



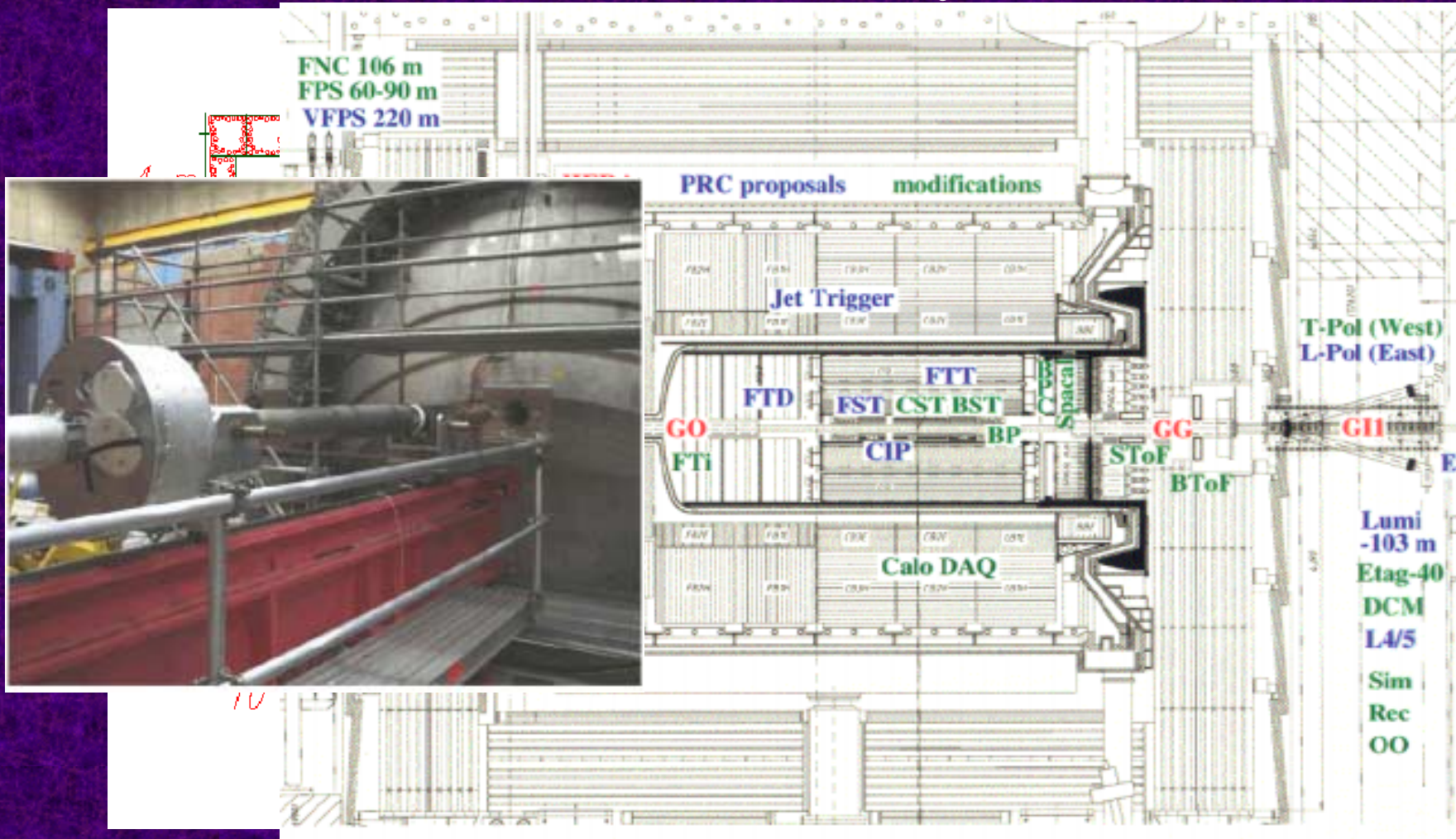
# Heavy Quark Physics @ HERA II

DESY  
11.11.03

- What's new for HERA II and what does it mean for HQ physics – a reminder..
- **HQs in DIS, diffraction, photoproduction**
- Spectroscopy – is there a role for HERA II?
- **Production mechanisms**
- **Single  $t$  production?**
- **Summary**

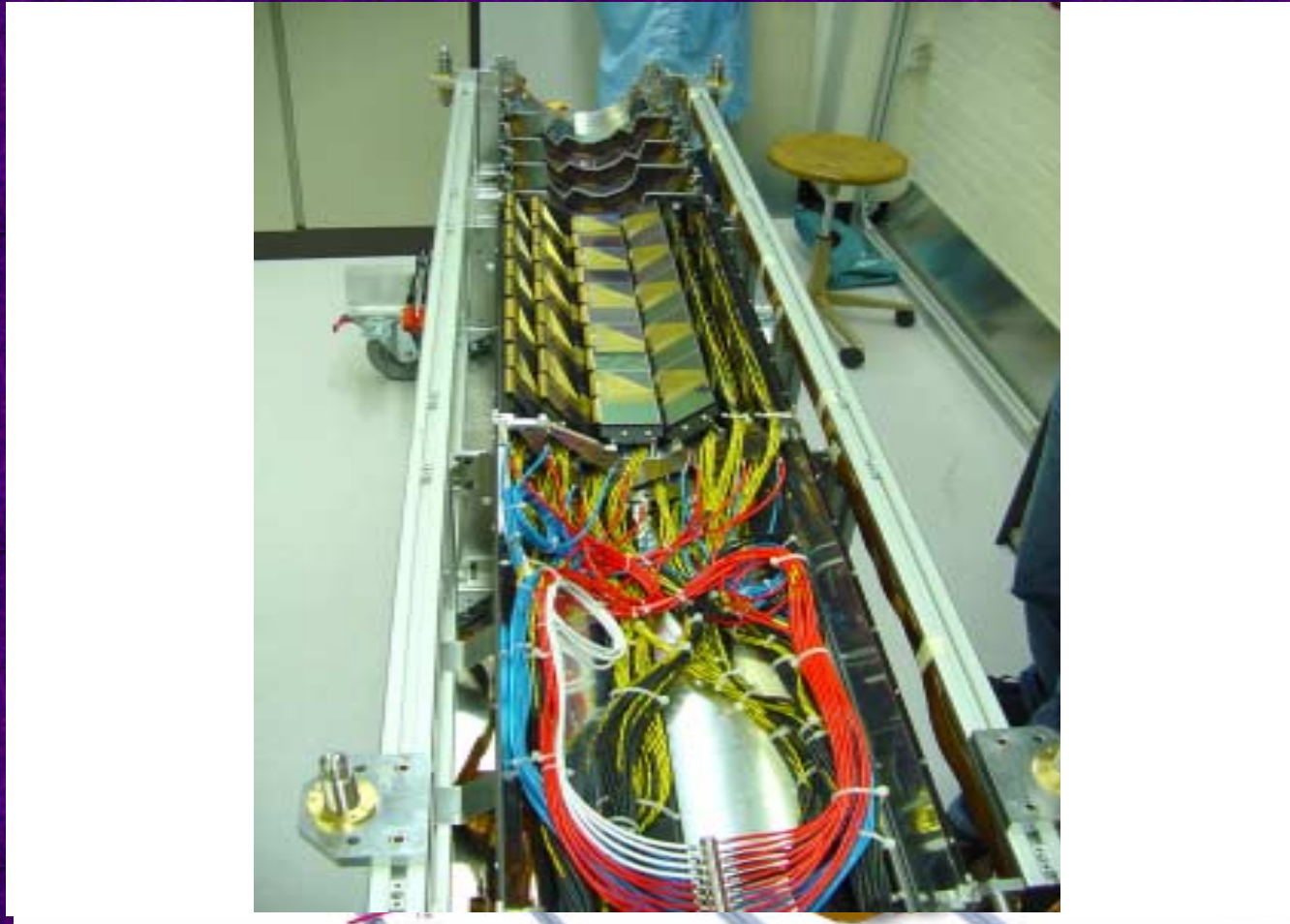
# HERA II Physics

- Both ZEUS & H1 have made major upgrades in order to utilise the increase in HERA luminosity to the full.



# Vertex Region

- The ZEUS MVD mostly 3 layers in barrel and 4 forward wheels; > 200K readout channels.



# Vertex Region

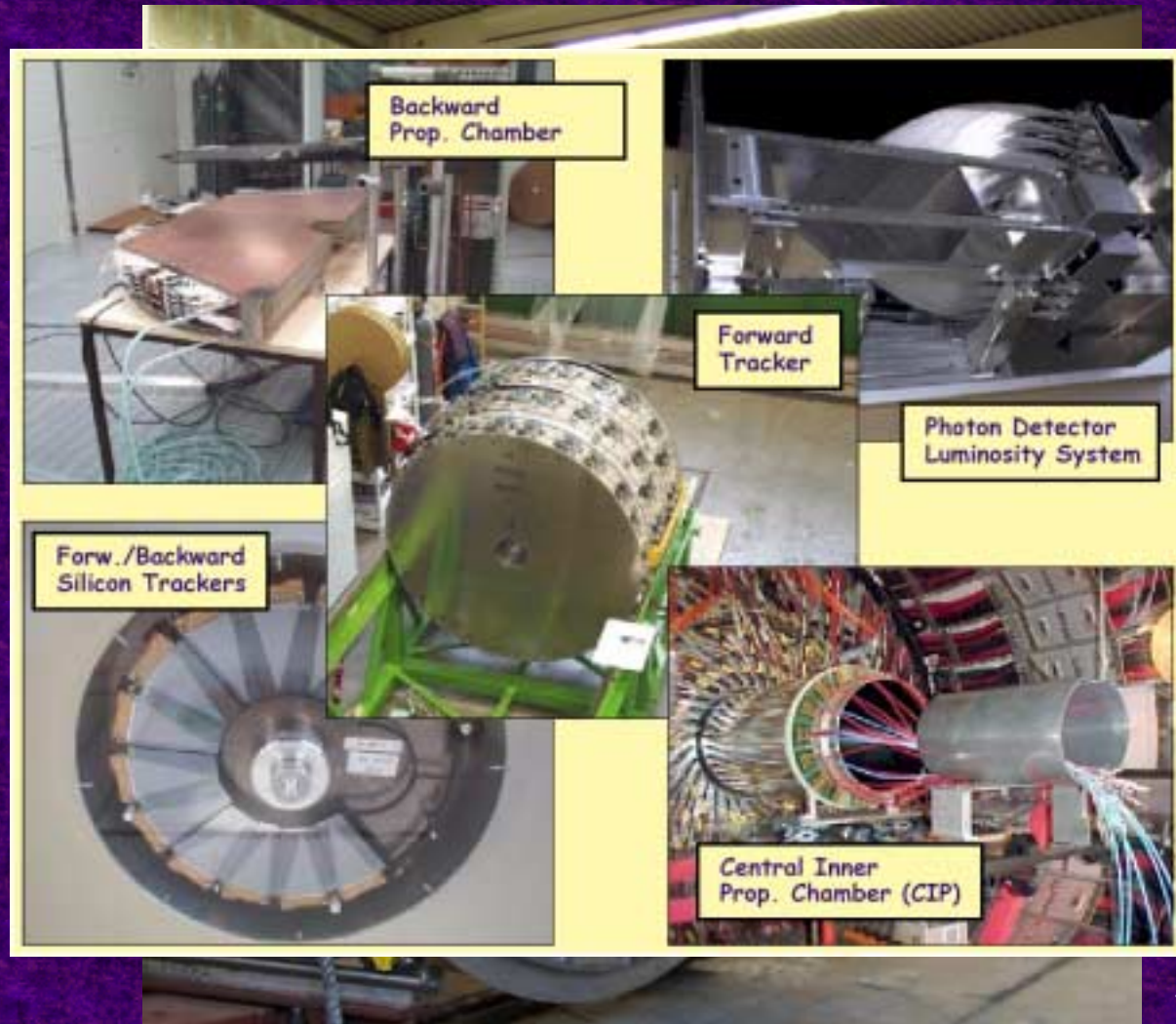
- H1 Si – 2 very thin CST layers; 5 disks covering  $8 < \theta < 17^\circ$



