

Cavity Field Maps (TESLA & 3rd Harmonic Cavity)

Undulator Wakes

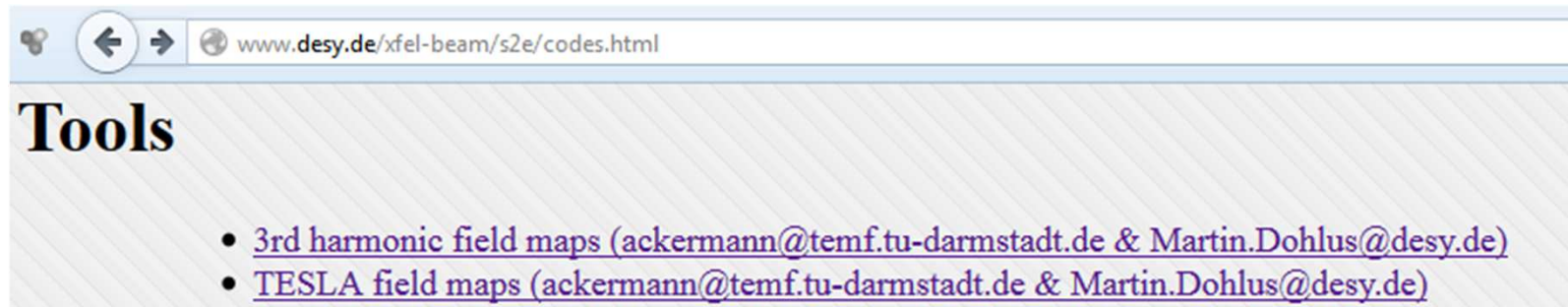
Estimation of CSR Effects for FLASH2HGHG



Cavity Field Maps (TESLA & 3rd Harmonic Cavity)

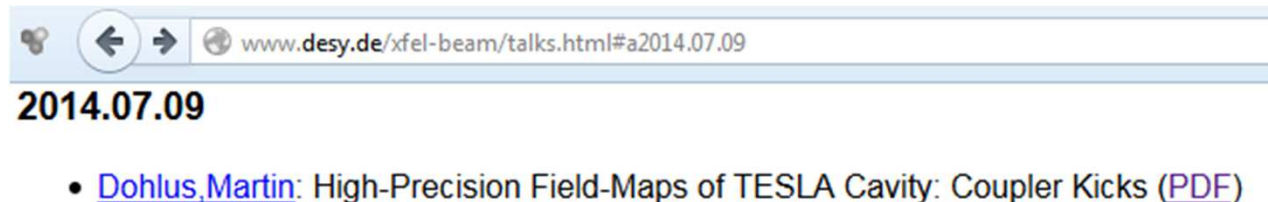
3D field map files for ASTRA in E3D format

files are available on home page



TESLA field maps

more info (= discrete coupler kicks) in:



