

# Seeking beam bunch with special properties for FLASHII HGHG option

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# Purpose

As for the requirements for FLASHII  
HGHG option, seeking the special beam  
bunch with\*:

- (1) Beam current: higher than 1kA
- (2) Bunch length: FWHM 200 fs  
RMS ~80 fs
- (3) Slice energy spread: <120keV

\* From Igor's email

# Restrictions

- From the RF power supplies

Maximum energy gain for each accelerating module

ACC1	165 MeV
ACC39	22 MeV
ACC2/3	345 MeV
ACC4/5	320 MeV
ACC6/7	430 MeV

- From the rules of the machine operation

$E=145\text{MeV}$

Beam energy after ACC39

$E=450\text{MeV}$

Beam energy after ACC3

# Start to end simulation for FLASHII

<b>RF Gun</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>
<b>ACC1</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>
<b>ACC39</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>
<b>BC2</b>	<b>CSR-TRACK</b>
<b>ACC2/3</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>
<b>BC3</b>	<b>CSR-TRACK</b>
<b>ACC4/5/6/7</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>
<b>Extraction arc</b>	<b>CSR-TRACK</b>
<b>Straight section before undulator</b>	<b>ASTRA</b>

- SC, CSR and Wake field effects are included

\* Elegant lattice file for FLASHII comes from Matthias Scholz.

- **RF parameters optimization**

Q=0.25nC, 300000 particles

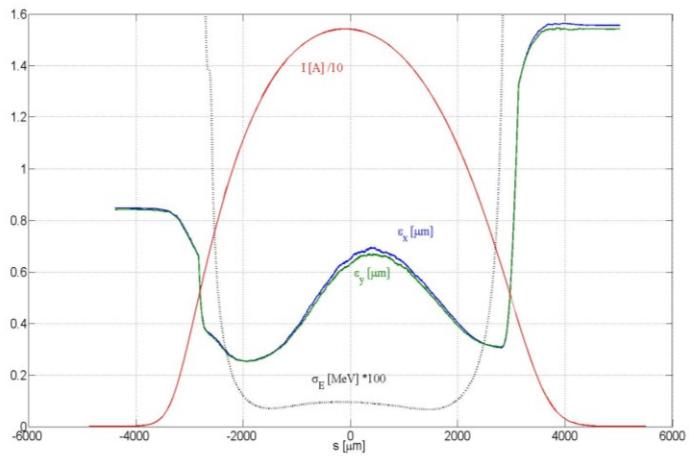
Element	Phase shift	V <sub>max</sub>
RF Gun	2.00°	
ACC1	-0.158°	159.61MV
ACC39	155.017°	21.0994MV
ACC2/3	25.00°	337.302MV
ACC4/5	0.0°	320.0MV
ACC6/7	0.0°	230.0MV

E=1.0GeV at the end of the Linac.

- **Bending angles**

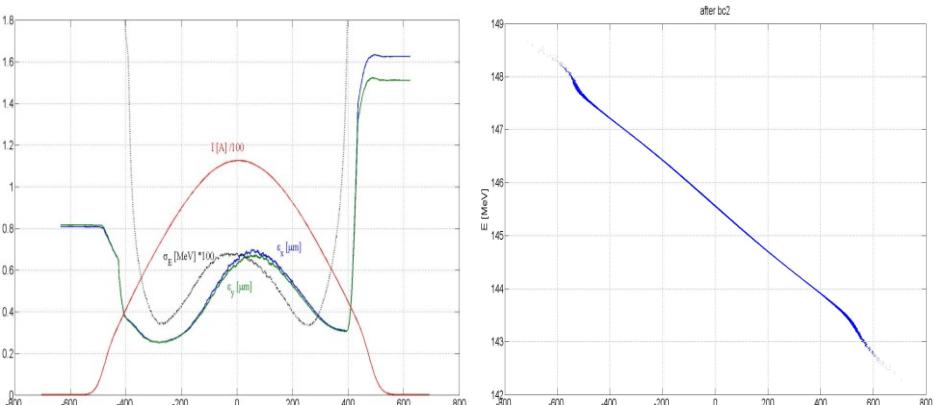
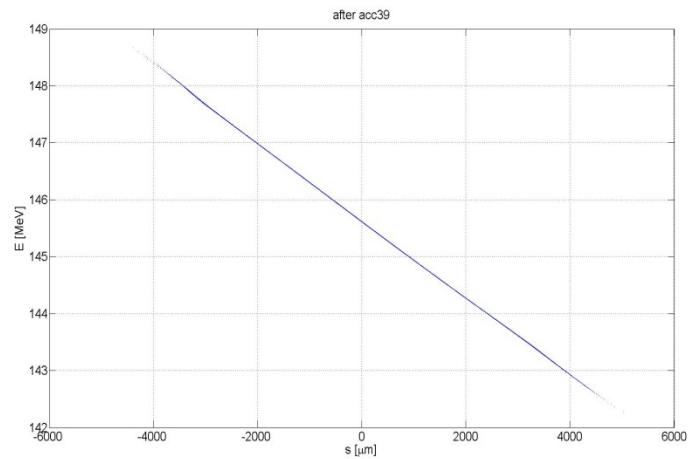
BC2 18°