# Forward Physics

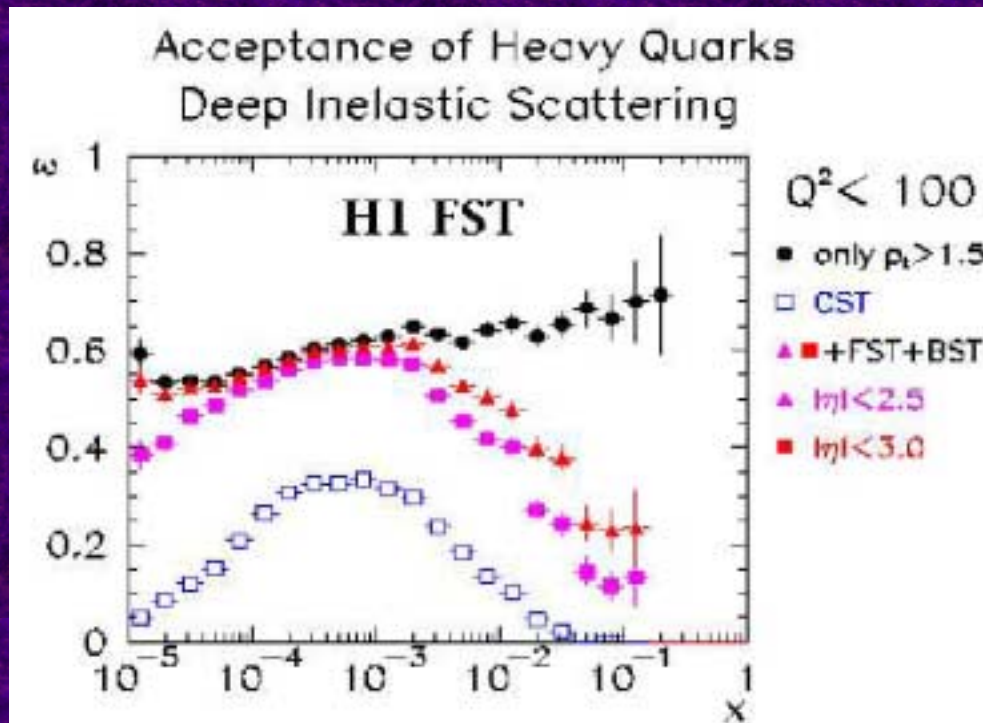
- ZEUS major upgrade in forward direction replacement of TRD's with two stations of straw-tube chambers, each with 3 stereo layers.

- H1 have made improvements to various parts of their tracking systems.

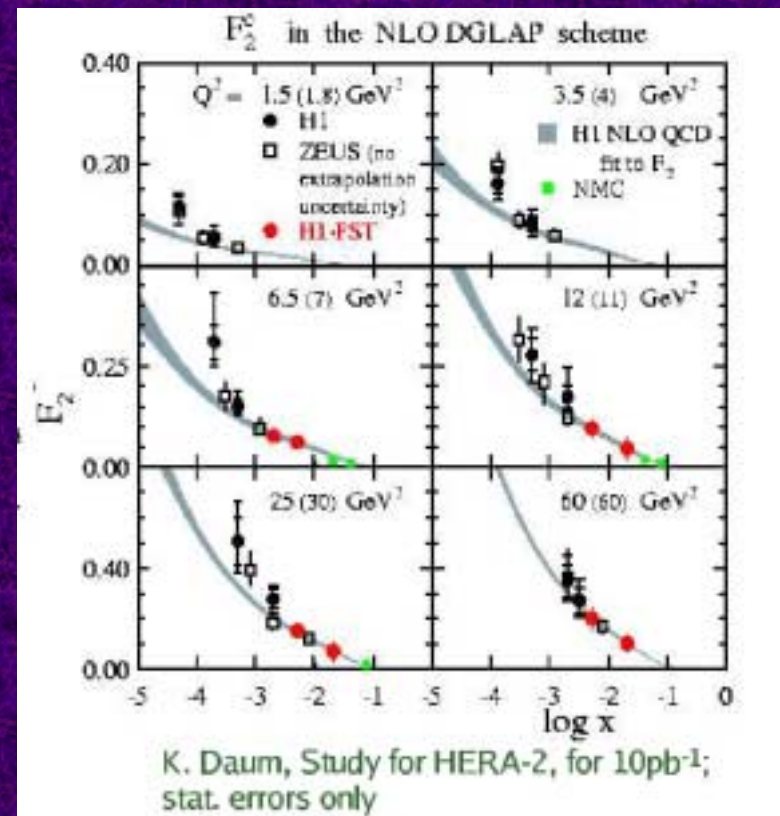


# Forward Physics

- H1 forward disks

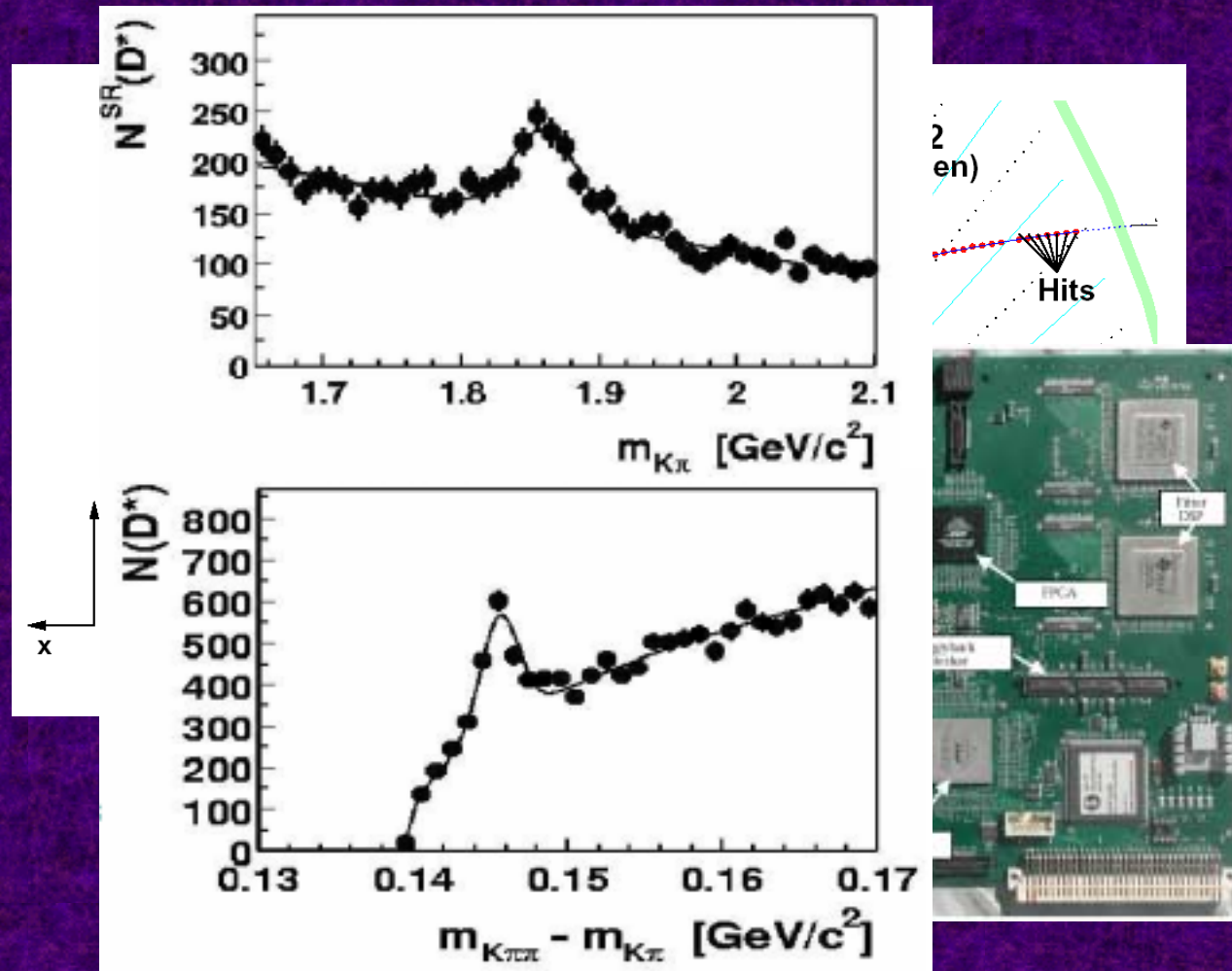


- Extends charm coverage to higher  $x$  – similar improvement for ZEUS Si disks and STT.



# Vertex Physics

- H1 fast track trigger – now installed and being commissioned – can produce mass peaks within  $100 \mu\text{s}$ .



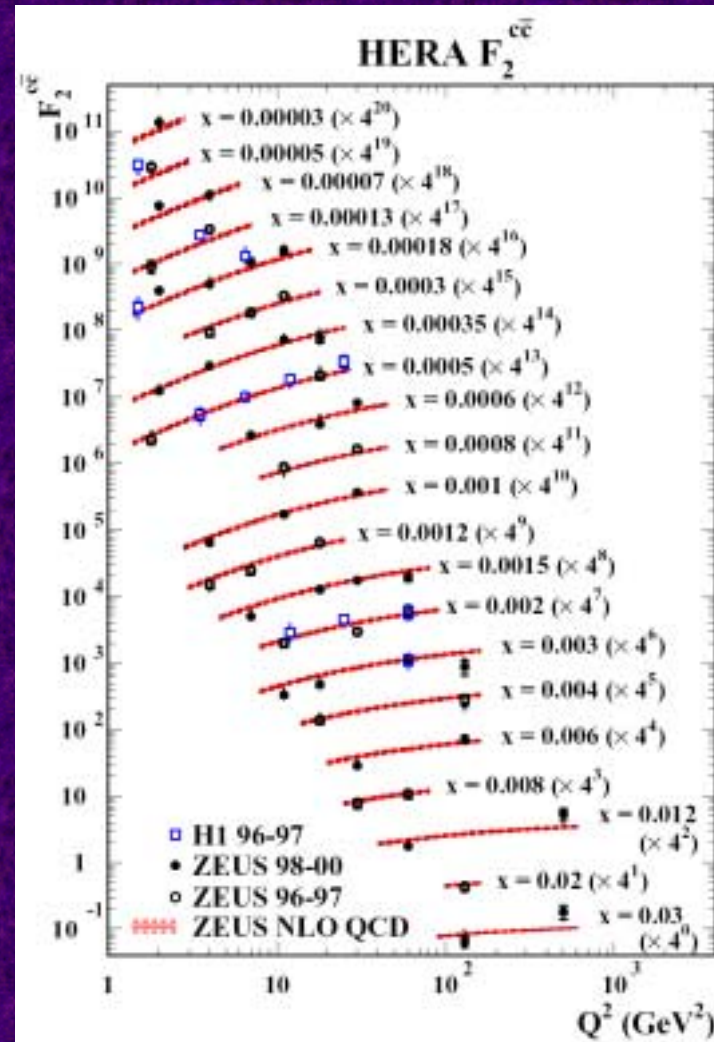
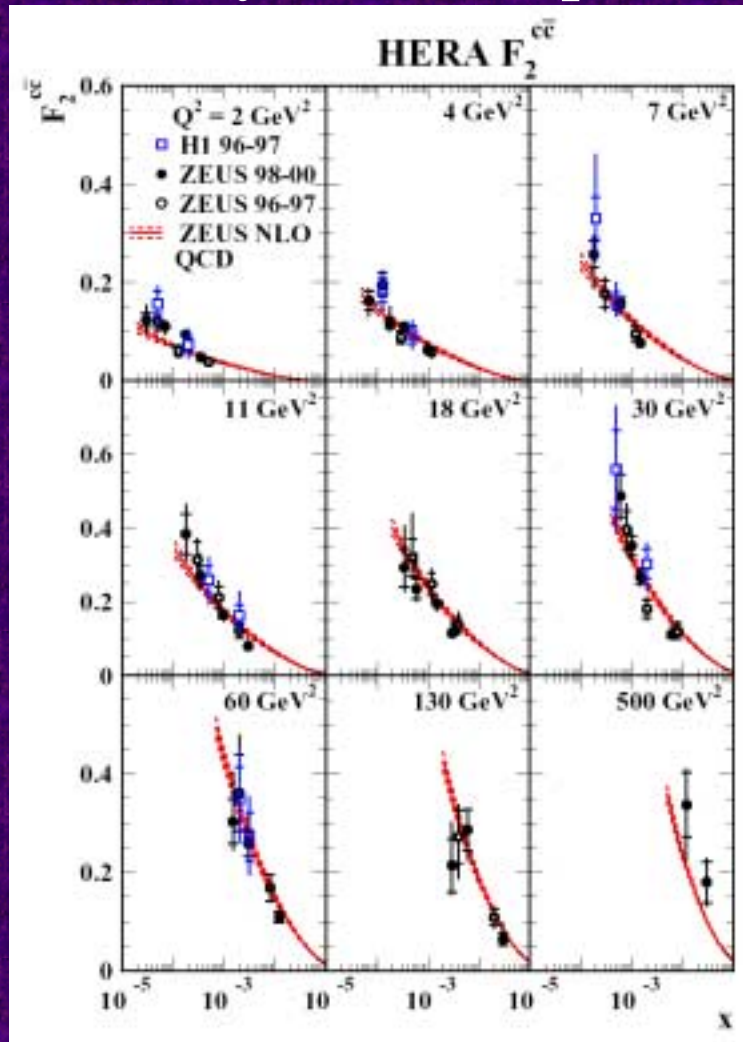
# HERA II prospects

- So optimistically HERA II promises factor 5 increase in luminosity, with lepton polarisation, greatly improved tracking, DAQ and triggering.
- This implies generally order of magnitude improvement in statistics and increased kinematic range and coverage.
- What does this mean for the physics reach of HERA II?



