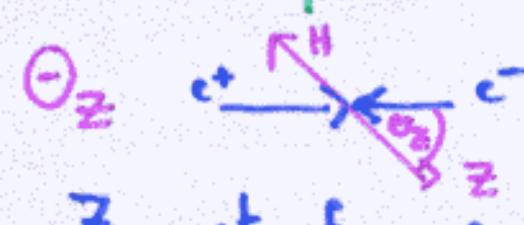


Determination of the CP Quantum Numbers of the Higgs Boson

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- * Introduction
- * A little bit of theory
- * Extraction of CP-QN
- * Selection
- * Fit results
- * Conclusion and Outlook

Introduction

- * Spin and CP-QN can be determined in several ways at a e^+e^- collider
- * observation of
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} H \leftrightarrow \gamma\gamma \\ H \leftrightarrow ZZ \\ e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow ZH \end{array} \right\}$$
 rule out spin 1
determine $C=+$
- * but $CP=t\bar{t}$ (H) or $=+-$ (A) or mixture?
- * angular distributions of production and decay sensitive to CP-QN
- * production $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z\phi \rightarrow f\bar{f}\phi$
described by Θ_Z 
and Θ_f^*, φ_f^* in Z rest frame
- * sensitive dist.: $\frac{dG}{d\cos\Theta}, \frac{dG}{d\varphi^*}$
- * today: analysis of $\frac{dG}{d\cos\Theta}$

