

# **First Results of an Aging Test of a Prototype RPC for the LHCb Muon Detector**

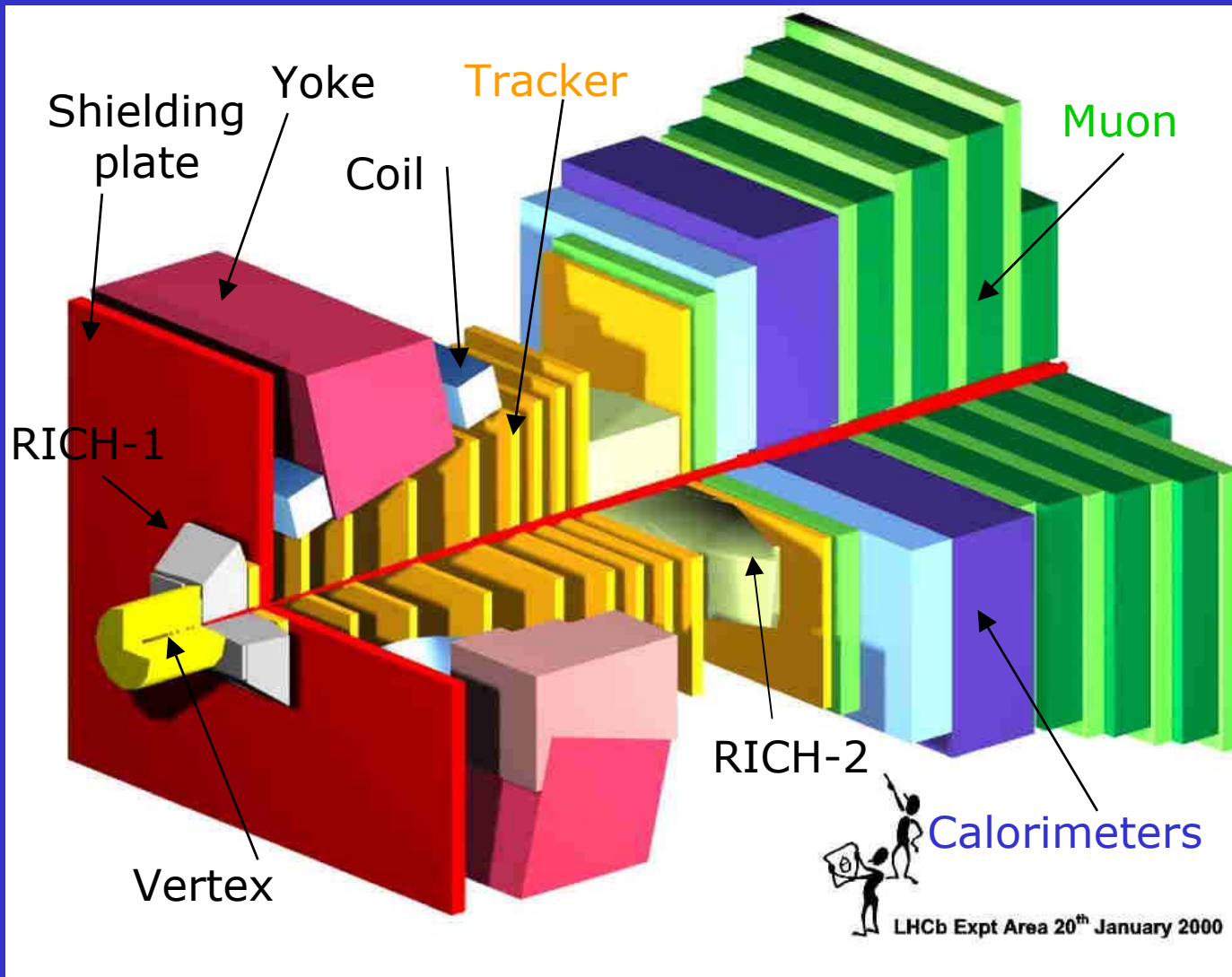
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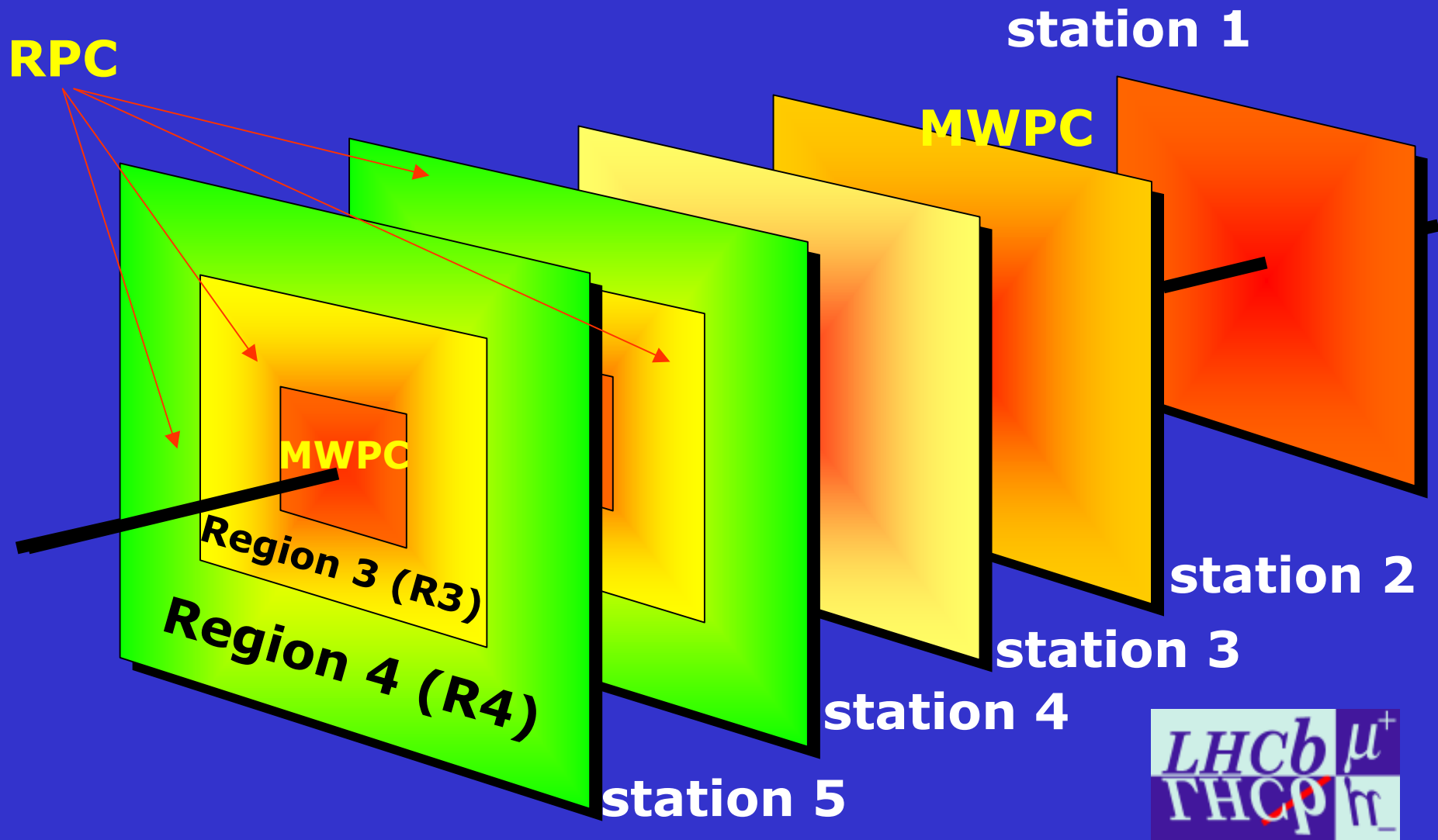
**International Workshop on Aging Phenomena in Gaseous Detectors**