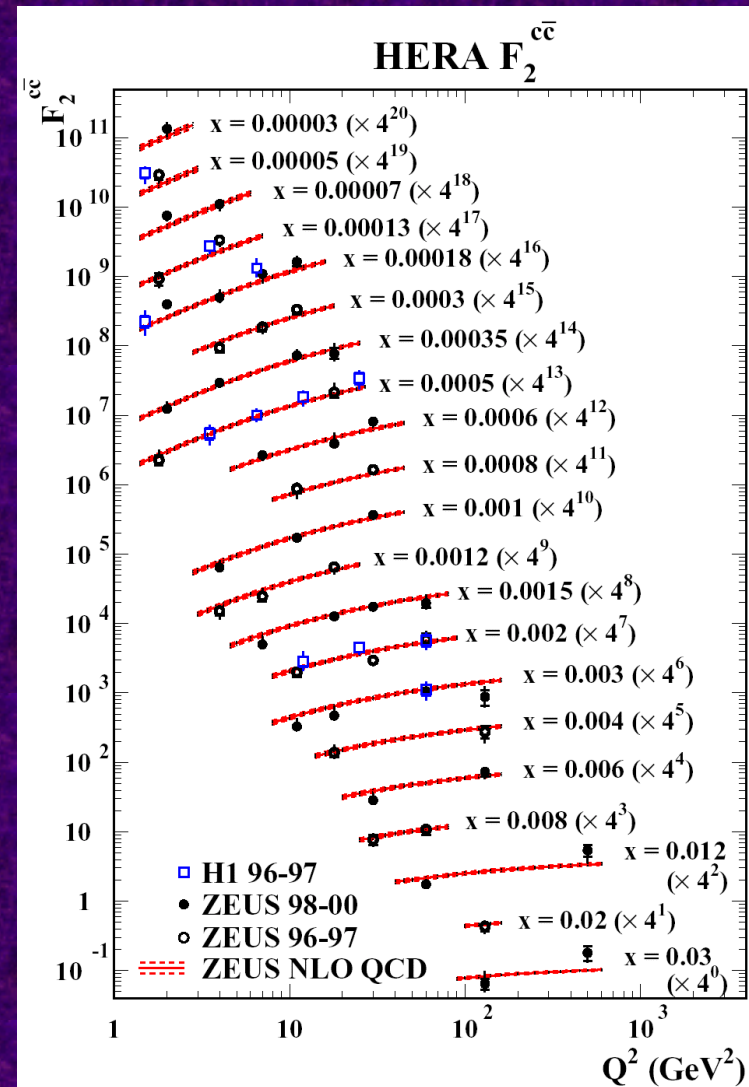
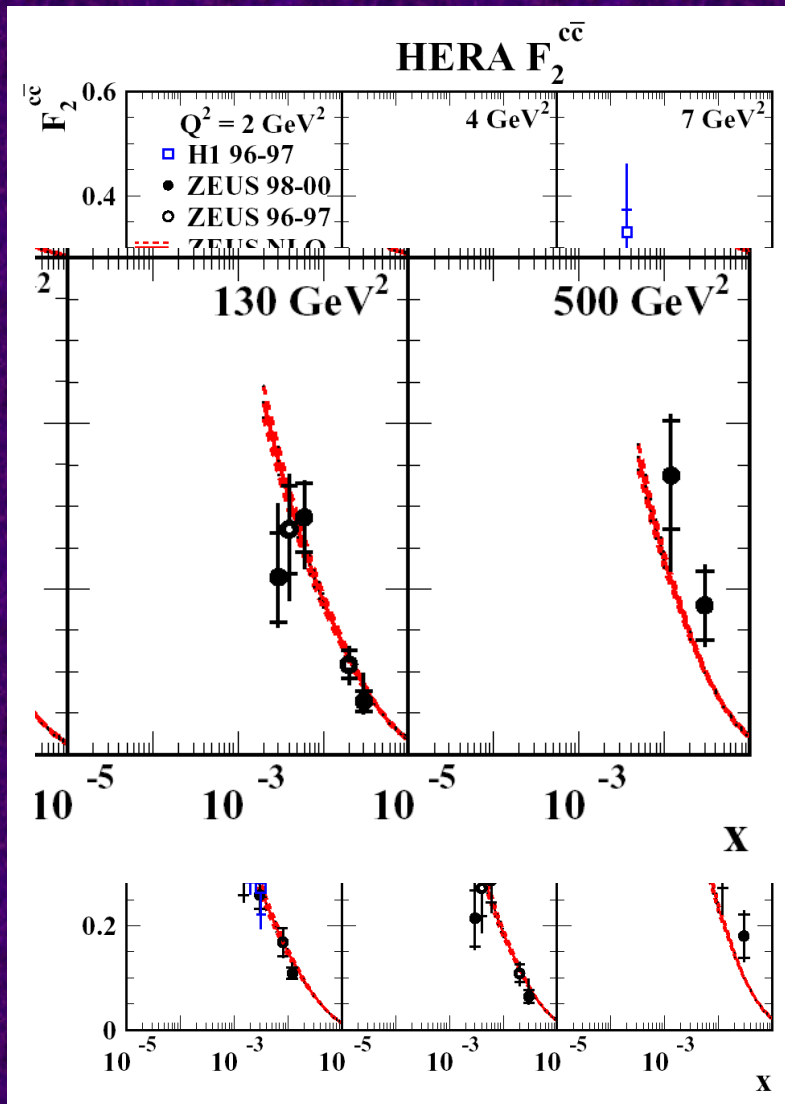
# HQ in DIS

- HERA I has already told us a lot about the charm quark density inside the proton.



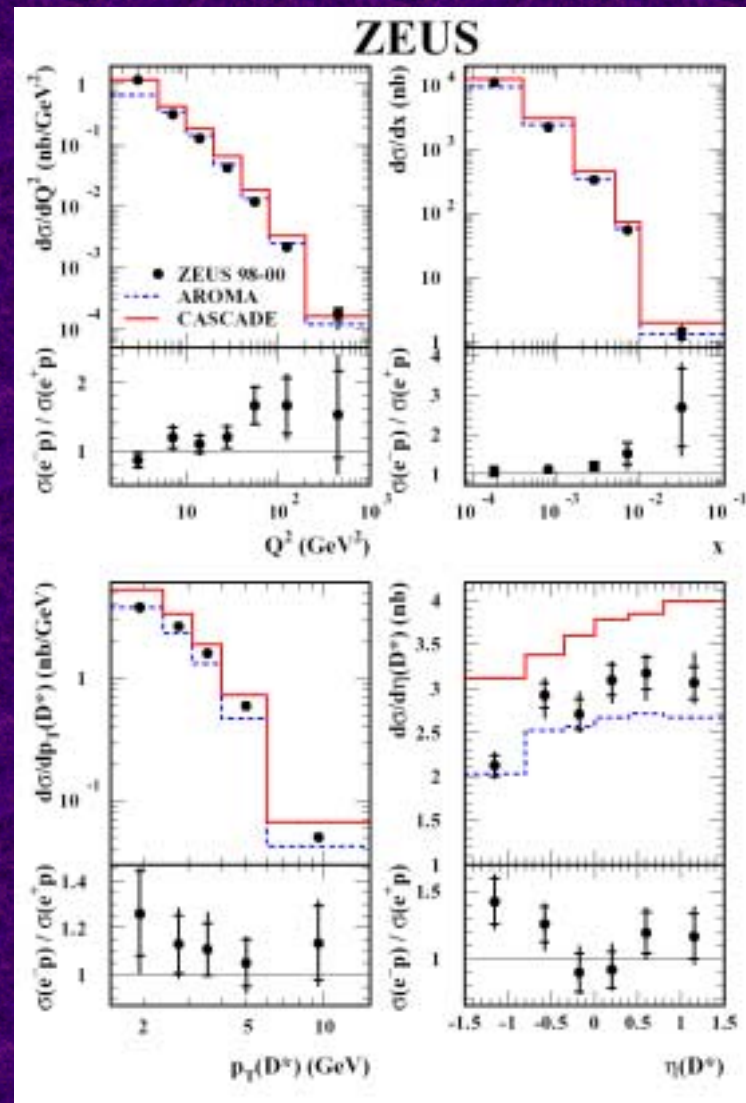
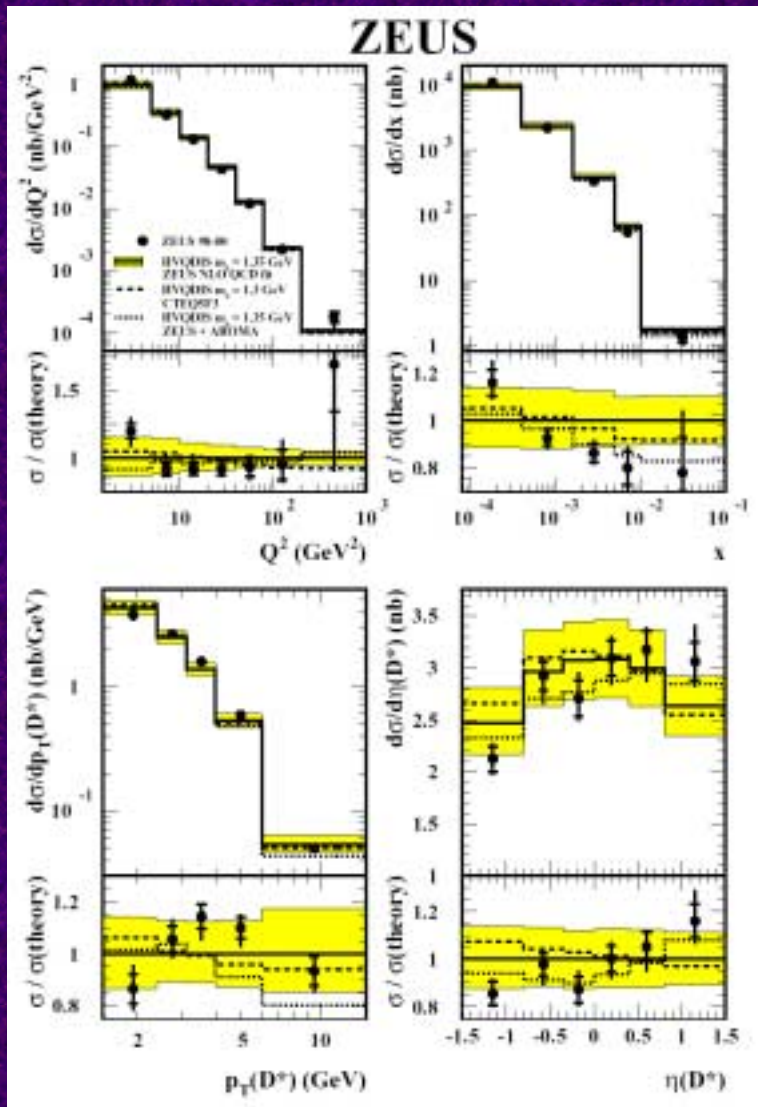
# HQ in DIS

Some of the open questions are obvious.