BC3 3.72°



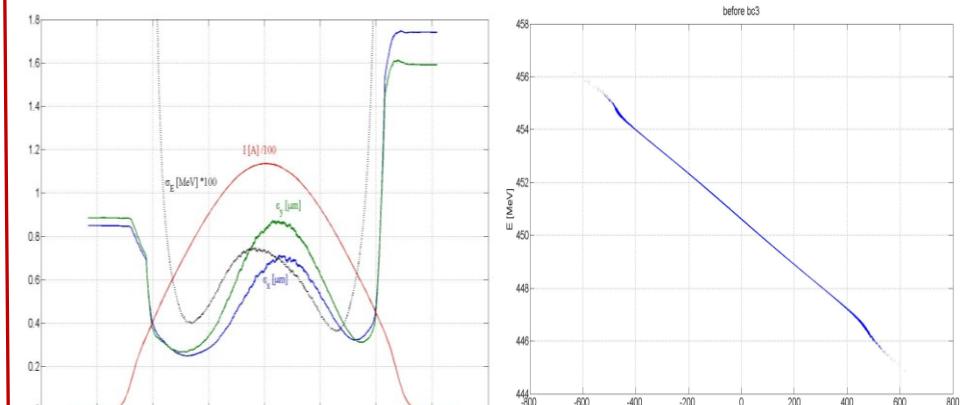
$$\varepsilon_x^{proj} = 0.654 \mu m, \varepsilon_y^{proj} = 0.648 \mu m$$

## After ACC39



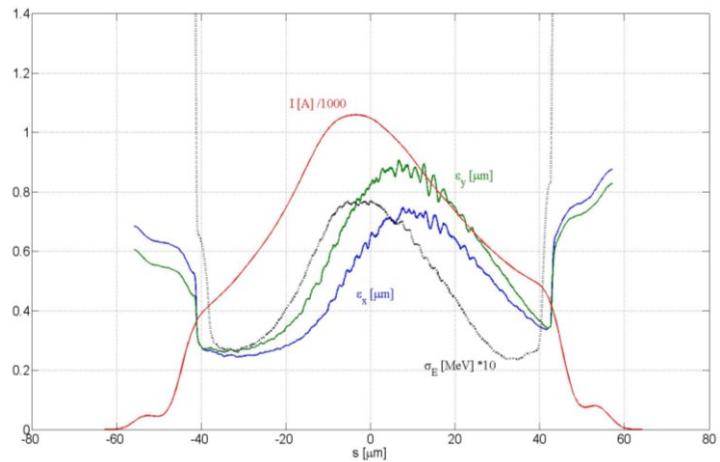
$$\varepsilon_x^{proj} = 0.654 \mu m, \varepsilon_y^{proj} = 0.654 \mu m$$

