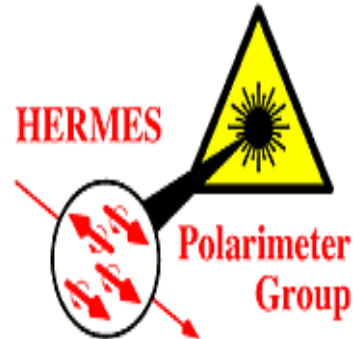


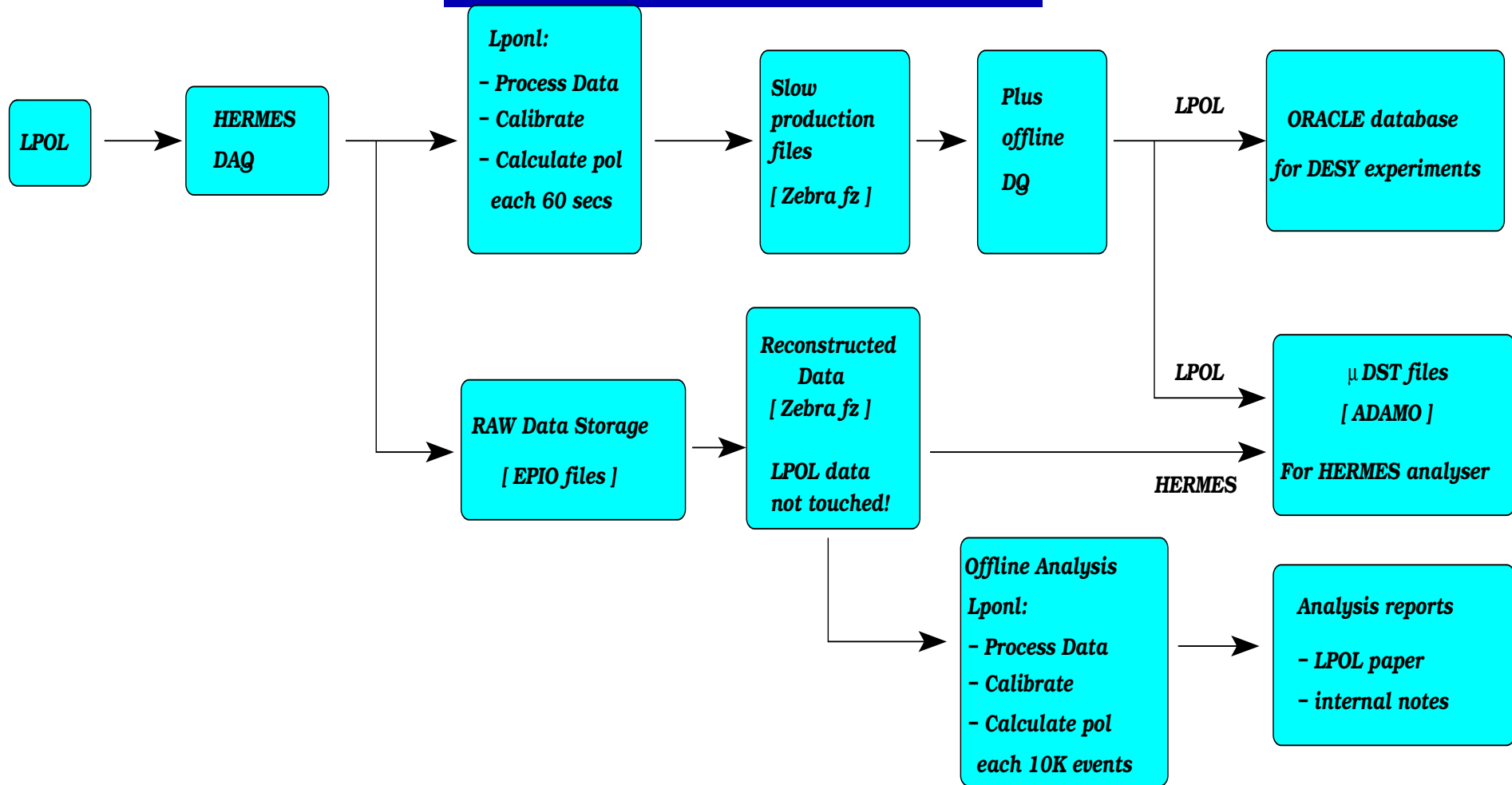
Reorganisation of LPOL Data

Riccardo Fabbri (DESY-FLC)

