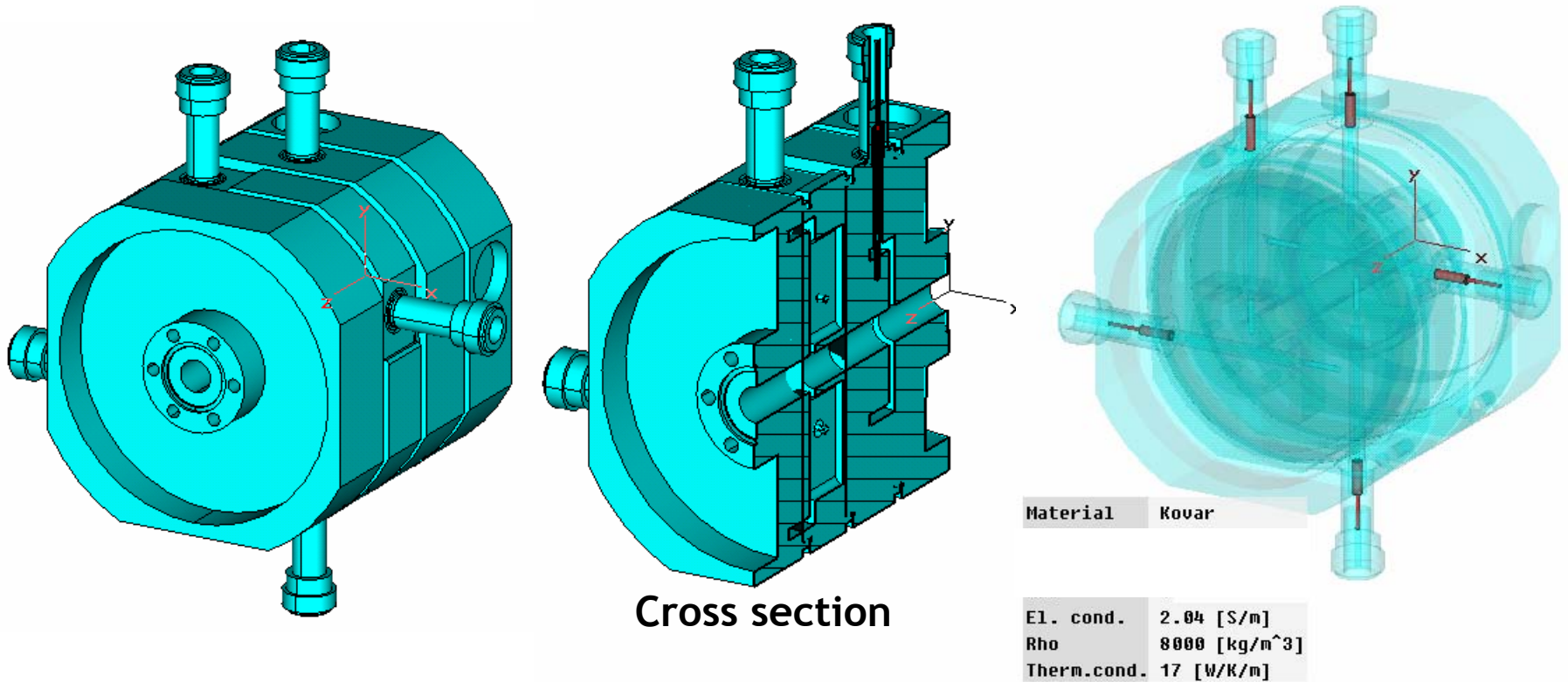


Dipole field Impact on Beam axis caused by BPM Magnetic feedthrough

1. Problem with Setup
2. Orientation of Feedthrough to produce highest dipole field in x direction
3. Orientation to produce highest dipole field in y direction
4. Summary