**DESY-Hamburg October 2-5, 2001**

# The LHCb Experiment



# RPC in the Muon Detector



# The Muon Detector RPC: requirements

	Station 4	Station 5
<b>R3</b>	<b>750 Hz/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>11 nA/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>1.1 C/ cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>650 Hz/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>9.8 nA/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>1.0 C/ cm<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>R4</b>	<b>250 Hz/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>3.8 nA/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>0.4 C/ cm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>225 Hz/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>3.4 nA/cm<sup>2</sup></b> <b>0.3 C/ cm<sup>2</sup></b>

**Maximal rates @ 2.5 nominal  
luminosity with a safety factor  
of 2**

**Integrated charge over  
10 LHCb years**

**Drawn currents @ half max. rate  
Assuming 30 pC per hit**

# Aging Test at the GIF\*

RPC under irradiation  
0.5x0.5 m<sup>2</sup>

$\rho = 9 \times 10^9 \Omega \text{ cm}$  (oiled)

Gas mixture:

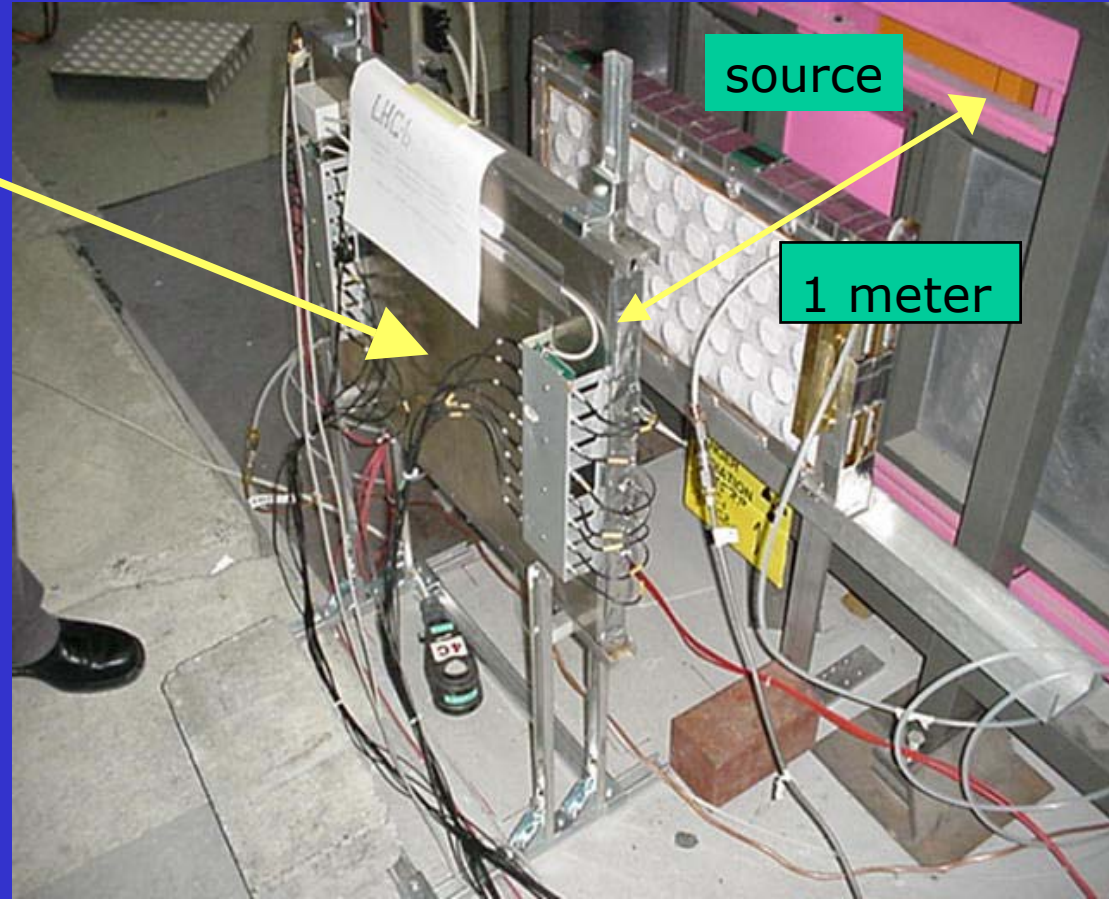
95% C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>F<sub>4</sub>