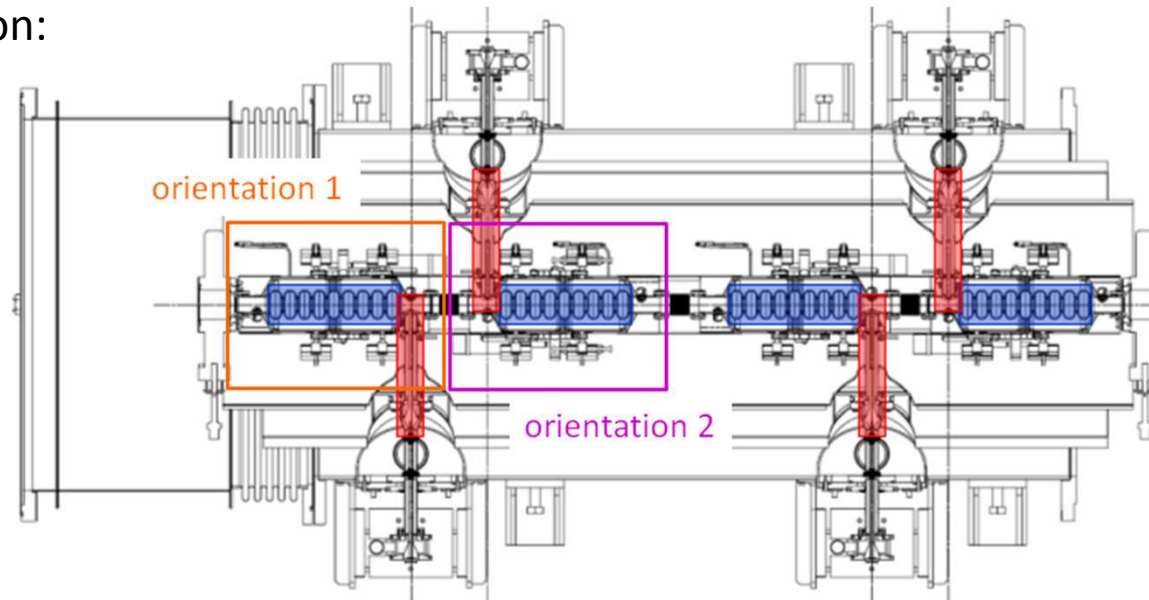
3rd harmonic cavity

new calculations from E. Gjonai (DG, 2nd and 3rd order)



<http://www.desy.de/fel-beam/s2e/data/Harmonic3/CK39.pptx>

orientation:



origin: in the middle of cell 5 (= middle of cavity)

files:	E3D_3_9GHz-2order.dat	2 nd order, orientation 1
	E3D_3_9GHz-3order.dat	3 rd order
	E3D_3_9GHz-2order_yrot.dat	2 nd order, orientation 2
	E3D_3_9GHz-3order_yrot.dat	3 rd order

mesh:	x/m	from -0.009	to 0.009	with stepwidth/m = 0.003
	y/m	-0.009	0.009	0.003
	z/m	-0.30875	0.30875	in 2060 steps

discrete coupler kicks: see document



Undulator Wakes

matlab function for longitudinal wake of undulator

```
function [ Kern ] = kern_undulator( xy_param,z_param,du,nu1,nu2,gamma,lambda_u,K )
```

calculates kernel function for undulator trajectory for

finite and infinite undulator,

local or periode-averaged (only for infinite undulator),

1d beam or cross-section averaged,

on axis or offset (for 1d beam)

“space charge” contribution is excluded by approach

as for all 1d CSR models: rigid bunch approximation !!!

it calculates wake kernel for longitudinal field: $\mathbf{E}((\text{test} - \text{length}) \rightarrow \text{test}) \cdot \mathbf{e}(\text{test})$

period averaged: $\langle \mathbf{E}((\text{test} - \text{length}) \rightarrow \text{test}) \cdot \mathbf{e}(\text{test}) \rangle_{\text{test}}$

$$\langle \mathbf{E}((\text{test} - \text{length}) \rightarrow \text{test}) \cdot \mathbf{e}_z \rangle_{\text{test}} \equiv 0 \quad !!!$$

it is essentially tail \rightarrow head interaction

but: for 3d and/or offset, there is a head \rightarrow tail contribution



files and docu:

<http://www.desy.de/~dohlus/UWake/>



undulator_docu.ppt (definition, docu & examples)

Two Methods for the Calculation of CSR Fields (TESLA-FEL-2003-05)

kern_undulator.m Matlab
example1.m example
conv_fft.m convolution

example:

$$\gamma = 500 \text{ MeV} / m_o c^2$$

$$\epsilon_x = \epsilon_y = 1 \mu\text{m} / \gamma$$

$$\beta_x = \beta_y = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$c_{xx} = c_{yy} = \epsilon_x \beta_x$$

$$c_{xy} = 0$$

bunch 1:

$$\lambda(s) = \frac{q}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_s}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{s}{\sigma_s}\right)^2\right)$$

$$q = 0.5 \text{ nC}$$

$$\frac{cq}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_s}} = 2 \text{ kA}$$

bunch 2:

$$\lambda(s) = \frac{q}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_s}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{s}{\sigma_s}\right)^2\right) (1 + m \cos(ks))$$

$$q = 0.1 \text{ nC} \quad m = 0.02 \quad k = 2\pi / (800 \text{ nm})$$

$$\frac{cq}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_s}} = 2 \text{ kA}$$