A little bit of theory

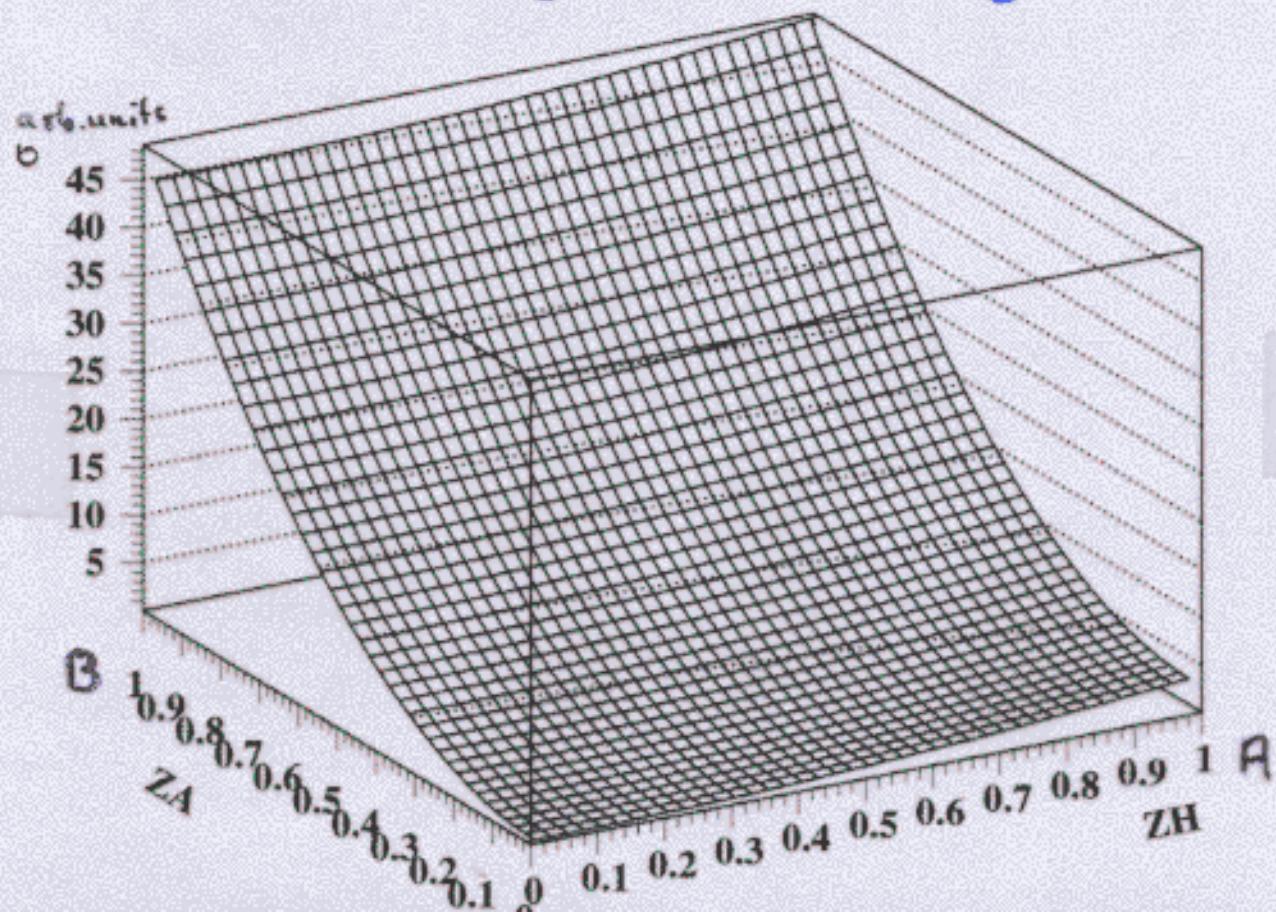
* production of $Z\phi$

$$m^2 = \left| \frac{Z^*}{R} H + \frac{Z^*}{B} A \right|^2$$

SM:
A=1 B=0

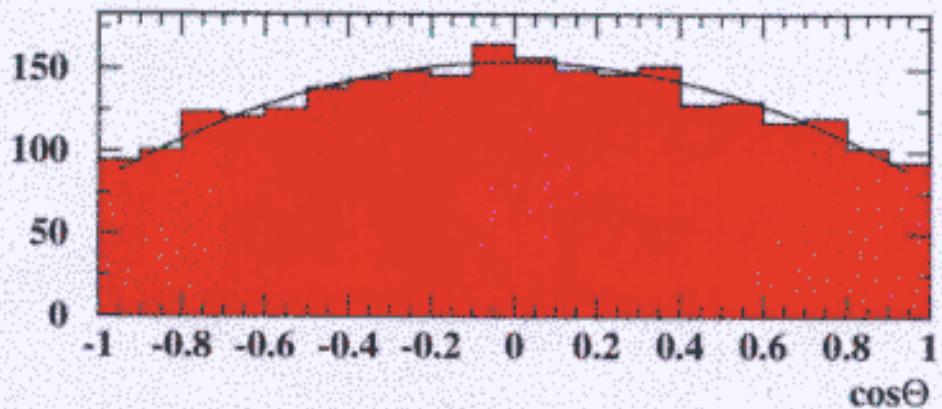
$$\begin{aligned} * \frac{dG}{dcos\theta} &\sim A^2 \left(1 + \frac{s\beta_Z^2}{8M_Z^2} \sin^2\theta \right) && "HZ" \\ &+ 2AB \frac{v_e \alpha_e}{v_e^2 + m^2} \frac{s\beta_Z^2}{M_Z^2} \cos\theta && \text{interferes} \\ &+ B^2 \frac{s^2 \beta_Z^2}{4 M_Z^4} \left(1 - \frac{\sin^2\theta}{2} \right) && "AZ" \end{aligned}$$

$$G_{\text{tot}} \sim A^2 \left(2 + \frac{s\beta^2}{6M_Z^2} \right) + B^2 \frac{s^2 \beta^2}{3M_Z^4}$$



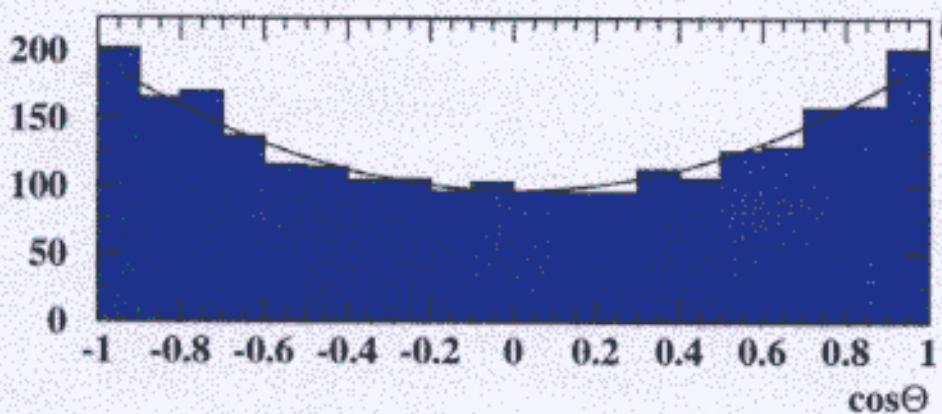
$\cos\Theta_z$ distribution at generator level