4% I-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>

1% SF<sub>6</sub>

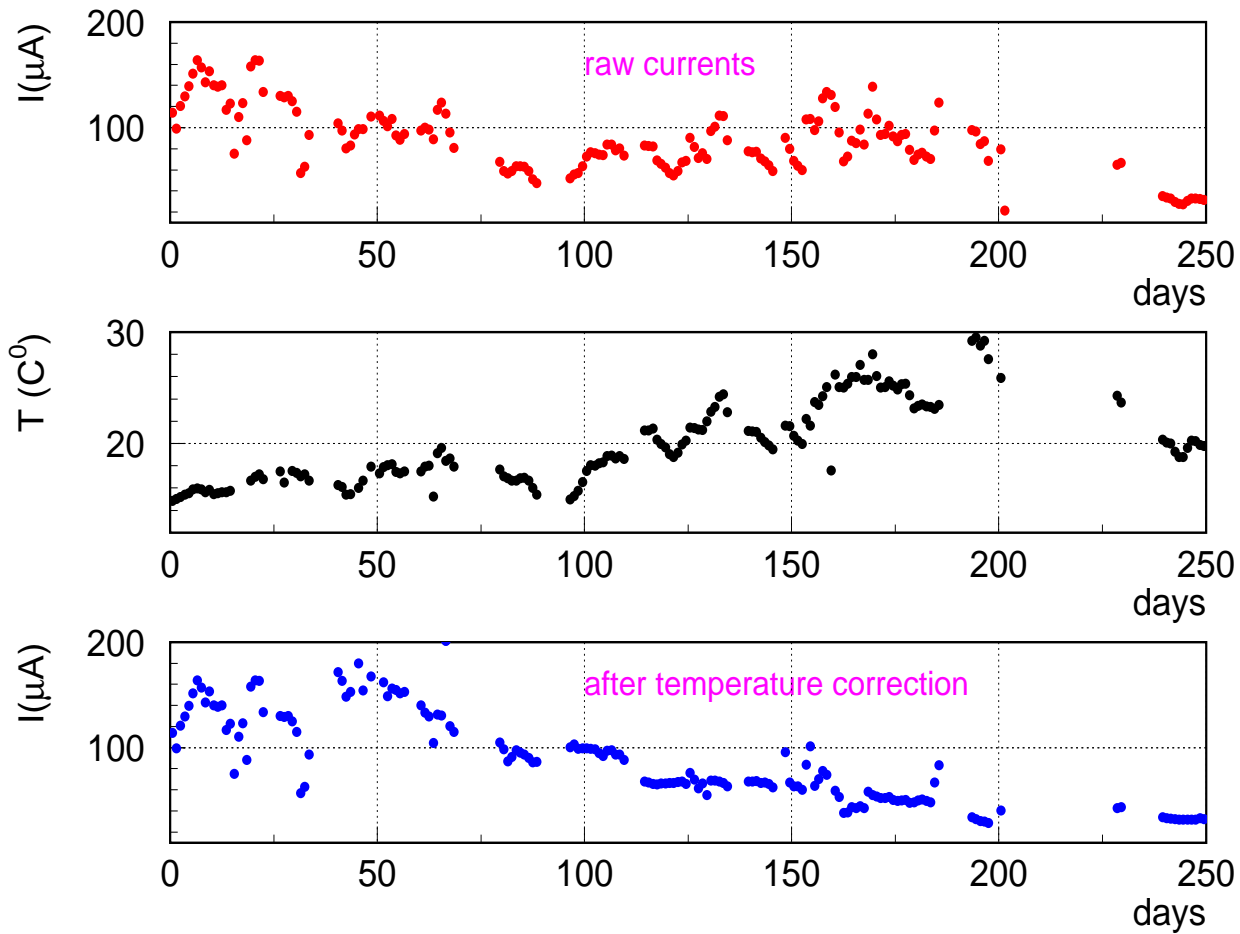
A second equal RPC placed  
outside the irradiation area  
is monitored as a reference

**Both RPC share the same  
gas and HV lines**



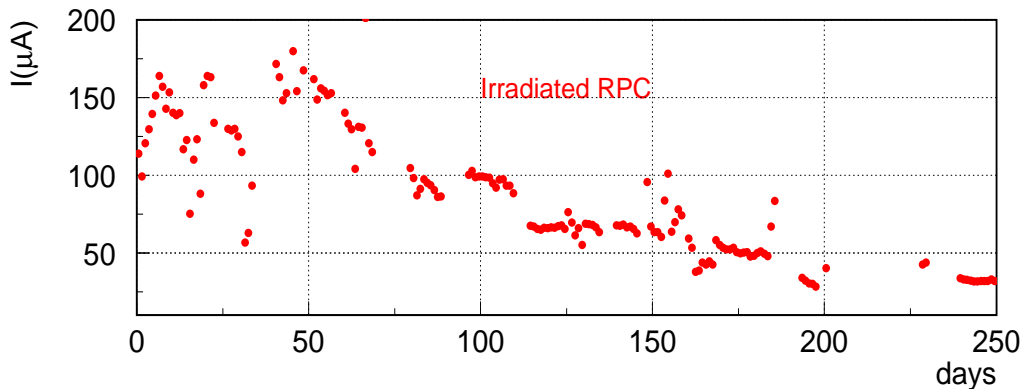
\* Gamma Irradiation Facility at CERN; <sup>137</sup>Cs  $\gamma$ -source – 740 GBq