# HQ in DIS

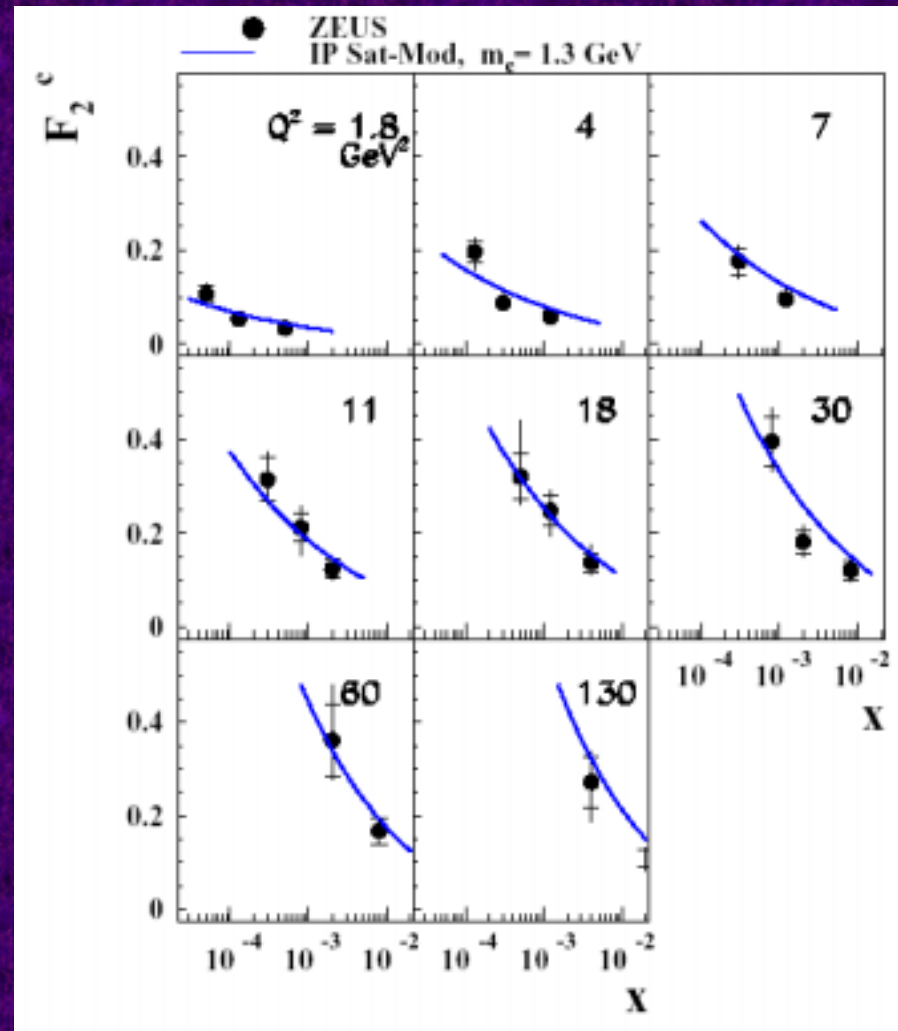
- Some are (much) more obscure.



# HQ in DIS

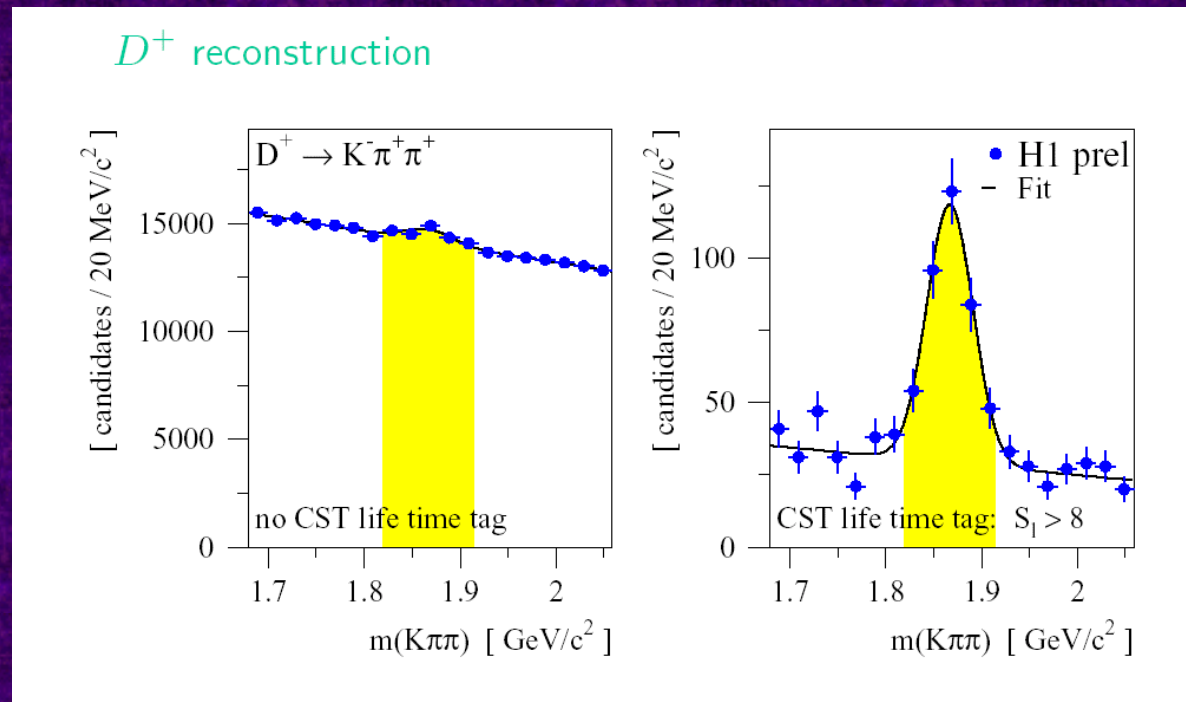
- The promise of HERA II is great, since charm production in DIS is sensitive probe to all sorts of dynamical models.

- Saturation model of Kowalski & Teaney.



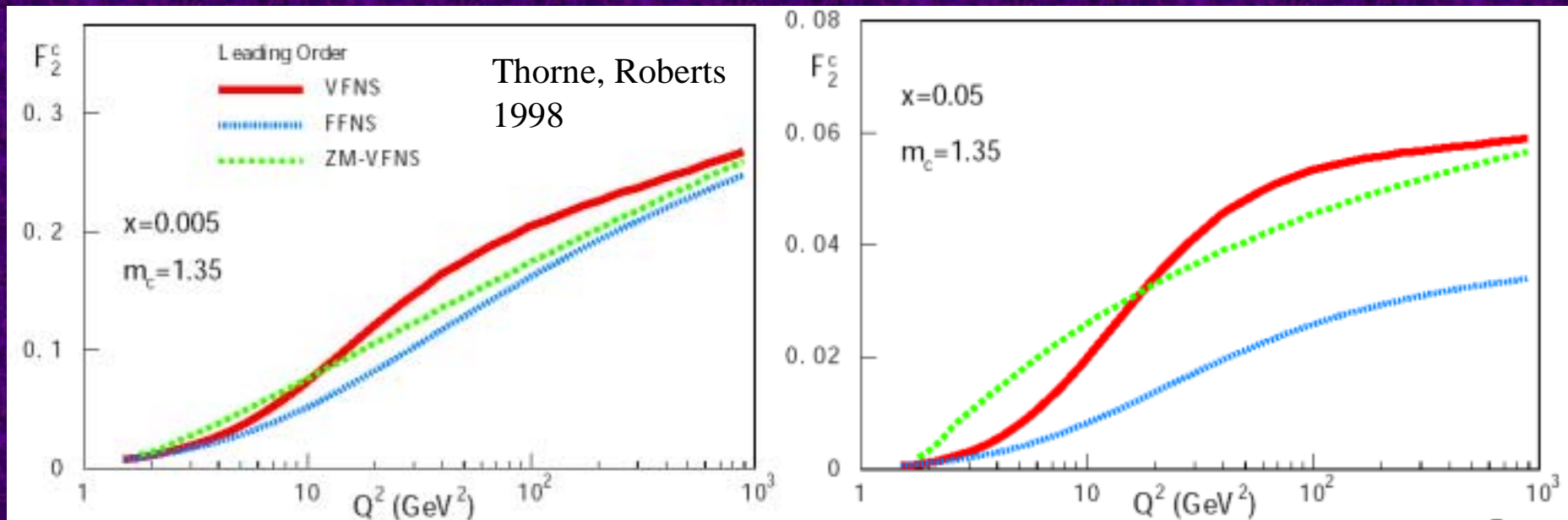
# HQ in DIS

- The  $D^*$  tagging method in  $D^*$  ?  $K\pi\pi_s$  will not be as effective (@ ZEUS) because of increased multiple scattering from the MVD.
- However this will be more than offset by ability to use separated vertex or large impact parameter tag, as already demonstrated at HERA I by H1.



# HQ in DIS

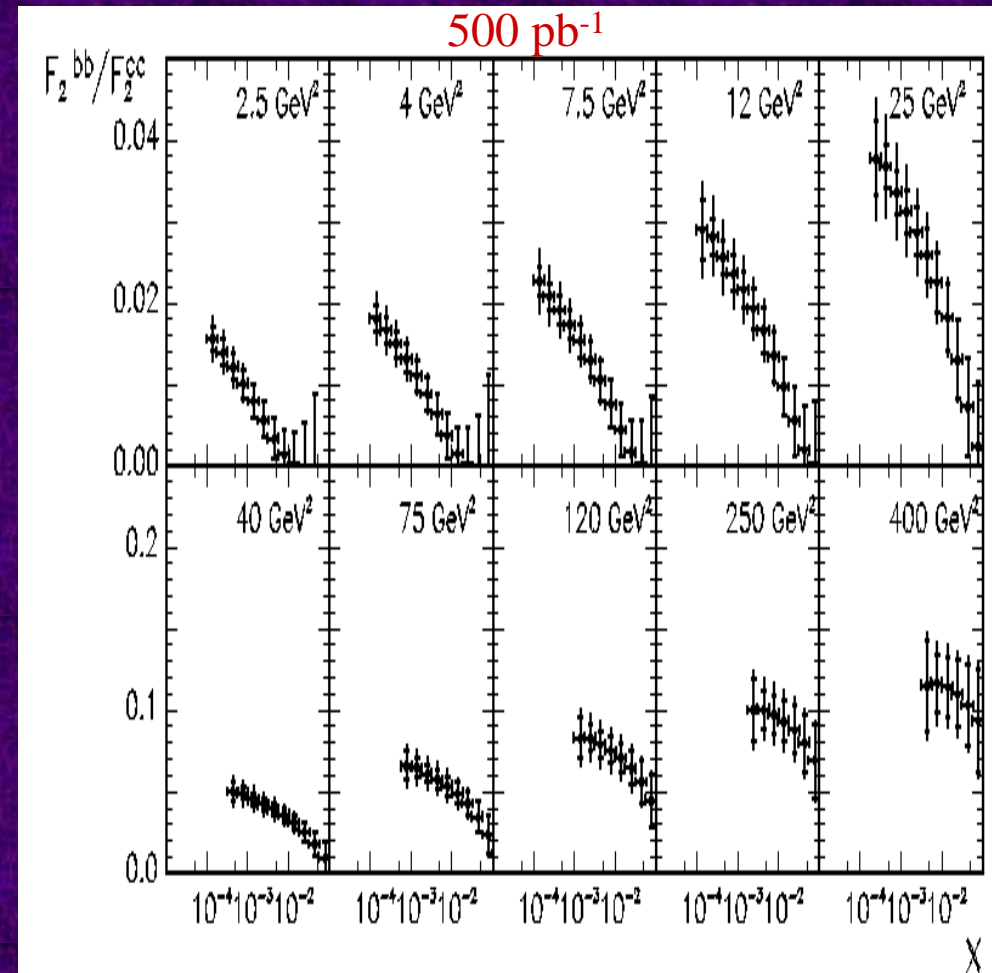
- We will need substantial part of the HERA II statistics to resolve many of the interesting issues in charm in DIS, even with substantial improvement in tagging efficiency.



