

3D Simulation of μB due to SC Effects

methods:

- tracking with 3D SC fields
- tracking with periodic 3D SC fields

real shot noise (one macro particle per electron)
no CSR effects, no wakes

bunches:

- 5.8 A, $\varepsilon_n \approx 0.2 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma_{E0} \approx 450 \text{ eV}$
- 18 A, $\varepsilon_n \approx 0.5 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma_{E0} \approx 1 \text{ keV}$

1) laser heater off (but with LH chicane)

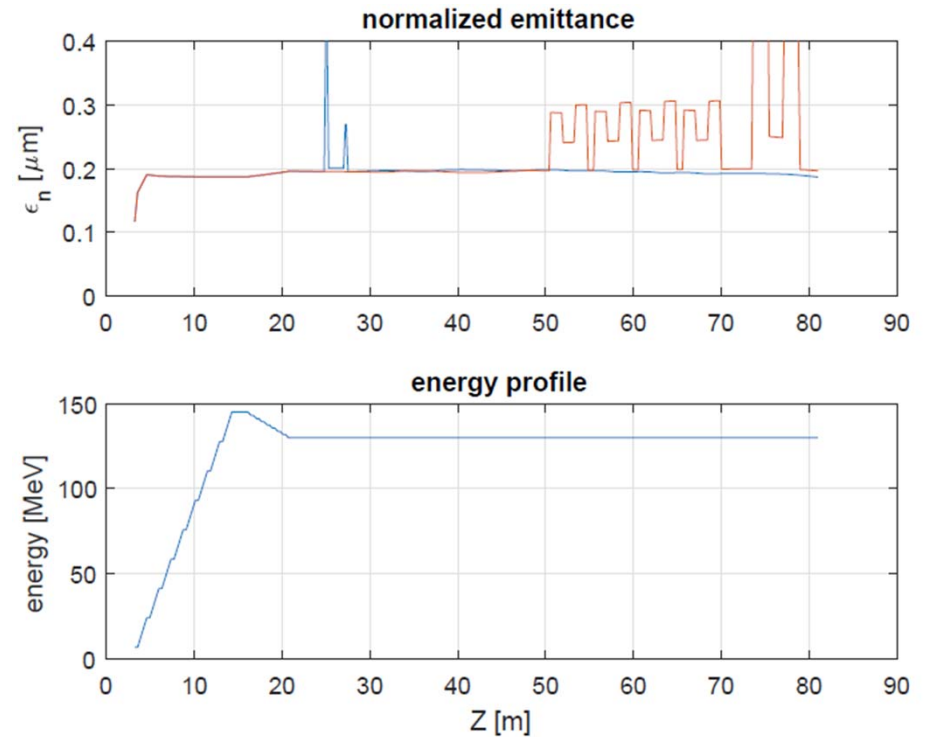
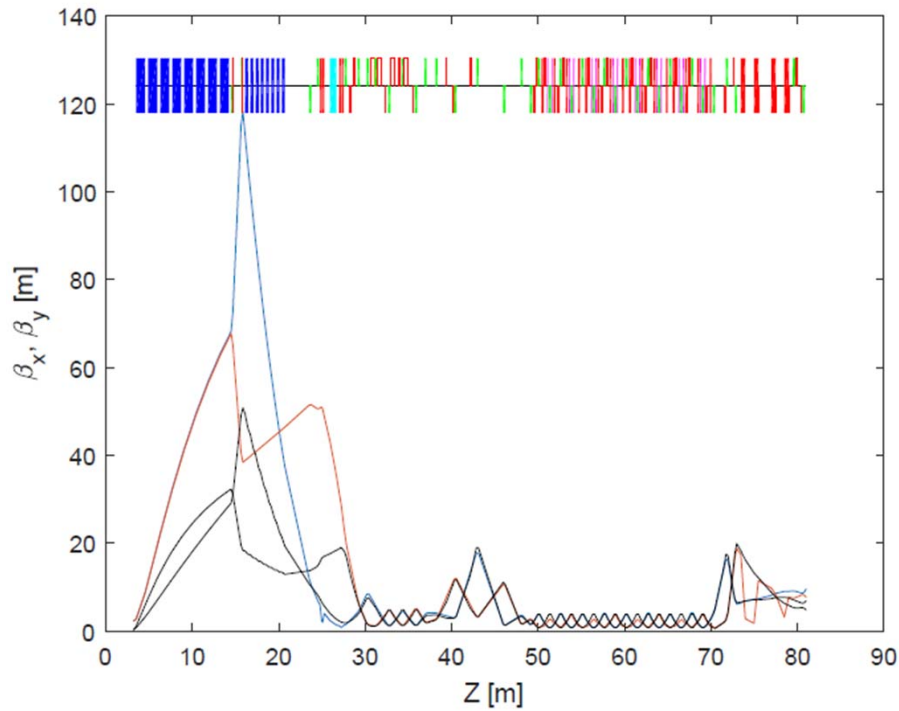
2) increased initial (gaussian) energy spread; LH is still off

3) increase energy with LH

“5.8 A beam”

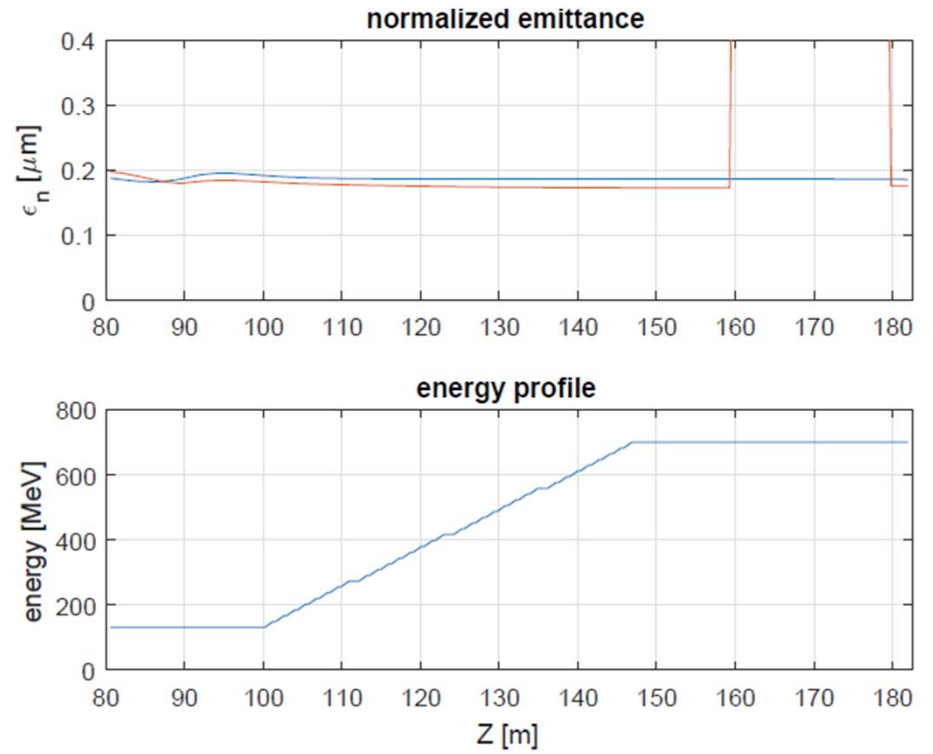
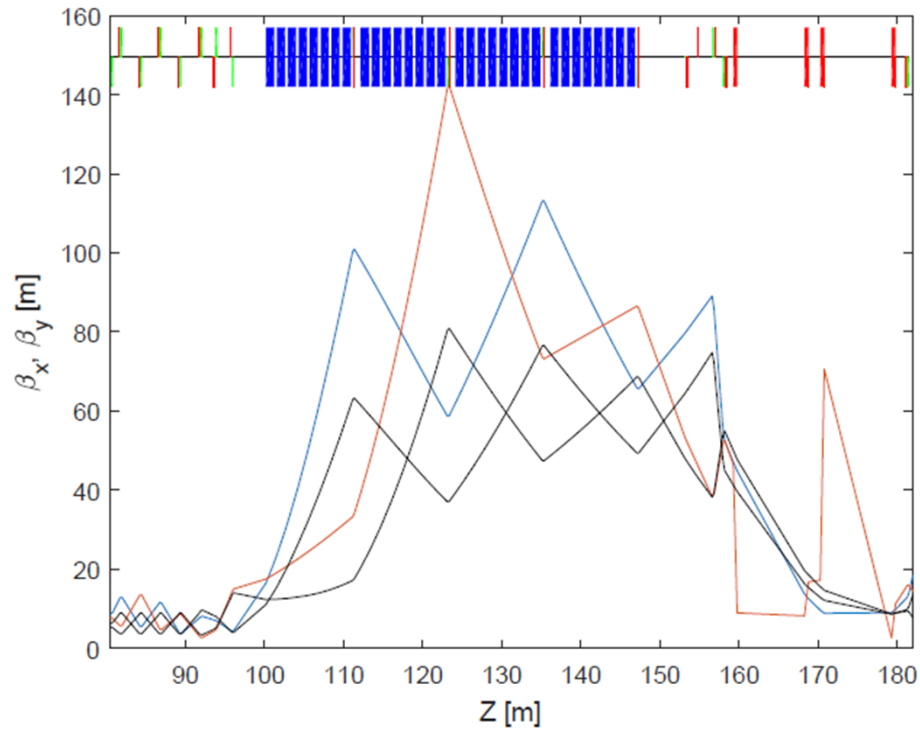
beam parameters:

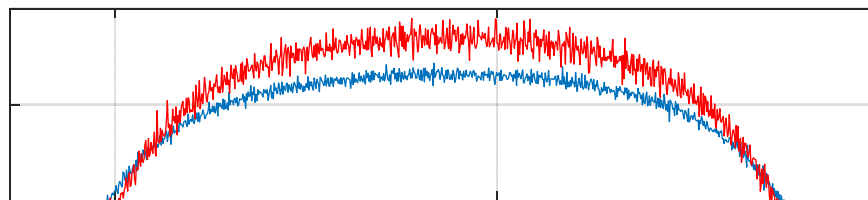
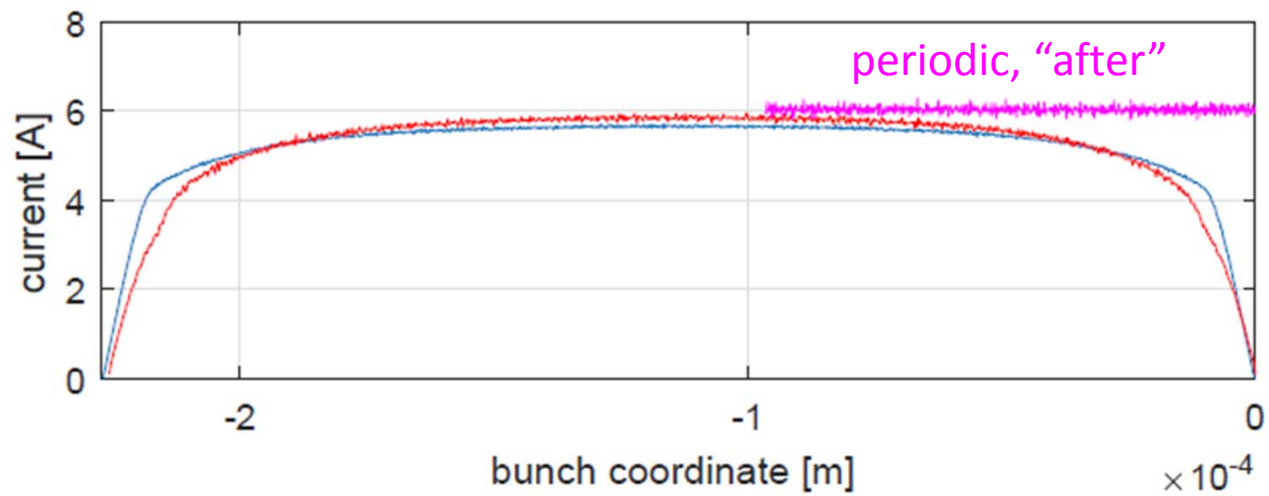
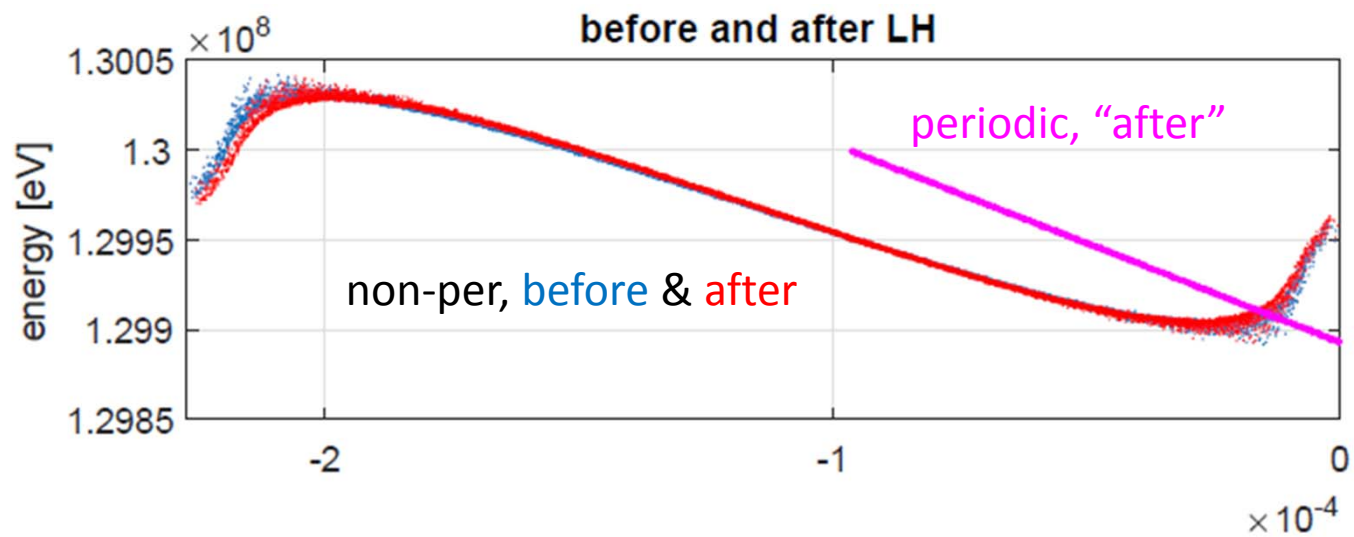
initial beam current 5.8A;
normalized emittance after A1 $0.188 \mu\text{m}$ (in both planes);
initial energy 6.65 MeV;
initial beamline coordinate 3.3 m;
uncorrelated energy spread 450 eV, gaussian;
bunch is generated by random generator; horizontal, vertical and longitudinal phase spaces are decoupled; the initial beam is round, all transverse density functions are gaussian; twiss parameters $\alpha_x = \alpha_y$ and $\beta_x = \beta_y$ are chosen according to a Astra simulation; the emittances are chosen $\varepsilon_x = \varepsilon_y$ to obtain a normalized emittance of about $0.2 \mu\text{m}$ after A1;
the chirp of A1 is chosen for an compression $C_0 = 3.5$ after bunch compressor BC0;

