#### July 15th, 2003 DESY

#### New results from the ZEUS Experiment

### Juan Terrón (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Spain)

#### $\Rightarrow$ 51 Abstracts sent to EPS 2003

- → Structure Functions Searches for New Physics
- $\rightarrow$  Heavy Quarks
- Diffraction
- → Hadronic Final States



## **Abstracts from ZEUS to EPS 2003**

#### $\Rightarrow$ 51 Abstracts

- Final Results  $\Rightarrow 13$
- New for this summer  $\downarrow$

### New for EPS $2003 \Rightarrow 15$

- light-cone wave function at HERA  $\rightarrow$  Measurement of the electromagnetic component of photon
- of  $J/\Psi$  mesons at HERA  $\rightarrow$  Measurement of proton-dissociative diffractive photoproduction
- $\rightarrow$  Measurement of open beauty production in deep inelastic
- scattering at HERA using a  $D^*$  plus muon tag

### **Structure Functions**





(specifically d) and the evolution of PDFs at high  $Q^2$   $^0$ 

10 -2

 $10^{-1}$ 

10 -2

10 -1

X

### **High-Q<sup>2</sup> Charged Current Cross Sections in DIS**



J Terrón (Madrid)



## **Searches for New Physics**

# Search for lepton-flavour violation in $\tau$ production by ep collisions





 $e^+q_{\alpha} \rightarrow \tau^+q_{\beta}$  can be mediated by lepto-quarks (LQ) involved  $\rightarrow$  Discovery potential when higher-generation quarks are

ightarrow Signature: high-transverse momentum isolated au

balanced by a jet in the transverse plane

- Search in  $e^+p$  collisions ( $\sqrt{s} = 318$  GeV) using 66 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- $\rightarrow$  Leptonic  $\tau$  decay ( $\tau \rightarrow l\nu_l \nu_{\tau}, l = e, \mu$ )

 $e(\mu)$  and aligned with the lepton  $E_T > 50$  GeV, isolated lepton,  $P_T^{miss} > 15(20)$  GeV for

ZEUS

 $\rightarrow$  Hadronic  $\tau$  decay ( $\tau \rightarrow$  hadrons  $\nu_{\tau}$ )

to select pencil-like jets  $\Rightarrow D > 0.9$  $P_T^{\tau} > 15$  GeV aligned with  $P_T^{miss}$ ; discriminant technique,  $E_T > 50~{
m GeV}, P_T^{miss} > 12~{
m GeV}, au$ -jet candidate with

No candidate found (0.8  $\pm$  0.3 expected from SM backg.)

 $\Rightarrow 95\%$  C.L. limits





quarks



as a function of  $M_{LQ}$  (scalar and vector)  $\gtrsim_{10}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 

ightarrow comparison with low-energy experiments

• Resonant LQ production  $(M_{LQ} < \sqrt{s})$ 

 $\rightarrow$  limits on  $\lambda_{eq_1} \cdot \sqrt{\beta_{\tau q}}$  (any q except t)  $\overset{\mathbb{F}^{1}}{\overset{\mathbb{F}^{1}}}{\overset{\mathbb{F}^{1}}{\overset{\mathbb{F}^{$ 

= (a) ZEUS (prel.) e<sup>+</sup>p 99-00

**x B**<sub>τq</sub>.

= (b) ZEUS (prel.) e<sup>+</sup>p 99-00

 $\tilde{S}_{1/2}^{L}$ 

\_\_\_\_\_

excluded at 950 C.L.

 $V_0^L, V_0^R$ 





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#### Search for $W(\rightarrow jets)$ production

• Cuts were applied on  $|\cos \theta^*|$  and  $y_e$  (ELEC) to

enhance the signal from W production

- Invariant mass spectra of the two highest  $E_T^{jet}$  jets
- $\rightarrow$  still background dominated
- Estimation of the cross section for W production

using a binned  $\chi^2$  fit of the invariant mass spectra for signal and background to data in the mass window

 $\sigma(ep \rightarrow eWX) = 2.97 \pm 2.51 (\text{stat.})^{+1.75}_{-0.53} (\text{syst.}) \text{ pb} \ ^{10}$  $60 < M_{jj} < 130 \ {
m GeV} \rightarrow$ 

<u>೧</u>

ELEC

• 95% CL limit:  $\sigma(ep \rightarrow eWX) < 8.3$  pb





10

20

8

60

ZEUS



\* H



determined by the ZEUS NLO QCD fit (FFNS)  $\Rightarrow$  Input for future QCD fits of the p PDFs well described by NLO QCD calculations with the parametrisations of the proton PDFs as







\* H



 $(x_{I\!\!P} < 0.01)$  reasonably well content (ACTW, set B) describe the data using NLO QCD *IP* PDFs with a large gluon and resolved-Pomeron (Ingelman, Schlein rapidity acceptance (Forward Plug Cal.) Two-gluon exchange (SATRAP, BJLW)