FLASH, SEEDING undulator

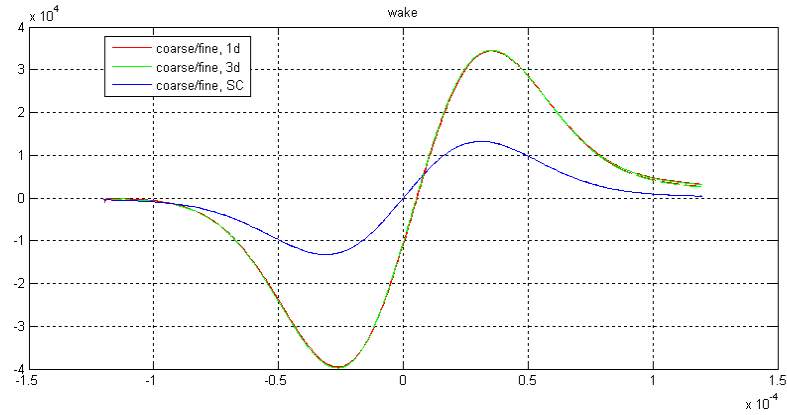
infinite undulator, periodic wake, Nav= 250

$$\gamma = 500 \text{MeV} / m_o c^2$$

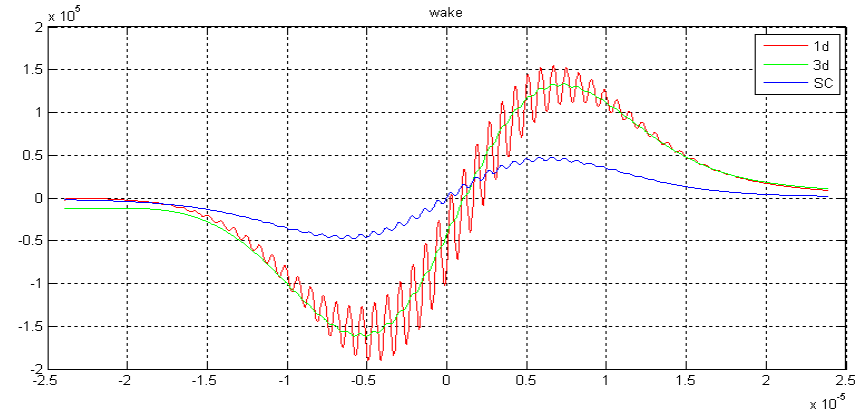
$$\lambda_u = 3.15 \text{ cm}$$

$$K = 2.83$$

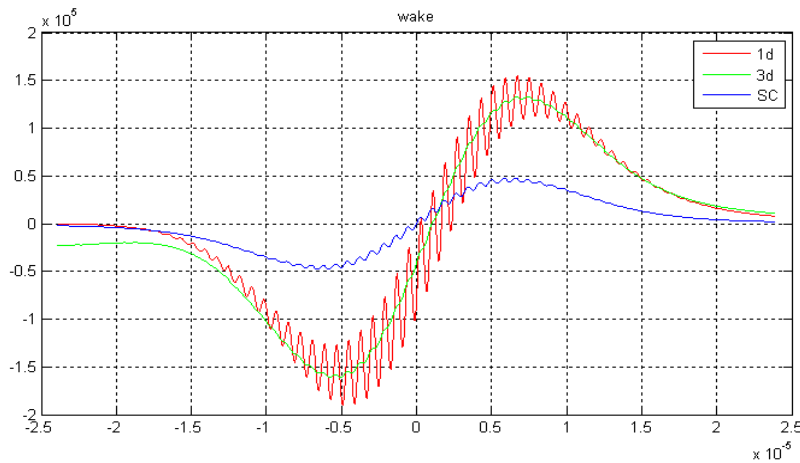
bunch 1 (0.5 nC), coarse du = 1 μm , fine du = 0.25 μm