## After BC2

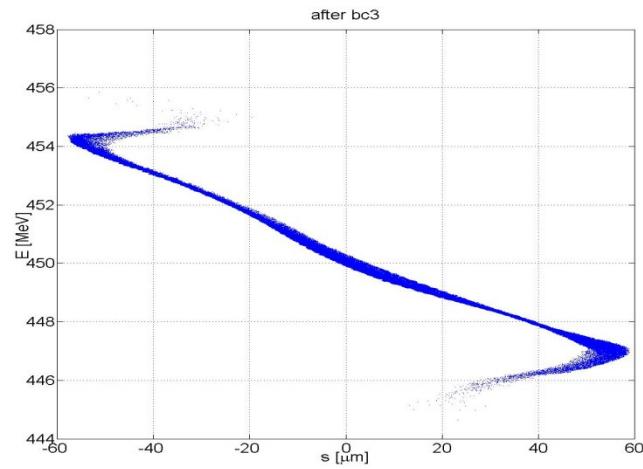


$$\varepsilon_x^{proj} = 0.695 \mu m, \varepsilon_y^{proj} = 0.684 \mu m$$

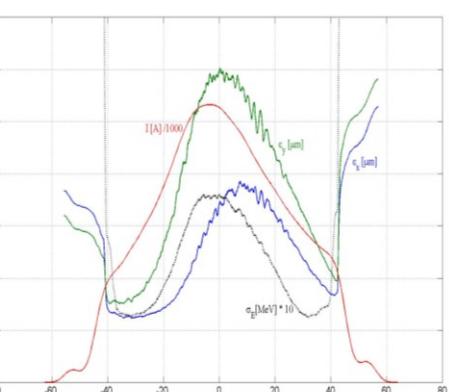
## Before BC3



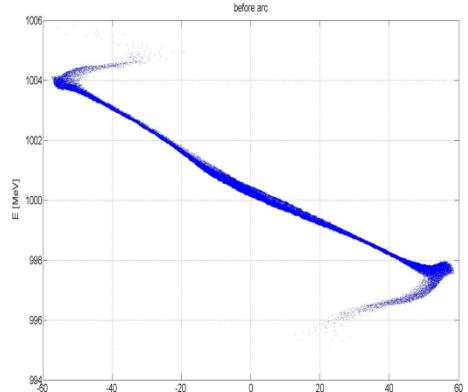
$$\epsilon_x^{proj} = 0.659 \mu\text{m}, \epsilon_y^{proj} = 0.684 \mu\text{m}$$



