XXI International Workshop on Deep Inelastic Scattering and Related Subjects Marseille, April 22-26, 2013

# Future of DIS Experiments Summary from WG7 working group

Armen Buniatyan, Néstor Armesto, Franck Sabatié

Part 1



A. Buniatyan (Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg)



# 27 presentations in our parallel sessions

- Future ep and eA colliders, experiments and physics
- Experiments at the LHC and RHIC
- Fixed target experiments
- DPHEP Data Preservation in High Energy Physics

# THANKS TO ALL SPEAKERS AND PARTICIPANTS !

# Future Large Scale ep, a Collider Facilities: LHeC/EIC

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Volume 39 Number 7 July 2012 Article 075001

A Large Hadron Electron Collider at CERN Report on the Physics and Design Concepts for Machine and Detector LHeC Study Group



iopscience.org/inhurd CDR, arXiv:1211.4831 and 5102 iop Publishir http://cern.ch/lhec



# based on existing machines: LHC (CERN), RHIC (BNL), CEBAF (JLAB) Details in the following presentations

Armen Buniatyan

**Future Experiments - Highlights** 

# iCHEEPx - ep (eA) collider in the SPS tunnel



2.45 GeV ERLs (no bypasses necessary)

6 vertically stacked recirculation passes in the arcs : 5.5, 10.4, 15.3, 20.2, 25.1, 30.0 GeV

E<sub>CM</sub>(ep/eA) = 14-230 GeV

(covers the energy range of eRHIC, MEIC and ENC@FAIR, overlap with PIE@LHC – easy cross-normalisation of the iCHEEP and LHC cross-sections)

Witek Krasny



Armen Buniatyan



# The LHC upgrades

2009 2010			LHC startup, $\sqrt{s}$ = 900 GeV $\sqrt{s}$ = 7~8 TeV, L=6×10 <sup>33</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> , bunch spacing 50 ns	
2011		~25 ft		
2012		<b>0</b> -1		
2013	LS1		Go to design energy nominal luminosity	
2014			$\sqrt{s} = 13 \sim 14$ TeV, $L \sim 1 \times 10^{34}$ cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> , bunch spacing 2	25 ns
2015		<u>ү</u> 15	Phase-0	
2016		0 fb <sup>-1</sup>		
2017			<b>4</b>	
2018	LS2		Injector and LHC Phase-1 upgrade to full design lumin $\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV/ $L \approx 2 \times 10^{34}$ cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> bunch spacing 25 ps	osity
2019		ř	Phase-I	Þ
2020		300 f		
2021		<u>q</u>		
2022	1.53		HL-LHC Phase-2 upgrade, IR, crab cavities	
2023	200		$\sqrt{s}$ = 14 TeV, L = 5×10 <sup>34</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> , luminosity leveling	
2024		~300	Phase-II	
 2030?		00 fb-1	S. Miglioranzi 7	

**Experiments:** Staged modifications to cope with high lumi at Phases 1 and 2

# The ATLAS upgrade

ATLAS is actively pursuing a series of upgrades to ensure continued detector efficiency and consequently optimal physics acceptance with increasing luminosity

- additional Pixel layer and other detector consolidation during shutdown (2013-14)
- major upgrades to improve Trigger capabilities during Phase-I shutdown (2018)
- replacement of the Inner Tracker, Forward Calorimeter, Electronics and Trigger/DAQ during the Phase-II shutdown (2022)

Graduated upgrade program to build on experience to improve our detector and equip it to run at up to 5 times the design luminosity (5x10<sup>34</sup>cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>)

### These upgrades are essential to exploit the Physics potential at the LHC

- to preserve performance while luminosity increases
- in several cases we can improve / extend the performance

#### Silvia Miglioranzi

# LHCb upgrade

# LHCb has been efficiently taking data: 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> up to now

• The plan is to record 10 fb<sup>-1</sup> by 2018



The **Level-0 trigger** based on the signals from ECAL, HCAL and MUON detectors read at 40 MHz, operates on custom electronics, with a **maximum output rate limited to 1.1 MHz**.

