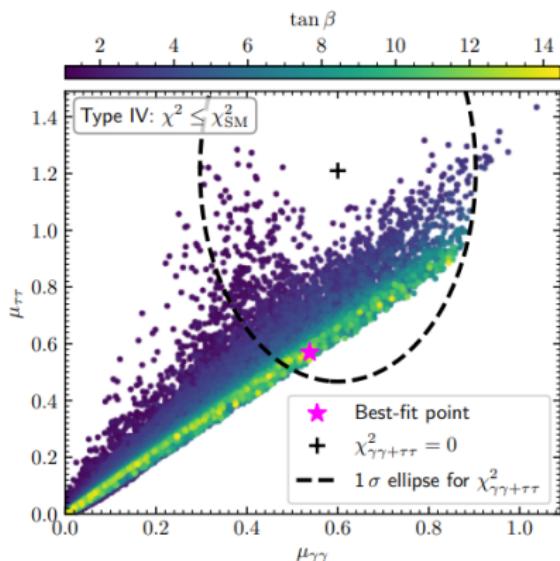
- Three local excesses ($3\sigma + 3\sigma + 2\sigma$) at the same mass
 - two different production modes (ggF and Higgsstrahlung)
 - three different decay modes ($\gamma\gamma$, $\tau\tau$, bb)

Can be described economically in the N2HDM (no weird stuff)

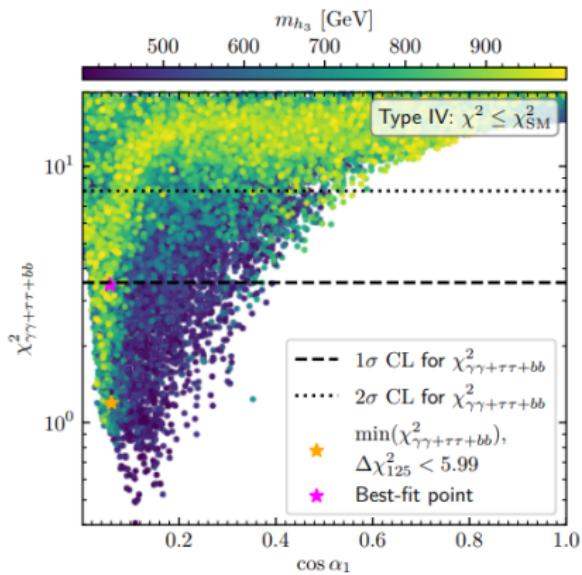
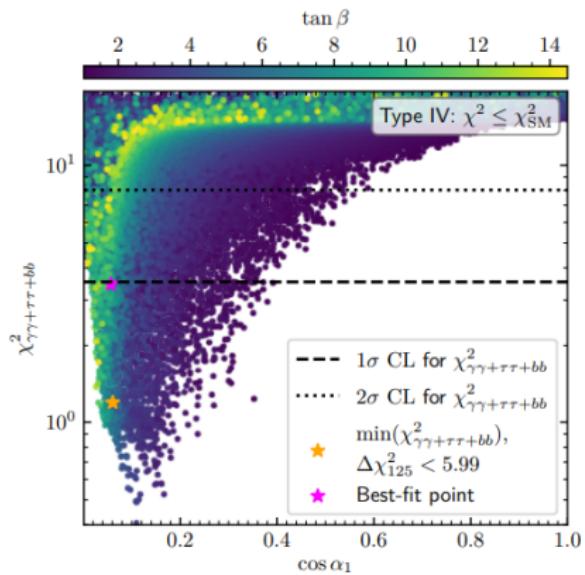
Personal conclusion: This is interesting

Thanks!

Favoured parameter space



Favoured parameter space



Correlations of $\mu_{\gamma\gamma}$, $\mu_{\tau\tau}$, μ_{bb} and $c_{h_{125}VV}^2$