- The mechanism to take charm mass into account can give substantial mods. to theoretical expectation as function of  $Q^2$  at higher  $x$ . Intrinsic charm can also modify these predictions but unlikely we can get useful info. on this at HERA II.

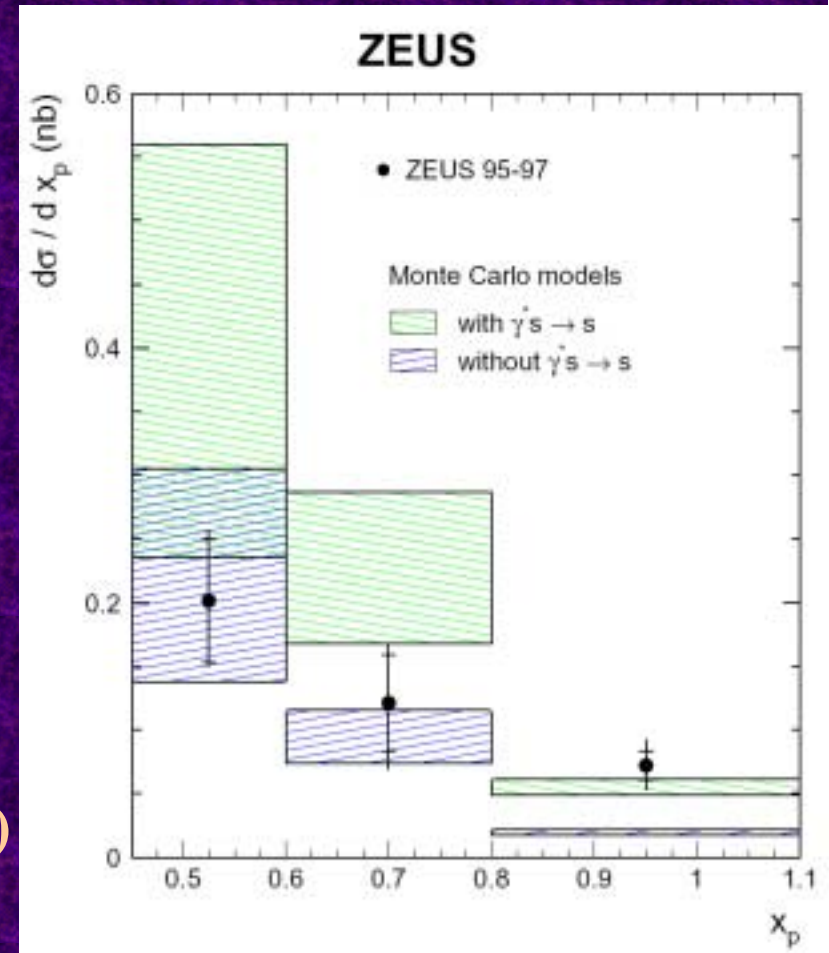
# HQ in DIS

- **Very precise measurements of  $F_2^c$  will be possible for HERA II; also gives accurate gluon determination and cross-check with the more global QCD fits.**
- **Accurate  $b$  contribution to  $F_2$  will become possible – cross-check of VFNS and clean test of photon-gluon fusion process.**



# HQ in DIS

- HERA II should allow both collaborations to make a full flavour decomposition of the inclusive  $F_2$  structure function.
- For example, charm signal in charged currents (expect  $\sim 50K$  events) in principle measures the s-quark density (+ leading particles in NC etc.; but also competing non-s diagrams from gluon splitting in CC).
- Constrain fit with s from leading  $\phi$ ?
- At HERA II, both singlet & non-singlet pdfs -  $u, d, s$  (CC DIS) &  $c, b, g$  (NC DIS) - can be determined with good accuracy.



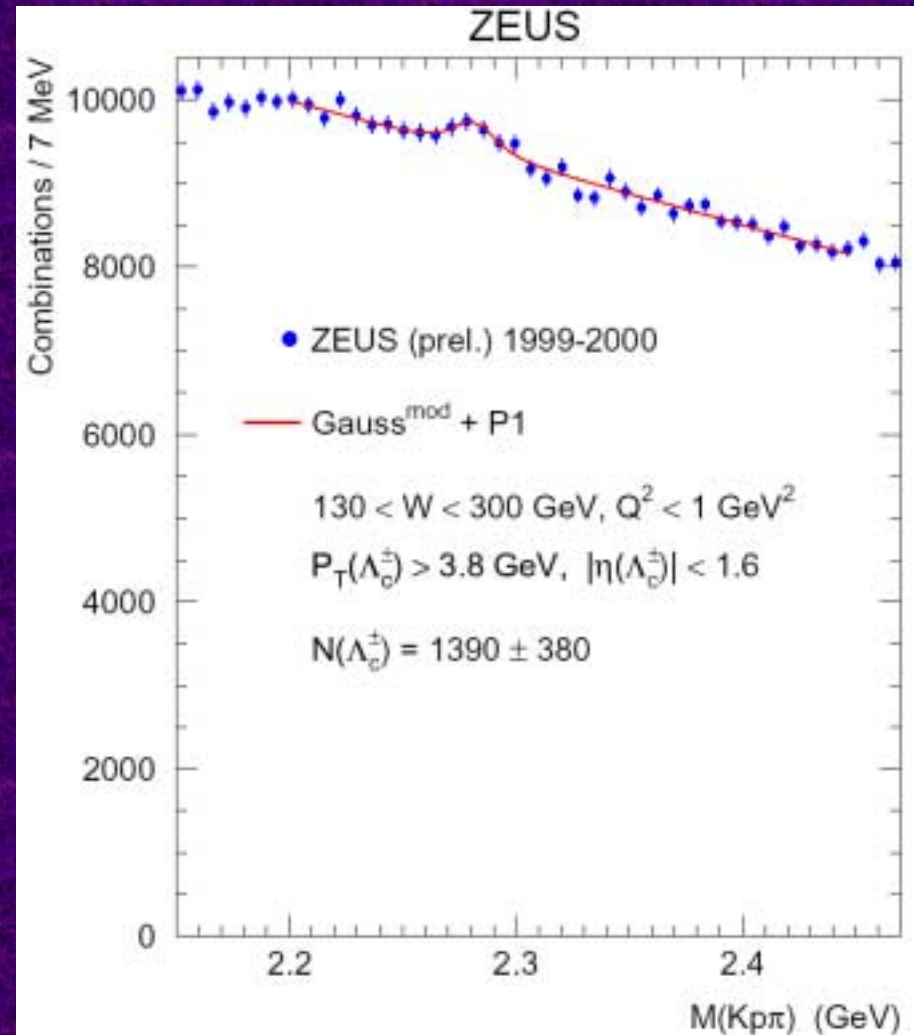


# HQ & Polarisation

- Polarisation in DIS will be a unique tool @ HERA II for exploring EW couplings.
- In principle the spin orientation of the struck quark can carry through a memory into the final-state hadron.
- In c and b production, one can be sure that the struck quark is in one of the c or b hadrons and there is a correlation between the detected heavy-quark hadron and the struck quark.
- Using weak decay of  $\Lambda_c$ , can analyse for spin orientation of struck quark and hence disentangle spin-dependent  $\sigma_s$ .

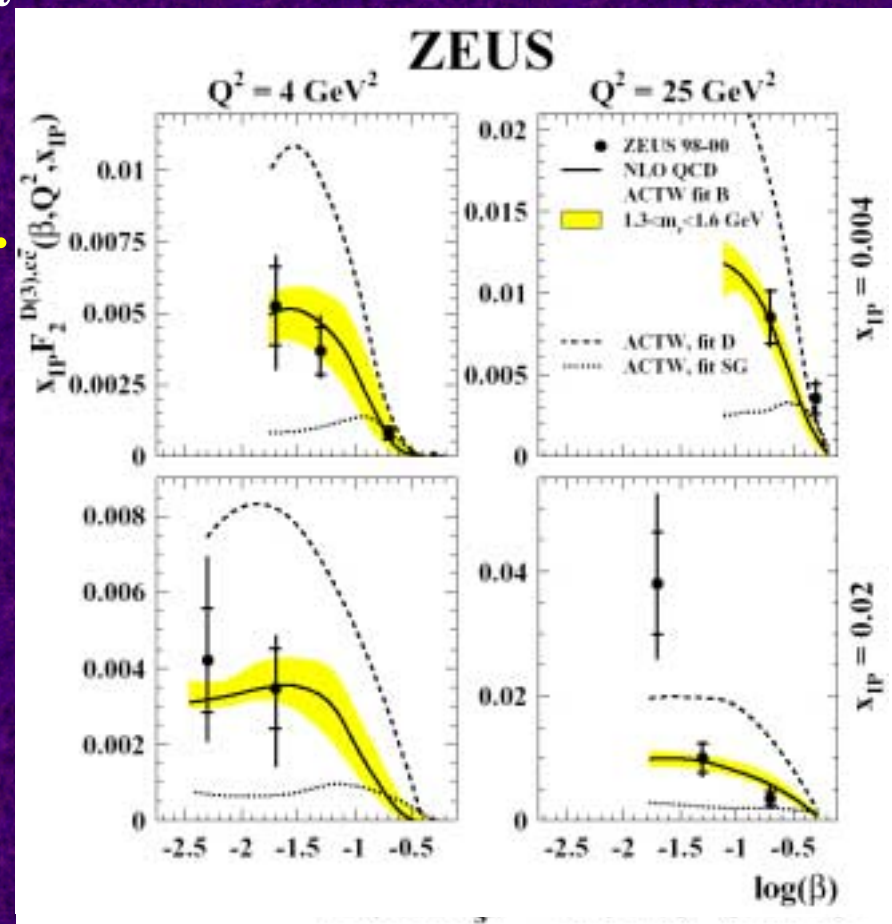
# HQ & Polarisation

- But first signal reported for inclusive  $\Lambda_c$  production reported at this year's conferences, so difficult to believe that statistically significant results can be obtained via this technique.



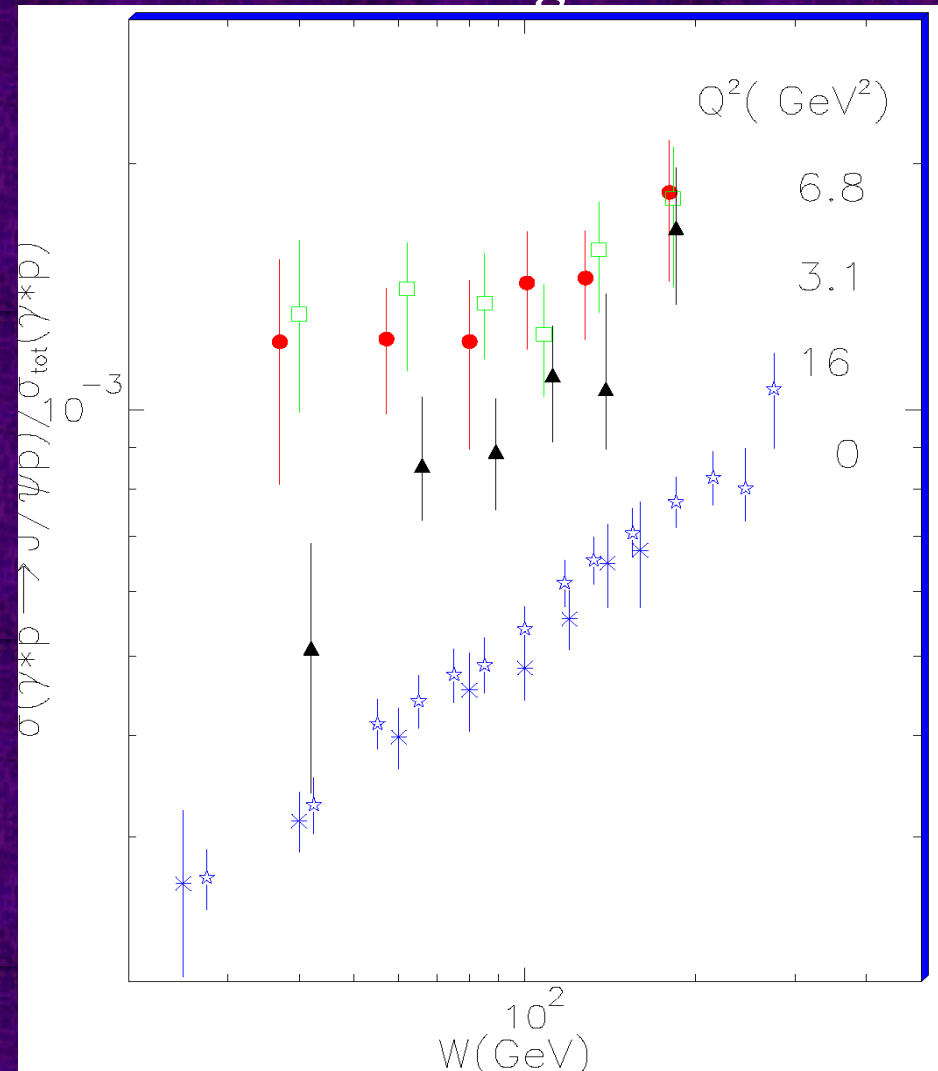
# HQ in Diffraction

- The structure of diffraction and its mechanism and explanation in the framework of pQCD is one of the most fruitful areas of HERA I physics.
- In the charm sector, very strongly limited by statistics.
- However, also very good discrimination amongst models – one of the areas where we will most benefit from the statistics of HERA II.