Cavity BPM with Feedthrough

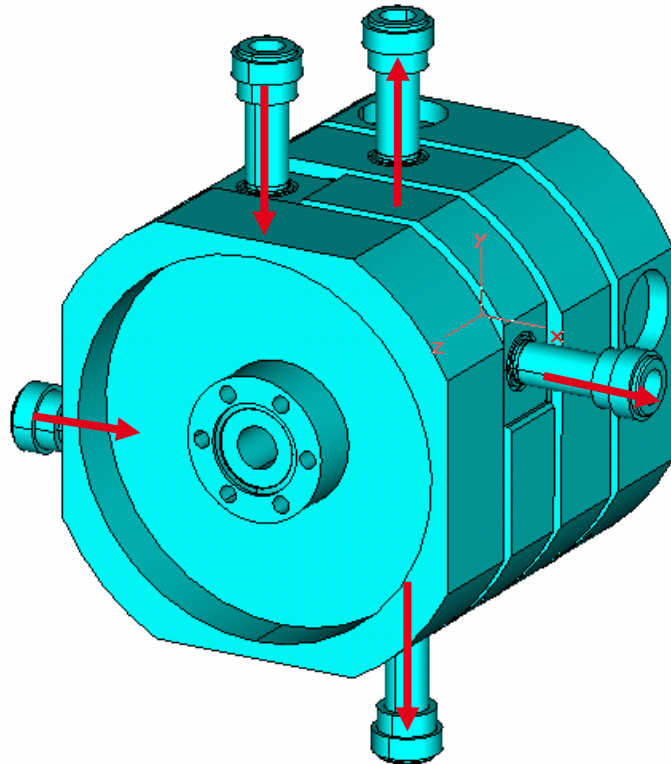


Inner pin of feedthrough consists of Kovar: maximum remanence of 1.2 T

Cavity BPM body consists of Stainless Steel

BPM is one component between two undulators for XFEL

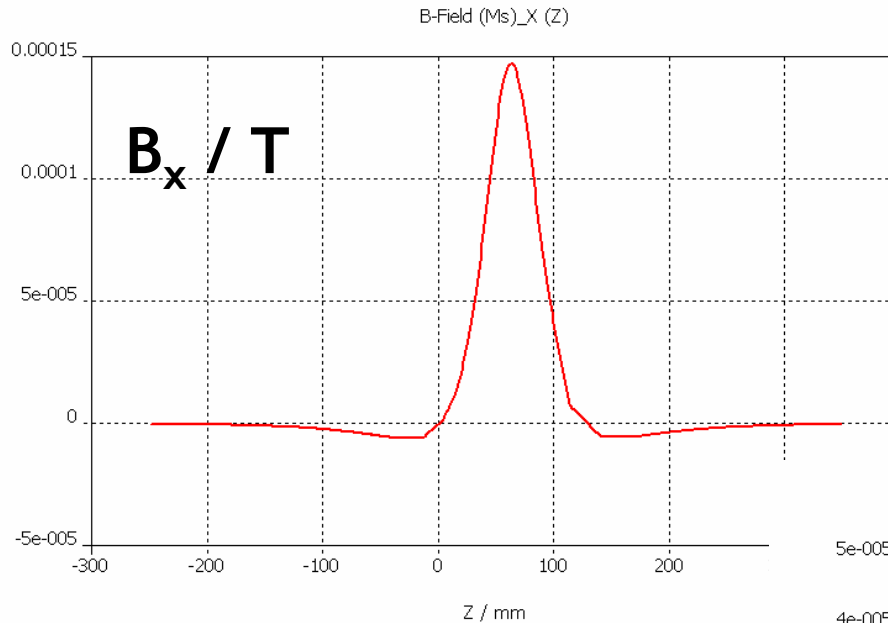
Configuration for highest x magnetic dipole field