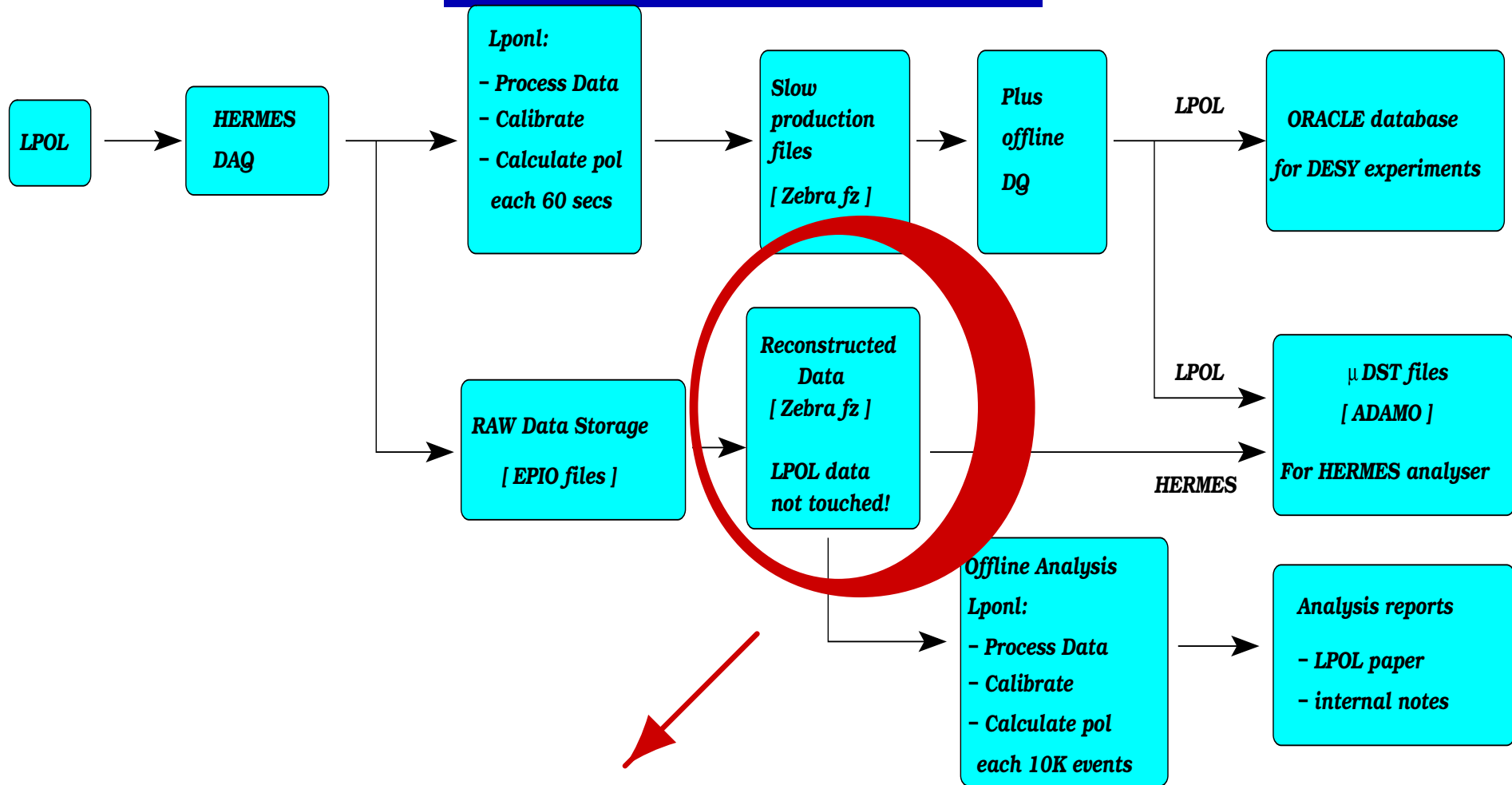


-
- LPOL Data Storage
 - New Format for Data Storage
 - Consistency of the New Framework
 - Description of Variables Stored
 - Conclusions and Future Plans
-