ZH

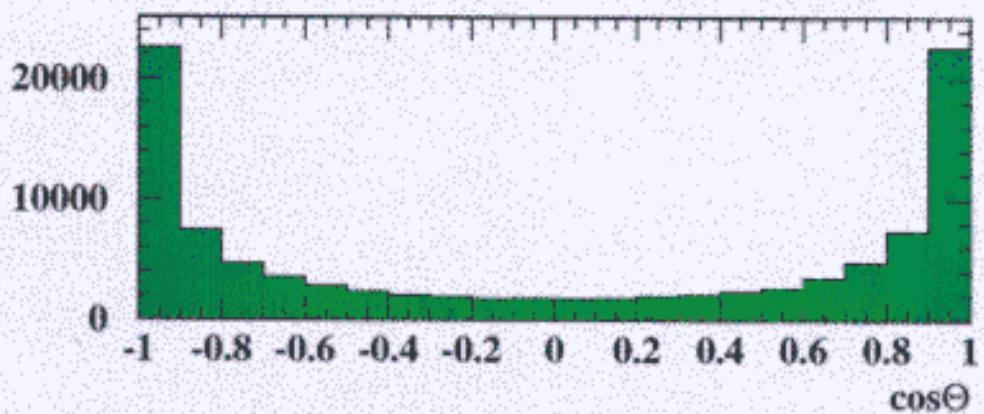


rewighting
in
 $d\sigma/d\cos\theta$
 $d\phi^*/d\cos\theta^*$

ZA



ZZ



Extraction of CP-QN

- * $Z\phi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- \phi \quad \cos\Theta_Z = \cos\Theta_{\mu\mu}$
- * $\sqrt{s} = 350 \text{ GeV}, M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}, \int \mathcal{L} = 500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- * Simdet 3.1 including JSR + CIRCE

* determine couplings A and B by
two kind of fits to reference histogram.

I: include dependence of G_{tot} a. interference

$$\frac{dN_{data}}{dcos\theta} = \frac{dN_{Z\phi}(A,B)}{dcos\theta} + \frac{dN_{ZZ}}{dcos\theta}$$