→ Plan to upgrade spectrometer by 2018 with a 40 MHz readout and a much more flexible software-based triggering system that will increase the data rate as well as the efficiency specially in the hadronic channels.

The upgrade shall take place during the Long Shutdown 2 (LS2) in 2018

Upgrade program involves readout electronics, high level trigger and network, VELO, Calorimeters, downstream tracking, Muon systems, RICH

Umberto Marconi

# LHCb upgrade





Armen Buniatyan

Future Experiments - Highlights

# ALICE upgrade



- Properties of partons in the Quark Gluon Plasma (QGP)
- Focus on the heavy flavors: charm and beauty
- Measurement of heavy-flavour transport parameters
- Low momentum quarkonia

### Physics goals

low- $p_{\rm T}$  dileptons

- Initial temperature, equation of state
- Chiral symmetry restoration, thermal radiation
- Jet quenching and fragmentation (with PID)
  - Parton color charge, mass, energy dependence of energy loss
- ♦ Heavy-nuclear states (eg. <sup>4</sup>He) and hyper-nuclei (eg. <sup>5</sup>∧∧H)
- Most physics signals of interest are rare but not triggerable
  - \* Low  $p_{\rm T}$ , high combinatorial background
- Increase rate capabilities for minimum bias heavy-ion collisions
  - ALICE runs at high luminosity
    - Record minimum bias Pb-Pb at 50kHz → physics program requires 10 nb<sup>-1</sup> of integrated luminosity wrt. the current goal of 1 nb<sup>-1</sup>
    - Factor 100 increase in statistics (for untriggered probes)

#### Levente Molnar

# ALICE upgrade



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**Future Experiments - Highlights** 

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# PHENIX upgrade at RHIC $\rightarrow$ sPHENIX



Major Upgrade to PHENIX for enhanced physics programs ; taking advantage of significant technology advances

•Mid-rapidity tracking and preshower

•Compact jet detector at mid-rapidity with high-rate capability

Toward building a coherent understanding of strongly interacting QGP: Heavy ion physics, spin structure of the nucleon with polarised pp and dAu, precision jet measurements

http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1207.6378





### sPHENIX upgrade proposal submitted to DOE

Yuji Goto

Armen Buniatyan

Future Experiments - Highlights

Fixed Target Experiments











Armen Buniatyan

**Future Experiments - Highlights** 

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# COMPASS-II at SPS



# The COMPASS-II program

DVCS & HEMP measurements Transverse Imaging of the proton Beam charge & spin sum, difference and asymmetry GPD H, later GPD E Tests in 2008-9, 1-month run in 2012 Data taking 2016 & 17

Drell-Yan measurements Sivers PDF Boer Mulders PDF Test of factorization approach Data taking 2015

SIDIS expts PDFs and Frag.F s(x), Kaon FF Data taking in parallel Upgrade existing

COMPASS Spectro @ CERN/SPS Primakoff expts

π and K Polarizability Chiral Dynamics Data taking 2012

Proposal submitted to CERN: 05/2010 Approval 12/2010

#### Etienne Burtin, Michela Chiosso

Armen Buniatyan

# COMPASS-II at SPS



# Physics with the 12 GeV Upgrade at JLab



#### Cynthia Keppel

# Physics with the 12 GeV Upgrade at JLab

- Project 75% Complete, 88% Obligated
  - Civil (92%) ; Accelerator (88%) ; Physics Equip (~60%)
- We expect to be running beam to Hall A in February 2014 and Hall D later in the year
- Large user involvement in 12-GeV detector construction
- 7+ years approved, Halls have prepared initial schedule