# Currents: irradiated RPC

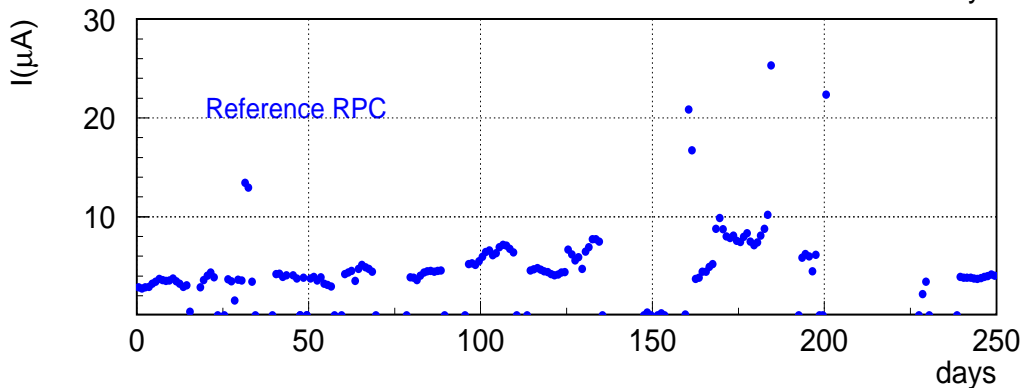


Currents, HV and temperature are continuously monitored

# Currents: irradiated vs reference RPC

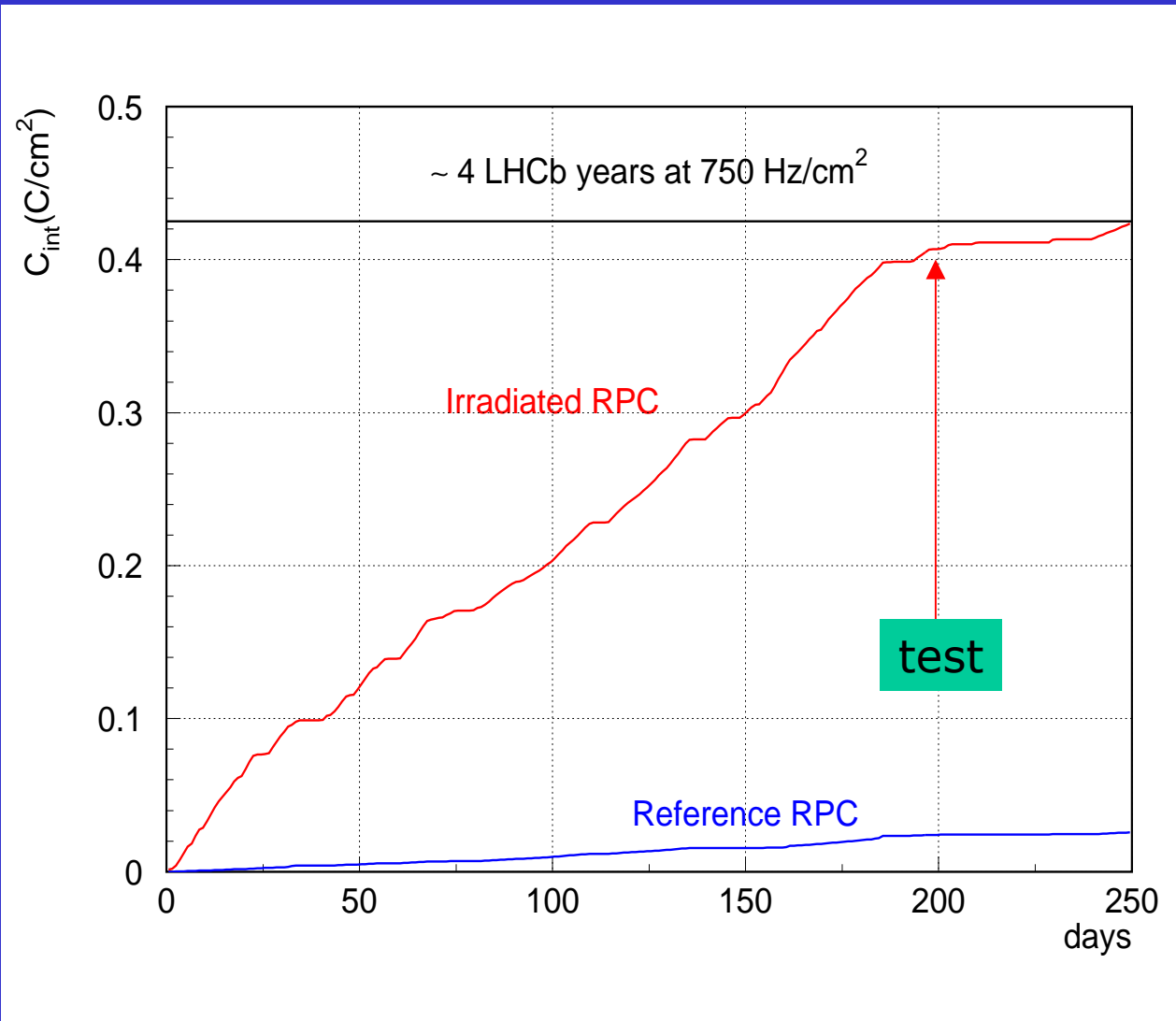


**Current of irradiated RPC  
steadily decreasing**



**Current of reference RPC  
reasonably constant  
 $\Rightarrow$ no large systematic  