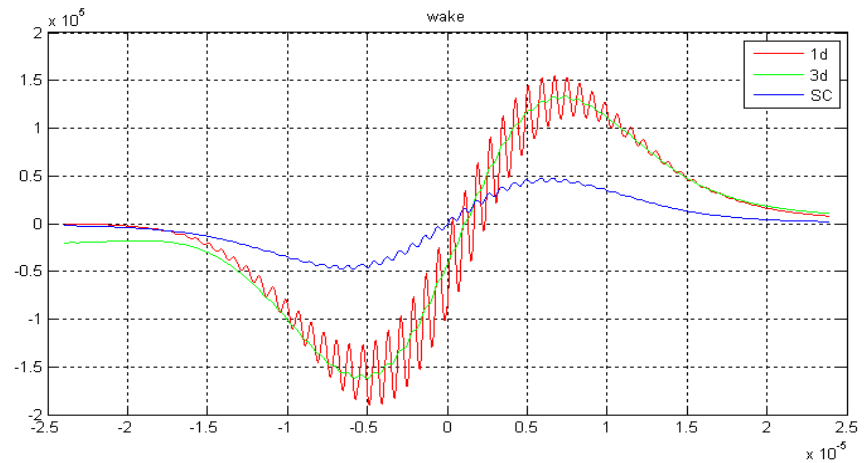
bunch 2 (0.1 nC, modulated), du = 0.040 μm



bunch 2 (0.1 nC, modulated), du = 0.080 μm , Nsigma = 4, Nstep = 25



bunch 2 (0.1 nC, modulated), du = 0.080 μm , (Nsigma = 3, Nstep = 13)



Estimation of CSR Effects for FLASH2HGHC

beam: energy ~ 1 GeV
current ~ 1 kA
slice energy spread ~ 0.15 MeV
modulation wavelength ~ 266 nm
modulation amplitude ~ 0.75 MeV
sigma_x (before chicane) ~ 110 μm
norm. hor. slice emittance ~ 0.6 μm
norm. vert. slice emittance ~ 0.7 μm

chicane: magnet length = 0.1 m
drift length = 0.5 m
middle drift = 0.2 m
curvature radius (in magnets) ~ 14.5 m
R56 ~ 53 μm



some estimations:

charge in one wavelength $q_\lambda = I \frac{\lambda}{c} \approx 0.89 \text{ pC}$

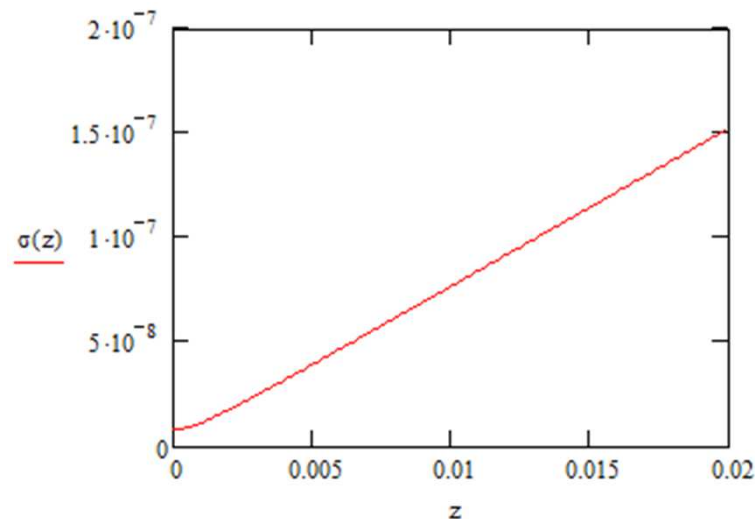
half of that charge can be compressed $q = q_\lambda / 2$ (3)

rms length after ideal compression $\sigma = r_{56} \sigma_\varepsilon / \mathcal{E} \approx 8 \text{ nm}$ (1)

scaling of steady state csr of gaussian bunch $E_c := \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3} \cdot (2 \cdot \pi)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \cdot \frac{1}{R^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \sigma^{\frac{4}{3}}} \cdot \frac{q}{e} \approx 25 \text{ MV/m}$

current spikes $\hat{I} = \frac{cq}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \approx 6.7 \text{ kA}$ (3)