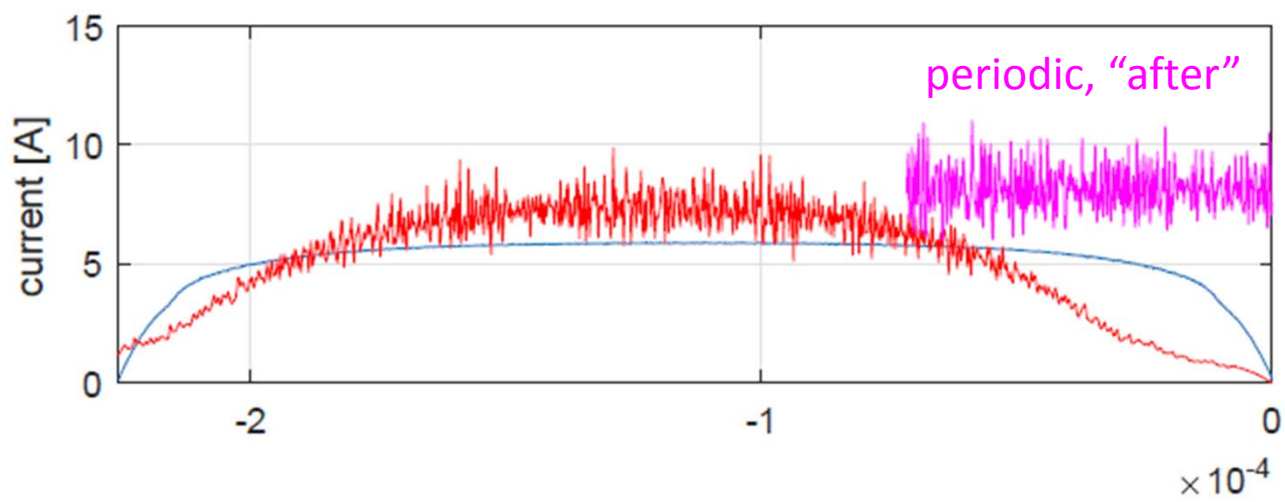
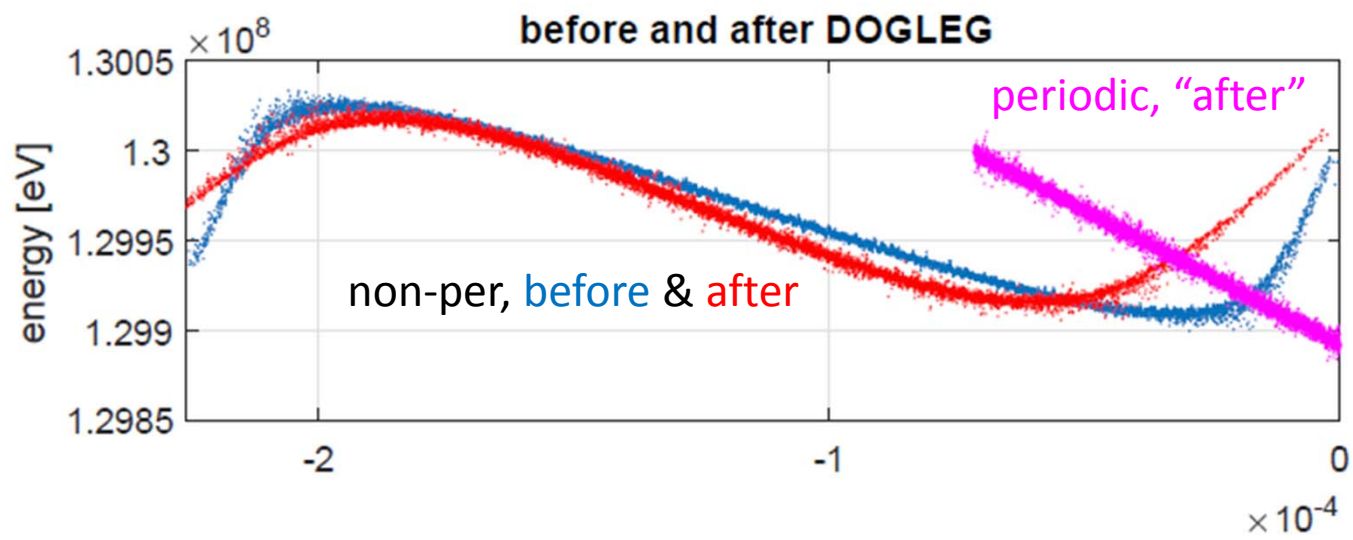


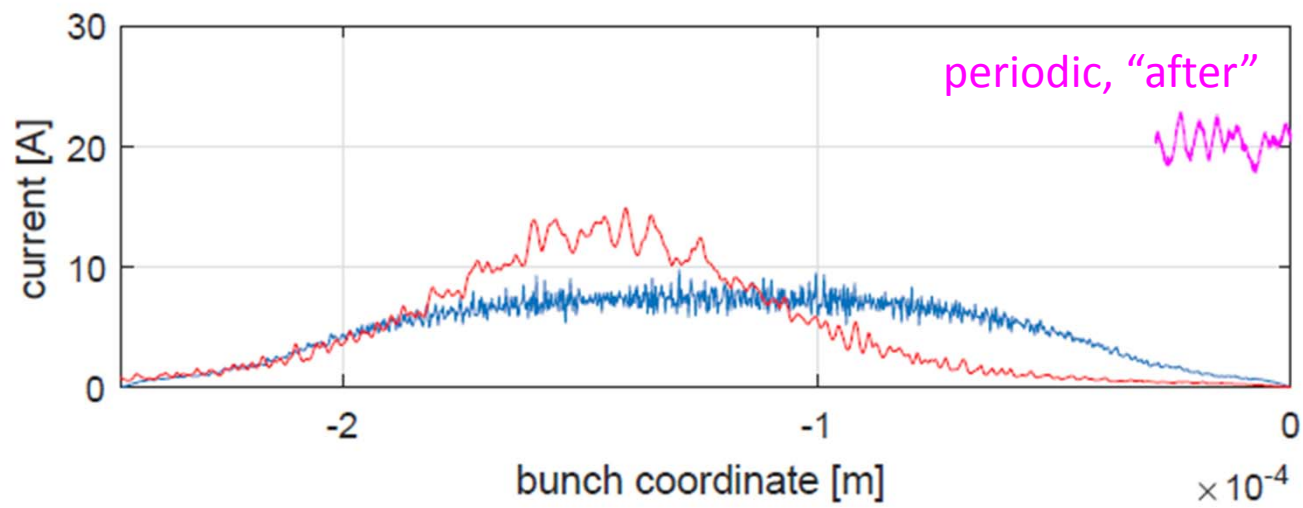
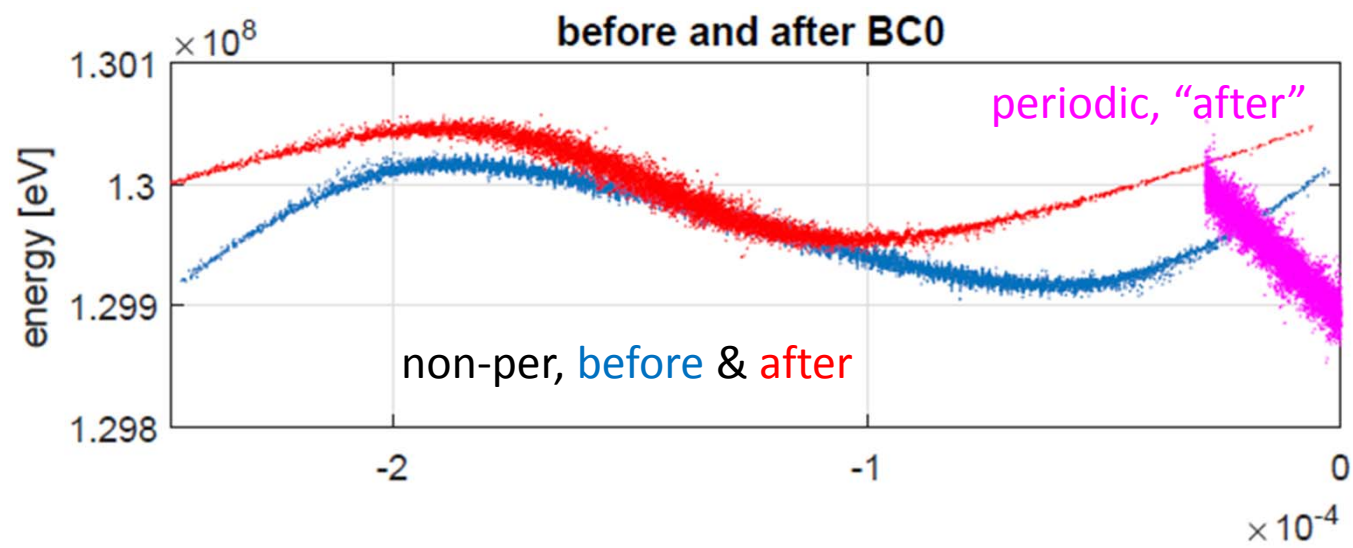
dispersive things and compression:

r56LH/mm=4.7
r56DOGLEG/mm=30.8
r56BC0/mm=54.2
r56BC1/mm=51.7;
beam current after BC0 is 20.3A;
beam current after BC1 is 162A;

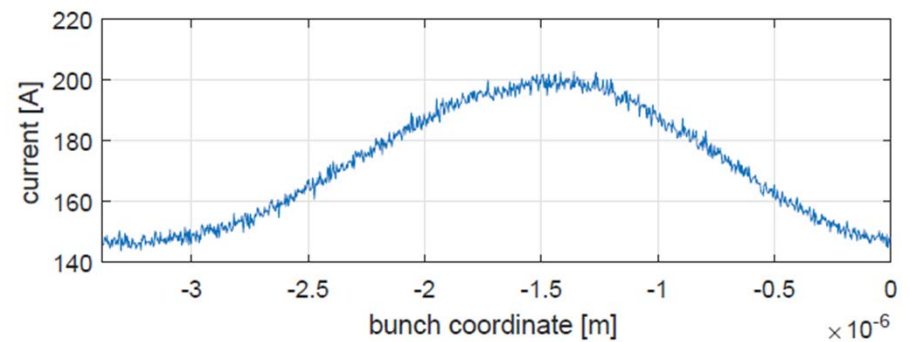
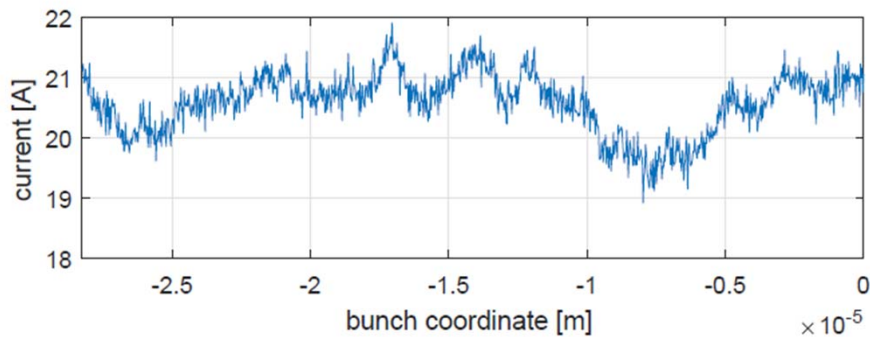
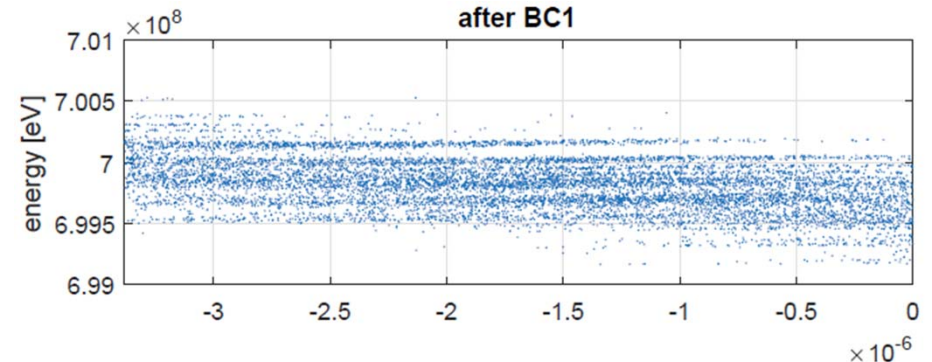
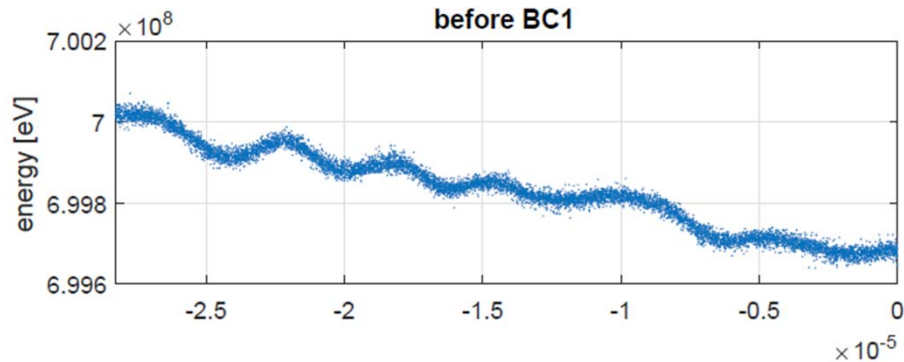








all further simulations with periodic model



lowest wavelength is defined by
period length of simulation!!!

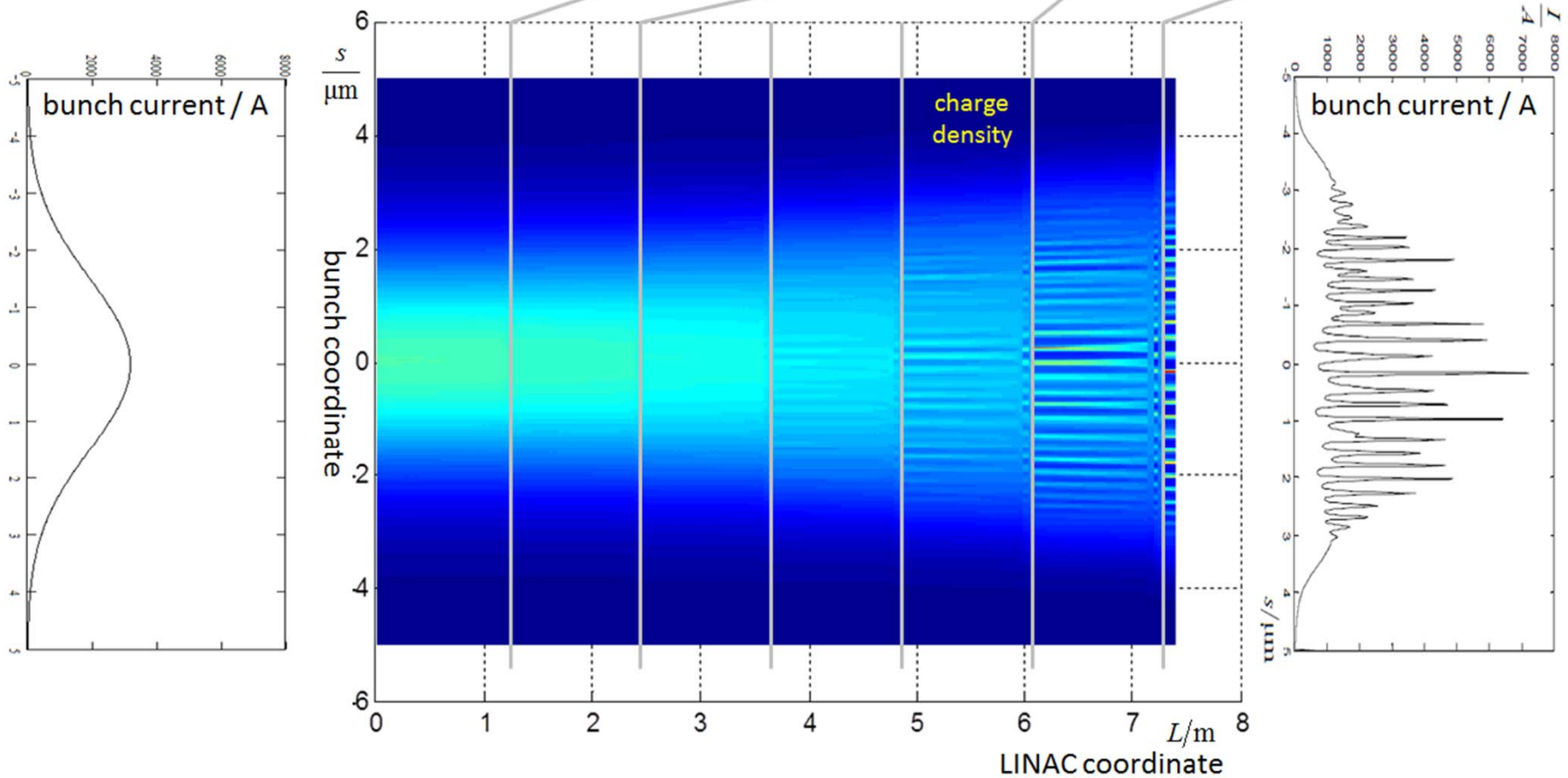
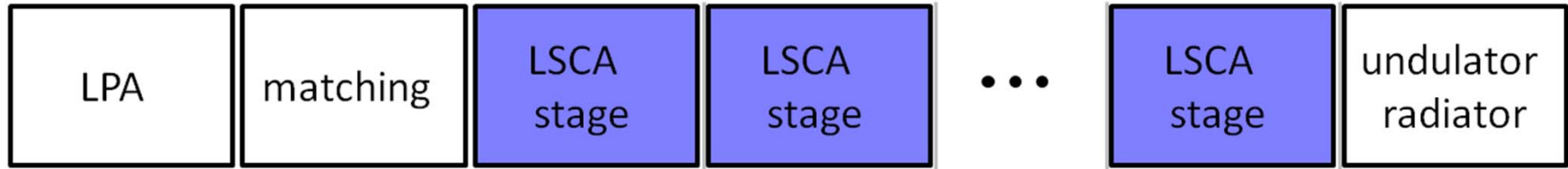
	current (A)	rms noise (A)	σ_E (eV)
before LH	5.8	0.030	560
after LH	6.0	0.063	580
before DOGLEG	6.0	0.024	1340
after DOGLEG	8.1	0.89	2530
before BC0	8.1	0.85	4060
after BC0	20.3	1.05	10350
before BC1	20.6	0.50	22170
after BC1	172	18.8	190E3