effects**

# Integrated Charge

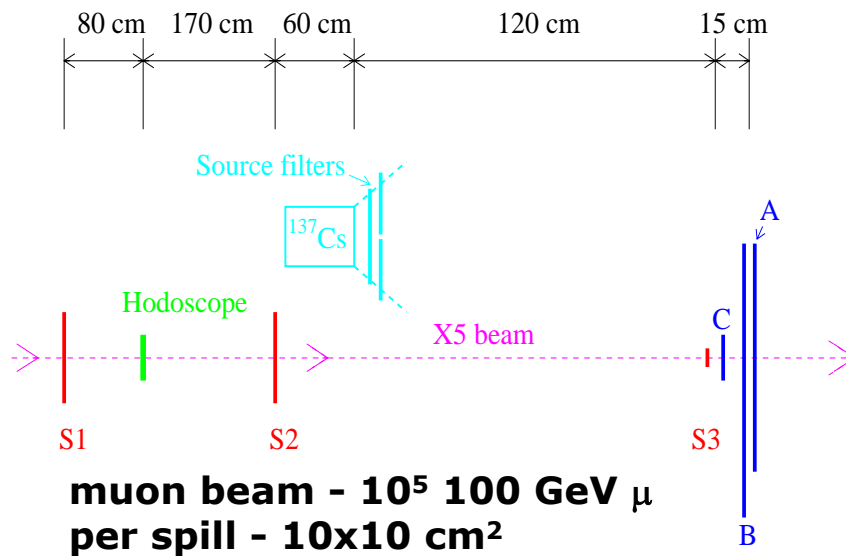




# Beam Test August 2001

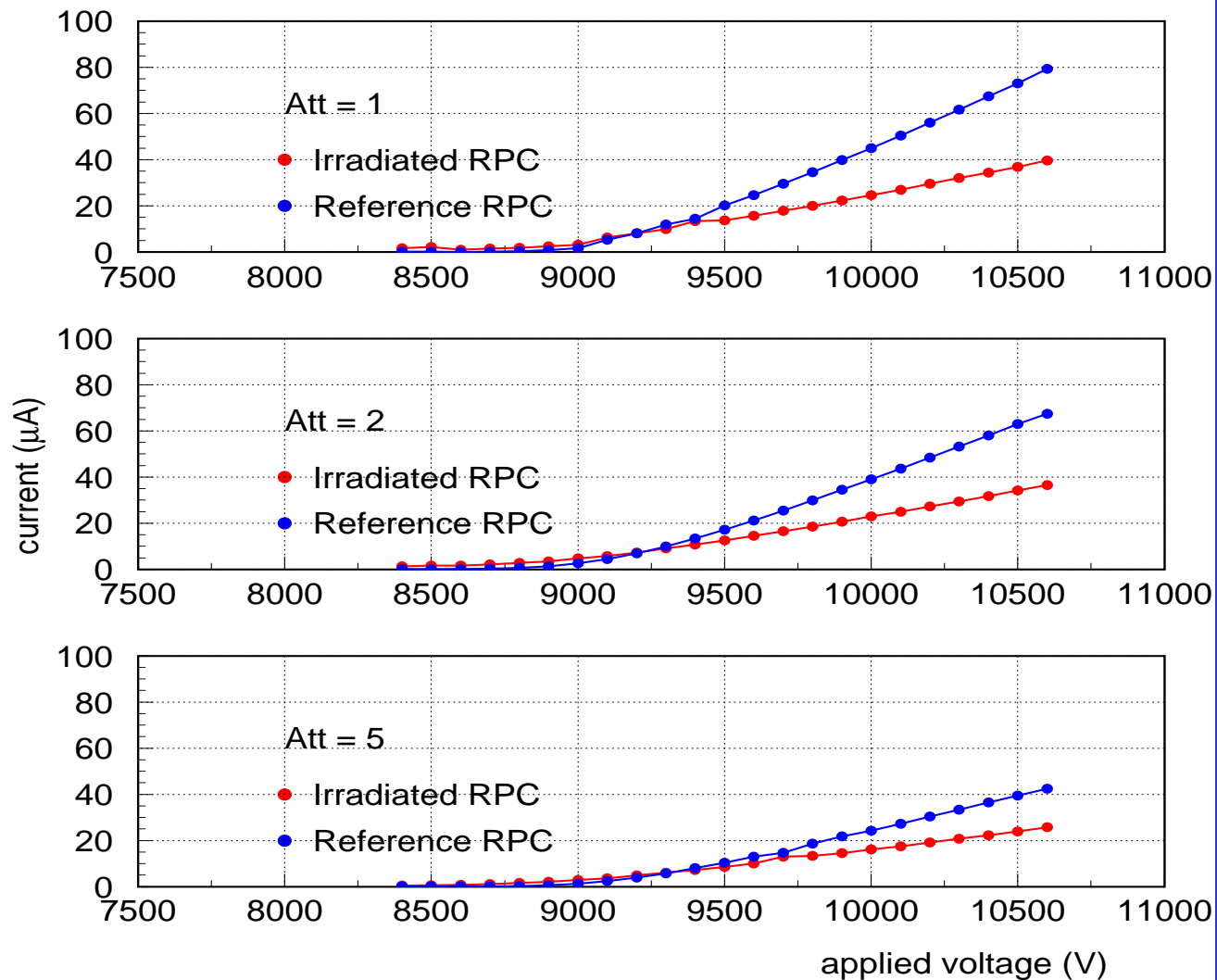
test @  $0.4 \text{ C/cm}^2 \equiv 10 \text{ LHCb years in the outer regions}$

GIF setup (August 2001)



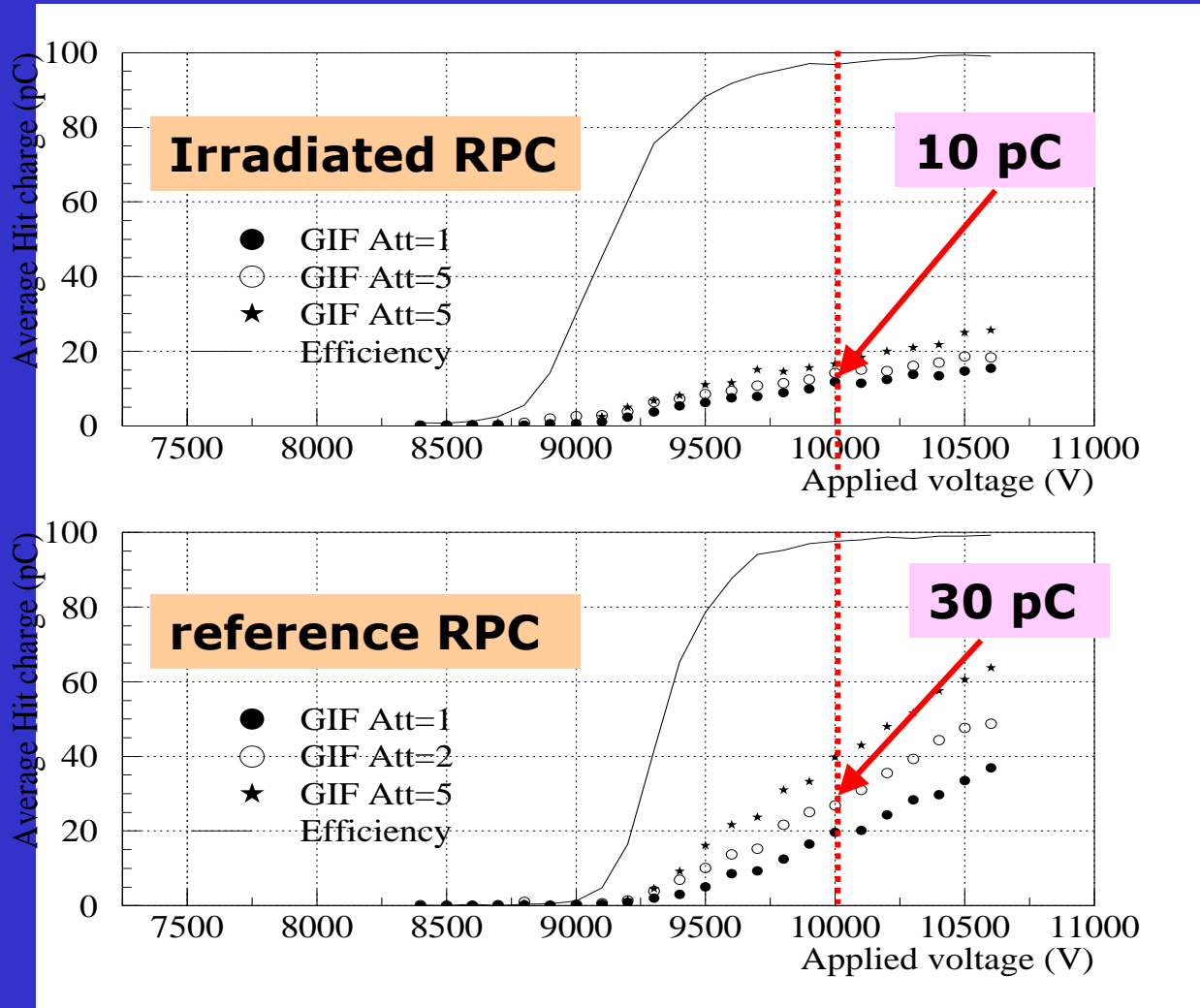
- B = reference RPC
- A = irradiated RPC