II: just use shape of $\frac{dG}{dcos\theta}$ from

HZ and AZ production

both reference histos normalized to G_{ZH}^{SM}

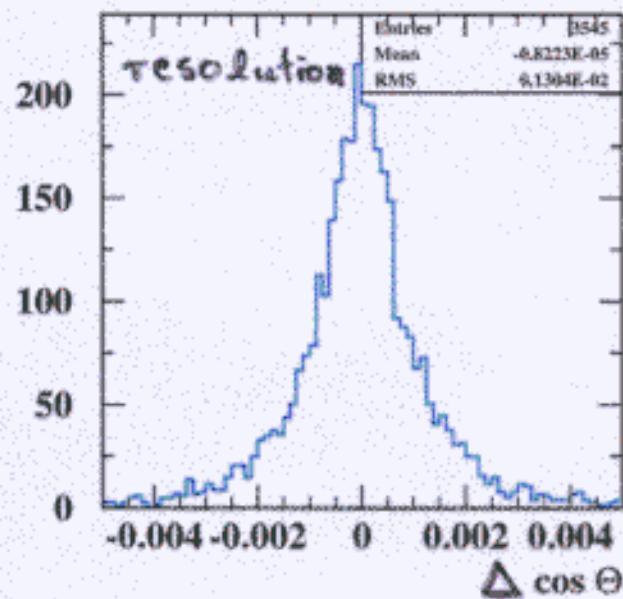
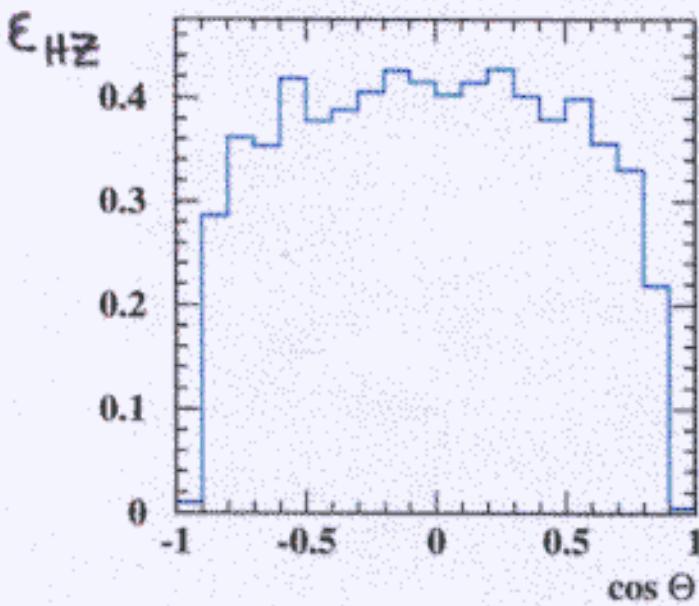
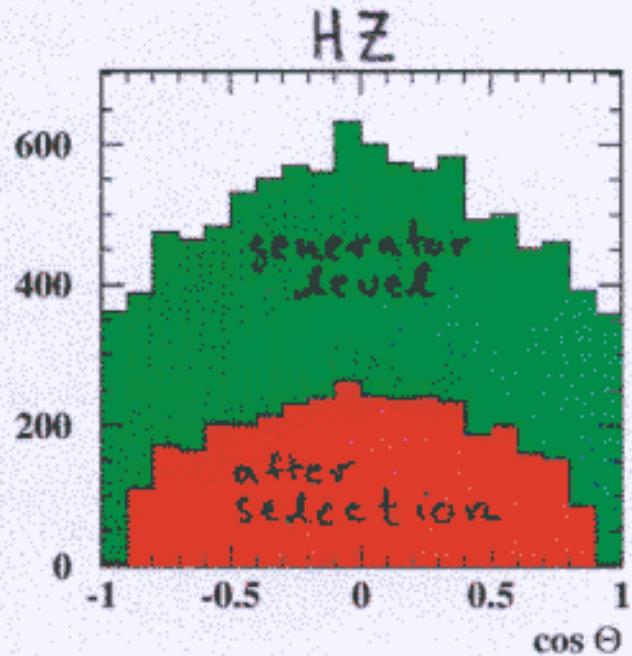
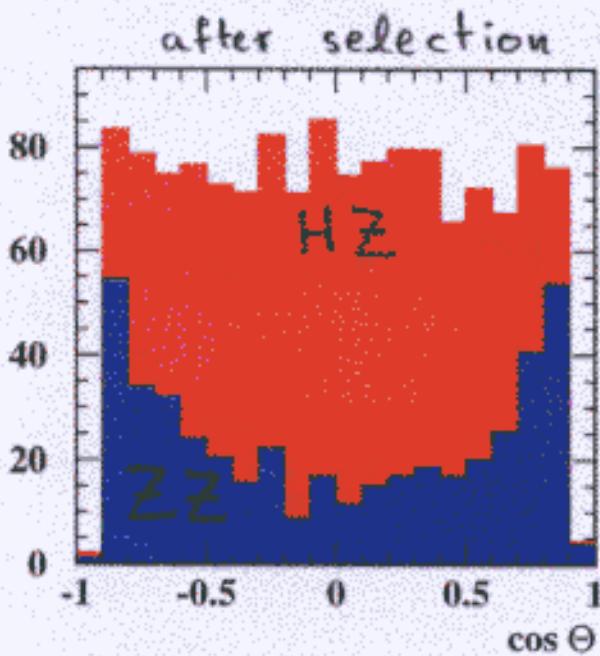
$$\frac{dN_{data}}{dcos\theta} = A \cdot \frac{dN_{ZH}}{dcos\theta} + B \cdot \frac{dN_{AZ}}{dcos\theta} + \frac{dN_{ZZ}}{dcos\theta}$$