LPOL Data Storage



LPOL Data Storage



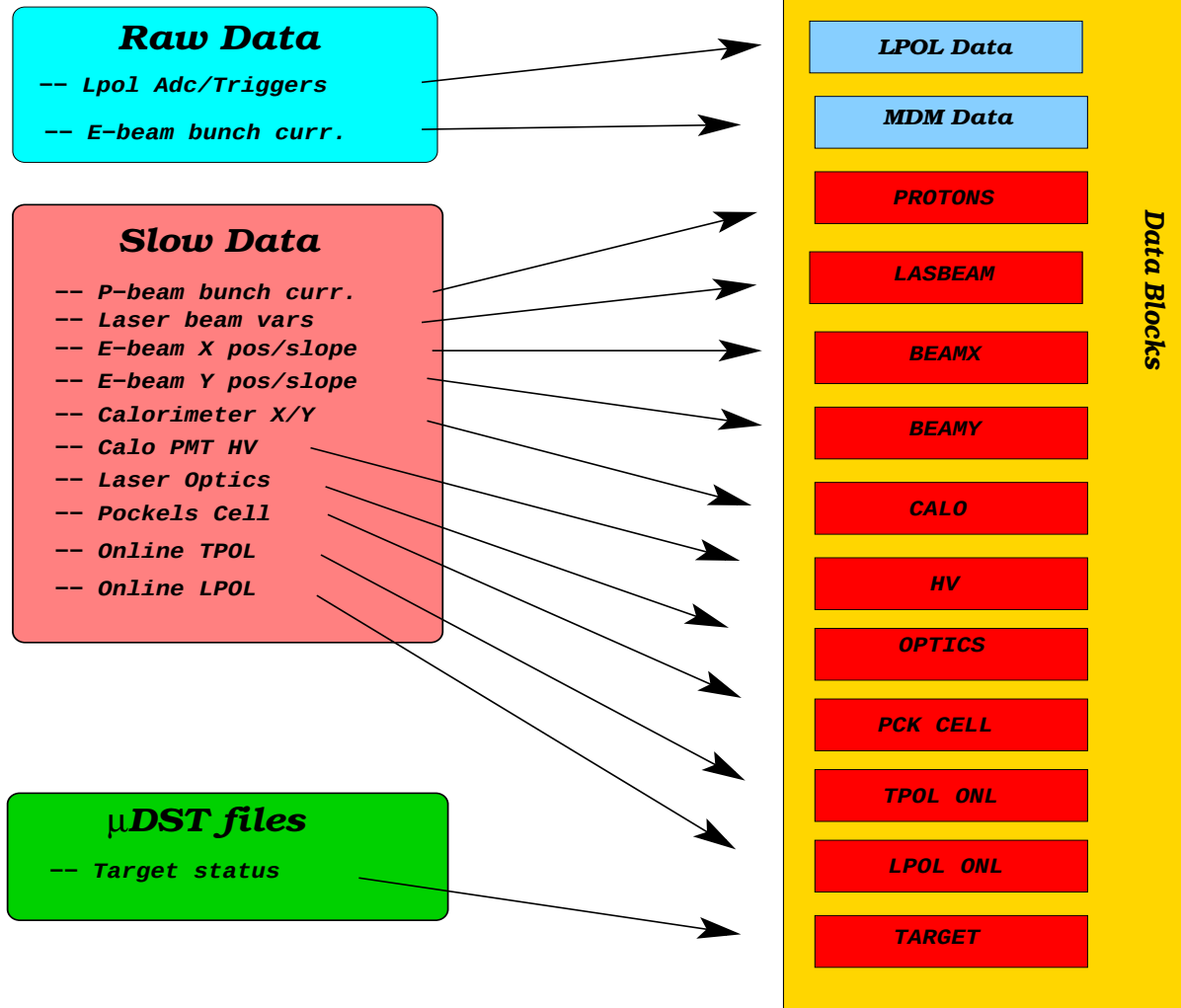
👉 We have merged LPOL ADC data with beam/HERMES/detector slow and μ DST data into a common storage file (ntuples) to make offline analysis easier to non-HERMES members

New Format for Data Storage

One set of files per HERMES run

ZEBRA FZ files

PAW hbook file



New Format for Data Storage

One set of files per HERMES run

ZEBRA FZ files

PAW hbook file

Ntuple

Raw Data

-- Lpol Adc/Triggers
-- E-beam bunch curr.