# Test results: currents



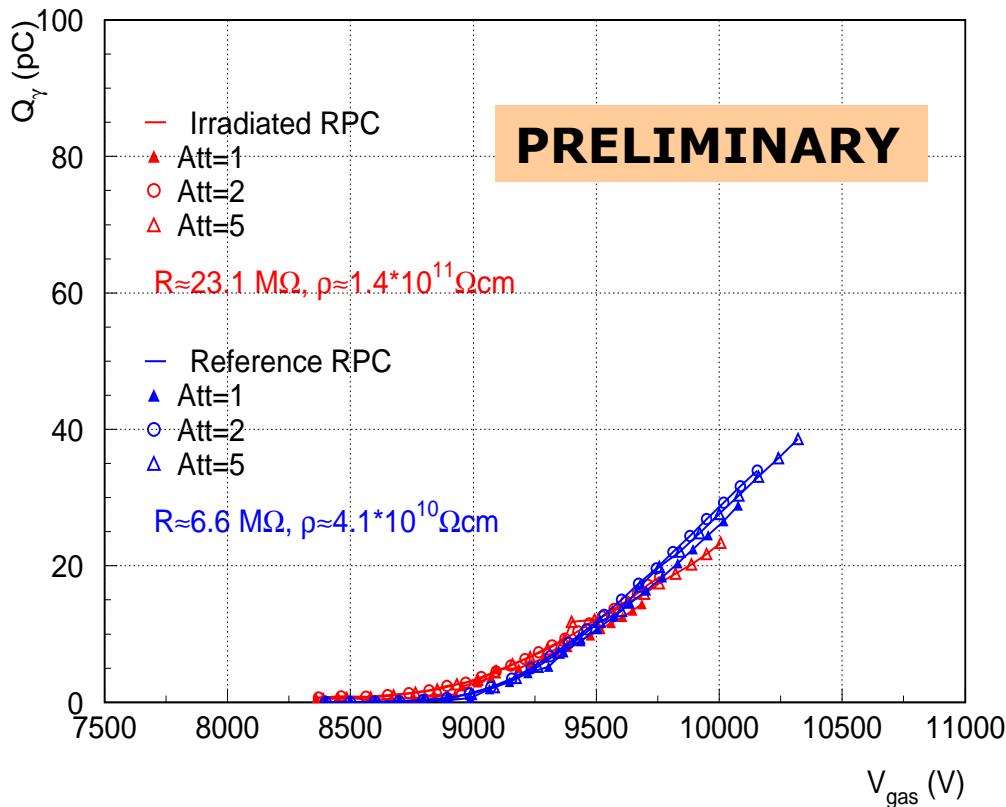
# Test results: average hit charge

Average hit charge (pC)



Applied voltage (v)

# Test results: average hit charge



Define the average charge as:

$$Q_\gamma = \text{current} / \text{expected } \gamma \text{ rate}$$

$Q_\gamma$  depends only on

$$V_{\text{gas}} = V - IR$$

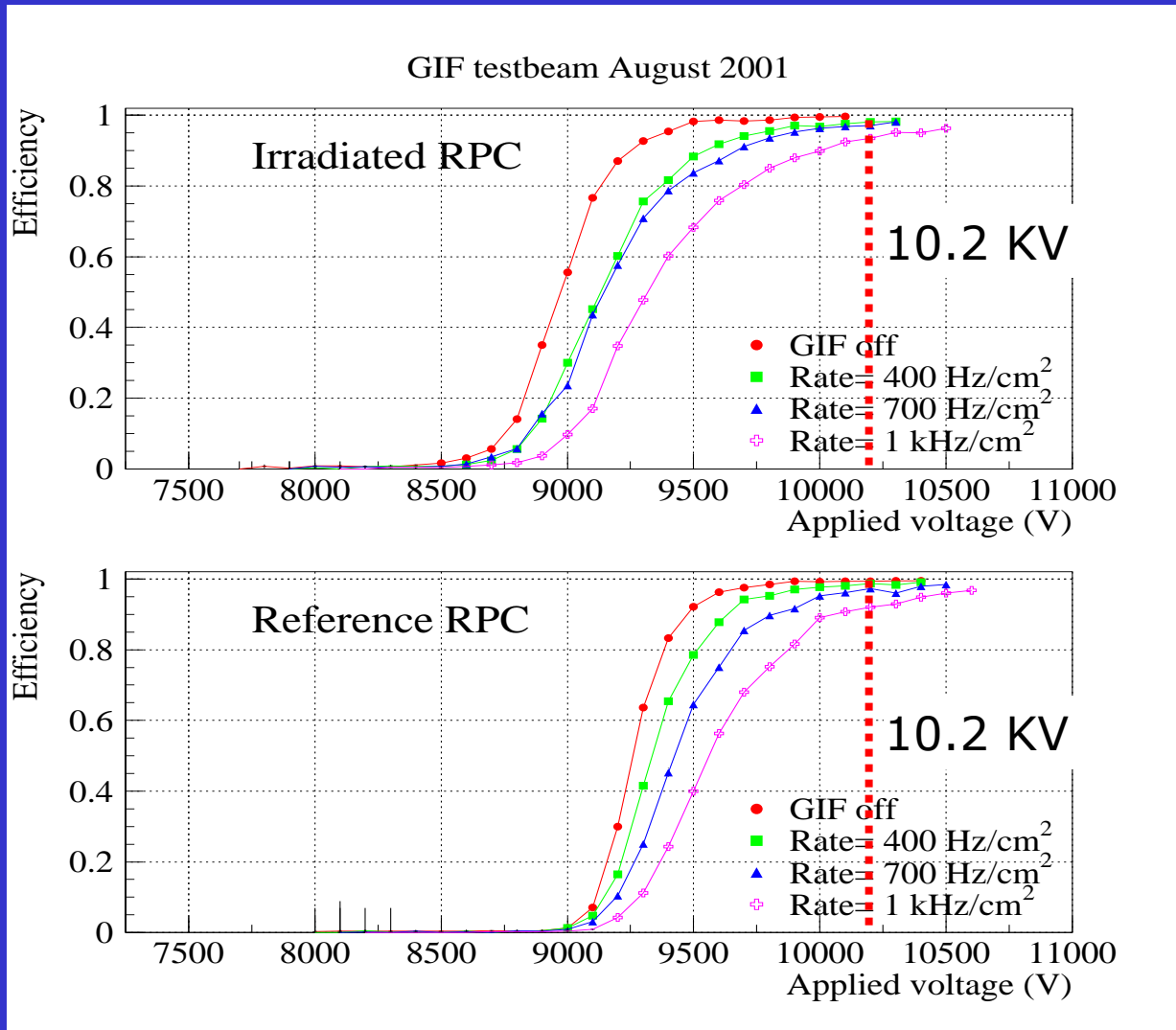
Find R giving an universal curve:

