Lecture : Introduction to Elementary Particle Physics DESY Summer Student Program 2007 Joachim Meyer DESY

TEST : Did I learn the essentials ?

- 1. Leptons of 2 GeV total energy scatter on protons at rest. How big is the invariant mass of the lepton-proton system in case the lepton is a a) neutrino, b) electron, c) τ - lepton
- 2. What was the crucial experiment to demonstrate that one has to differentiate between ν_e and ν_{μ} ?
- 3. What conservation laws are violated in weak interactions compared to electromagnetic interactions ?
- 4. How does the π^+ decay ? Why does it decay so rarely into $\pi^+ \to e^+ \nu_e$?
- 5. How do the charged lepton spectra differ in the decays of π^+ and μ^+ ?
- 6. Which data show that quarks come in 3 degrees of freedom (color)?
- 7. How does the W decay ? Quantitative relation between the leptonic and hadronic decay channels.
- 8. What does *lepton universality* mean? Examples.
- 9. How do we know that there are just 3 generations of fundamental fermions ?
- 10. What limits the maximal reachable energy of proton accelerators and that of electron accelerators ?
- 11. What distance (in vacuum) does a π^+ , π^- , π^0 of 140 GeV reach on average before decaying ?
- 12. How can one experimentally distinguish between $\gamma, e^+, \pi^+, \mu^+, \tau^+$?
- 13. What was the experimental evidence for 'strange quarks'?
- 14. What was the experimental evidence for 'charmed quarks'?
- 15. What was the experimental evidence for 'top quarks'?

- 16. What was the experimental evidence for τ ?
- 17. How does the τ^- decay ?
- 18. What is the quark composition of the Δ^{++} ? How does it decay ? Via which interaction ? What life time ?
- 19. What is the quark composition of the lightest strange Baryon ? How does it decay ? Via which interaction ? What life time ?
- 20. What type of neutrino is dominantly produced in a) the sun, b) at a reactor, c) at accelerators ?
- 21. How can one produce a pure ν_{μ} beam with only minimal Anti- ν_{μ} admixture ?
- 22. How did one discover the existence of weak neutral currents ?
- 23. Give some examples for parity violation in weak interactions.
- 24. Under which conditions are neutral particles their own antiparticles ? Give examples and counter examples.
- 25. The J/Ψ particle ('HEP-November revolution 1974') was found at a mass of 3.1 GeV at the SPEAR e^+e^- storage ring. At slightly higher masses one discovered the Ψ' and Ψ'' particles. Why is the width of the Ψ'' so much larger (factor 100) than that of the Ψ' ?
- 26. How is it possible to separate in lepton-proton scattering experiments the scattering on quarks from the scattering on antiquarks ?
- 27. How is it possible to separate in lepton-proton scattering experiments the scattering on u-quarks from the scattering on d-quarks ?
- 28. Which data prove that the quarks have charges 1/3 and 2/3?
- 29. Draw all (relevant) Feynman diagrams for the following leptonic reactions $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^ \nu_{\mu}e^- \rightarrow \nu_{\mu}e^-$
- 30. Why does the electron have a mass of 0.5109989 MeV?

 $\nu_e e^- \rightarrow \nu_e e^-$