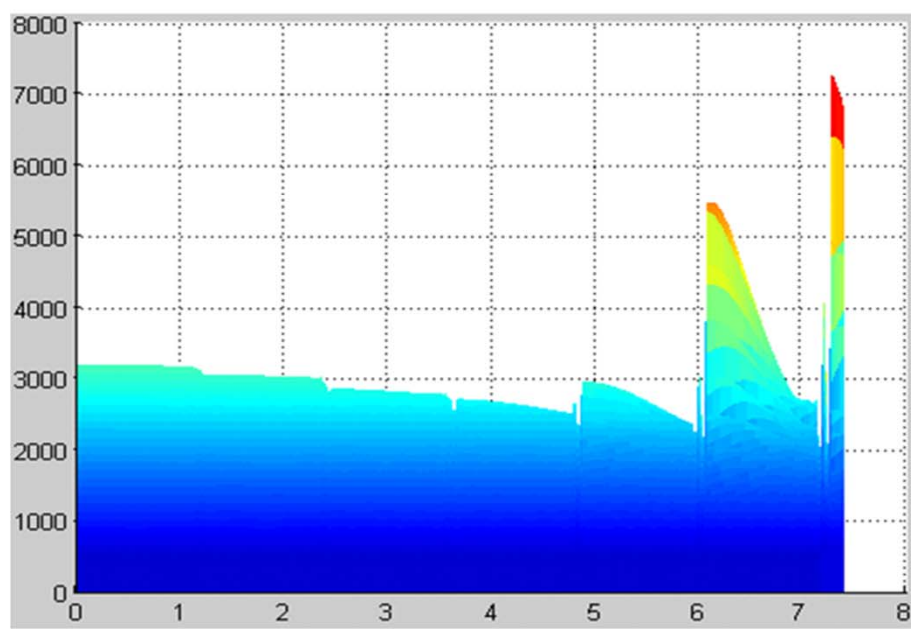
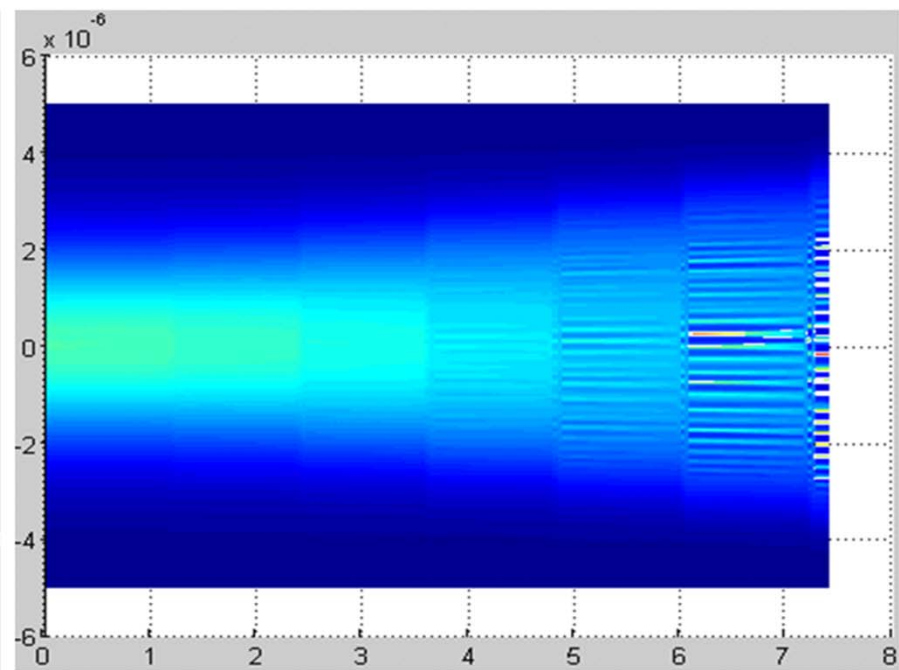
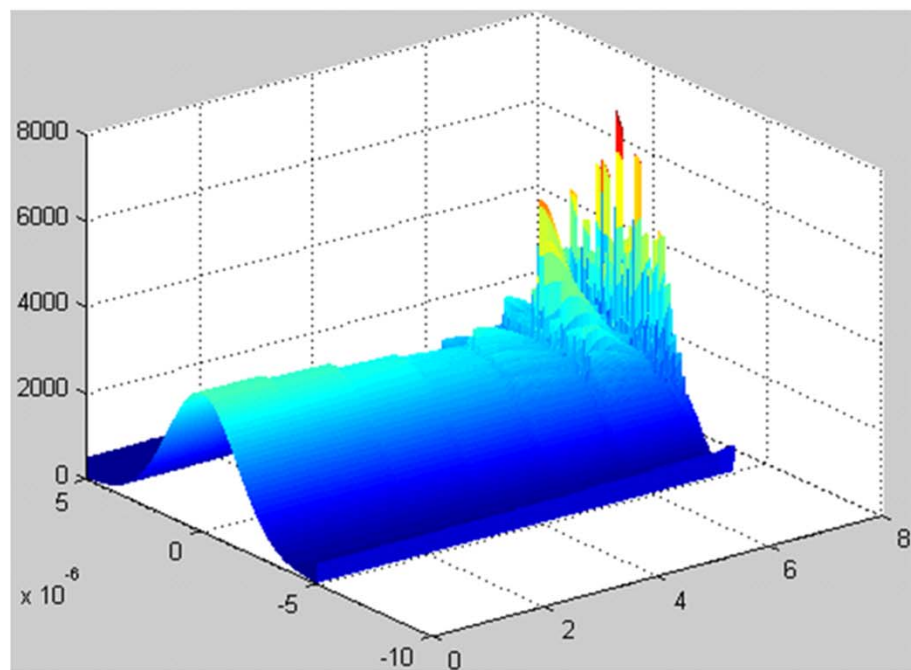
energy spread is always increased

current noise is increased in dispersive sections

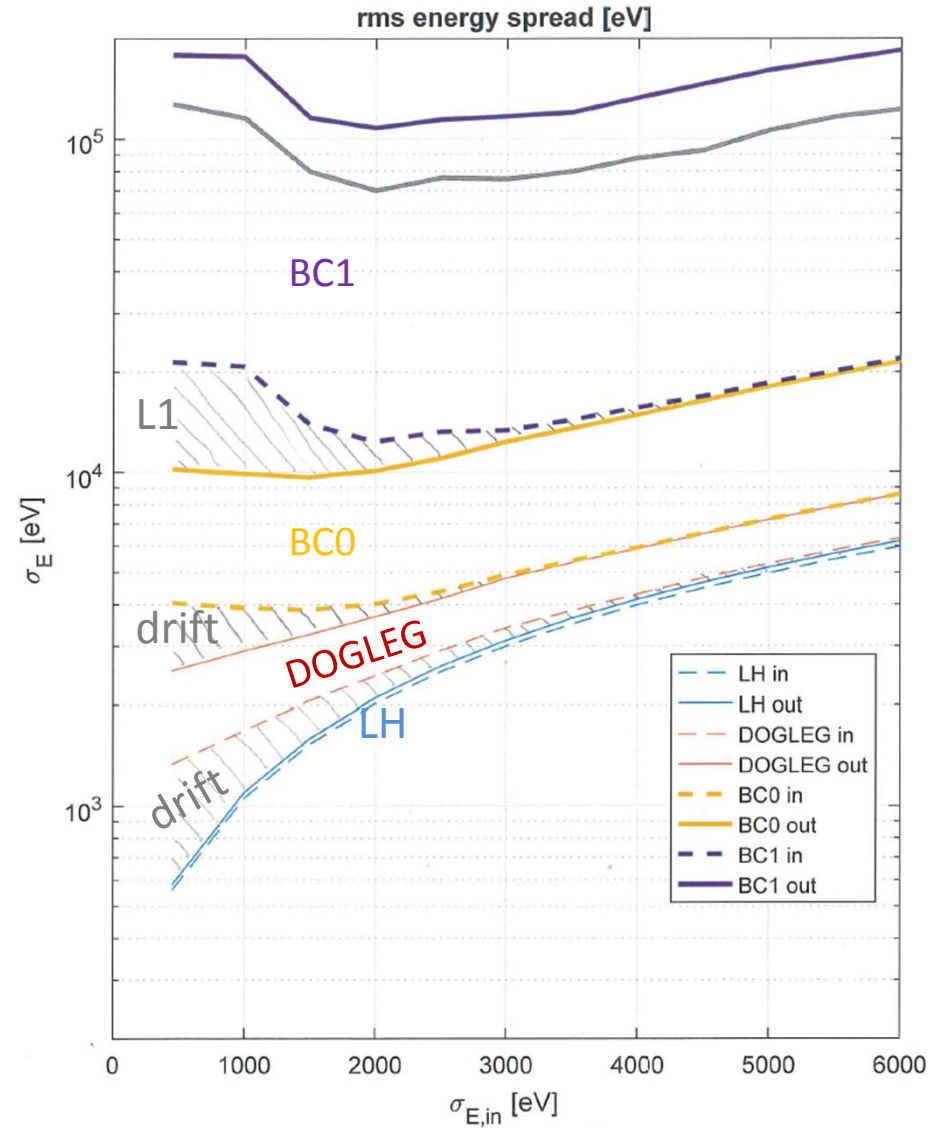
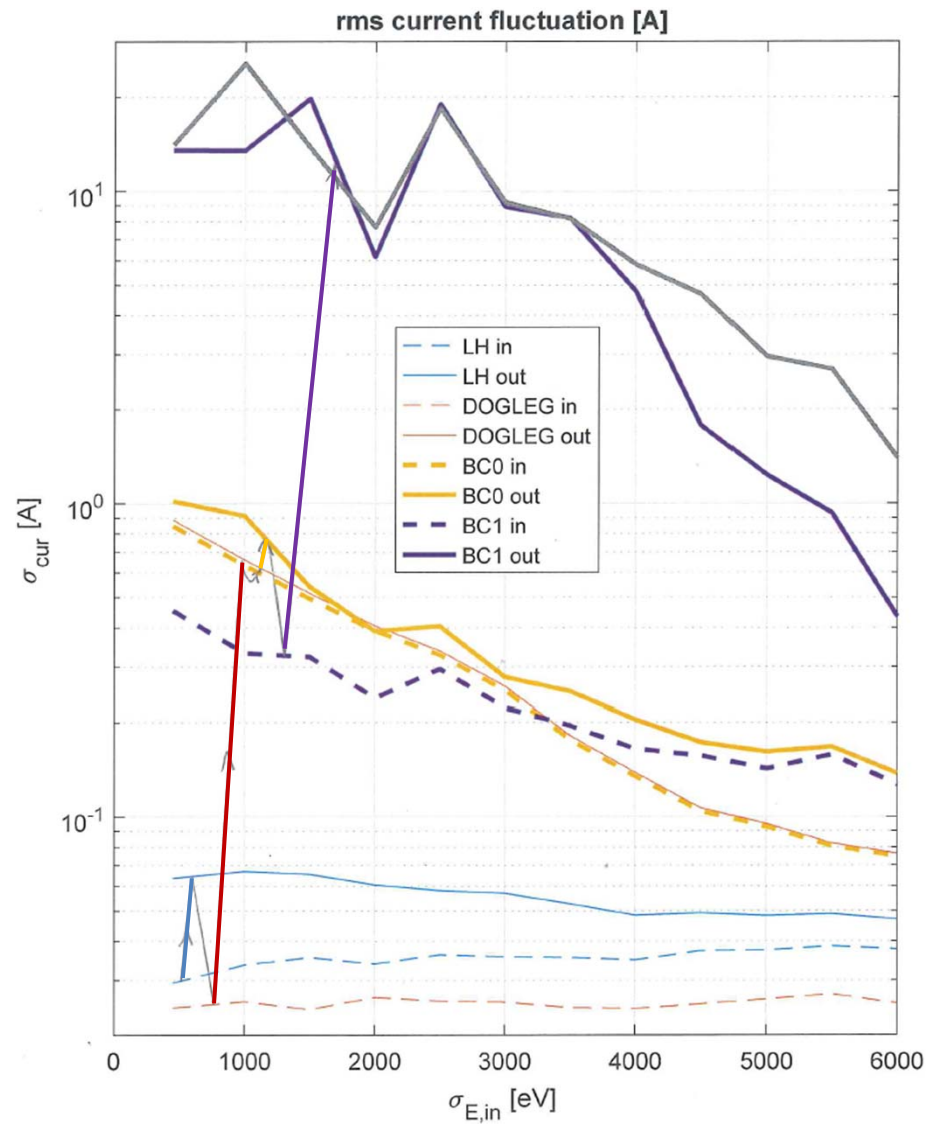
current noise is reduced in non-dispersive sections!