$$Q_\gamma = f(V_{\text{gas}})$$

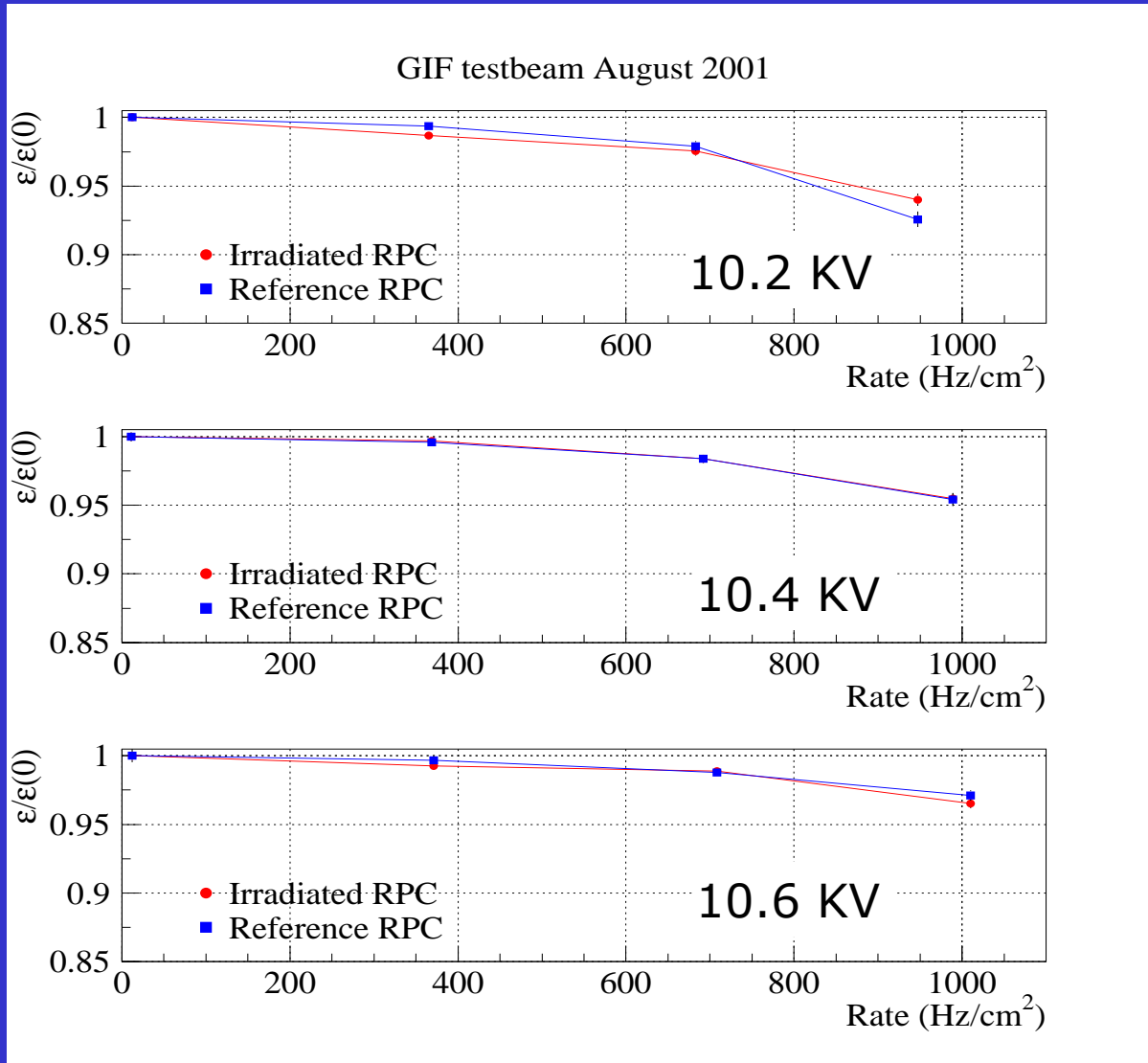
$$\rho(\text{irr.}) \sim 10^{10} \rightarrow 1.4 \times 10^{11}$$