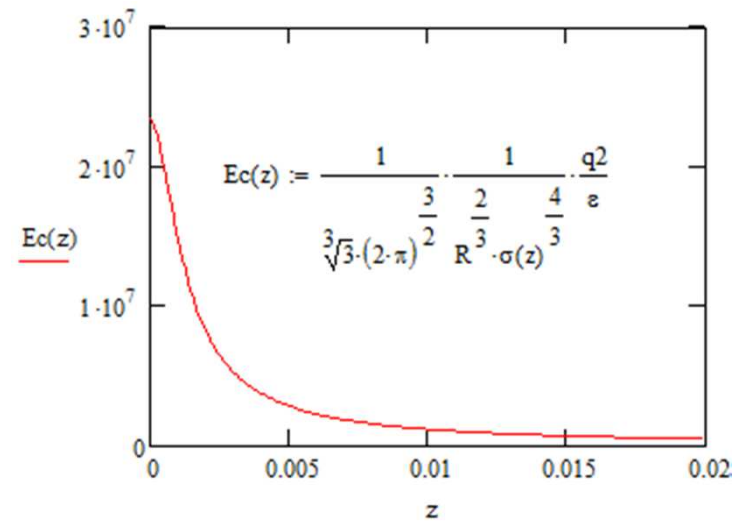
rms length with smearing $\sigma = \sqrt{(r_{56} \sigma_\varepsilon / \mathcal{E})^2 + r_{51}^2 \sigma_x^2 + 2r_{51}r_{52} \langle xx' \rangle + r_{52}^2 \sigma_{x'}^2}$
 $\approx \sqrt{(r_{56} \sigma_\varepsilon / \mathcal{E})^2 + (z/R)^2 \sigma_x^2}$ (2)



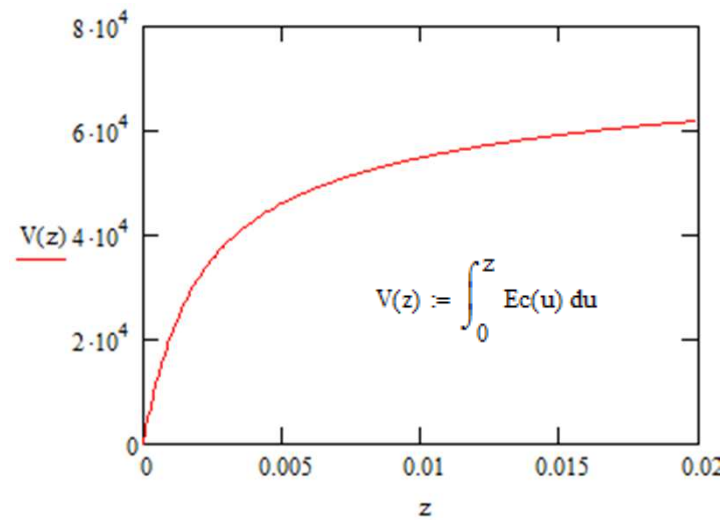
- (1) → required resolution
- (2) → required step width $\Delta\sigma \ll \sigma(0)$
- (3) rough estimation



“steady state csr”