same effect in LSCA stages



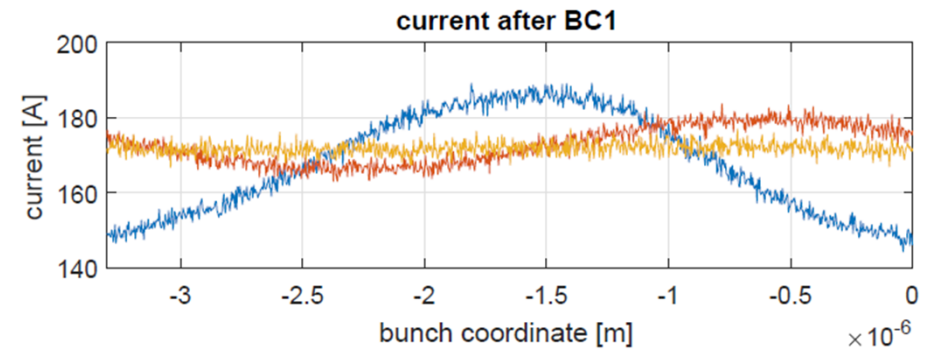
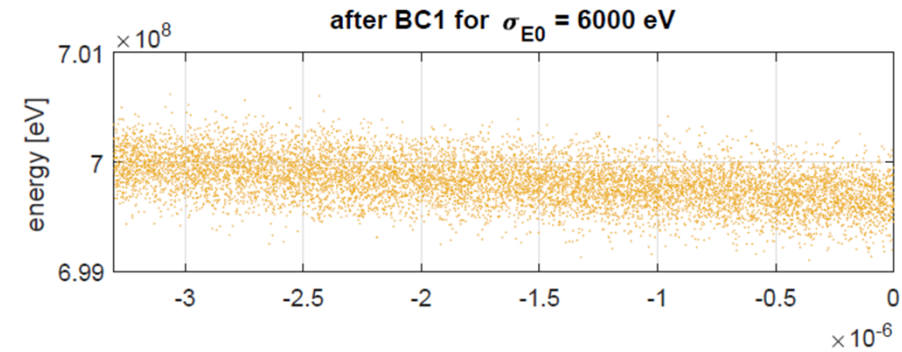
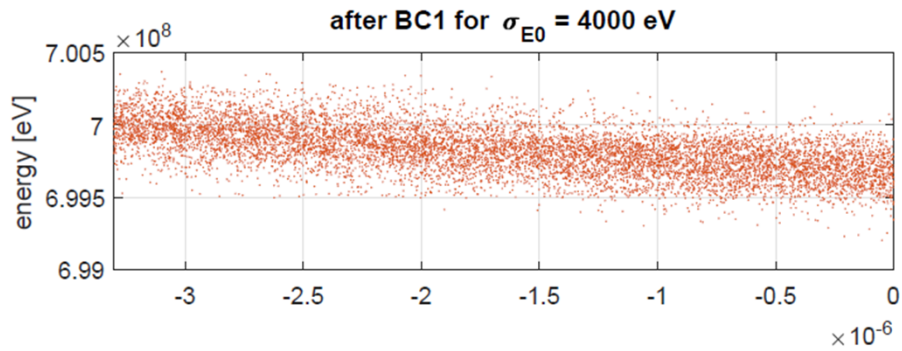
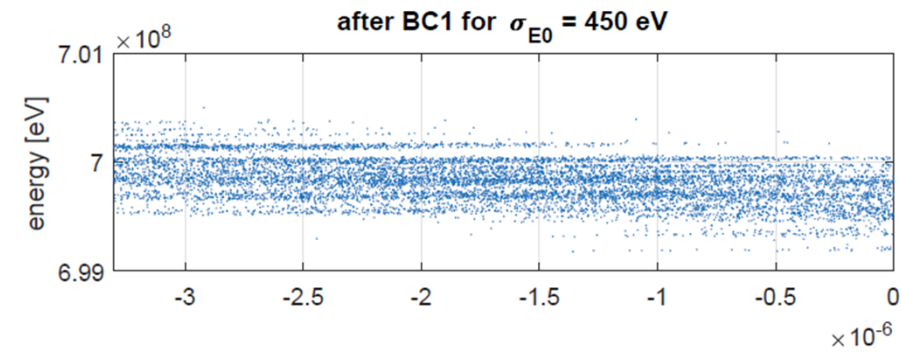


scan: initial energy spread (gaussian!)

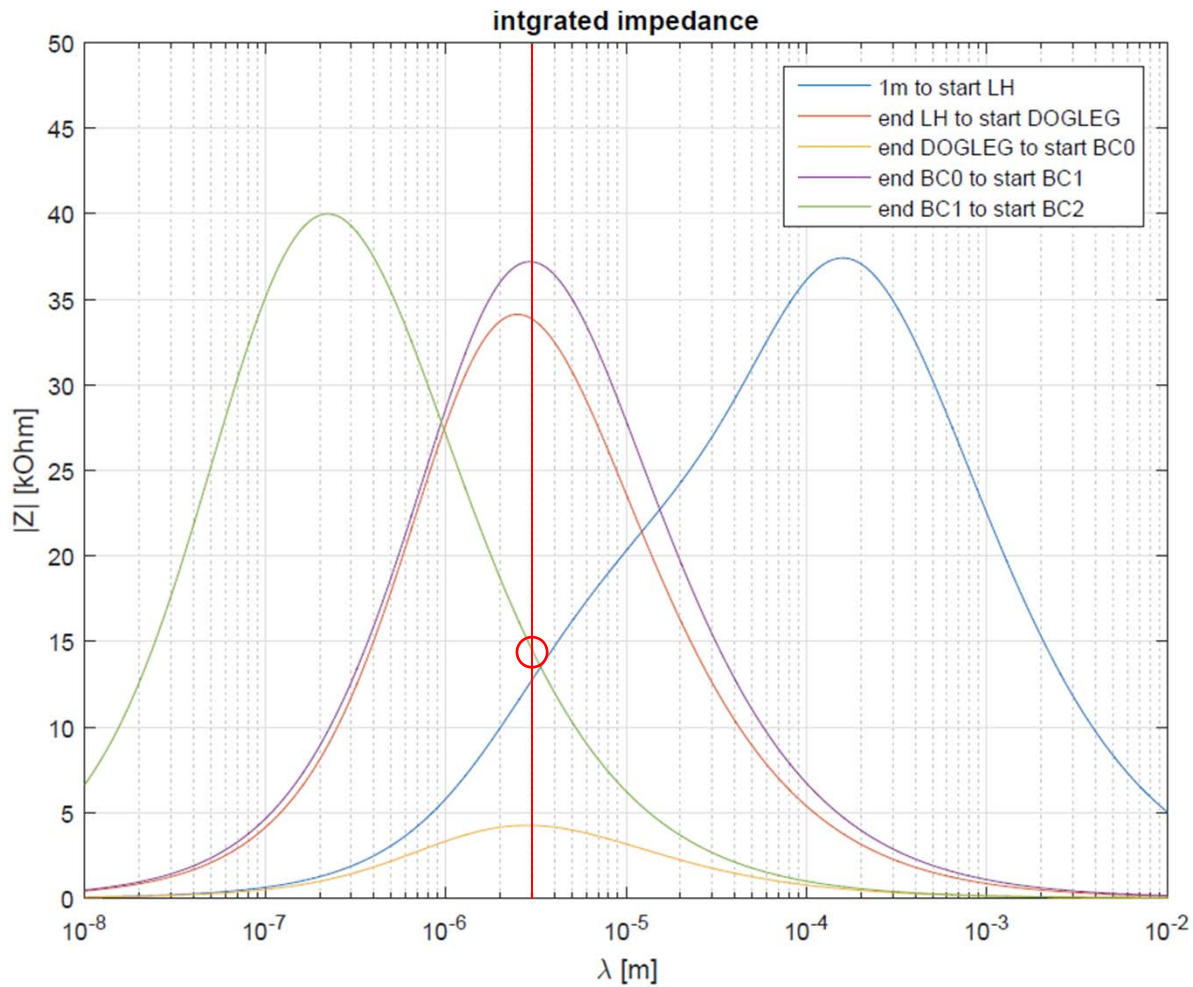


purple C1=8
gray C1=5.5

“fast” noise is suppressed after BC1

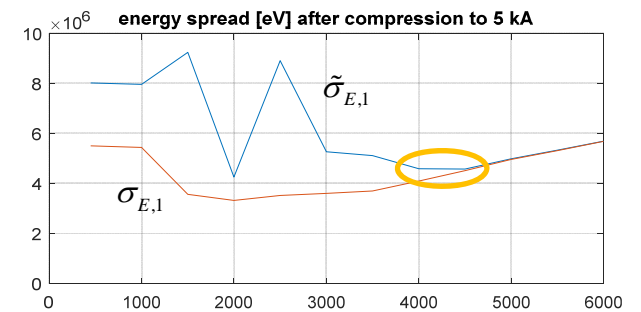
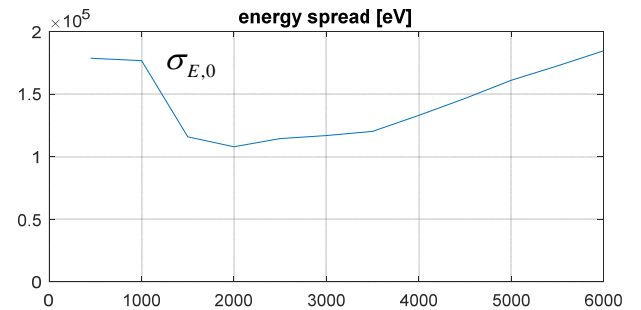
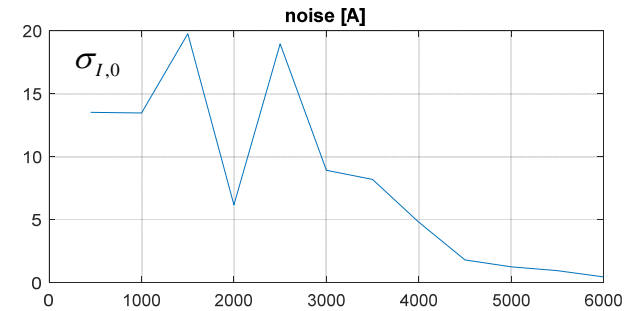


lowest wavelength is defined by
period length of simulation!!!



$$\sigma_{E,1} = C\sigma_{E,0}$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{E,1} = C\sqrt{(\sigma_{E,0})^2 + |Z\sigma_{I,0}|^2}$$



energy spread for 5kA > 4.5 MeV

“18 A beam”

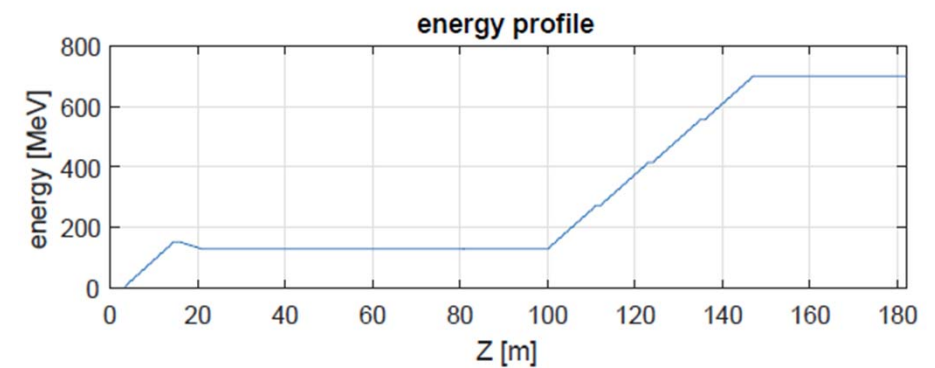
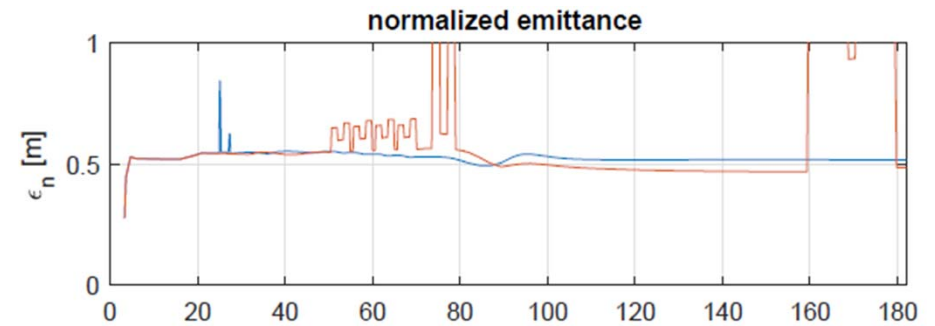
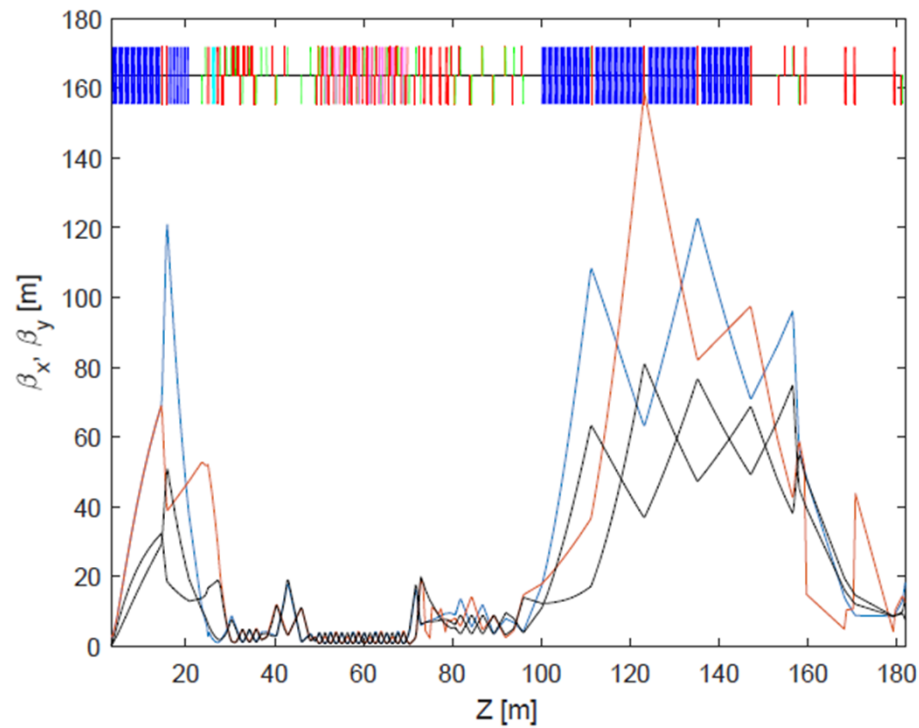
a szenario that is closer to the present XFEL operation:

inital beam current 18A;