## **12 GeV Approved Experiments by Physics Topic**

4	1		1	2
4				
	3	2		9
2	2	5		9
5	10	3		18
3	2	6		11
2			1	3
16	18	16	2	52
	2 5 3 2 16	<ul> <li>2</li> <li>5</li> <li>10</li> <li>3</li> <li>2</li> <li>2</li> <li>16</li> <li>18</li> <li>proved experi</li> </ul>	2       2       5         5       10       3         3       2       6         2	2       2       5         5       10       3         3       2       6         2



Armen Buniatyan

Future Experiments - Highlights

# A Fixed Target Experiment using LHC beam: AFTER @ LHC

## The beam extraction

★ The LHC beam may be extracted using "Strong crystalline field" without any decrease in performance of the LHC !

E. Uggerhøj, U.I Uggerhøj, NIM B 234 (2005) 31, Rev. Mod. Phys. 77 (2005) 1131



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# A Fixed Target Experiment using LHC beam: AFTER @ LHC

Use LHC beams on fixed target :

- LHC 7 TeV proton beam
  - √s ~ 115 GeV : p-p, p-d, p-A

comparable to RHIC energies

LHC 2.76 TeV lead beam

▶ √s ~ 72 GeV : Pb-p, Pb-A



- benefit from typical advantages of a fixed target experiment
  - high luminosity, high boost (ycms=4.8 @ 115 GeV), target versatility, target polarisation
- multipurpose experiment, modern detection techniques

Andry Rakotozafindrabe (CEA Saclay)

# A Fixed Target Experiment using LHC beam: AFTER @ LHC

I SEVIER



#### A Fixed-Target ExpeRiment at the LHC (AFTER@LHC) : luminosities, target polarisation and a selection of physics studies

J.P. Lansberg\*, V. Chambert, J.P. Didelez, B. Genolini, C. Hadjidakis, P. Rosier

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#### U.I. Uggerhøj

Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Aarhus

We report on a future multi-purpose fixed-target exp beams extracted by a bent crystal. The multi-TeV LHC target experiments ever performed. Such an experimen Target ExperRiment", gives access to new domains of p that of collider experiments, in particular at RHIC ar luminosity at AFTER using typical targets surpasses magnitude. Beam extraction by a bent crystal offers collimated high-energy beam, without decreasing the mode also has the advantage of allowing for spin mes an access over the full backward rapidity domain up reachable luminosities, the target polarisation and a s and deuterium targets.

#### webpage after.in2p3.fr

#### workshops :

#### I0 days at Trento earlier in February 2013

http://indico.in2p3.fr/event/AFTER@ECTstar

- ✓ next : 3 days, probably in mid October, at CERN
- ✓ next large workshop : 2014, January 12-17, at Les Houches
- Looking for partners !
- Target schedule : installation during LHC Long Shutdown 3



Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect	PHYSICS REPORTS
Physics Reports	And the second s
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/physrep	

#### Physics opportunities of a fixed-target experiment using LHC beams

S.J. Brodsky<sup>a</sup>, F. Fleuret<sup>b</sup>, C. Hadjidakis<sup>c</sup>, J.P. Lansberg<sup>c,\*</sup>

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#### Armen Buniatyan

# Charmonia in Heavy Ion Collisions - CHIC



 $c\overline{c}$  recombination

- c and  $\bar{c}$  quarks can combine to form a J/ $\Psi$ .
- Requires a large number of  $c\bar{c}$  pairs → RHIC energies? LHC energies?