$$\rho(\text{ref.}) \sim 10^{10} \rightarrow 4.1 \times 10^{10}$$

# Test results: efficiencies

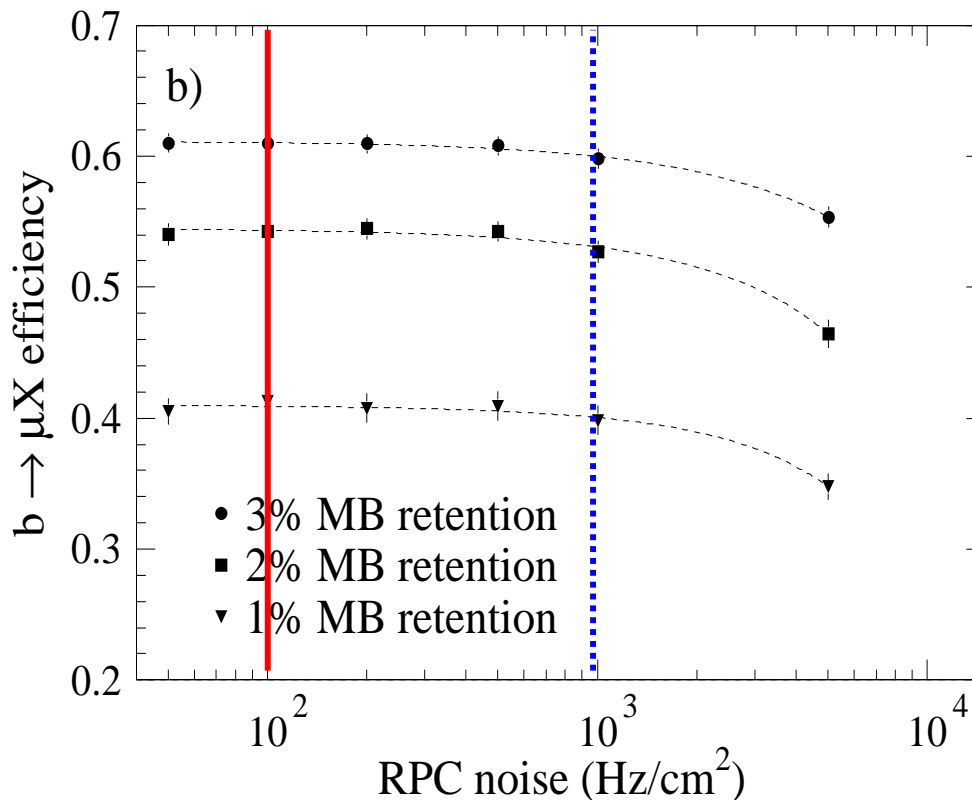


# Test results: rate capability



# Noise considerations

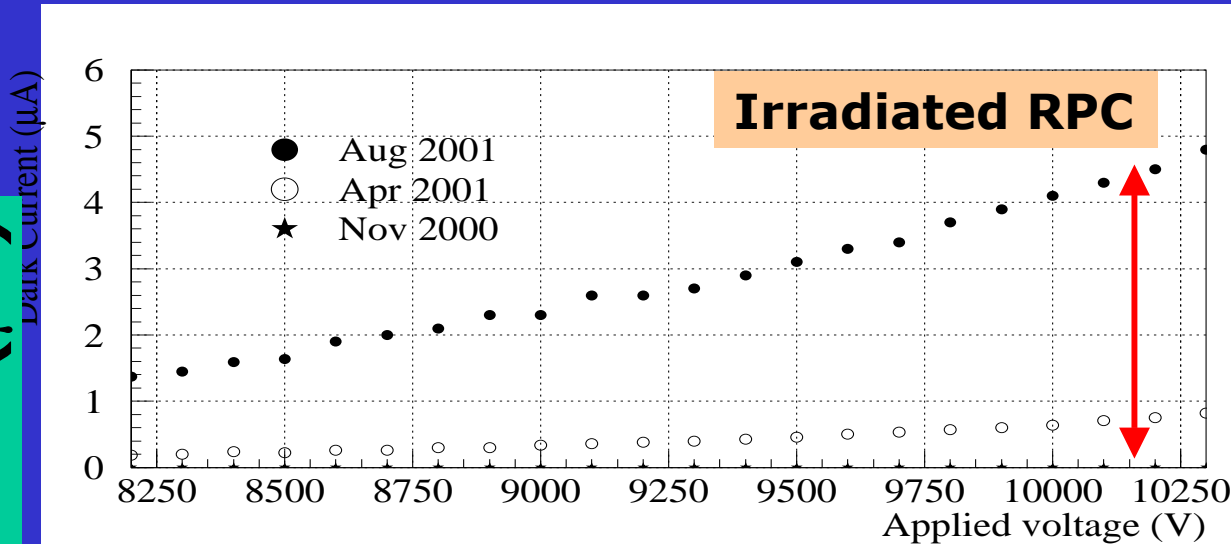
Single-gap efficiency



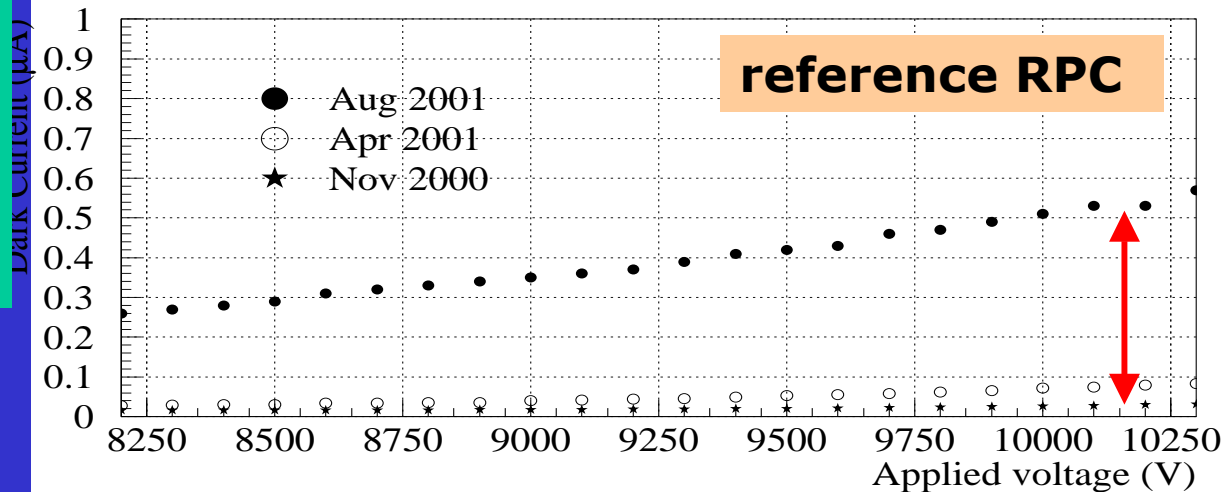
$I_{\text{dark}} < 3 \text{ nA/cm}^2$  (< 25% of extra aging)

Noise < 100 Hz/cm<sup>2</sup>

# Test results: noise



**Radiation effects:**  
 $\sim 5 \mu\text{A}$  ( $2\text{nA}/\text{cm}^2$ )



**Other systematic effects:**  $\sim 0.5 \mu\text{A}$

**Applied voltage (v)**

**Dark current ( $\mu\text{A}$ )**



# Conclusions

- **0.45 C/cm<sup>2</sup> integrated at the GIF by an LHCb RPC prototype**
- **large increase of the bakelite resistivity clearly seen in the irradiated RPC**
- **a clear increase of the dark current is also observed**

# Conclusions

- **The RPC prototype is still well efficient up to a rate of  $\sim 1$  KHz/cm<sup>2</sup>**
- **The noise level is under control**
- **The test will continue up to  $1.1$  C/cm<sup>2</sup>; other prototypes will be irradiated next year**