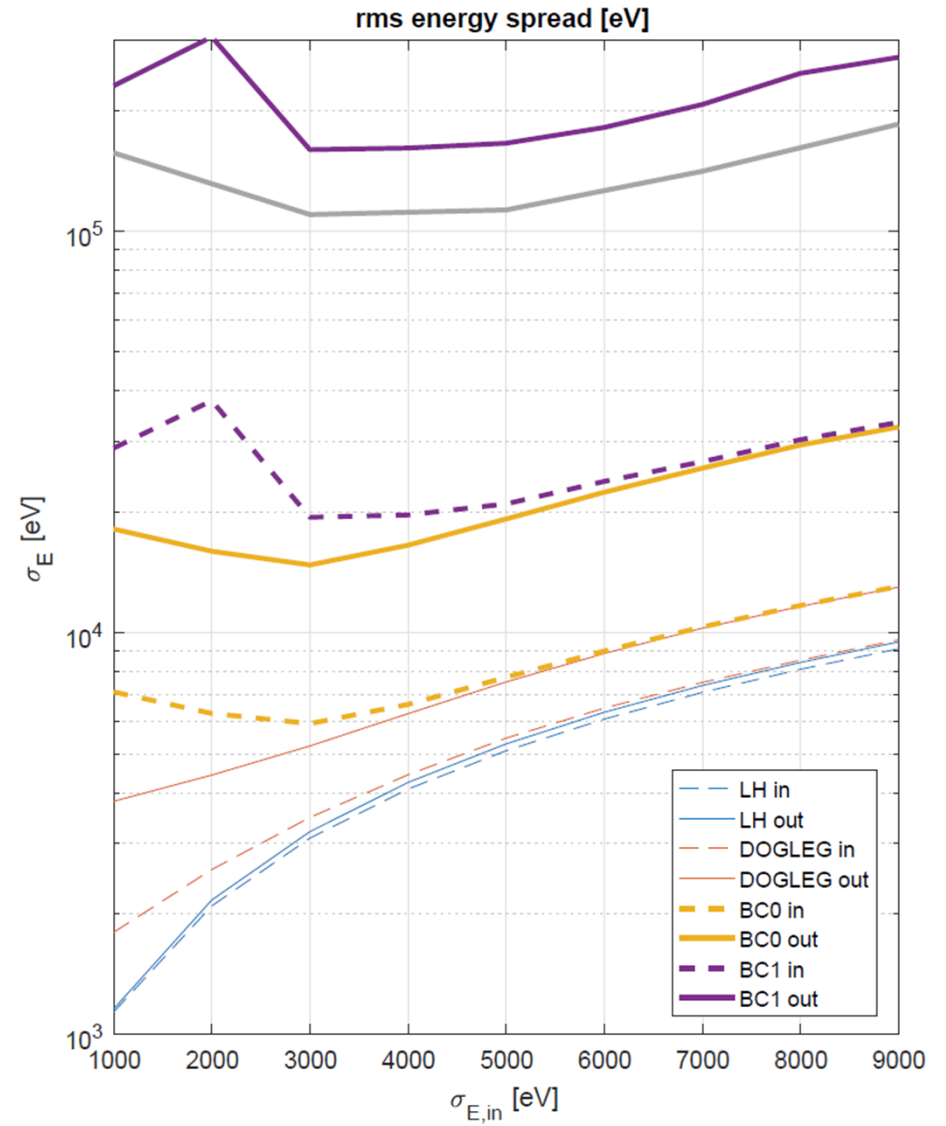
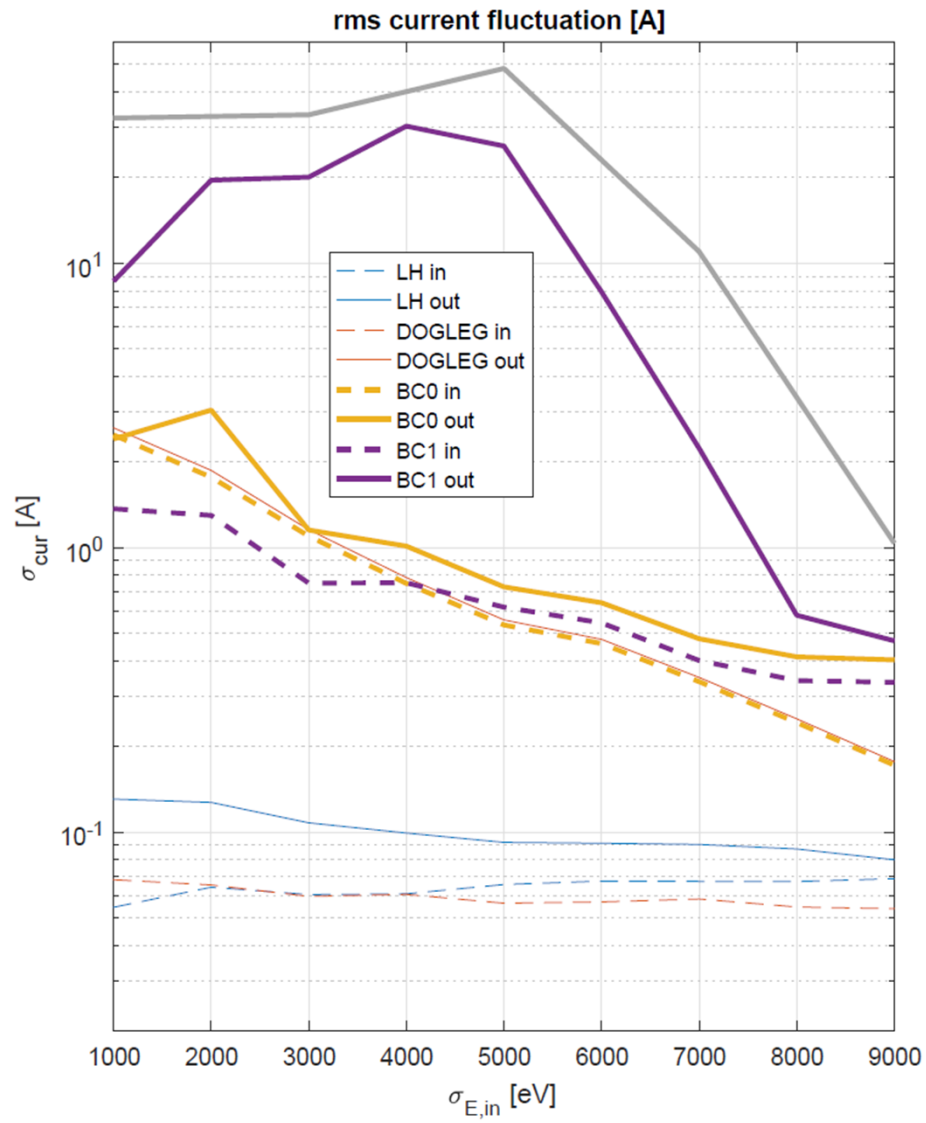
normalized emittance after A1 is $0.5 \mu\text{m}$;

uncorrelated energy spread is 1000 eV, gaussian;

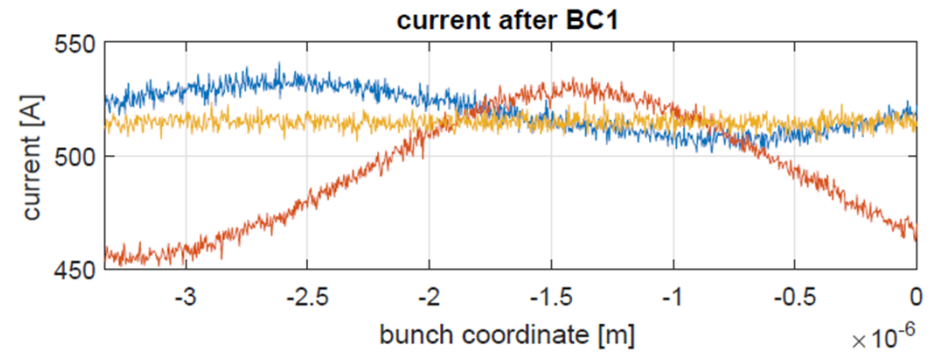
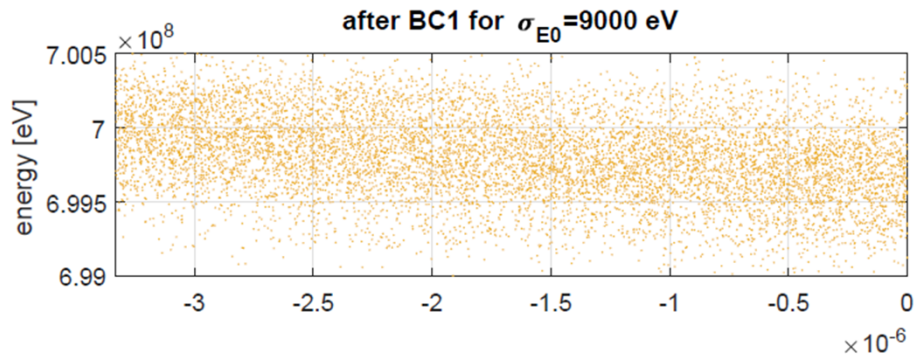
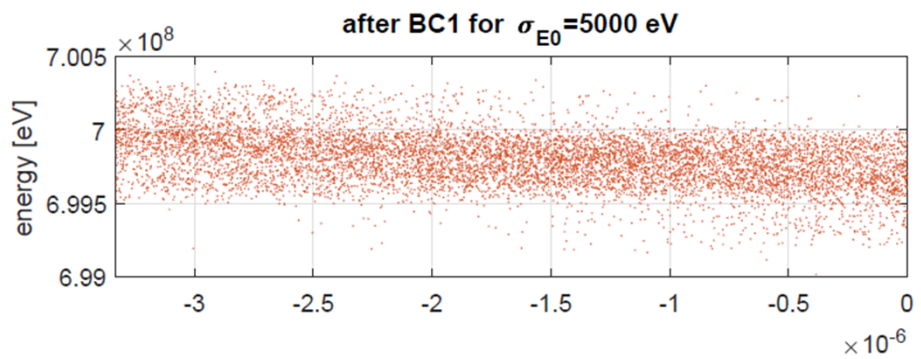
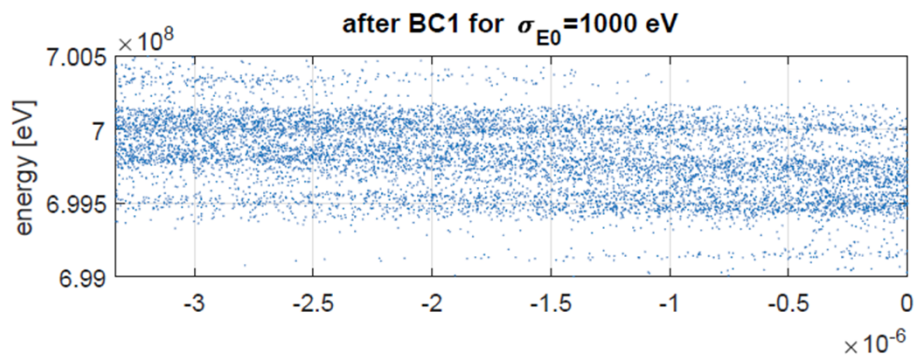
all other parameters are chosen as before;

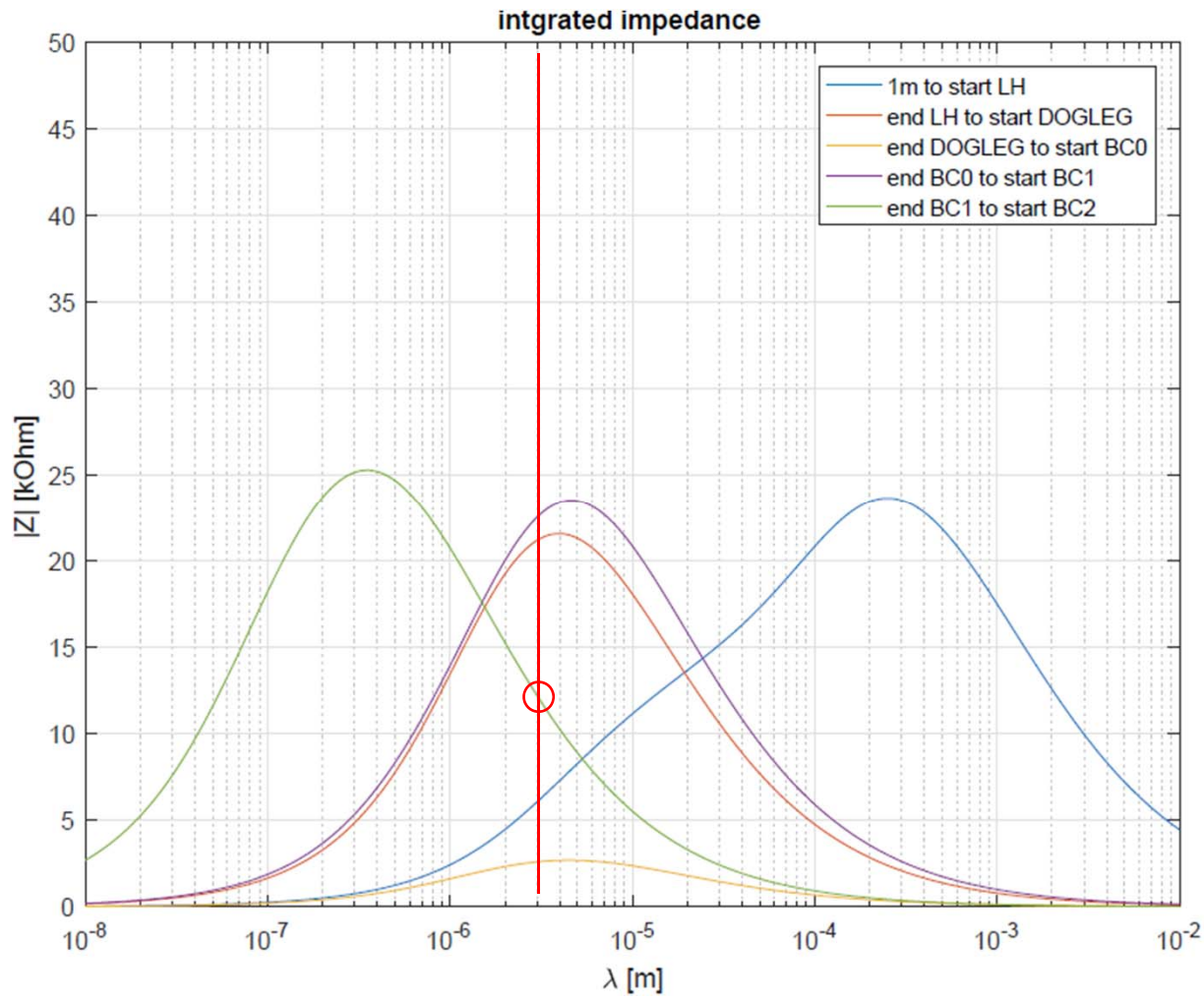


scan: initial energy spread (gaussian!)



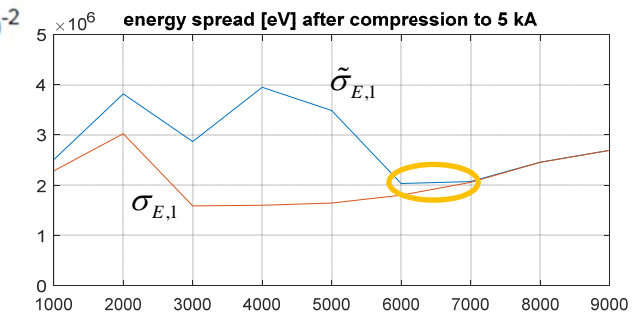
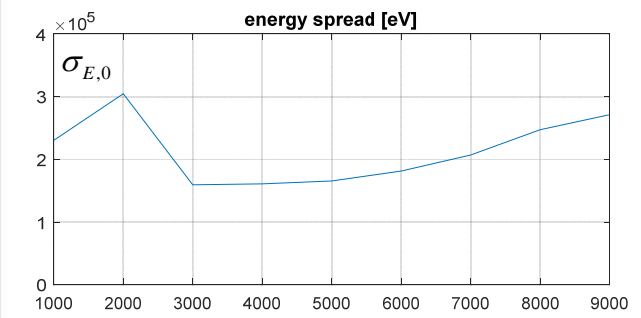
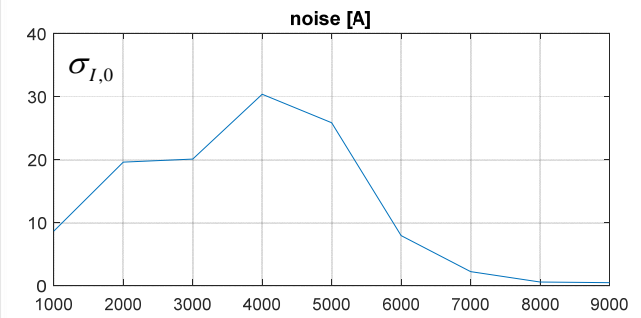
purple C1=8
gray C1=5.5