Slow Data

-- P-beam bunch curr.
-- Laser beam vars
-- E-beam X pos/slope
-- E-beam Y pos/slope
-- Calorimeter X/Y
-- Calo PMT HV
-- Laser Optics
-- Pockels Cell
-- Online TPOL
-- Online LPOL

μ DST files

-- Target status

LPOL Data

MDM Data

PROTONS

LASBEAM

BEAMX

BEAMY

CALO

HV

OPTICS

PCK CELL

TPOL ONL

LPOL ONL

TARGET

Data Blocks

Program Lponl now runs over HBOOKs instead of FZ files
⇒ basic code modifications affect data input processing only

Processing "LPOL Data" and "MDM Data" var. blocks provides same results as obtained by processing original FZ files

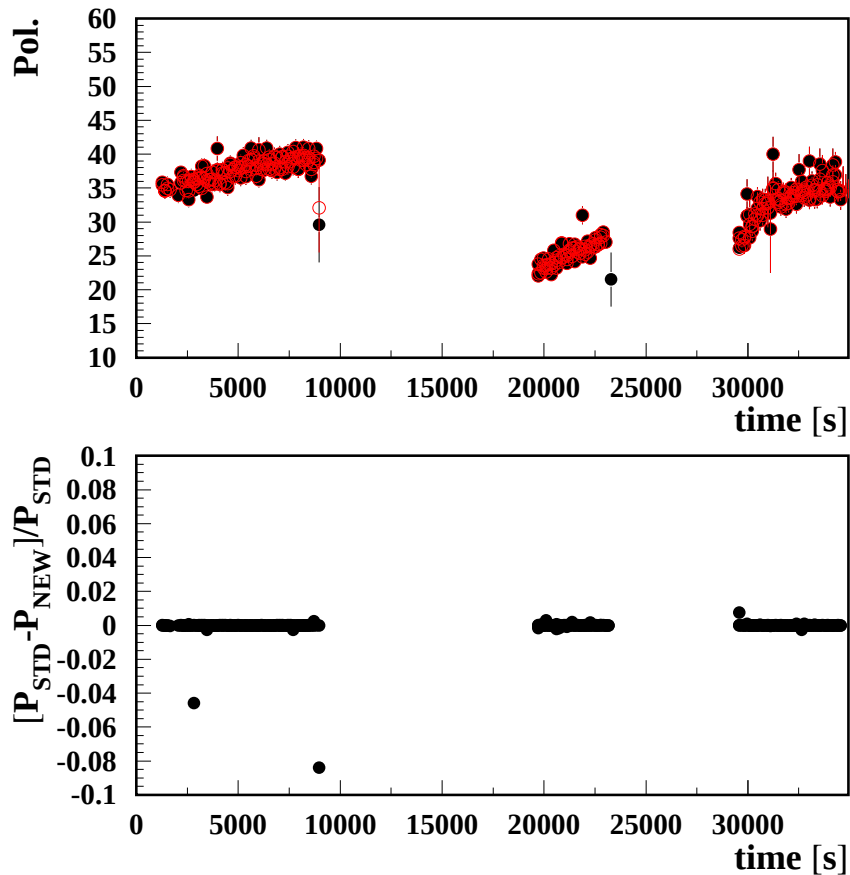
Non-HERMES user has now easy access to raw data
⇒ PAW