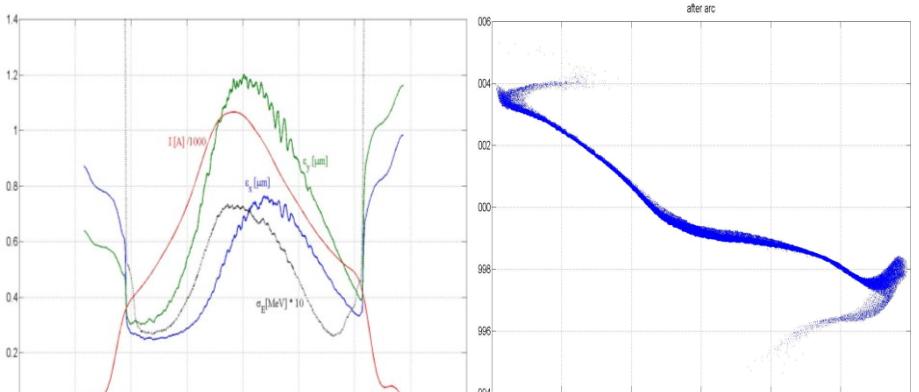
## After BC3



$$\epsilon_x^{proj} = 0.66 \mu\text{m}, \epsilon_y^{proj} = 0.88 \mu\text{m}$$



## Before Arc

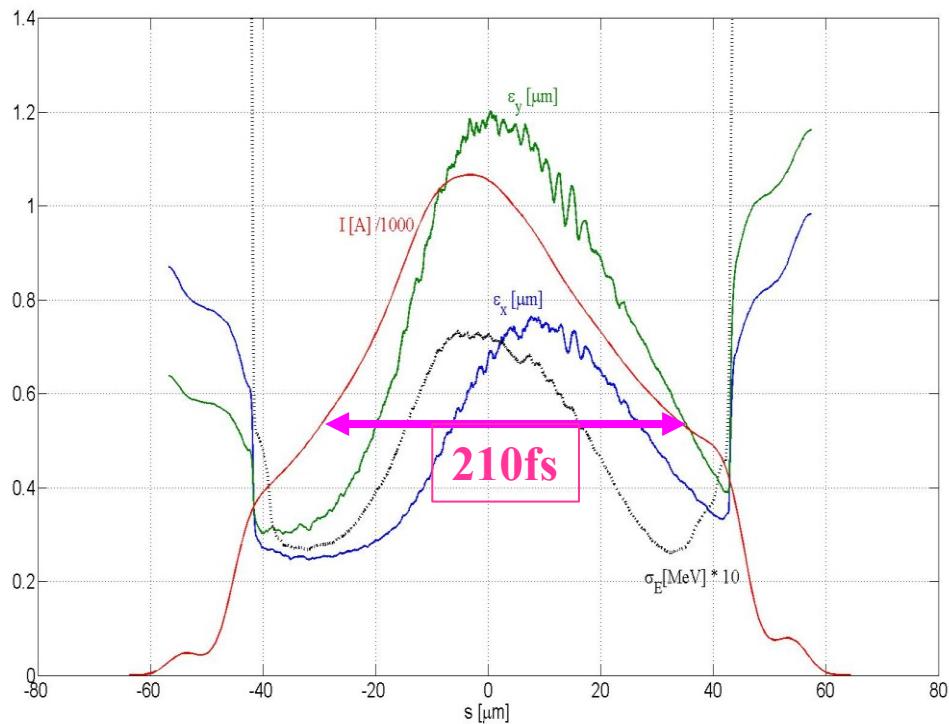


$$\epsilon_x^{proj} = 0.66 \mu\text{m}, \epsilon_y^{proj} = 0.88 \mu\text{m}$$

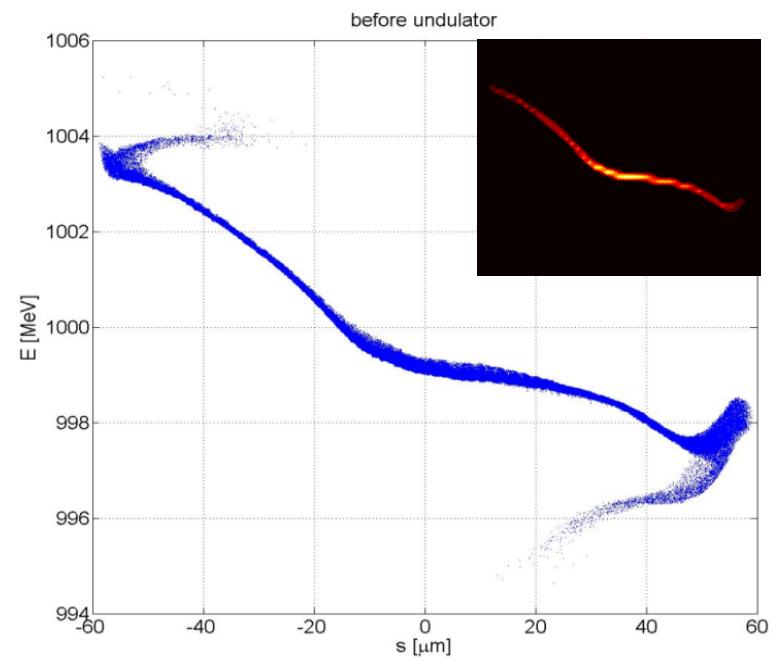
## After Arc

# Before the undulator system

$Q=0.25\text{nC}$



$$\epsilon_x^{proj} = 0.66 \mu\text{m}, \epsilon_y^{proj} = 0.88 \mu\text{m}$$



**Peak current:**

**higher than 1kA**

**Bunch length:**

**FWHM  $\sim 210$  fs (RMS  $\sim 78$  fs)**

**Slice energy spread:**

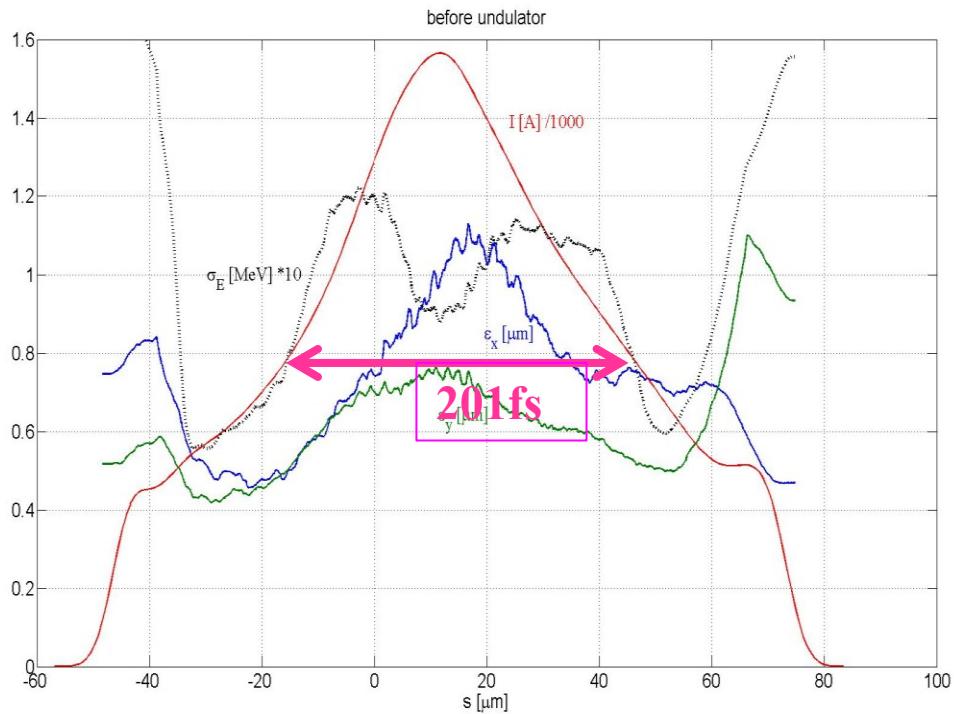
**less than 100 keV**

# The other case

**Q=0.4nC**, 200000 particles

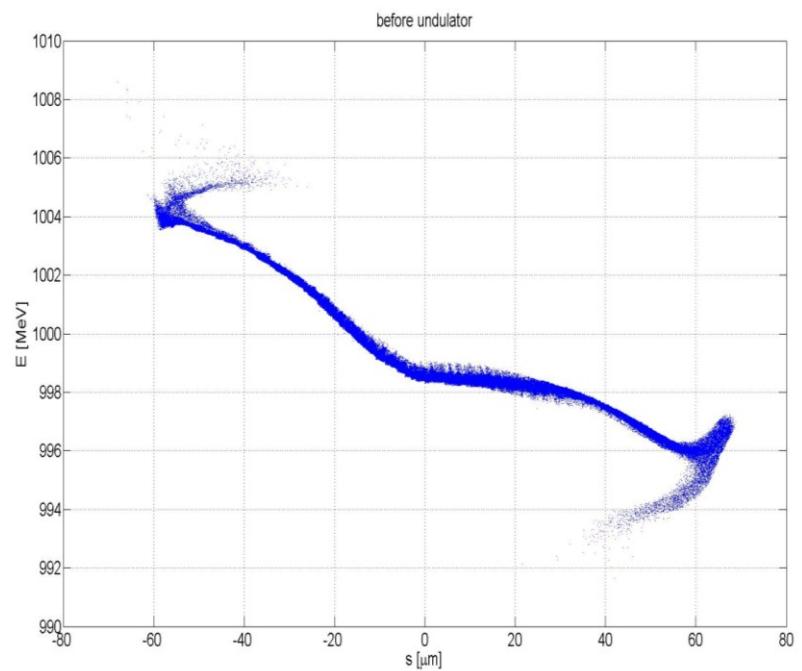
Element	Phase shift	V <sub>max</sub>
RF Gun	2.00°	
ACC1	0.1866°	159.883MV
ACC39	157.588°	20.983MV
ACC2/3	24.50°	335.179MV
ACC4/5	0.0°	320.0MV
ACC6/7	0.0°	230.0MV

# Before the undulator system



$$\varepsilon_x^{proj} = 1.22 \mu\text{m}, \varepsilon_y^{proj} = 1.16 \mu\text{m}$$

**Q=0.4nC**



**Peak current:**  
**Bunch length:**  
**Maximum slice energy spread:**

**~ 1.6kA**  
**FWHM ~201 fs**  
**~ 120 keV**

# Work in the future

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## **Reducing the transverse slice emittance**

- (1) Adjusting the compression in BC2 to reduce the space charge effects.
- (2) Optimizing magnetic field of the solenoid after the gun to get lower initial emittance.
- (3) The beam optics matching at some critical positions.
- (4) Beam optics impacts on CSR related emittance growth.
- (5) ...