This orientation produces
highest $\int B_{\text{dipole}} dz$ at x
direction

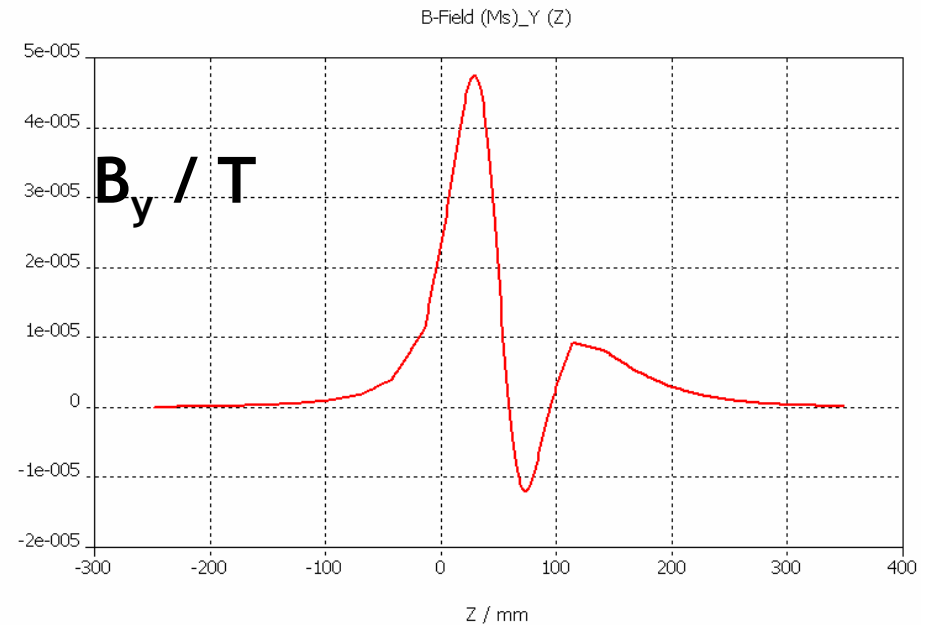
Remanence of 1.2 T is used:
worst case

Dipole field strength along z

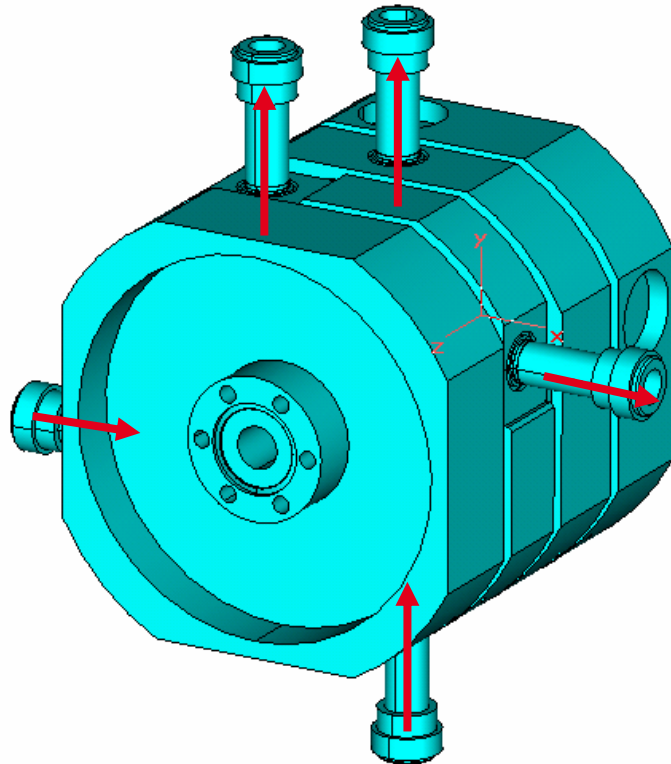


$$\int B_{x,\text{dipole}} dz = 0.070 \text{ Gm}$$

$$\int B_{y,\text{dipole}} dz = 0.031 \text{ Gm}$$

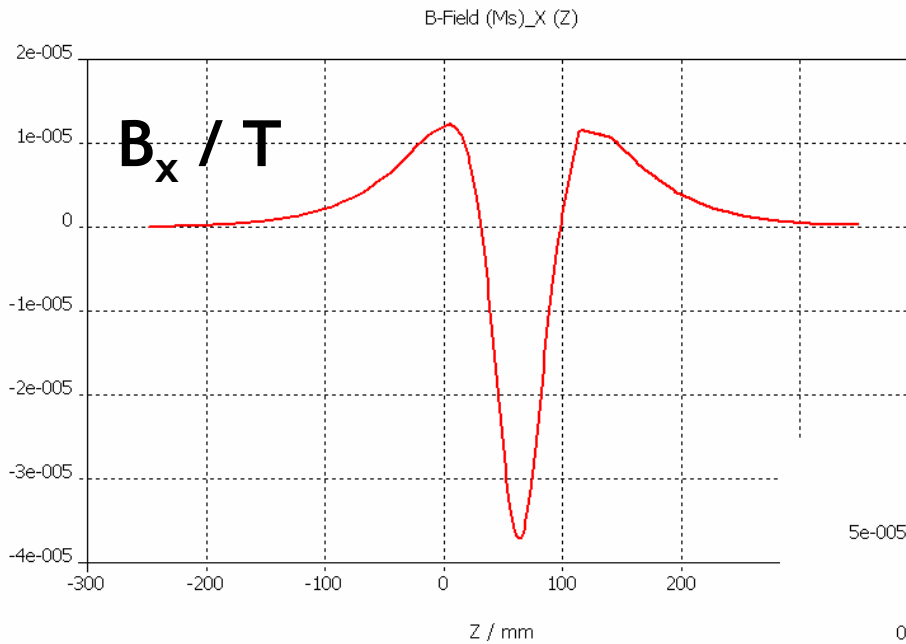


Configuration for highest y magnetic dipole field



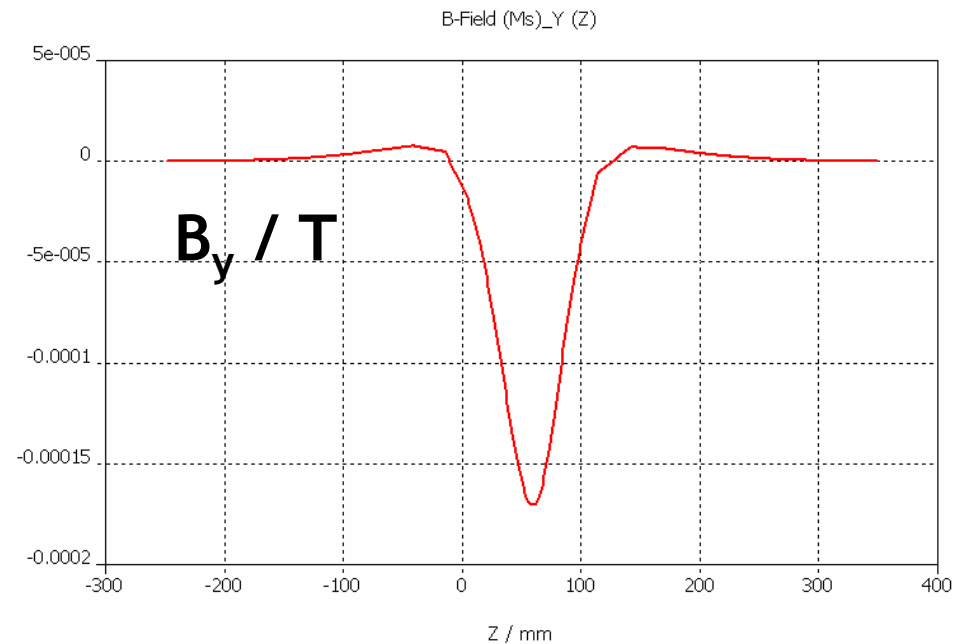
This orientation produces
highest $\int B_{\text{dipole}} dz$ at y
direction

Dipole Field strength along z



$$\int B_{x,\text{dipole}} dz = 0.007 \text{ Gm}$$

$$\int B_{y,\text{dipole}} dz = 0.091 \text{ Gm}$$



- Earth field ≈ 0.3 G
1.8 Gm over one undulator section
- Quad misalignment
typical gradient $50 \text{ T/m} * 0.1 \text{ m} * 1 \mu\text{m}$
0.05 Gm for one intersection
- Kick to the beam of 0.1σ
 $x' = 0.1 * \sqrt{(4e-11/30)} \approx 0.1 \mu\text{rad}$
corresponds to 0.06 Gm

Specification for maximum on axis field in undulator section (from PIII field measurements and BBA studies at FLASH): **1 G**

Available corrector strength (air coils) in undulator: **12 Gm**

Summary

- Highest dipole field integral observed in y direction with 0.091 Gm for highest remanence field of Kovar
- Magnetic budget is 6 Gm per Undulator section
- Cavity BPM is one component per section: 1.5% of budget is caused by BPM