Analysis code now not-linked to specific HERMES libraries as ADAMO

Consistency of the New Framework

● Compare polarization calculated by Lpol program processing FZ and HBOOK files

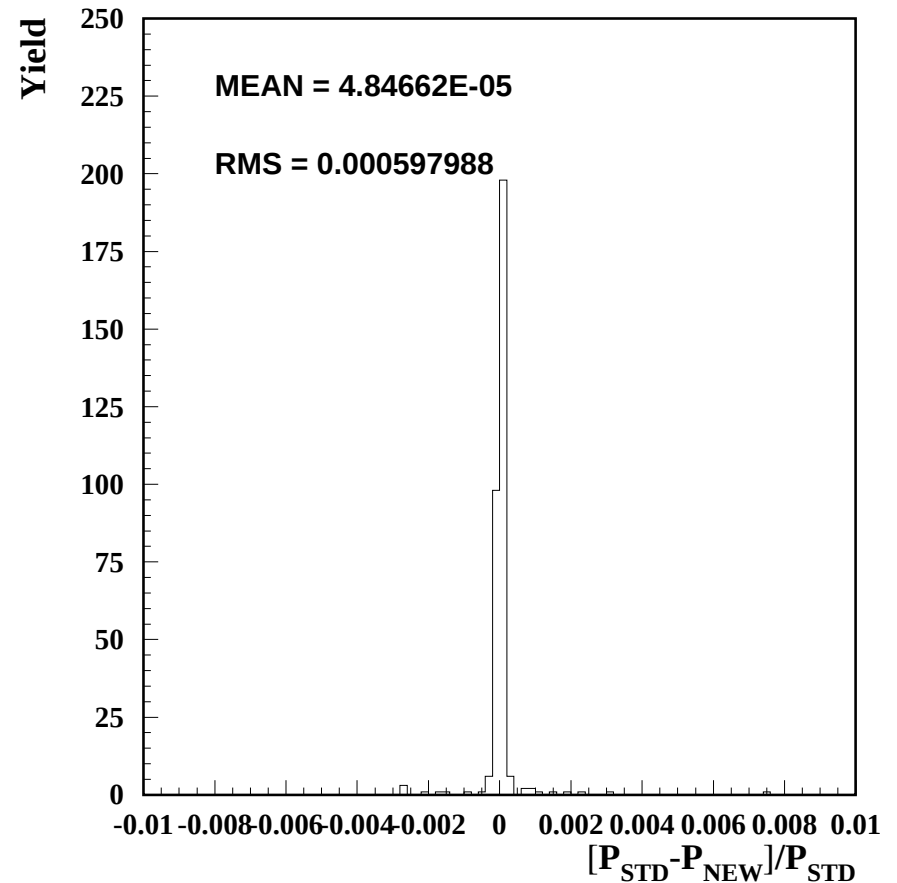
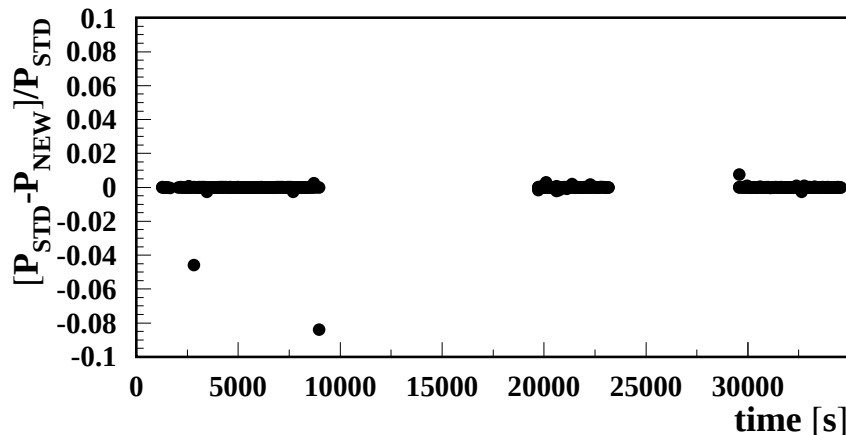
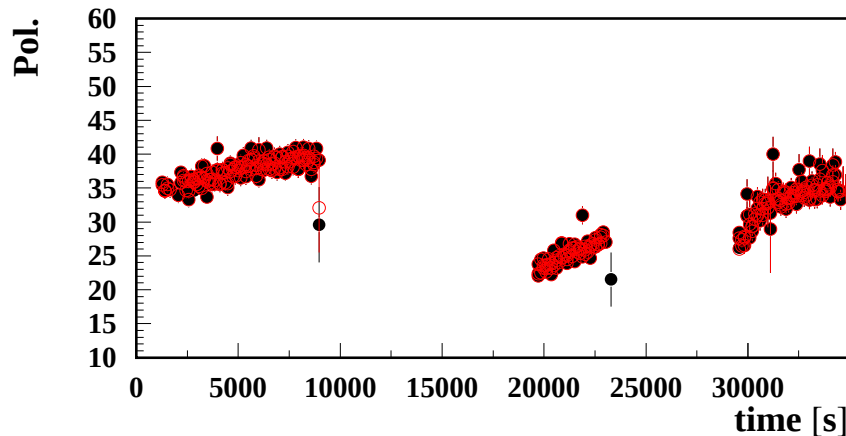
⇒ runs: 41338-41449 ($\approx 400\text{Mb}$), 27-28 Nov 2006



Consistency of the New Framework

- Compare polarization calculated by Lponl program processing FZ and HBOOK files

⇒ runs: 41338-41449 ($\approx 400\text{Mb}$), 27-28 Nov 2006



- Although two results do not match yet at 100% level

⇒ agreement is better than per-mill level; enough for a reliable offline analysis!

Additional Feature in Data Reprocessing

● In new HBOOKs additional info is stored with timestamp within time range of LPOL ADC entries

● User can perform analysis of correlation between several relevant variables:

- LPOL vs Beam X position
- LPOL vs Laser Power/Energy
- ...

Needed by Lponl

P-beam bunch curr.