Selection

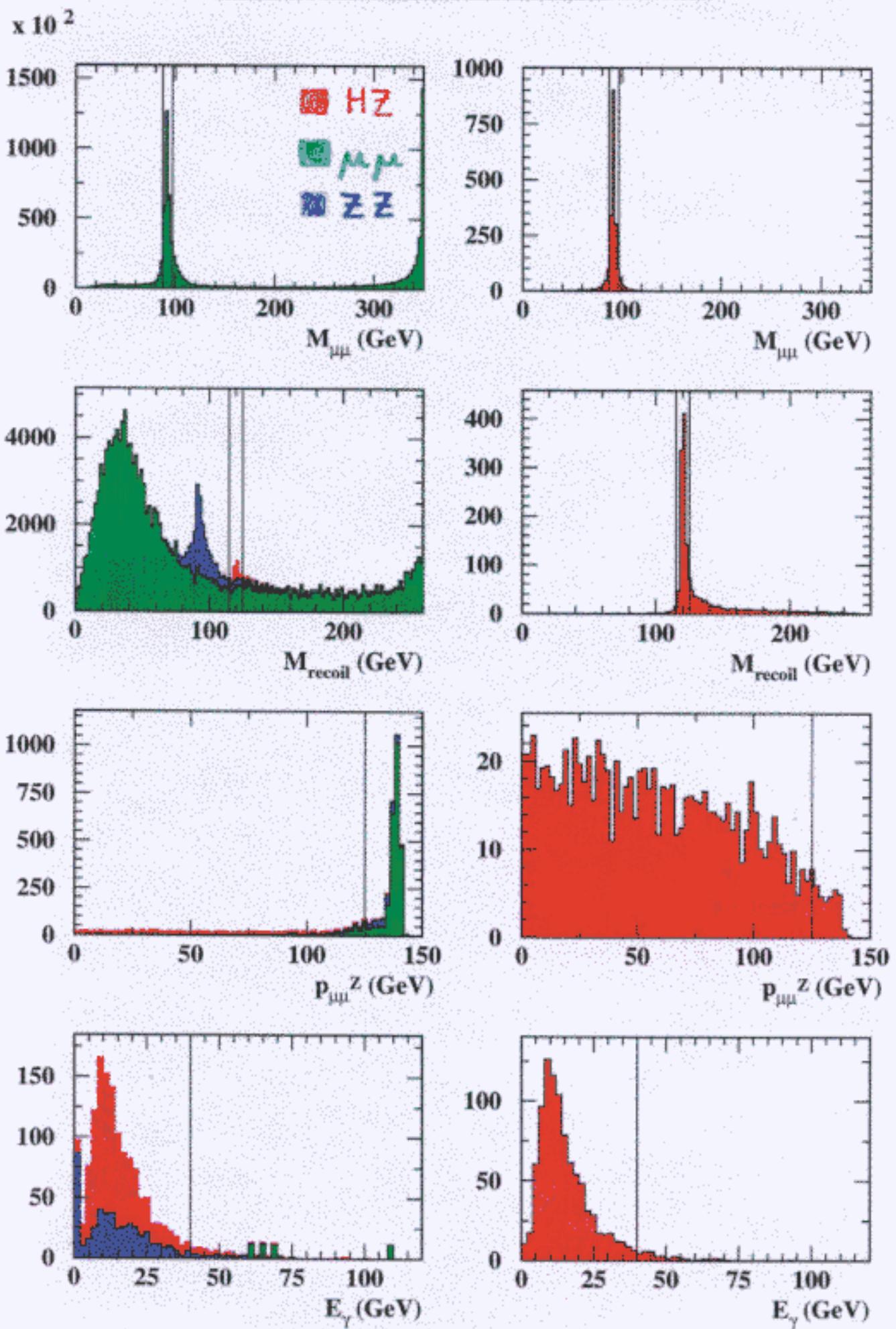
- 1) 2 isolated μ , $\Delta\text{iso} = 10^\circ$, $E_\mu > 15 \text{ GeV}$, perfect μID
- 2) $|M_{\mu\mu} - M_Z| < 5 \text{ GeV}$
- 3) $|M_{\text{rec}} - M_H| < 5 \text{ GeV}$
- 4) $|P_{\mu 1}^Z + P_{\mu 2}^Z| < 125 \text{ GeV}$
- 5) $E_\gamma < 40 \text{ GeV}$