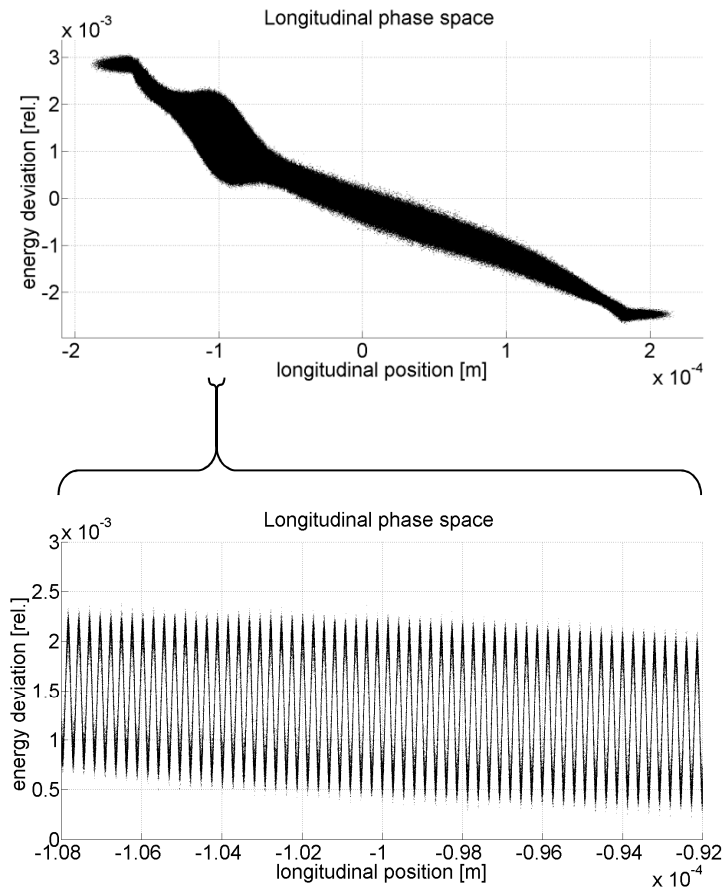


integrated “steady state csr”



CSRtrack simulation:

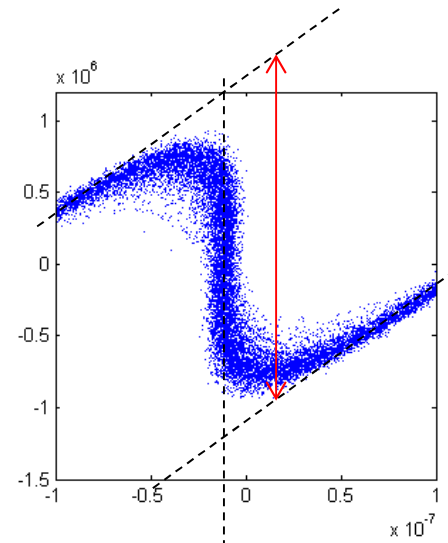
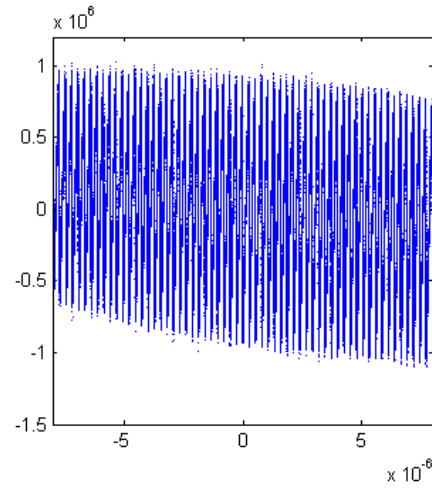
required resolution $\sim 7 \text{ nm} \ll \sigma_{\min} = r_{56} \sigma_{\mathcal{E}}/\mathcal{E}$
required step width $\sim 0.3 \text{ mm} \ll R_{\text{magnet}} \sigma_{\min}/\sigma_x$



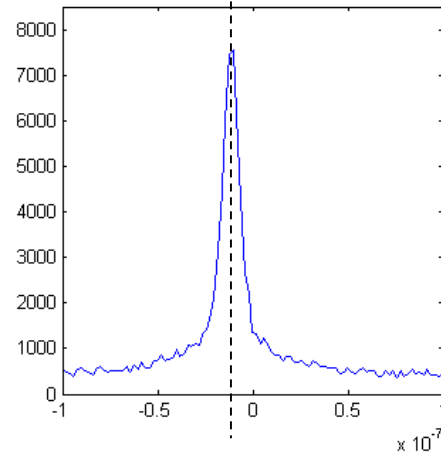
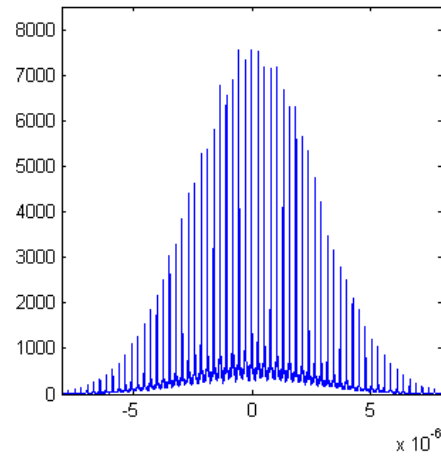
simulation of a short sub-range
length = 16 μm
1E6 particles
gaussian profile with $6\sigma = 16 \mu\text{m}$