Laser beam vars

E-beam X pos/slope

E-beam Y pos/slope

Calorimeter X/Y

Calo PMT HV

Laser Optics

Pockels Cell

Online TPOL

Online LPOL

Target status

Ntuple

LPOL Data

MDM Data

PROTONS

LASBEAM

BEAMX

BEAMY

CALO

HV

OPTICS

PCK CELL

TPOL ONL

LPOL ONL

TARGET

Data Blocks

Overview of the Data Tables

- **All tables are not synchronized: their Unix timestamps are not the same**
 - ⇒ data accumulated at different trigger conditions during a HERMES run
- **STD code processes only the Machine Data Module (MDM) and the LPOL raw ADC tables (LPOL Data and MDM Data)**
 - ⇒ provides same data/results released by the LPOL group
- **What about the additional info hardware/beam related?**
 - ⇒ (likely) not-minor modifications to the code needed
 - ⇒ after the polarization is calculated each 10000 events (using LPOL Data and MDM Data tables) info from additional variables has to be synchronized with the polarization timestamp, plus/minus a certain time range
 - ⇒ scenario: out of reconverted hbook files create new hbooks with calculated polarization and synchronized additional info (at one-minute base)

Overview of the Data Tables

● How to access the reconverted data? $\Rightarrow$ hi/file 1 <LPOL hbook> 4096

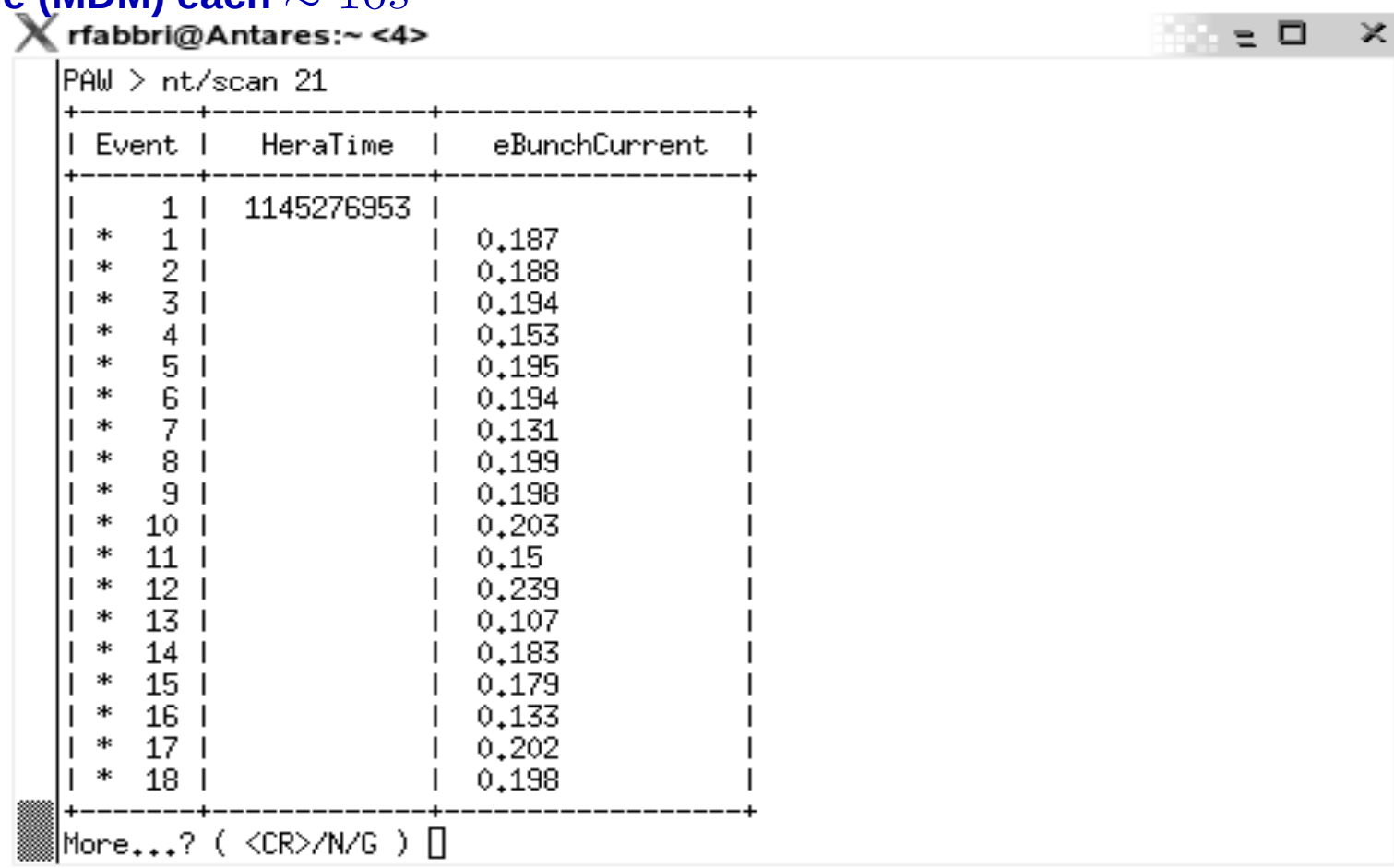
$\Rightarrow$ do not forget to set the 4096 words per record