$$\epsilon = 35.5\% \equiv N_{HZ} = 923 \text{ evt}$$

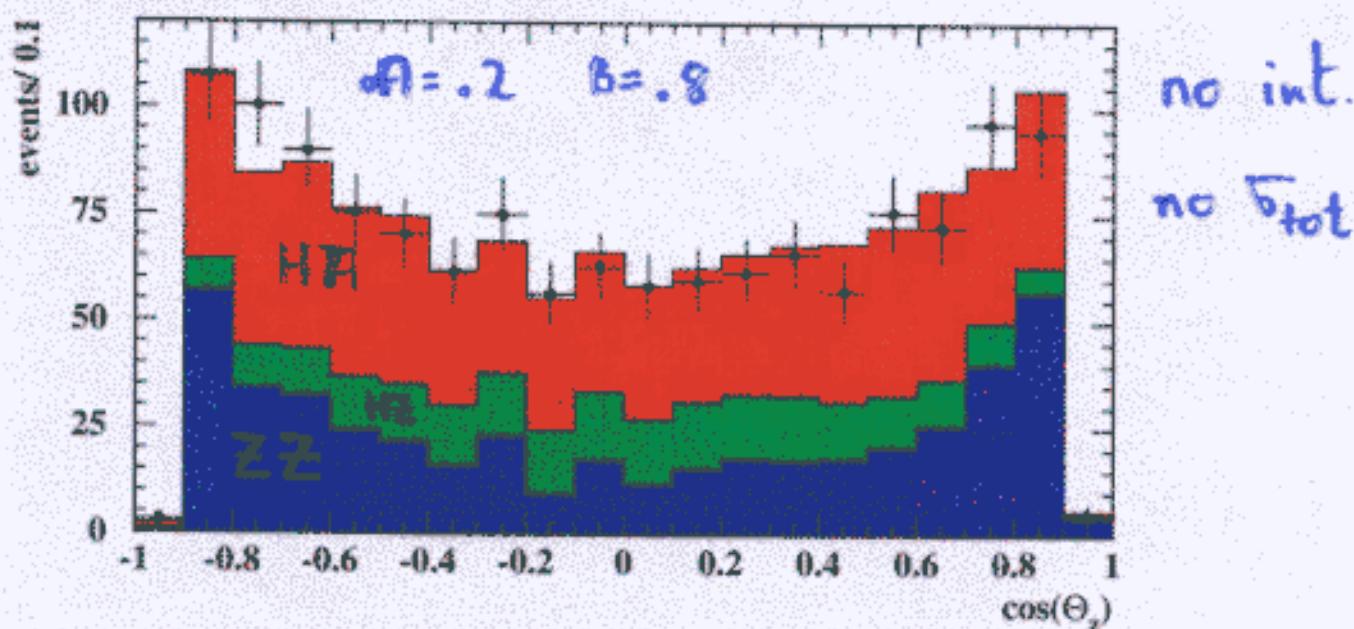
BG: ZZ: ~~454~~⁴⁵⁴ evt $\mu\mu$: 0 evt



Selection Variables



Fit Results



i) only shape, no interference, no G_{tot}

A	B	ΔA	ΔB
1.0	.0	.12	.13
1.0	.3	.13	.14
1.0	.6	.14	.15
.5	.5	.12	.12
.2	.8	.12	.13
.0	1.0	.12	.14
.2	.2	.10	.11
.7	.3	.13	.14

ii) including interference, $G_{tot}(A, B)$

A	B	ΔA	ΔB	A	B	ΔA	ΔB
1.0	0.	.02	.003	.5	.3	.51	0.07
1.0	0.3	.08	.02	.5	1.0	.22	0.005
1.0	0.6	.11	.02	.0	1.0	.02	0.006
.5	0.1	.45	.18	.0	.4	.06	0.006

Conclusion

- * $CP = t\bar{t}$ and $t^-\bar{t}^+$ can be distinguished very clearly
- * two kind of fits performed
- * using only shape of $\cos\Theta$ distribution
$$\Delta A = \Delta B \approx .14$$
- * including $G_{tot}(A, B)$ improves sensitivity

Outlook

- * do study for $M_H = 140, 160 \text{ GeV}$
 $\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}$
- * check pull distributions of fits
- * use 2nd distr.: $\frac{dG}{d\phi_\mu}$
- * investigate directly $\mathcal{L}P$
 - asymmetry in $\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\Theta}$
 - "optimal observable"