



Center for the **A**dvancement of **N**atural  
**D**iscoveries using **L**ight **E**mision



# Transverse Wakes for XFEL Database

---

Andranik Tsakanian

*DESY – S2E Meeting  
25 November 2013*

## Motivation

$$W_{\parallel}^{(\lambda)}(s) = \int_{-\infty}^s w_{\parallel}(s-s')\lambda(s')ds'$$

How to obtain ?

Use developed analytical models for short-range wake function

Singular 😞

Wake potential is not-singular 😊

Use wake potential of much shorter bunch than the bunch one need to model

Not singular 😊

Difficult to obtain 😞

To tabulate the wake function there is need of a model that will solve singularity problem!

Such approach is used, for example, in:

- A. Novokhatsky, M. Timm, and T. Weiland, Single bunch energy spread in the TESLA cryomodule, Tech. Rep. DESY-TESLA-99-16
- T. Weiland, I. Zagorodnov, The Short-Range Transverse Wake Function for TESLA Accelerating Structure, DESY-TESLA-03-23

## More Examples

### Pillbox Cavity

Diffraction model

$$\sigma_b < 2\sqrt{(b-a)^2 + (g/2)^2} - g$$

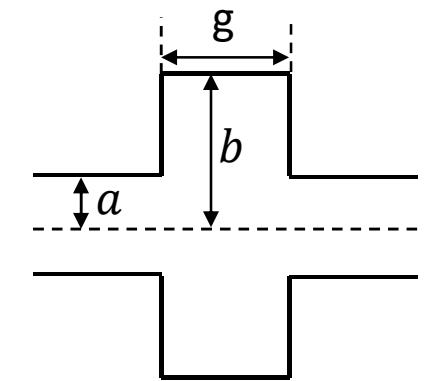
$$w_{//}^{(m)}(s) = \frac{Z_0 c}{\sqrt{2\pi^2 a}} \sqrt{\frac{g}{s}}$$

$$w_{//}^{(m,d)}(s) = c \frac{\partial}{\partial s} w_{//,m,d}^{(-1)}(s)$$

$$w_{//}^{(d)}(s) = \frac{2}{a^2} w_{//}^{(m)}(s)$$

$$w_{//,m}^{(-1)}(s) = \frac{2 \cdot Z_0}{\sqrt{2\pi^2 a}} \sqrt{g s}$$

$$w_{//,d}^{(-1)}(s) = \frac{2}{a^2} w_{//,m}^{(-1)}(s)$$



### Step Collimator & Step-out transition

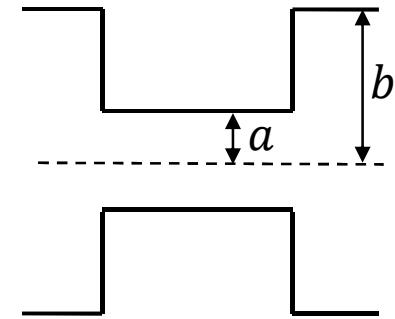
$$w_{//}^{(m)}(s) = \frac{Z_0 c}{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) \delta(s)$$

$$w_{//}^{(d)}(s) = \frac{Z_0 c}{\pi} \left( \frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2} \right) \delta(s)$$

$$w_{//}^{(m,d)}(s) = c R_{m,d} \delta(s)$$

$$R_m = \frac{Z_0}{\pi} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

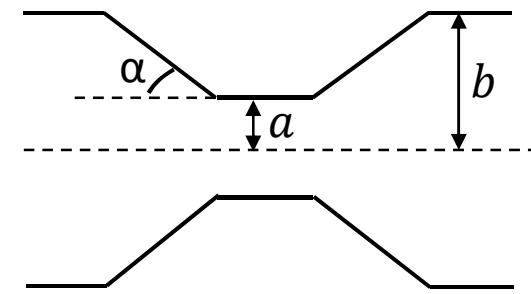
$$R_d = \frac{Z_0}{\pi} \left( \frac{1}{b^2} - \frac{1}{a^2} \right)$$