without self effects



$$\mathcal{E} \lambda / (2r_{56}) \approx 2.5 \text{ MeV}$$



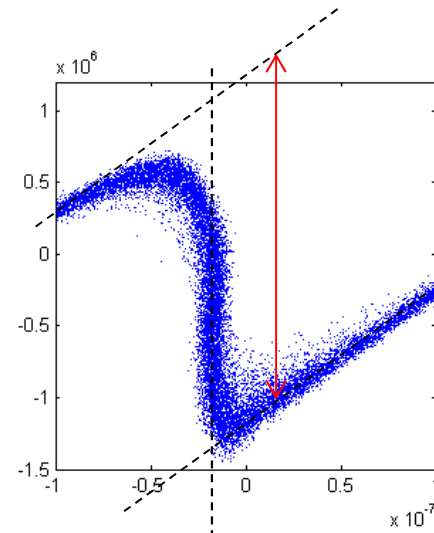
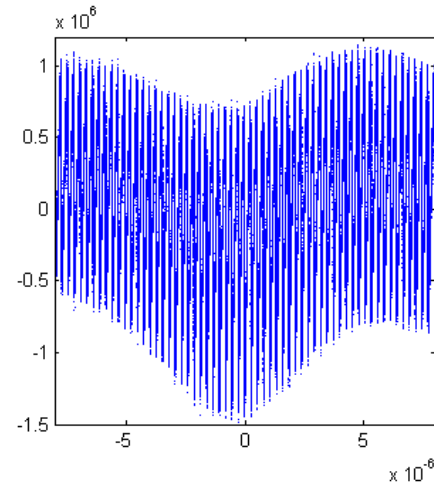
slice ~ 5 wavelength

norm. hor. slice emittance = 0.604 μm

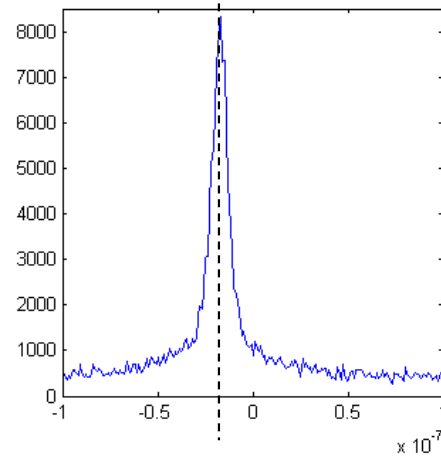
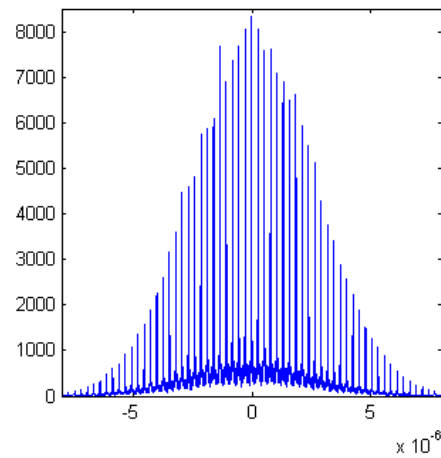
norm. vert. slice emittance = 0.706 μm



with self effects



$$\mathcal{E} \lambda / (2r_{56}) \approx 2.5 \text{ MeV}$$



slice ~ 5 wavelength

norm. hor. slice emittance = 0.605 μm

norm. vert. slice emittance = 0.706 μm