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0.8







- predicted by the CS and CO models have a different  $p_T$  dependence ■ The J/Ψ helicity distributions Shape measurements  $\rightarrow$  less sensitive -0.5 0.5 . ა 0 (a) BKV (LO, CS) BKV (LO, CS+CO)
- to higher-order corrections (small uncert.) \_1  $\rightarrow$  stringent test of CS and CO models -1.5
- Luminosity 114  $pb^{-1}$

I N

● H1 96−00 (87 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

1 N

- • H1 96-00 (87 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

2.5

ы 5

4.5 5 pr (GeV)

0.1

0.2 0.3

0.4

0.5

0.6

0.7

0.8

z 0.9

• ZEUS (prel.) 96-00 (114 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

<sup>-1.5</sup> + • ZEUS (prel.) 96-00 (114 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

-0.5

7

0.5

0

\_\_\_\_ ნ

..... ВКV (LO, CS)

2 - BKV (LO, CS+CO)

<u></u>

20

the region 0.6 < z < 0.8 disfavours  $ightarrow heta^*$  angle of  $\mu^+$  respect to z' $\rightarrow$  Measured azimuthal distribution in  $\lambda = +1$  (T polaris.), -1 (L polaris.)  $1/\sigma \cdot d\sigma/d\cos heta^st \propto 1+\lambda\cos^2 heta^st$ (direction opposite to that of proton) Decay angular distributions in  $J/\Psi$  rest frame As a function of z for  $p_T > 1 \text{ GeV}$ As a function of  $p_T$  for z > 0.4-1.5 -0.5 і. 5 0.5 | 2 0

















of virtual photons  $\gamma^*p o Xp$  with a

Measurement of diffractive dissociation

proton

proton

 $d\sigma^D_{\gamma^* p}/dM_X$  exhibits a behaviour similar to that of the total  $\gamma^* p$  cross section: The measured diffractive cross section

 $\rightarrow$  higher  $x_{I\!\!P}$  values

23

e +

σ





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ı, 2003	

 $\rightarrow d\sigma_{ep \rightarrow eXp}/dx_L$  flat as a function of  $x_L$  up to 0.95  $Q^2 > 3~{
m GeV}^2,\,45 < W < 225~{
m GeV},\,x_L > 0.56,\,0 < p_T^2 < 0.5~{
m GeV}^2$ High-statistics study of the production of leading protons in DIS:



Leading-proton production in DIS

(the observed structure comes from the variation of the  $p_T$  range)

 $\rightarrow$  Precise determination of the  $p_T^2$ -slope versus  $x_L$ 

 $\to d\sigma_{ep \to eXp}/dp_T^2$  fitted with a single exponential  $\exp(-b \cdot p_T^2)$  in each bin of  $x_L$ (not a good representation for the differential cross section integrated over  $x_L > 0.56$ )  $\mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{L}}$ 



New Results from the ZEUS Experiment

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**New Results from the ZEUS Experiment** 

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### **Hadronic Final States**

Tagging quark and gluon jets to disentangle/study the underlying hard processes  $\rightarrow$  Gluon ("THICK") jets: jet shape  $\Psi(r = 0.3) < 0.6$  and  $n_{sbj}(y_{cut} = 0.0005) \geq 6$ ightarrow Quark ("THIN") jets: jet shape  $\Psi(r=0.3)>0.8$  and  $n_{sbj}(y_{cut}=0.0005)<4$ 









Qs v

gluons (<0.58>)

thick jets

hin jets

PYTHIA

remnant

photon

## Substructure Dependence of Jet Cross Sections in Photoproduction









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Extraction of  $\alpha_s(M_Z)$  from the measured of  $\langle n_{sbj} \rangle (y_{cut} = 10^{-2})$  for  $E_T^{jet} > 25$  GeV:

 $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1202 \pm 0.0052 \text{ (stat.)} ^{+0.0060}_{-0.0019} \text{ (exp.)}$ 

+0.0065

-0.0053 (th.

J Terrón (Madrid) D	0.1 0	Jet cross sections $(\gamma p)$ th. uncert. Let substructure $(NC, CC)$ QCD fit to Structure function	New Results from the ZEUS Experiment $     Determinations of \alpha_s(M_Z) by Z $
ESY	0.12		EU
July 15th, 2	0.14 α <sub>s</sub> (M <sub>Z</sub> )	<ul> <li>Inclusive jet cross sections in γp ZEUS (Phys Lett B 560 (2003) 7)</li> <li>Subjet multiplicity in CC DIS ZEUS (hep-ex/0306018)</li> <li>Subjet multiplicity in NC DIS ZEUS (Phys Lett B 558 (2003) 41)</li> <li>Jet shapes in NC DIS ZEUS prel. (Contributed paper to IECHEP01 NLO QCD fit ZEUS (Phys Rev D 67 (2003) 012007)</li> <li>Inclusive jet cross sections in NC DIS ZEUS (Phys Lett B 547 (2002) 164)</li> <li>Dijet cross sections in NC DIS ZEUS (Phys Lett B 507 (2001) 70)</li> <li>World average (S. Bethke, hep-ex/0211012)</li> </ul>	

#### Looking forward to the new data taking period

#### → Rich programme $\rightarrow$ Full (exhaustive) use of HERA I High precision

**New Results from the ZEUS Experiment** 

Last Remarks