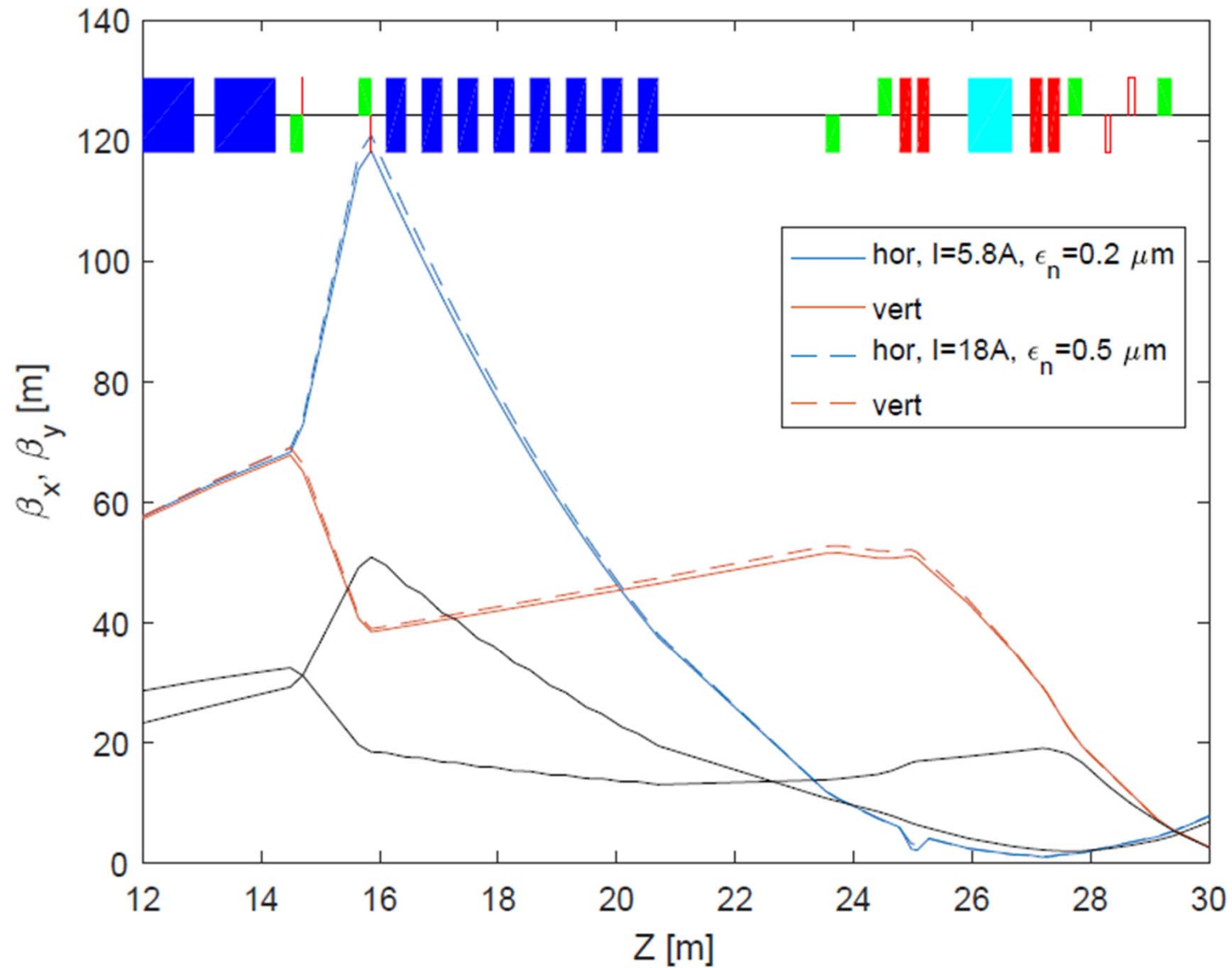
$$\sigma_{E,1} = C\sigma_{E,0}$$

$$\tilde{\sigma}_{E,1} = C\sqrt{(\sigma_{E,0})^2 + |Z\sigma_{I,0}|^2}$$

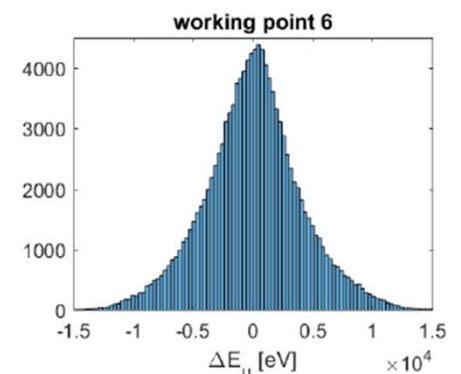
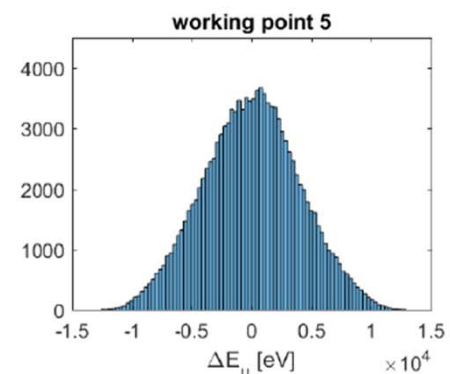
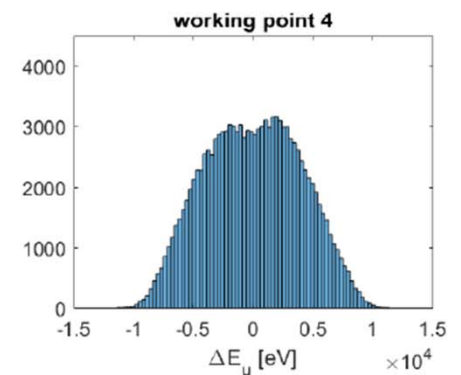
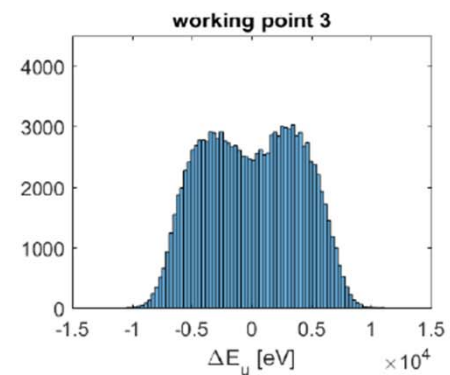
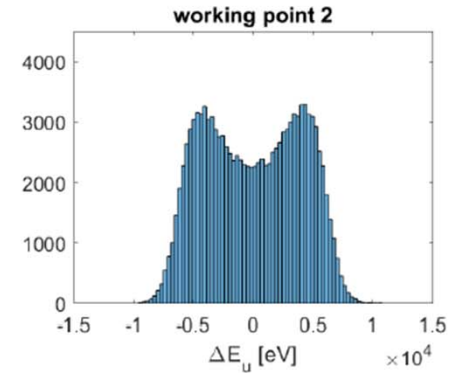
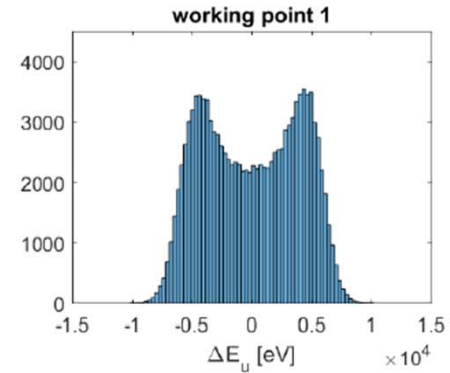
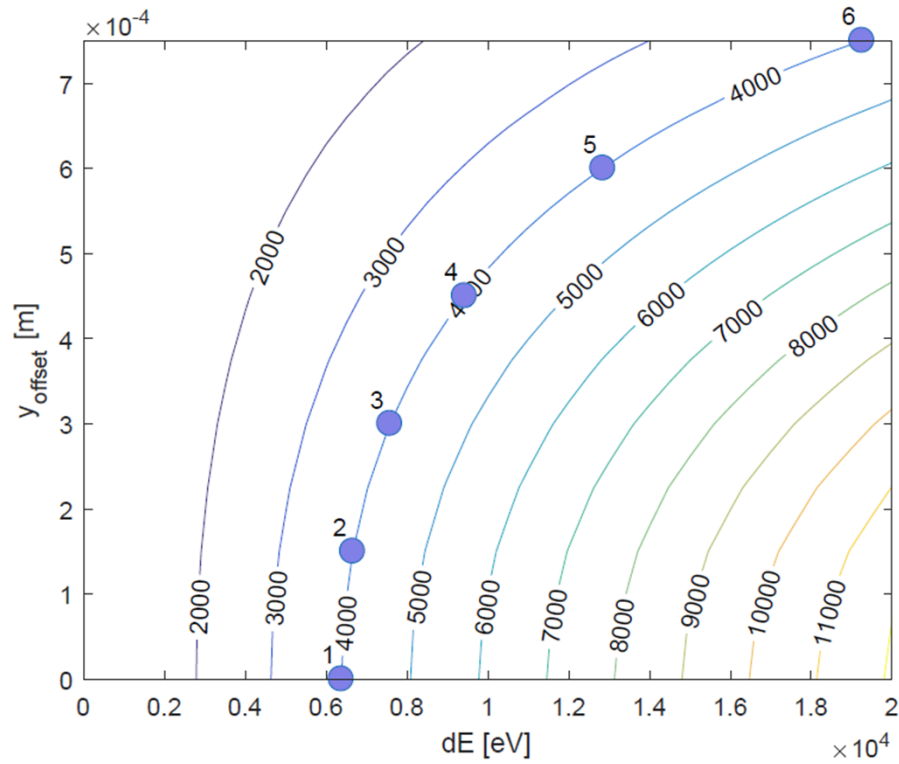


energy spread for 5kA > 2 MeV

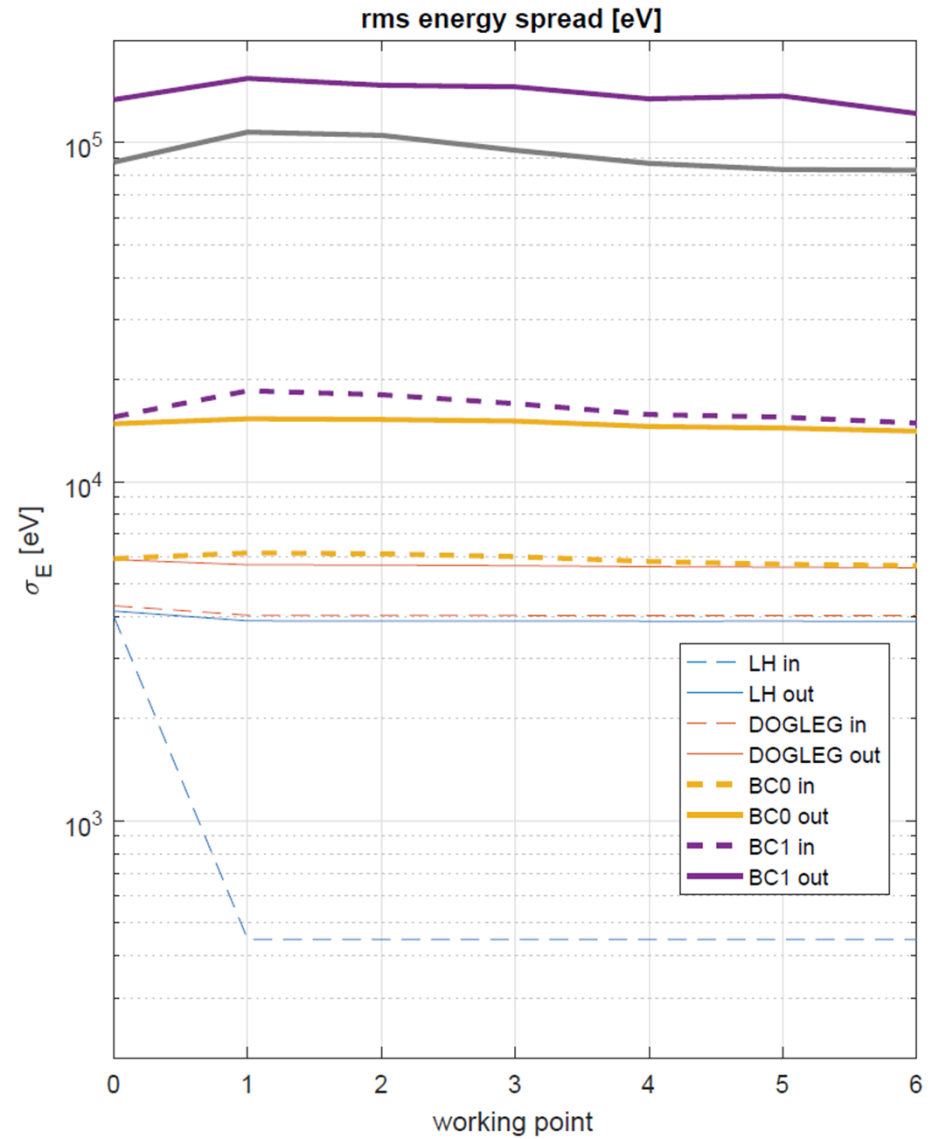
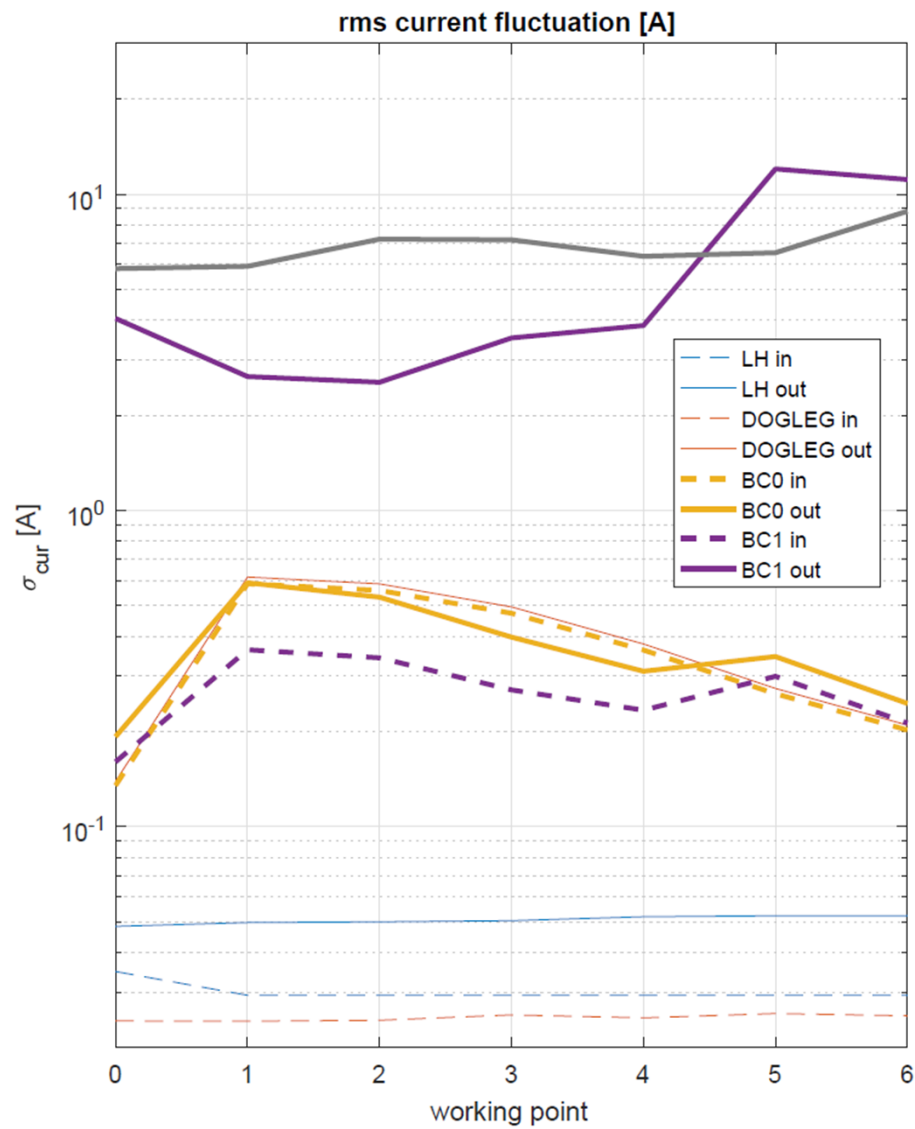
heating: LH with laser!