● How the tables look like?

```
rfabbri@Antares:~ <4>  
PAW > nt/list  
  
==> Directory :  
    21 (N)  MDM Data  
    20 (N)  LPOL Data  
    22 (N)  PROTONS  
    23 (N)  LASBEAM  
    24 (N)  BEAMX  
    25 (N)  BEAMY  
    26 (N)  CALO  
    27 (N)  HV  
    28 (N)  OPTICS  
    29 (N)  PCK CELL  
    30 (N)  TPOL ONL  
    31 (N)  LPOL ONL  
    32 (N)  TARGET  
PAW > 
```

The MDM Data Table

- This table stores positron/electron beam current as provided by the Machine Data Module (MDM) each $\approx 10s$



A terminal window titled 'rfabbri@Antares:~ <4>' displays the output of the command 'PAW > nt/scan 21'. The output is a table with three columns: 'Event', 'HeraTime', and 'eBunchCurrent'. The 'HeraTime' column contains a single value '1145276953' for all events. The 'eBunchCurrent' column lists values for 18 events, with the first event having a value of 0.187 and the last event having a value of 0.198. The table is enclosed in a dashed border. At the bottom of the terminal window, the prompt 'More...? (<CR>/N/G)' is visible.

Event	HeraTime	eBunchCurrent
1	1145276953	0.187
* 1		0.188
* 2		0.194
* 3		0.153
* 4		0.195
* 5		0.194
* 6		0.131
* 7		0.199
* 8		0.198
* 9		0.203
* 10		0.15
* 11		0.239
* 12		0.107
* 13		0.183
* 14		0.179
* 15		0.133
* 16		0.202
* 17		0.198
* 18		

- For each entry (trigger/measurement from MDM) at Unixtime HeraTime the value of the 220 bunches (eBunchCurrent) is given in mA

The LPOL Data Table

● The ADCs from LPOL calorimeter, PIN diodes, laser polarization analyzers (AB1/2) are given

LpolDAQTime	Unixstamp	DogLeg1Pin	ADC from DogLeg1 PIN diode
Run	HERMES run (≈ 640 Mb data)	DogLeg2Pin	ADC from DogLeg2 PIN diode
Burst	HERMES Burst (≈ 10 sec.)	AB1Pin	ADC from analyser AB1
Bunch	Bunch number	DogLeg1Pin_n	ADC from DogLeg1 (96 ns delayed)
Trigger	Laser event trigger	DogLeg2Pin_n	ADC from DogLeg2 (96 ns delayed)
PmtCR1	ADC from Crystal 1	AB1Pin_n	ADC from AB1 (96 ns delayed)
PmtCR2	ADC from Crystal 2	AB2Pin1	ADC from analyser AB2/1
PmtCR3	ADC from Crystal 3	AB2Pin2	ADC from analyser AB2/2
PmtCR4	ADC from Crystal 4	PmtSW1	ADC from Sandwich Calo
PmtCR1_n	ADC from Crystal 1 (96 ns delayed)	PmtSW1_n	ADC from Sandwich (96 ns delayed)
PmtCR2_n	ADC from Crystal 2 (96 ns delayed)	GmsPin	ADC from GMS
PmtCR3_n	ADC from Crystal 3 (96 ns delayed)	HeraPickup	ADC of HeraPickup signal
PmtCR4_n	ADC from Crystal 4 (96 ns delayed)	HeraClock	ADC of HeraClock signal

● Signal from a subdetector is splitted (same amplitude) and one line is 96 ns delayed.