# Experimental results for J/Psi production:

- (PbPb@SPS) NA50 PHENIX (AuAu@RHIC)
- CMS
- ALICE
  - (PbPb@LHC) (PbPb@LHC)
- observed an anomalous suppression observed a similar suppression (than NA50)
- observed a smaller suppression for low  $p_T J/\Psi$

ł

- observed a larger suppression for high  $p_{\tau}J/\Psi$
- → Unclear picture

To test sequential suppression with charmonia need to go to SPS –  $\rightarrow$  recombination is negligible; must measure J/ $\Psi$ ,  $\Psi$ ',  $\chi_c$ 

Armen Buniatyan

**Future Experiments - Highlights** 

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 $T_{SPS-CERN} < T_{RHIC-BNL} < T_{LHC-CERN}$ Temperature



Frédéric Fleuret

~0.9

~0.6

~0

2<sup>nd</sup> step

3<sup>rd</sup> step

J/Ψ

Temperature

# Charmonia in Heavy Ion Collisions - CHIC



beams. The SPSC recognizes the strong physics motivation of a study that addresses central open questions about the color screening of charmonium in heavy ion collisions and about cold nuclear matter effects. For a comprehensive investigation, an extension including open charm production would be desirable.

For further review, the SPSC would require a letter of intent with information about the experimental implementation and the collaboration pursuing it.

- Timeline
  - From T<sub>0</sub> (3 labs involved): ~ 5 Years for full simulation and final design (2 years), construction and installation (2 years), commisionning (1 year)

#### Frédéric Fleuret

# v-Nucleus Scattering with vSTORM



- $\pi^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  enter ring, decay to  $\mu^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$
- Only  $\mu^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  make it around the ring.

- Second 'lap' is pure muons, which decay.

	• An accelerator and detector technology test bed:
	<ul> <li>Toward Neutrino Factory &amp; Muon Collider</li> </ul>
3 Goals	<ul> <li>A final answer to the sterile ν anomaly of LSND &amp; MiniBooNE.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ν cross-section measurements:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Improvements for all neutrino types.</li> </ul>
	– Especially true for $v_{e}$ .
an Taylor	- Αν "Light Source".

#### Future Experiments - Highlights

ORM

 $\mu^+ o ar{
u}_\mu + 
u_e + e^+$  or  $\mu^- o 
u_\mu + ar{
u}_e + e^-$ 

# v-Nucleus Scattering with vSTORM

FNAL or CERN: either site is feasibleProposals are being prepared for facilities at either FNAL or CERNFNAL LOI: arXiv:1206.0294CERN EOI: SPSC-EOI-009

The vSTORM Facility would have three near detector slots @ 20m FNAL, @300m CERN.

- Experimental collaborations would construct and install detectors.
- Sterile v search near detector.
- Test of ND for future long baseline experiment.
- Dedicated to v cross-section detectors





### lan Taylor

# NA62: Rare Kaon Decays at SPS : $K \rightarrow \pi v v$



# **Data Preservation in High Energy Physics**

- DPHEP Study Group well established in HEP community, most labs/experiments involved now
- Large scale publication 2012, arXiv:1205.4667
- > Transition in 2013: Study Group to Collaboration

Pr				
1	Provide additional documentation	Publication related info search	Documentation	
2	Preserve the data in a simplified format	Outreach, simple training analyses	Outreach	
3	Preserve the analysis level software and data format	Full scientific analysis, based on the existing reconstruction	Technical	
4	Preserve the reconstruction and simulation software as well as the basic level data	Retain the full potential of the experimental data	Preservation Projects	

#### > The physics case for data preservation

- Long term completion of an existing physics program
- Cross-collaboration, combinations of physics results
- To revisit old measurements or perform new ones
- Newly developed techniques, new theoretical models
- Use in scientific training, education, outreach
- Unique data sets available: energy, initial states

#### David South







Study Group for Data Preservation and Long Term Analysis in High Energy Physics



Novel technological solutions investigated to ensure the possibility of long term analysis

#### Armen Buniatyan

#### Future Experiments - Highlights

# Big Thanks to all speakers !

Antonio Cassese Silvia Miglioranzi Magno Machado Witek Krasny Hannu Paukkunen Max Klein Frederic Fleuret Bruce Mellado Garcia Matthew Lamont Michela Chiosso Abhay Deshpande Umberto Marconi Yuji Goto

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Apologies if time prevented me from doing justice to your work in the summary