# HQ in Diffraction

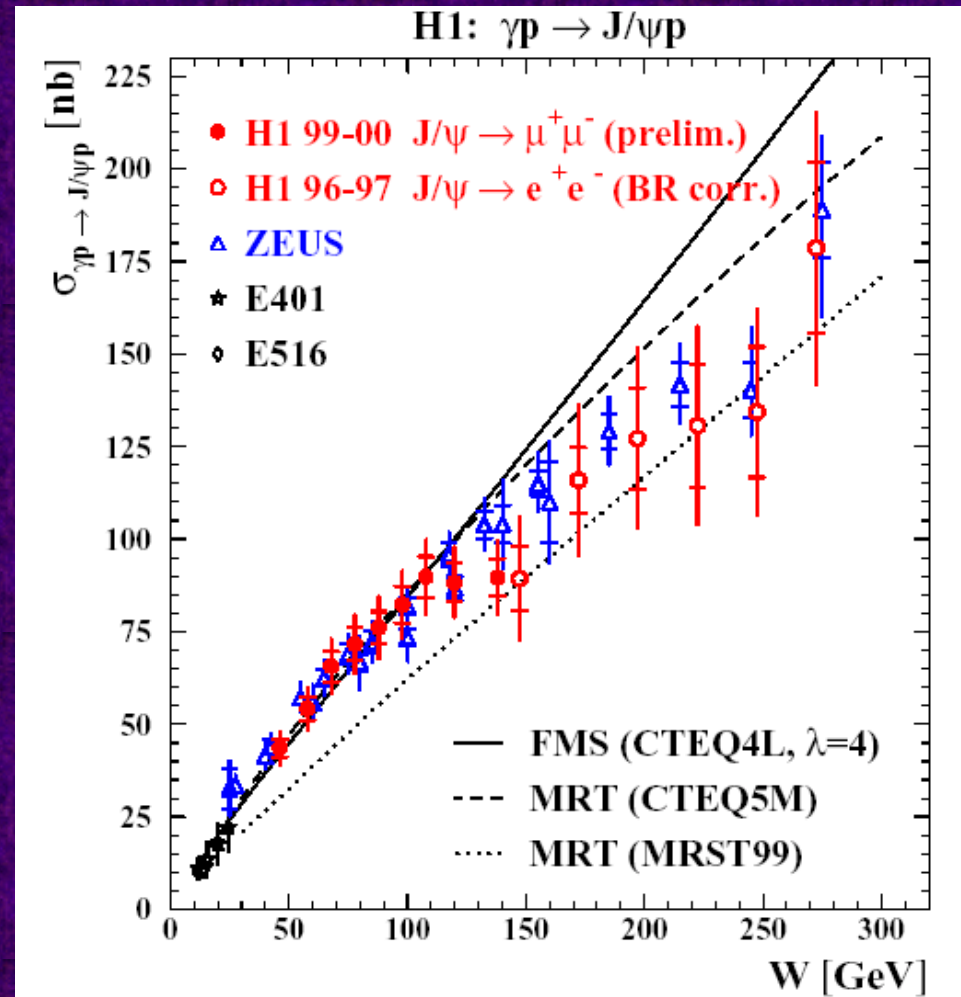
- Charm production of inclusive  $F_2$  will also be additional constraint on gluon pdf of diffractive exchange.
- In exclusive processes, the heavy  $c$  quark gives clearly different behaviour to light quarks – opening the relationship of QCD models of diffraction.
- One of the areas where one clearly sees the effect of  $m_c$  as a hard scale. Again, in all of these studies, the statistics of HERA II will be decisive.



# HQ in Diffraction

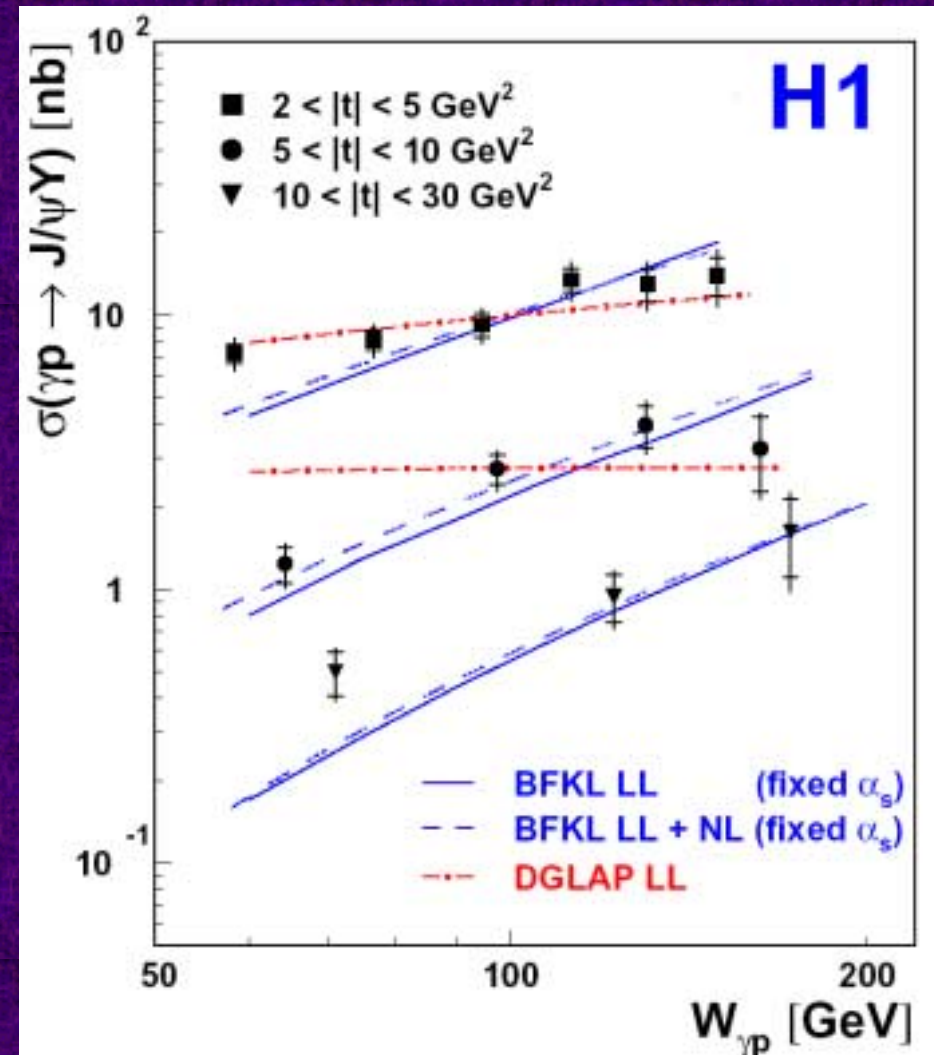
- Diffractive VM production in photoproduction now in much better agreement between H1 and ZEUS.

- Some statistics gain still to be expected at the highest  $W$ , and some extra kinematic reach from the extended tracking in the detectors, but generally HERA II data will not add so much to the current picture.



# HQ in Diffraction

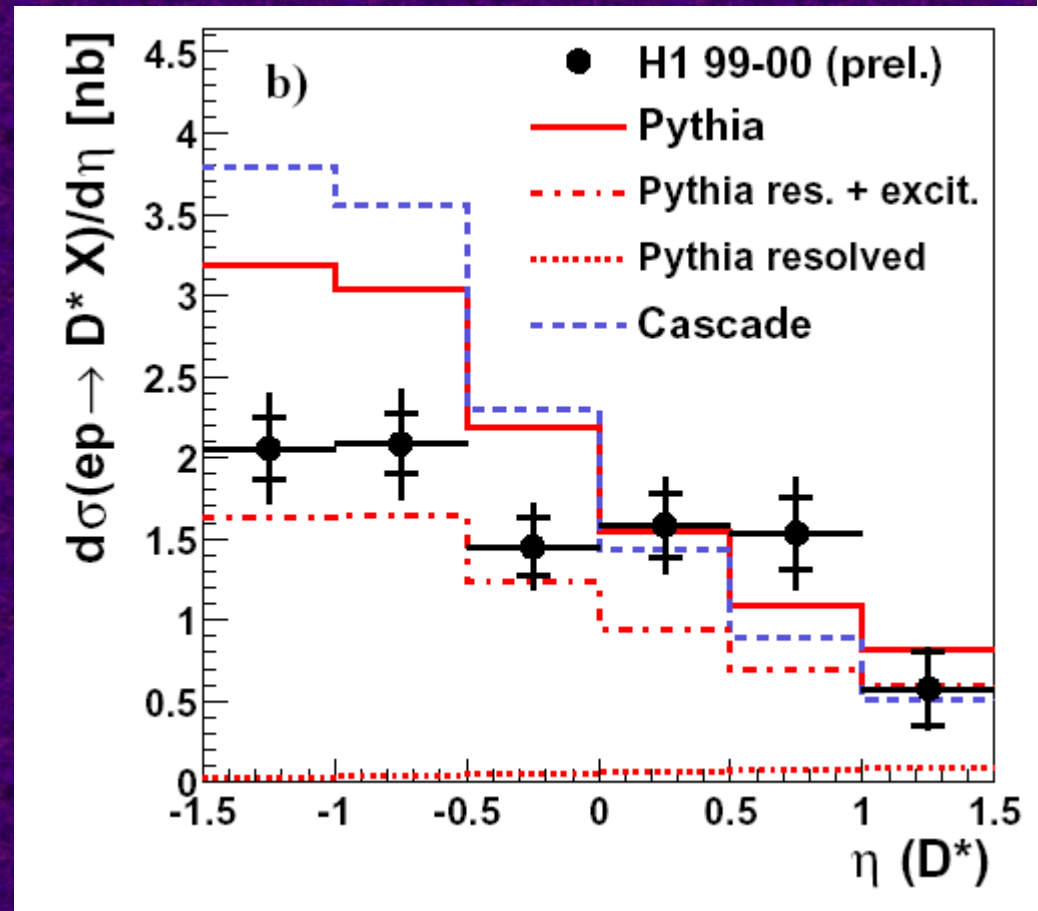
- Diffractive  $J/\psi$  production in photoproduction at high  $t$  sensitive tool to QCD evolution in diffraction.
- Again, obviously statistics limited and these type of studies will greatly benefit from HERA II data; the very distinctive final state and kinematic regime should allow efficient triggers at HERA II.
- Saturation models can also describe many features of  $J/\psi$  data.