### Tapered Collimator

Small tapered angle

$$\rho = \tan \alpha \frac{a}{\sigma_b} < 1$$



$$w_{//}^{(m)}(s) = c^2 \left( \frac{Z_0}{4\pi c} \int_{Geom.} r' dr \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \delta(s)$$

$$w_{//}^{(d)}(s) = c^2 \left( 2 \frac{Z_0}{4\pi c} \int_{Geom.} \frac{r'}{r^2} dr \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \delta(s)$$

$$w_{//}^{(m,d)}(s) = c^2 L_{m,d} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \delta(s)$$

$$L_m = \frac{Z_0}{4\pi c} \int_{Geom.} r' dr$$

$$L_d = 2 \frac{Z_0}{4\pi c} \int_{Geom.} \frac{r'}{r^2} dr$$

## Wake function model

Longitudinal wake function:

$$w_{||}(s) = w_{||}^{(0)}(s) + \frac{\Phi(s)}{C} + R c \delta(s) - c \frac{\partial}{\partial s} [L c \delta(s) + w_{||}^{(-1)}(s)]$$

Regular part
Singular part

$$\Phi(s) = \begin{cases} 1, & s > 0 \\ 0, & s = 0 \end{cases}$$

**Wake model:**  
I. Zagorodnov

$$w(s) = \int Z(\omega) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{c}s} d\omega$$

$$Z(\omega) = Z^{(0)}(\omega) - \frac{1}{j\omega C} + R + j\omega [L + Z^{(-1)}(\omega)]$$

Transverse wake function

Panowsky-Wenzel  $\rightarrow$

$$\vec{w}_\perp(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_0, s) = -\vec{\nabla}_{\perp, \vec{r}} \int_{-\infty}^s \vec{w}_{||}(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_0, s') ds' =$$

$$= -\vec{\nabla}_{\perp, \vec{r}} \left[ \vec{w}_\perp^{(0)}(s) + \frac{\Phi(s)}{C} s + c R - L c^2 \delta(s) - c w_{||}^{(-1)}(s) \right]$$

Wake Potential for arbitrary bunch shape  $\lambda(s)$

Longitudinal Wake Potential

$$W_{||}(s) = \int_{-\infty}^s w_{||}^{(0)}(s-s') \lambda(s') ds' + \frac{\Phi(s)}{C} \int_{-\infty}^s \lambda(s') ds' + R c \lambda(s) - c^2 L \lambda'(s) - c \int_{-\infty}^s w_{||}^{(-1)}(s-s') \lambda'(s') ds'$$



No singularities!

# ASTRA Format for Wake Data

## (Taylor Method)

**Taylor Expansion of wake function**  
 ( Test particle coordinates –  $\{x_t, y_t\}$  )

**Implemented in ASTRA:**  
 M. Dohlus

$$w_{//}(x, x_t, y, y_t, s) = w_0(s) + \begin{pmatrix} w_1(s) \\ w_2(s) \\ w_3(s) \\ w_4(s) \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x_t \\ y_t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x_t \\ y_t \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} w_{11}(s) & w_{12}(s) & w_{13}(s) & w_{14}(s) \\ w_{12}(s) & w_{22}(s) & w_{23}(s) & w_{24}(s) \\ w_{13}(s) & w_{23}(s) & w_{33}(s) & w_{34}(s) \\ w_{14}(s) & w_{24}(s) & w_{34}(s) & w_{44}(s) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ x_t \\ y_t \end{pmatrix}$$

In the special case (monopole+dipole wake)  
 non-vanishing coefficients are:

$$\begin{aligned} w_0(s) &= w_{//}^{(monopole)}(s) \\ w_{13}(s) &= w_{24}(s) = 0.5 \cdot w_{//}^{(dipole)}(s) \end{aligned}$$

**Wake file is in ASCII format and is a “multi-table” describing up to 14 coefficient functions.**

**Each function is described by following model:**

$$w_{ij}(s) = w^{(0)}(s) + \frac{\Phi(s)}{C} + R c \delta(s) - c \frac{\partial}{\partial s} [L c \delta(s) + w_{||}^{(-1)}(s)]$$

The format is:

<b>K</b>	<b>0</b>
Table 1	
Table 2	
...	
Table K	

Each Table format

$N_0$	$N_1$
$R$	$L$
$\tilde{C}$	$i \text{ or } i + 10 j$
$s_1^{(0)}$	$w^{(0)}(s_1^{(0)})$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$s_{N_0}^{(0)}$	$w^{(0)}(s_{N_0}^{(0)})$
$s_1^{(-1)}$	$w^{(-1)}(s_1^{(-1)})$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$s_{N_1}^{(-1)}$	$w^{(-1)}(s_{N_1}^{(-1)})$

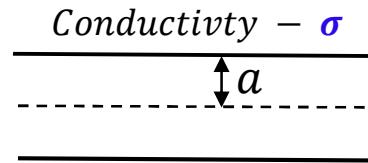
Here  $\{i \text{ or } i + 10 j\}$  is a number that indicates the wake coefficient indexes [ $w_i$  or  $w_{i+10j}$ ]