working points for “5.8 A beam” → 4 keV

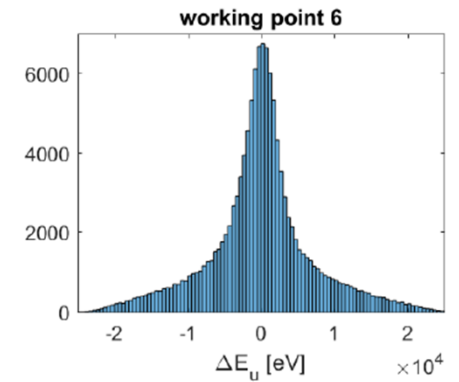
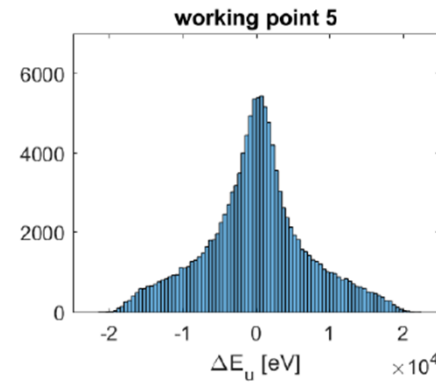
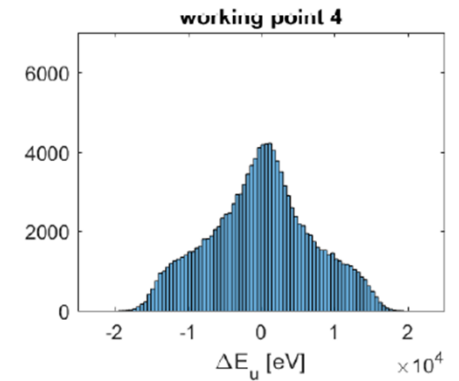
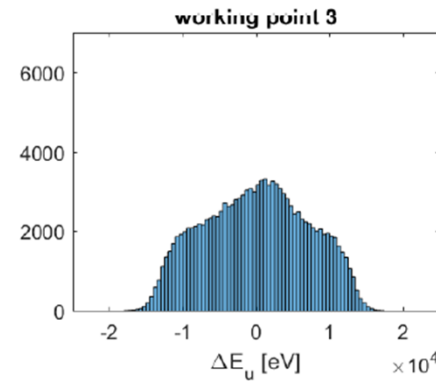
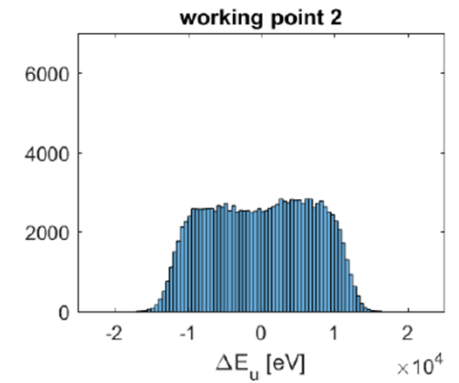
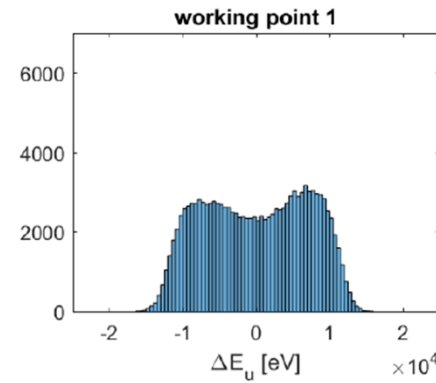
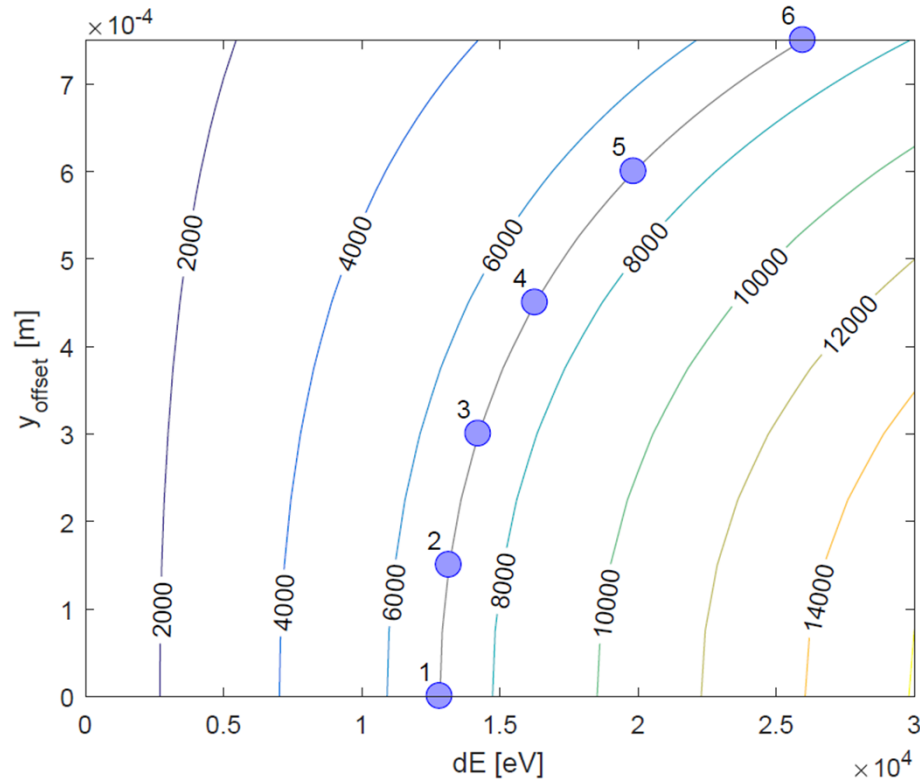


Gaussian (0) and LH working points (1-6)

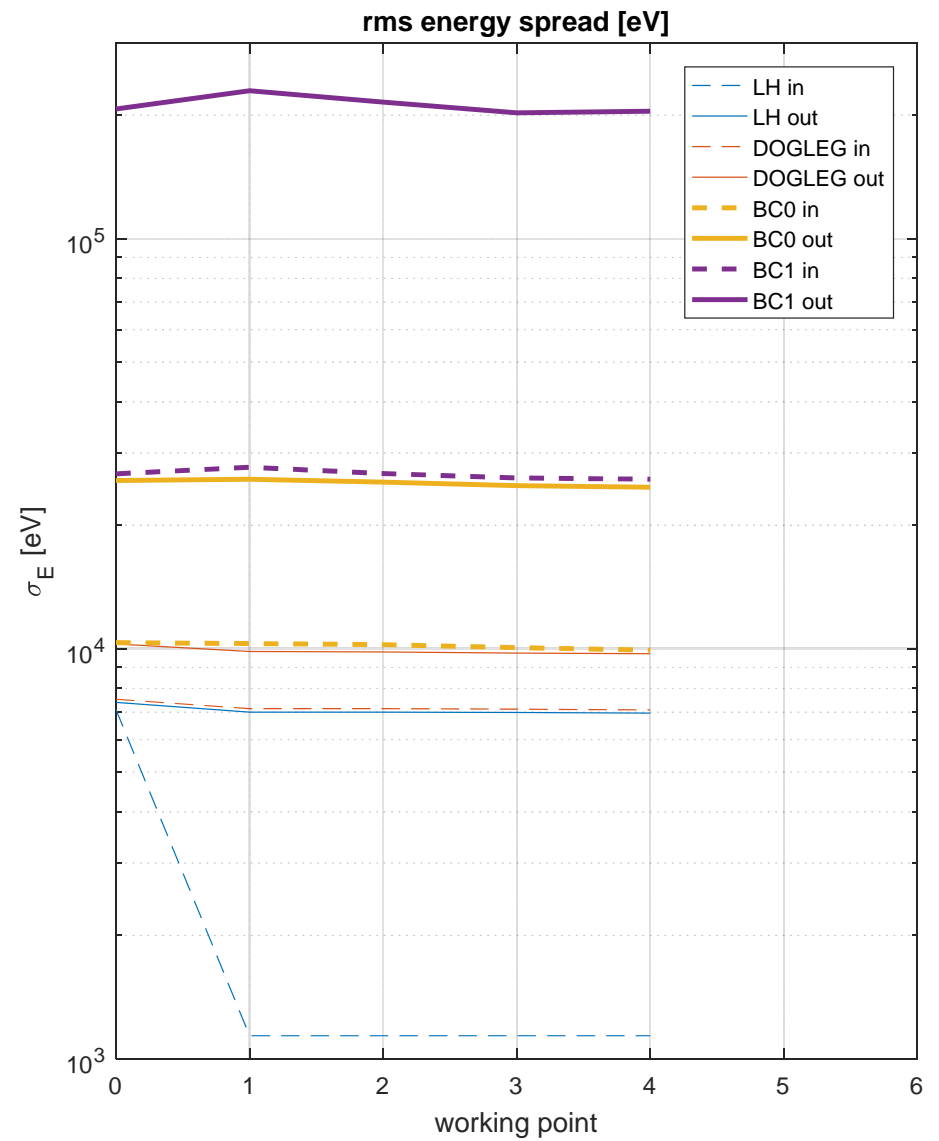
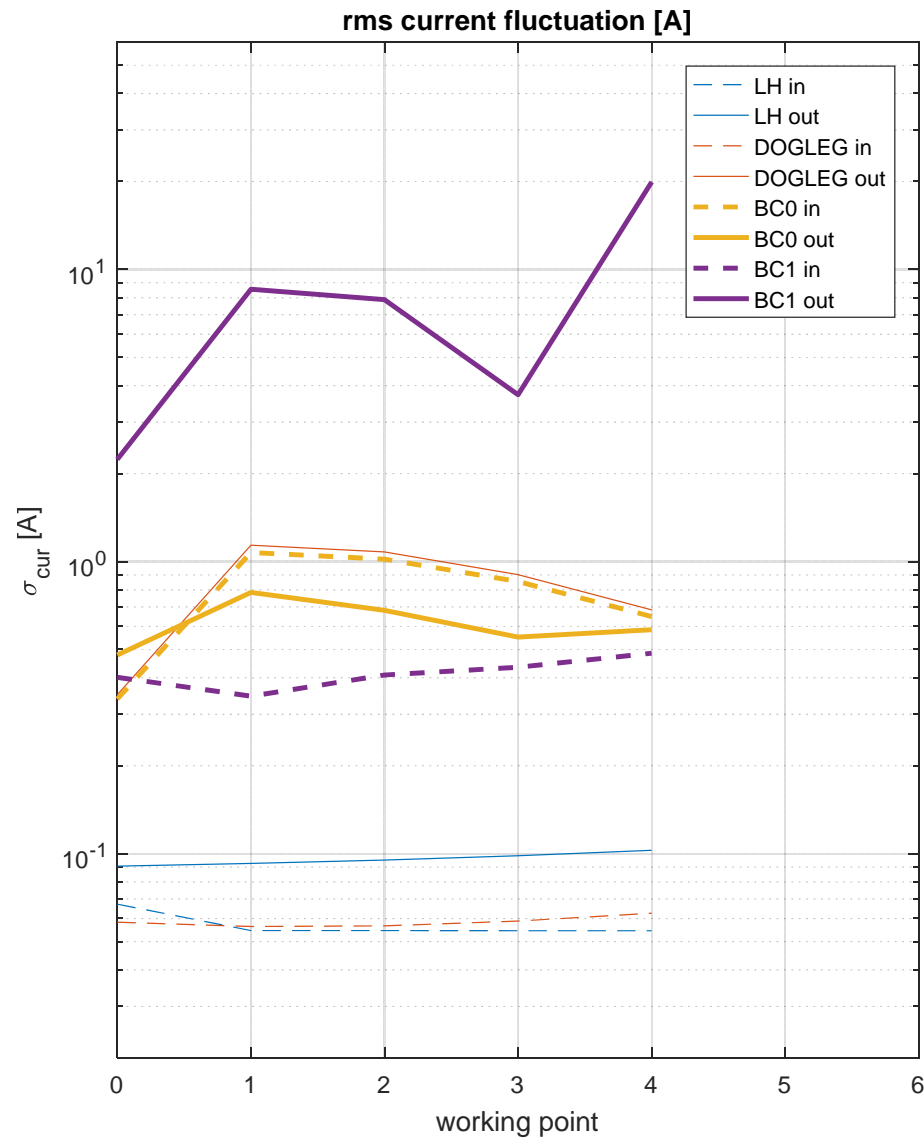


purple C1=8
gray C1=5.5

working points for “18 A beam” → 7 keV

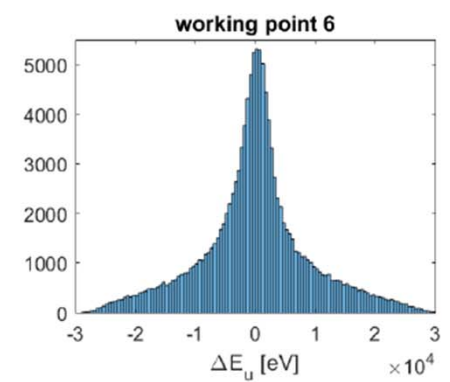
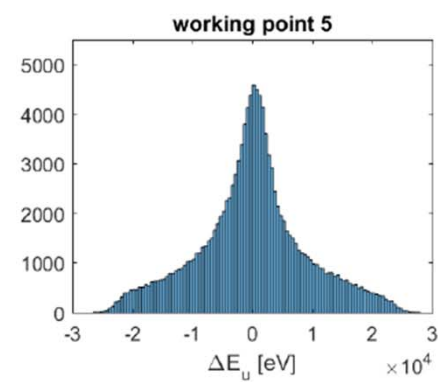
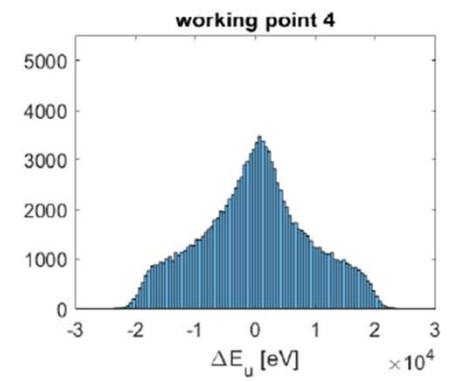
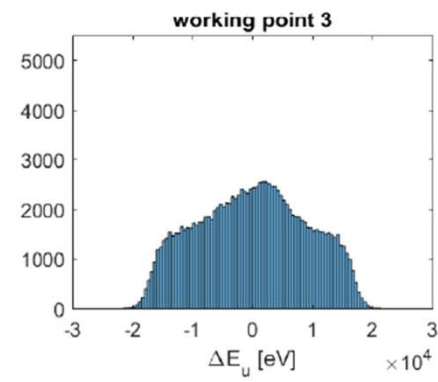
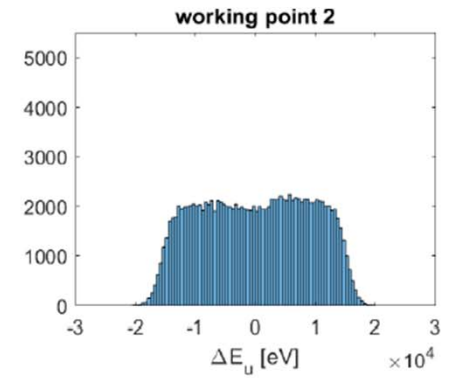
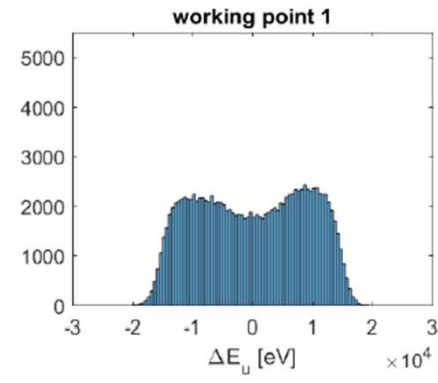
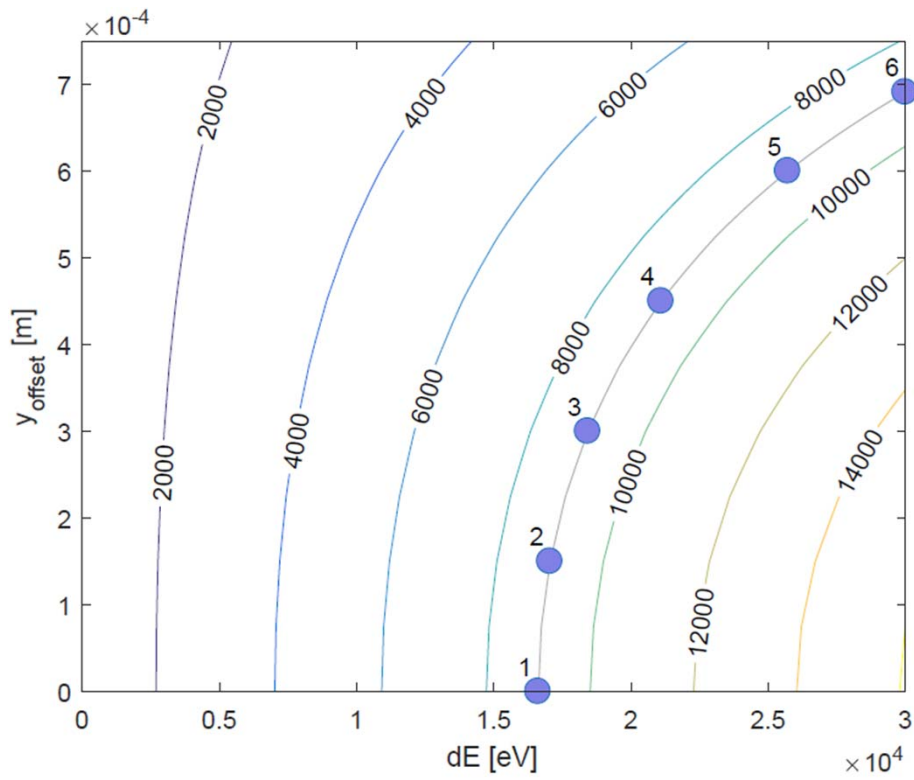