# HQ in Photoproduction

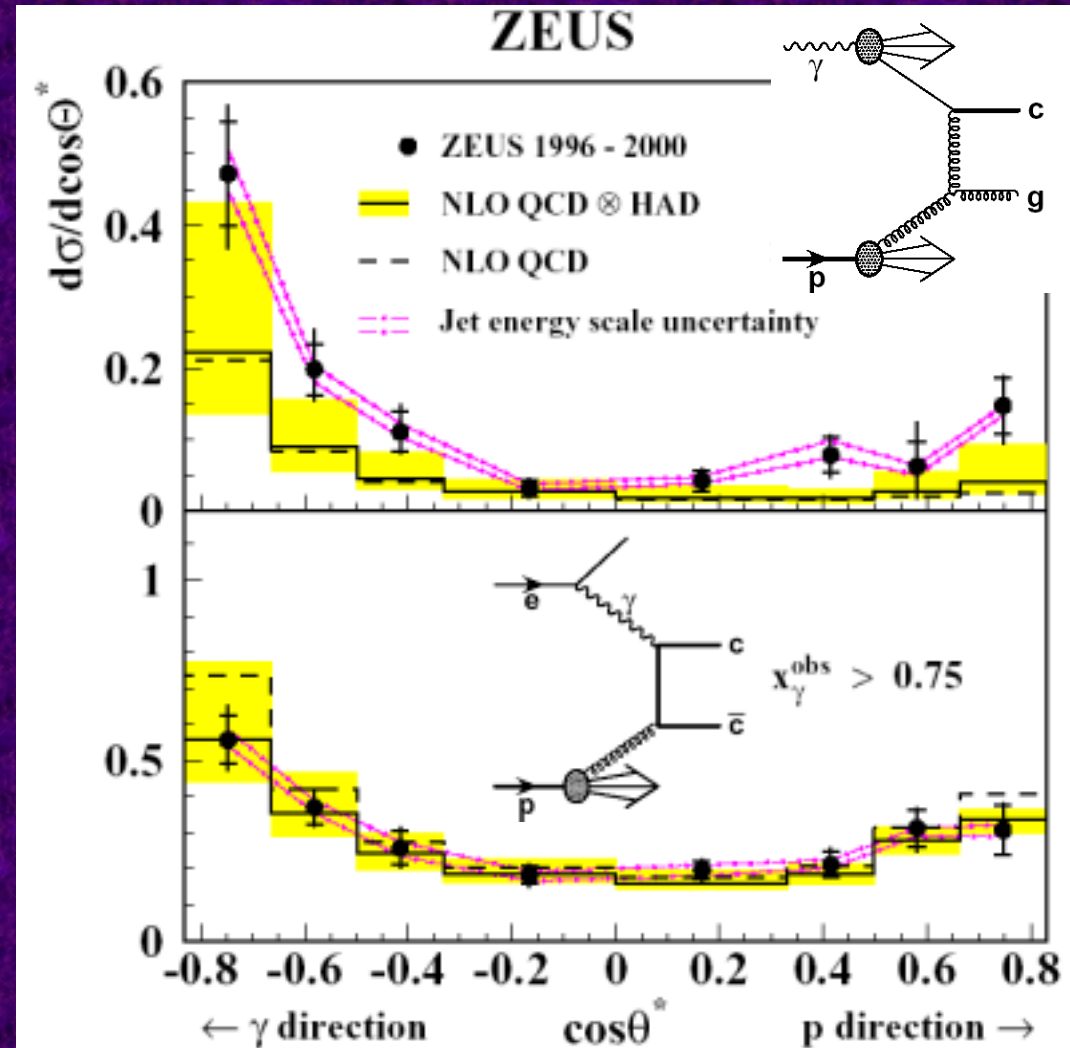
- In general statistics not a problem with photoproduction results, except where extra requirements on tagging – e.g. double jet tags.

- However, we still have considerable work to do to understand the details even of relatively simple quantities such as inclusive differential cross sections.



# HQ in Photoproduction

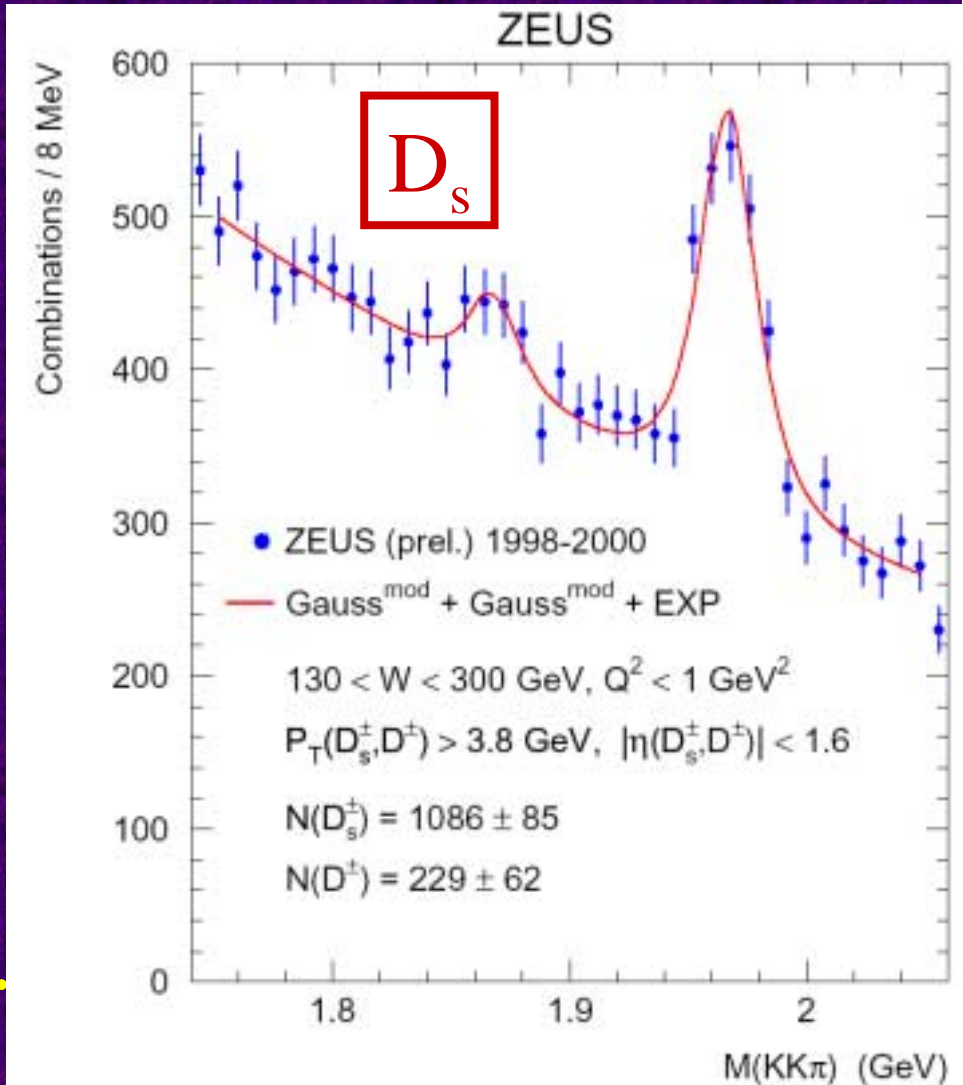
- Study of angular distributions in dijet events where one of the jets contains a  $D^*$  can disentangle the dynamics of the  $c$ -production process.
- In principle, this method, with greatly increased statistics at HERA II, can lead to determination of  $c$  (and  $g$ ) density in  $\gamma$ .





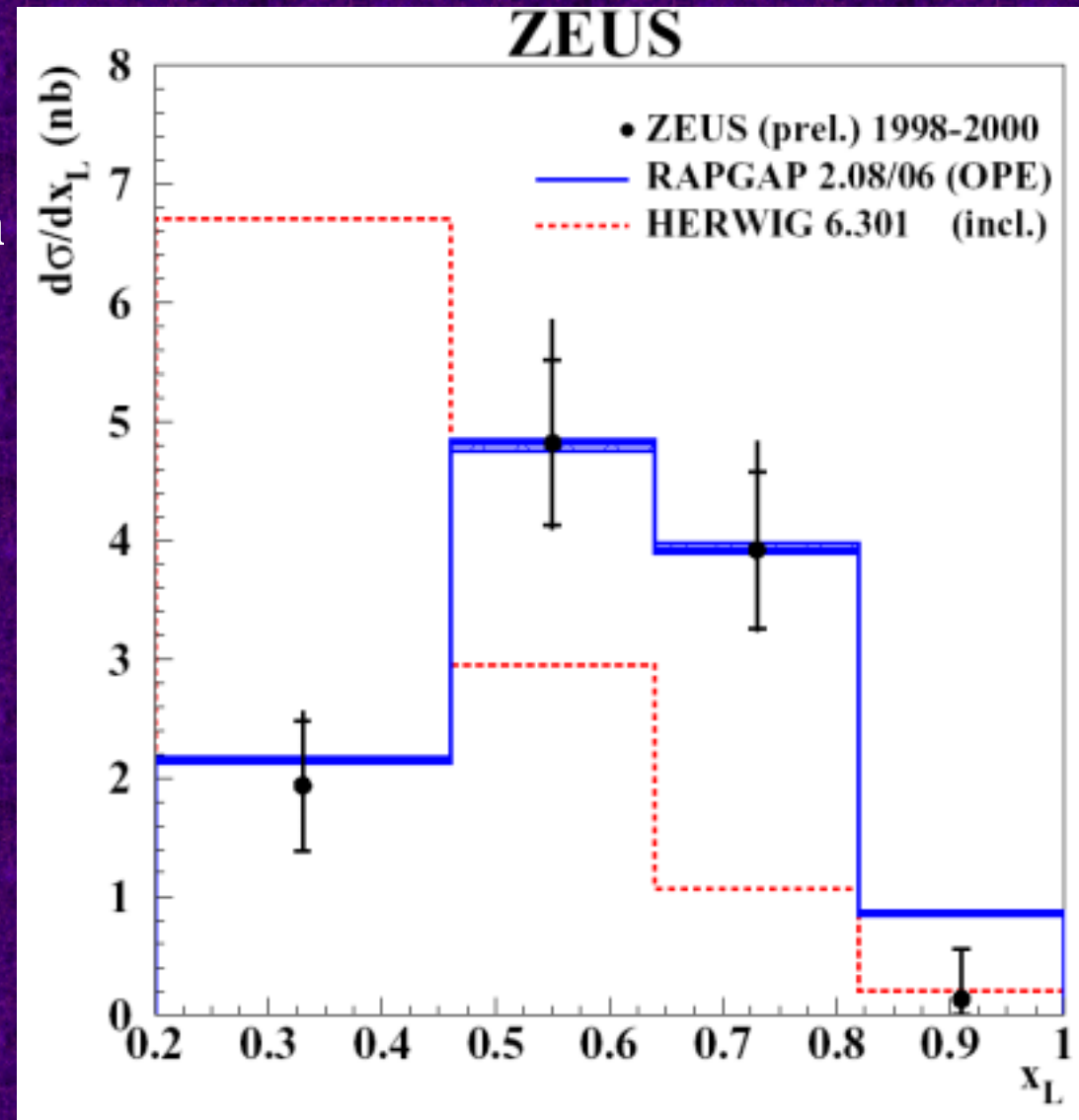
# HQ in Photoproduction

- Since charm tagging works over a wide range of momenta, has rather high efficiency and high purity, charm is a useful method to look at fragmentation.
- The study of all these charm particles has allowed the determination of fragmentation probs. to u,d, ratios of P/V, strangeness suppression etc. to ~5 – 10%. This can certainly be improved at HERA II.



