

- Skyrmionic states can be the ground state in confined helimagnetic nanostructures in absence of



both external magnetic field and magnetocrystalline anisotropy [1, 2].

- Skyrmionic ground states emerge in the form of incomplete Skyrmion (iSk) and isolated Skyrmion (Sk) states [1, 2].

- In this work, we explore what magnetisation configurations emerge if nanostructures contain the boundary between grains with different chirality.

- We explore the stability and hysteretic behaviour of **zero-field stable Bloch point** [3, 4, 5] configurations in the studied system using finite elements micromagnetic simulations.

Methods

- Geometry and material parameters:



- No assumption about translational invariance in the out-of-plane direction
- Full computation of **demagnetisation** energy.
- Maximum mesh discretisation is 3 nm.

References

[1] M. Beg et al., *Scientific Reports* **5**, 17137 (2015). [2] M. Beg et al. *Phys. Rev. B* **95**, 014433 (2017). [3] E. Feldtkeller. *Z. Angew. Phys.* 19, 530 (1965). [4] W. Döring. J. Appl. Phys. **39**, 1006 (1968). [5] C. Andreas et al. J. Magn. Magn. Mater. 362, 7 (2014).

Summary

- We find that the **Bloch point emerges between grains with different chirality**.
- The **Bloch point** is stable at zero external magnetic field.
- We demonstrate the existence of two different Bloch point configurations (Head to Head BP and Tail to Tail BP) at zero external magnetic field.
- By exploring hysteretic behaviour, we demonstrate that we can switch between HHBP and TTBP.

- Finally, we demonstrate that in the relaxation process, the **BP is created at the boundary**.