### Special cases

Mon.+Dip.	K=3
Mon.	K=1
Dip.	K=2

## Resistive wakes (per unit length)

$$Z_{\parallel}^{(m)}(\omega) = \frac{Z_s(\omega)}{2\pi a} \left[ 1 + j \frac{\omega}{c} \frac{a}{2} \frac{Z_s(\omega)}{Z_0} \right]^{-1}$$



$$Z_s(\omega) = Z_s^\sigma(\omega) + Z_s^L(\omega)$$

$$Z_s^\sigma(\omega) \approx \sqrt{\frac{j\omega\mu_0}{\sigma(\omega)}}$$

$$\sigma(\omega) \approx \frac{\sigma_0}{1 + j\omega\tau}$$

$$Z_s^L(\omega) \approx j\omega L$$

$$L \approx \mu_0 \left[ \frac{\epsilon_r - 1}{\epsilon_r} \cdot \Delta_{oxide} + 0.01 \cdot \Delta_{rough} \right]$$

$$w_{\parallel}^{(d)}(s) = \frac{2}{a^2} w_{\parallel}^{(m)}(s)$$

For all elements  
except Und. Bempipe

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_r &= 10 \\ \Delta_{oxide} &= 7 \text{ nm} \\ \Delta_{rough} &= 500 \text{ nm}\end{aligned}$$

Undulator beampipe

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_r &= 10 \\ \Delta_{oxide} &= 5 \text{ nm} \\ \Delta_{rough} &= 300 \text{ nm}\end{aligned}$$

- M.Dohlus. TESLA 2001-26, 2001
- K.L.F.Bane, G.V.Stupakov, SLAC-PUB-10707, 2004
- A. Tsakanian, M. Dohlus, I. Zagorodnov, TESLA-FEL-2009-05, 2009

# XFEL Database Overview

Wake data format for ASTRA will be created for ASTRA **taylor\_methode\_F**

XFEL2010 : Database (Access 2007 - 2010) - Microsoft Access						
Type of element:	R (Omm):	L (H):	C_inv (1/f):	Link to w0	Link to w_1	Link to w_ASTRA
BPMF	Cavity BPM Beamline Type	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPMF_w0_L255.dat	BPMF_w1_L255.dat
COLM	Collimator R=3mm	2,29E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	COL_w0.dat	0
PIP20	Round pipe 20	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	PIP20_w0.dat	0
PUMCL	Pump CL (each 5m)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	PUMCL_w0.dat	PUMCL_w1.dat
PIPE	Elliptical pipe	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	PIPE_w0_L5161.dat	0
PIPR	Round pipe	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	PIPR_w0_L652.dat	0
PUM	Pump	1,13E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	PUM_w0_L105.dat	0
ABS	Absorber/Round transition	2,04E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	ABS_w0_L22.dat	0
BELI	Bellows in the intersections	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BELI_w0_L30.dat	BELI_w1_L30.dat
BPME	BPM (Undulator type)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPME_w0_L100.dat	BPME_w1_L100.dat
RET	Round/Elliptical transition	1,06E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0
CAV	TESLA Cavity	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	CAV_w0.dat	0
CAV3	3rd harmonic cavity	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	CAV3_w0.dat	CAV3_w1.dat
FLANG	Flange	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	FLANG_w1.dat
TDS	Transverse Deflecting Struct.	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	TDS_w0.dat	TDS_w1.dat
OTRB	OTR Long (400mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	OTRB_w0.dat	OTRB_w1.dat
VCHT	Vacuum Chamber for toroids	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	VCHT_w1.dat
STEP1	Step-out transition 20 to 39mm	8,01E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0
BPMA	Button BPM Standard (200mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPMA_w0.dat	0
OTRA	OTR Short (200mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	OTRA_w0.dat	OTRA_w1.dat
BPMC	Cold BPM Button Type (L=170mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPMC_w0_L170_D78.dat	0
BPMR	Cold BPM Reentrant (L=170mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPMR_w0_L170_D78.dat	BPMR_w1_D78.dat
DCM	Dark current monitor	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	DCM_w0_L90.dat	DCM_w1.dat
BPMB	Button BPM short (100mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BPMB_w0_L100.dat	0
BAM	in Arbeit (L=40mm,D=40.5mm)	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	BAM_w0_L40.dat	0

Record: 14 4 3 of 42 |     No Filter Search | Num Lock

## **Summary**

---

- Wake model to resolve singularities of Green function
- ASTRA with wake field option
- Transverse wakes in XFEL Database (available soon)

**Thank You for Attention**