Gaussian (0) and LH working points (1-6)

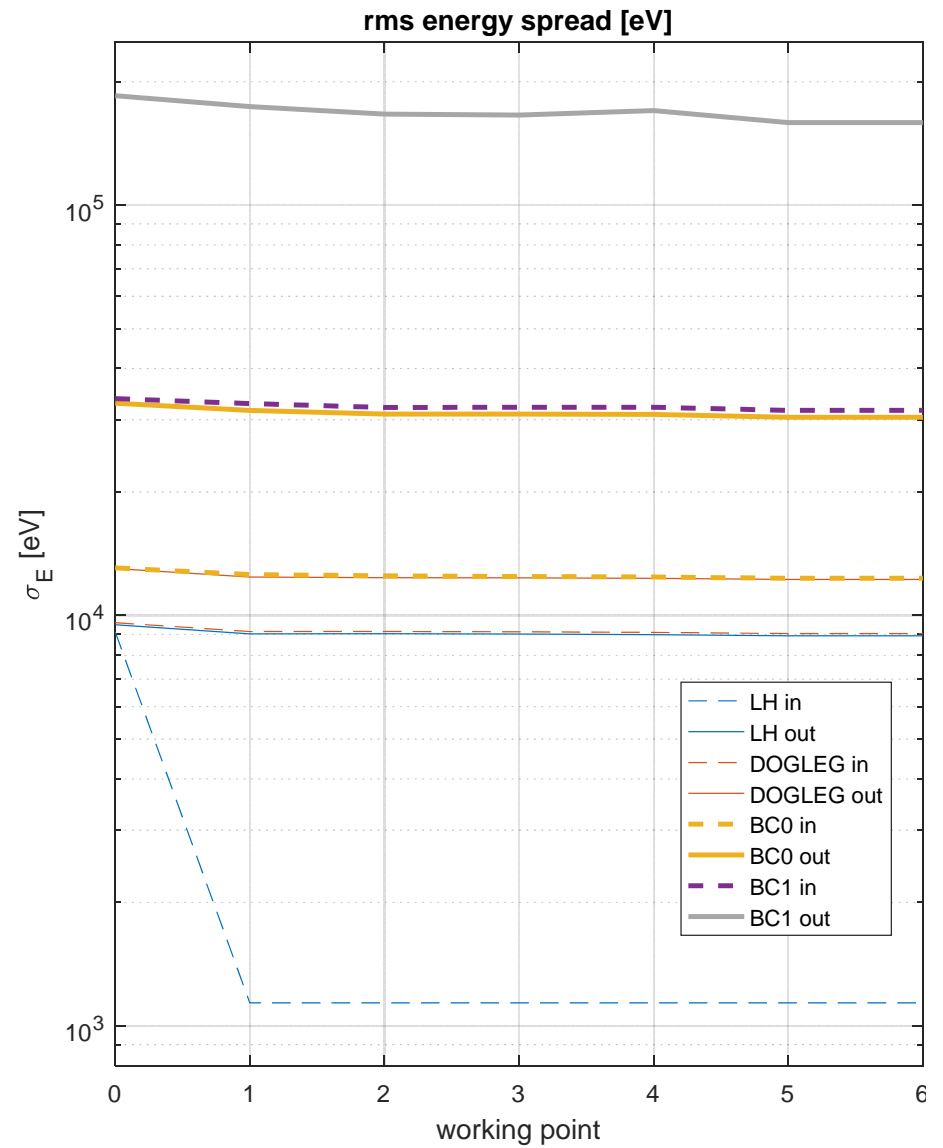
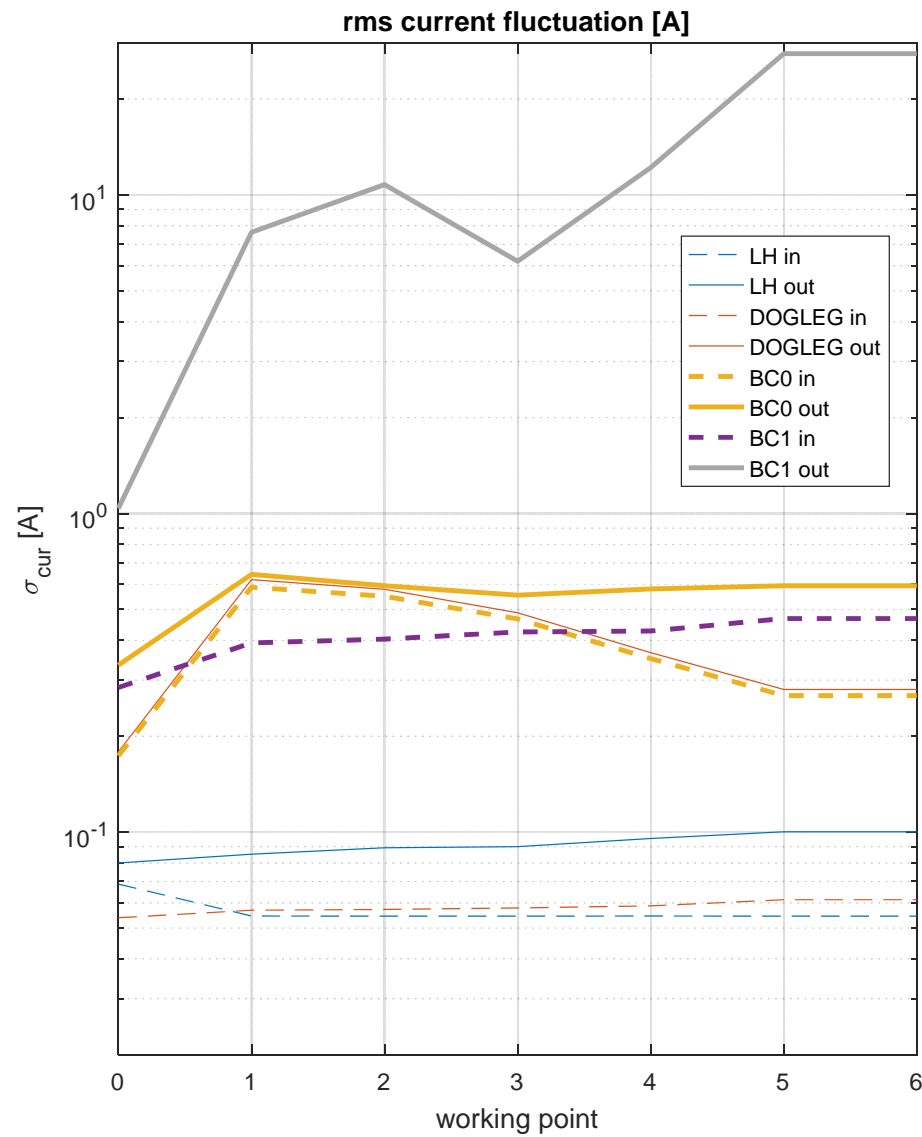


purple C1=8
gray C1=5.5

working points for “18 A beam” → 9 keV



Gaussian (0) and LH working points (1-6)



purple C1=8
gray C1=5.5

Summary & Outlook

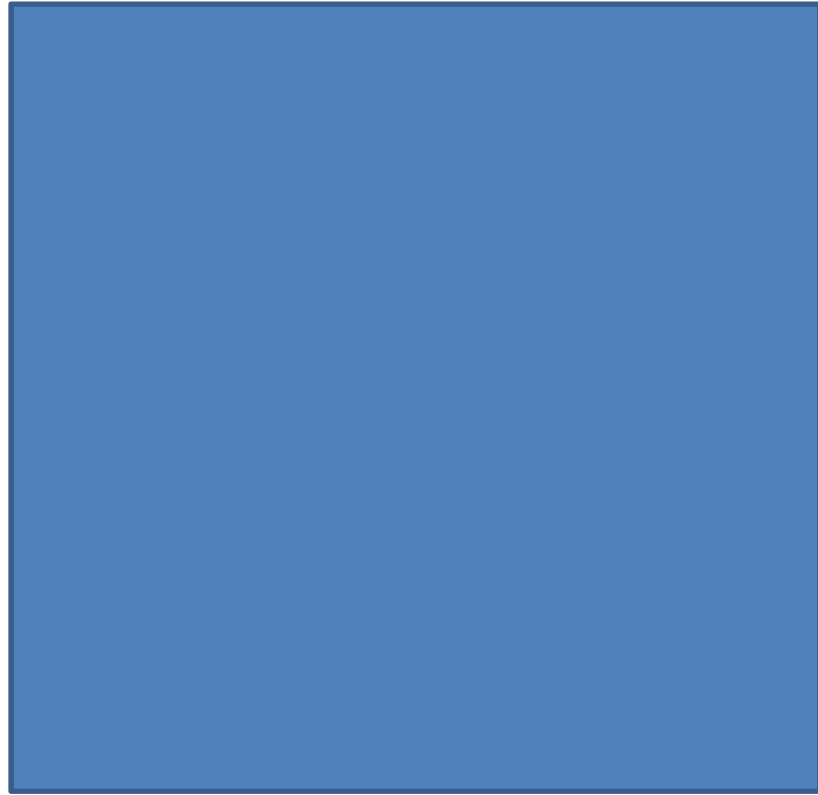
strong μB effects for 5.8 A beam \rightarrow energy spread for 5 kA $>$ 4.5 MeV
(with LH!)

moderate effects for 18 A beam \rightarrow energy spread for 5 kA $>$ 2 MeV
(with LH)

reduction by LH less than 50%
for optimal settings (heating + working point)

large contribution from DOGLEG even without self effects
(see next slides)

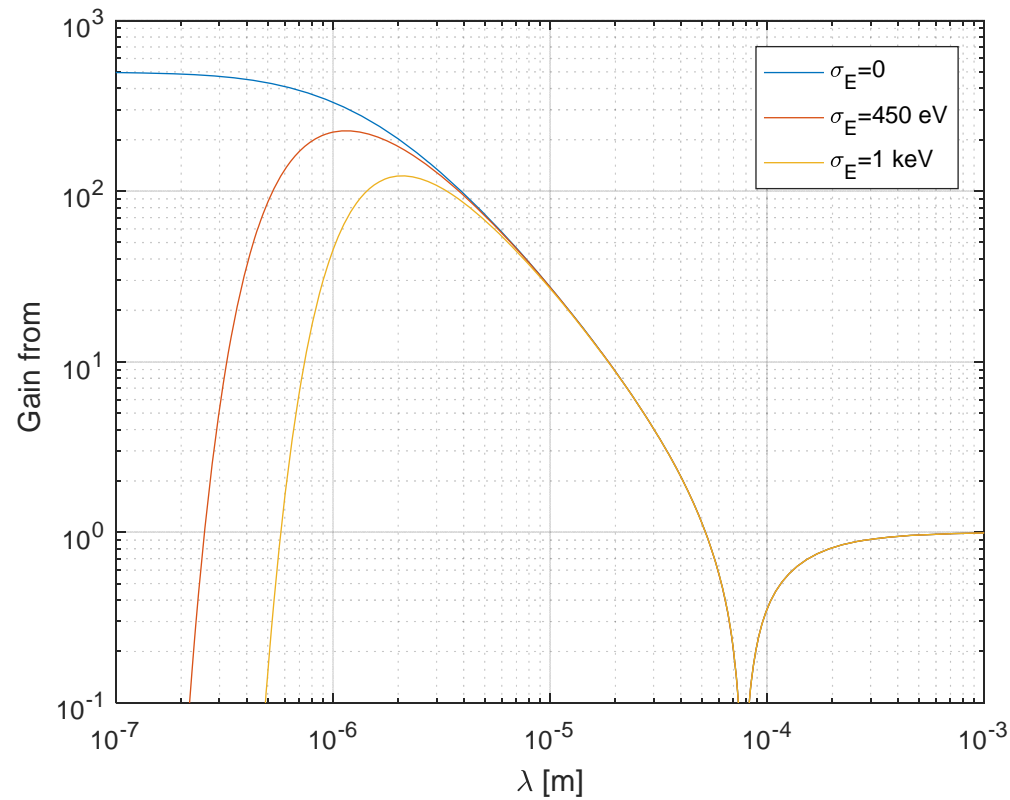
further Investigation for BC2, collimator, ...
needs a different method (less macro particles)



1-Stage Model for DOGLEG

$$G = \left(1 - i \frac{Cr_{56}}{\mathcal{E}_{\text{ref}}/e} I_1 k_1 L_{sc} Z'(ck_1) \right) \exp \left(-\frac{(Ck_1 r_{56} \sigma_\delta)^2}{2} \right)$$

with impedance before (!) DOGLEG



$$\lambda = 3 \mu\text{m}$$



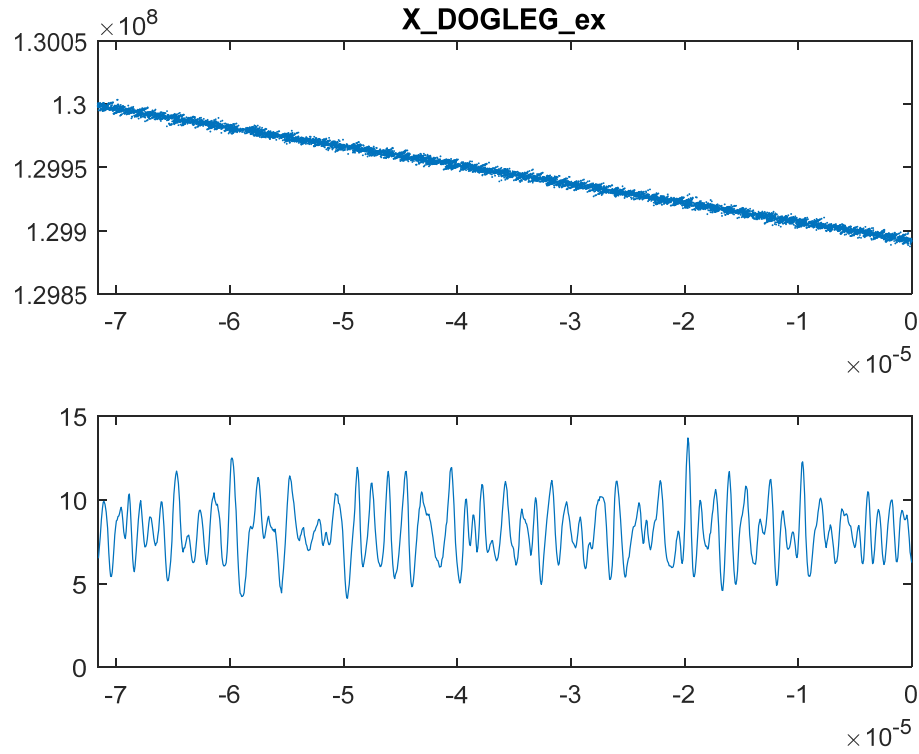
$$|Z| \approx 34 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\left| \frac{IZ}{E_{\text{ref}}/e} \right| \approx 0.0016$$

$$Cr_{56}k \approx 84000$$

phase space after DOGLEG

SC in DOGLEG off!



SC in DOGLEG on