From this line the line pedestal (plus possible synchrotron/bremm) is measured

Overview of the SLOW Data Tables

● LASBEAM Table: LPOL laser related variables

LaserTime	Unixstamp of of acquisition time
LaserRate	Laser rate (Hz)
LaserInDelay	Time delay (ns) of laser firing
LaserTrigger	Trigger of laser helicity
LaserNrOfShots	Laser event trigger
LaserAngle	Optical attenuator angle
LaserZeroAngle	Optical attenuator angle
LaserStatus1	Laser status
LaserLampVoltage	Voltage (Volts) applied to flash lamp

● TARGET Table: HERMES target running mode

TargetTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time
RunType	Running mode: 0 (Target magnet On) / 1 (Target magnet Off) / 16 (High Density with Target magnet On)

Overview of the SLOW Data Tables

● BEAMX Table: positron X position and slope

BEAMTimeX	Unixstamp of event sent by BPMs
BEAMPosX	X-position (mm) at BPM OR52
BEAMSlopeX	X-Slope (rad) calculated from BPM OR46 and OR52

● BEAMY Table: positron Y position and slope

BEAMTimeY	Unixstamp of event sent by BPMs
BEAMPosY	Y-position (mm) at BPM OR52
BEAMSlopeY	Y-Slope (rad) calculated from BPM OR46 and OR52

● PROTONS Table: proton current

ProtonTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time
pBunchCurrent	current of 220 bunches

Overview of the SLOW Data Tables

● CALO Table: LPOL calorimeter location

CALOTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time
CaloX	X-position (mm)
CaloY	Y-position (mm)
CaloStatusX	Status of movement in X
CaloStatusY	Status of movement in Y

● HV Table: HV voltage applied to calorimeters PMTs

HVTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time
HVCR1	High voltage (Volts) applied to PMT of Crystal 1
HVCR2	High voltage (Volts) applied to PMT of Crystal 2
HVCR3	High voltage (Volts) applied to PMT of Crystal 3
HVCR4	High voltage (Volts) applied to PMT of Crystal 4
HVSW	High voltage (Volts) applied to PMT of Sandwich Calo

● OPTICS Table: orientation and status of eight mirrors in laser transport line

OPTICSTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time	MirrorX	X-orientation (a.u.)
MirrorY	Y-orientation (a.u.)	MirrorStatus	Status of mirrors rotation

Overview of the SLOW Data Tables

● PCK CELL Table:

Pockels Cell HV and Status

PcTime	Unixstamp of acquisition time
PcHvPos	Positive high voltage (Volts) applied to one polarity
PcHvNeg	Negative high voltage (Volts) applied to opposite polarity
PcStatus	Status of device

● TPOL ONL:

TPOL online data retrieved from
HERMES slow files

TpolTime	Unixstamp of the measurement
TPOL	Polarization measurement
dTPOL	Statistical uncertainty on the measurement
TpolLumi	Luminosity delivered in the calorimeter
TpolLinLight	Linear light contribution in laser beam
TpolFocus	Focus measurement (mm)
TpolTabPos	Calorimeter table Y-position
TpolVacuum	Vacuum in laser transport line
TpolRateOnL	Rates for laser ON at left helicity
TpolRateOnR	Rates for laser ON at right helicity
TpolRateOffL	Rates for laser OFF at left helicity
TpolRateOffR	Rates for laser OFF at right helicity

Overview of the SLOW Data Tables



LPOL ONL:

LPOL online data

LpolTime	Unixstamp of the measurement
LPOL	Polarization measurement
dLPOL	Statistical uncertainty on the measurement
LpolCaloNorm	Luminosity normalized to current
LpolReso	Energy resolution (%)
LpolLumi	Luminosity
LpolFracOvfl	Fraction of ADC overflow
SlowEtaX/Y	Calculated η_x / η_y
LpolDelOff	Laser delay offset (ns)
LpolStatus	LPOL analysis status
	100 (110): OK, pol.measurement in progress (sandwich)
	201/702: bad χ^2 /no updates from HERA
	301/501: energy resolution/compton cone positions bad
	552: too many ADC overflows
	601/802: low/no calorimeter signal
	1000/1100: LPOL is calibrating/waiting for ramped beam
	902/1300: no heraclock signal/ DAQ down?

Conclusions and Future Plans

- **LPOL data reorganization for offline analysis LPOL data on going: $\approx 1/4$ of 2006 data**
 - ⇒ 46901 Mb out of available 2252121 Mb
 - ⇒ data from different sources combined into common HBOOK files
- **LPOL analysis code (Lponl) can now calculate polarization from new files**
 - ⇒ agreement old/new procedure within per-mill level
 - enough for performing a reliable offline analysis
 - ⇒ Code/documentation on-going
 - this and following presentations (please, provide feedback)
 - LPOL-related thesis on h1repro7.desy.de/x03/data/lpol/DOCU
 - commenting the analysis code: to be done
- **Implementation of additional features in analysis code on going**
 - ⇒ store values per-min values for all relevant vars
 - hopefully to be used in 360° offline analysis