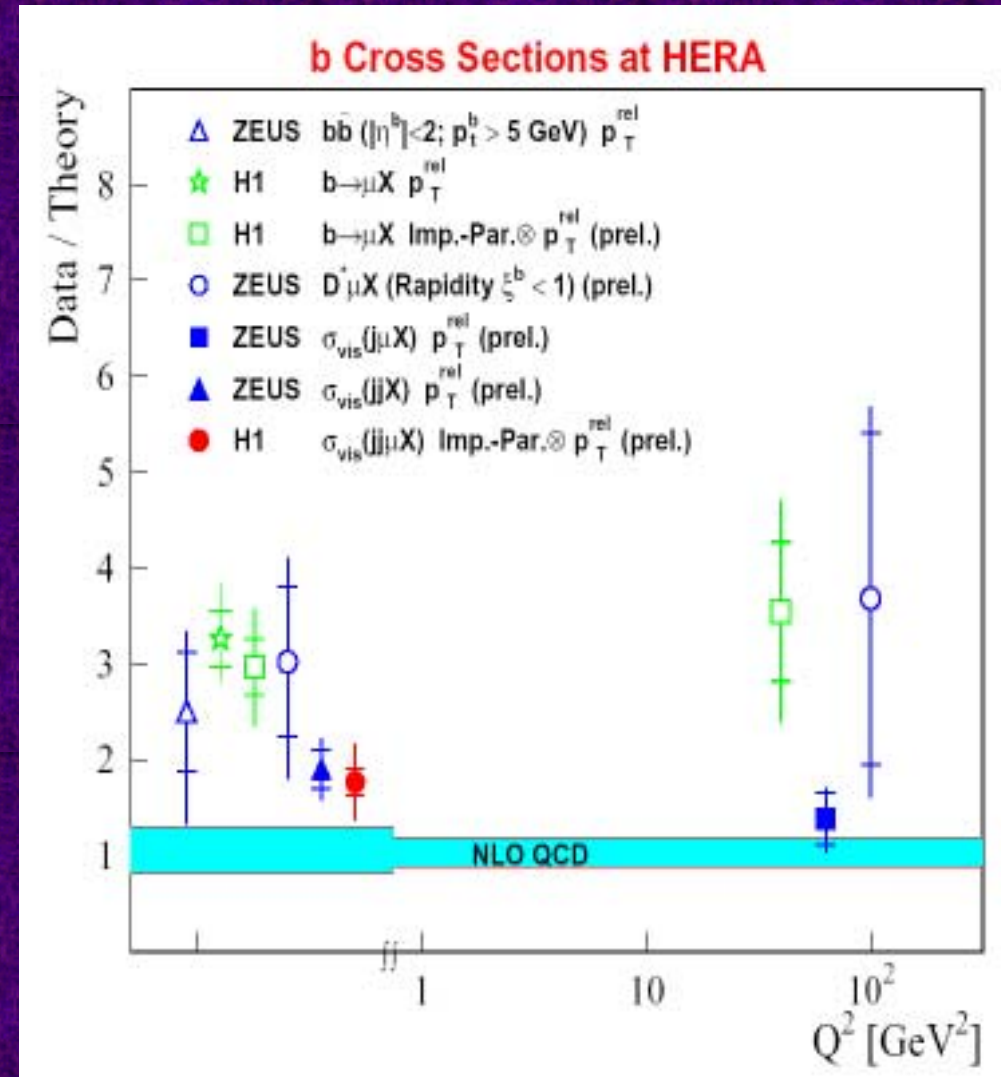
# HQ in Photoproduction

- By looking at events containing leading neutrons and a charm tag, we can get a handle on the  $c$  (&  $g$ ) density in the  $\pi$ .
- This is a classic “double-tag” experiment which needs the increased statistics of HERA II (and more!).



# B production

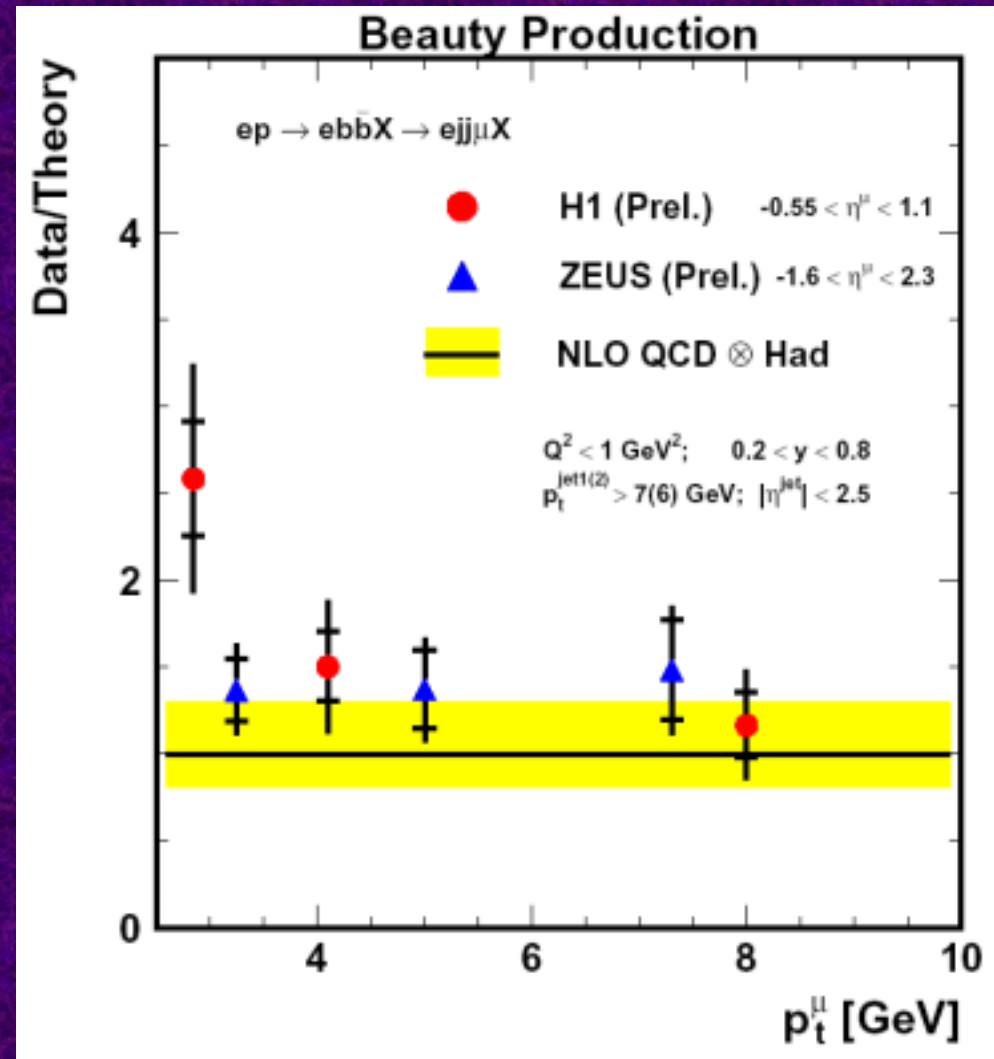
- B production both in photoproduction and DIS is really in its infancy at HERA I and will be a major study at HERA II.
- The most recent results from H1 & ZEUS for photoproduction imply a much smaller discrepancy between data and NLO QCD
- Related to differences in extrapolation from meas.  $\sigma$  for fully inclusive and dijet final states.



# B production

- Good agreement between H1 & ZEUS, and with NLO QCD.

- However...

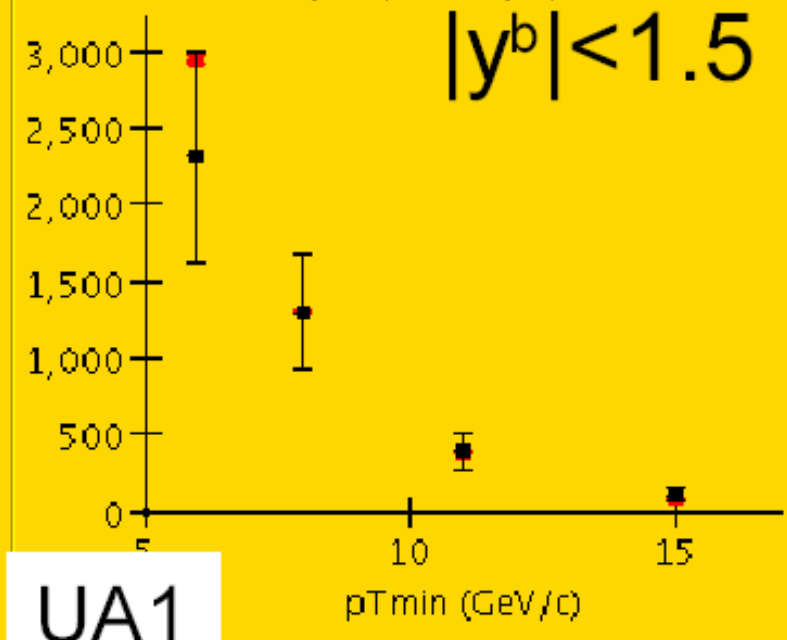


# B production

- Jetweb – <http://jetweb.hep.ucl.ac.uk> allows comparison between different experiments with implementation of experimental cuts. Comparison with PYTHIA LO +PS scaled to HERA jet  $\sigma$  predicts HERA & Tevatron etc.  $\sigma(b)$ .
- There may still be a problem with the QCD prediction of  $\sigma(b)$  being too low – but it is surely less than we thought and this will have to wait for HERA II.

Inclusive single b cross section,  $|y| < \dots$

Cross section for  $p_T > p_{Tmin}$  (nb)

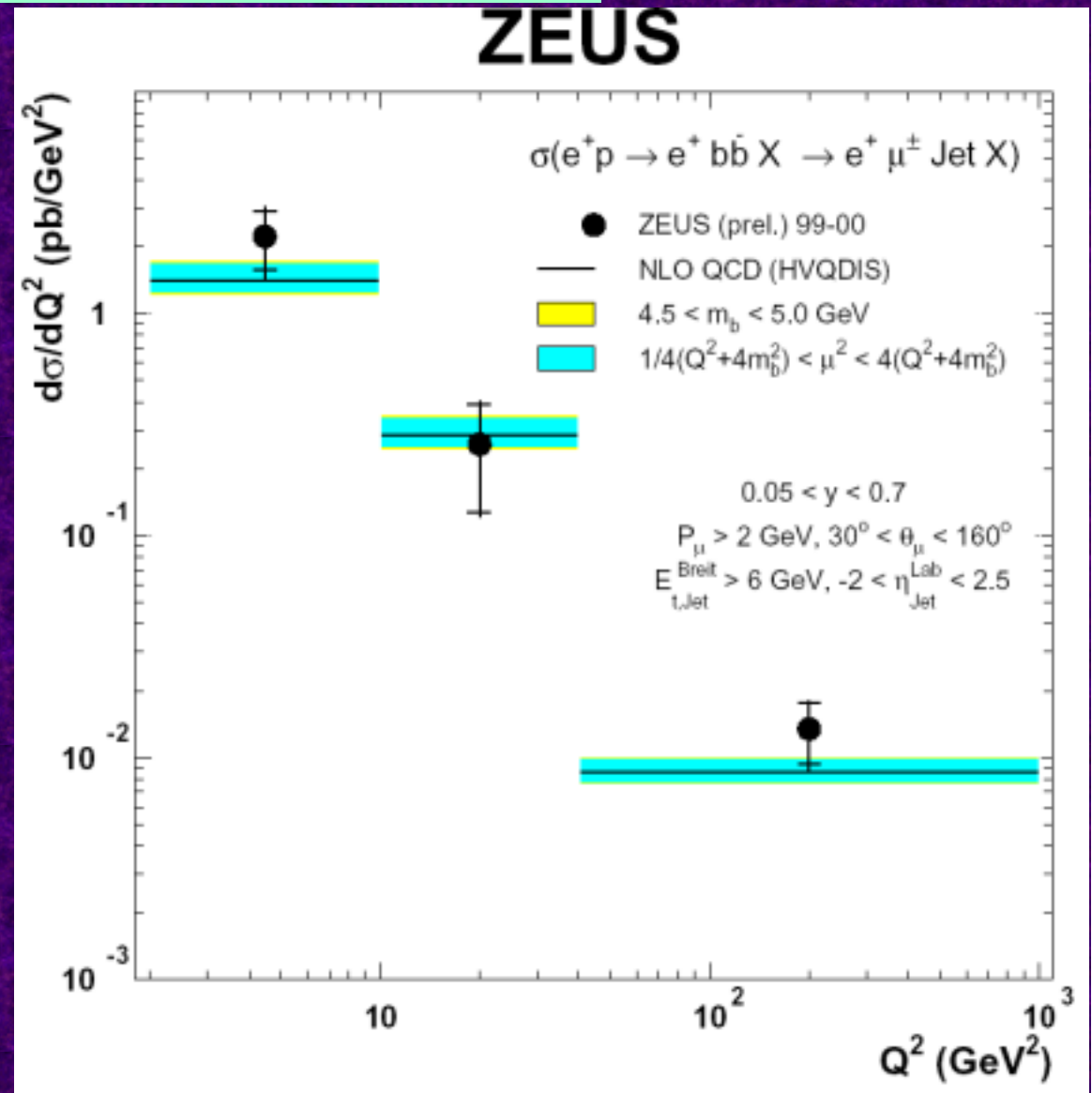


UA1

$bb \rightarrow \mu\mu$

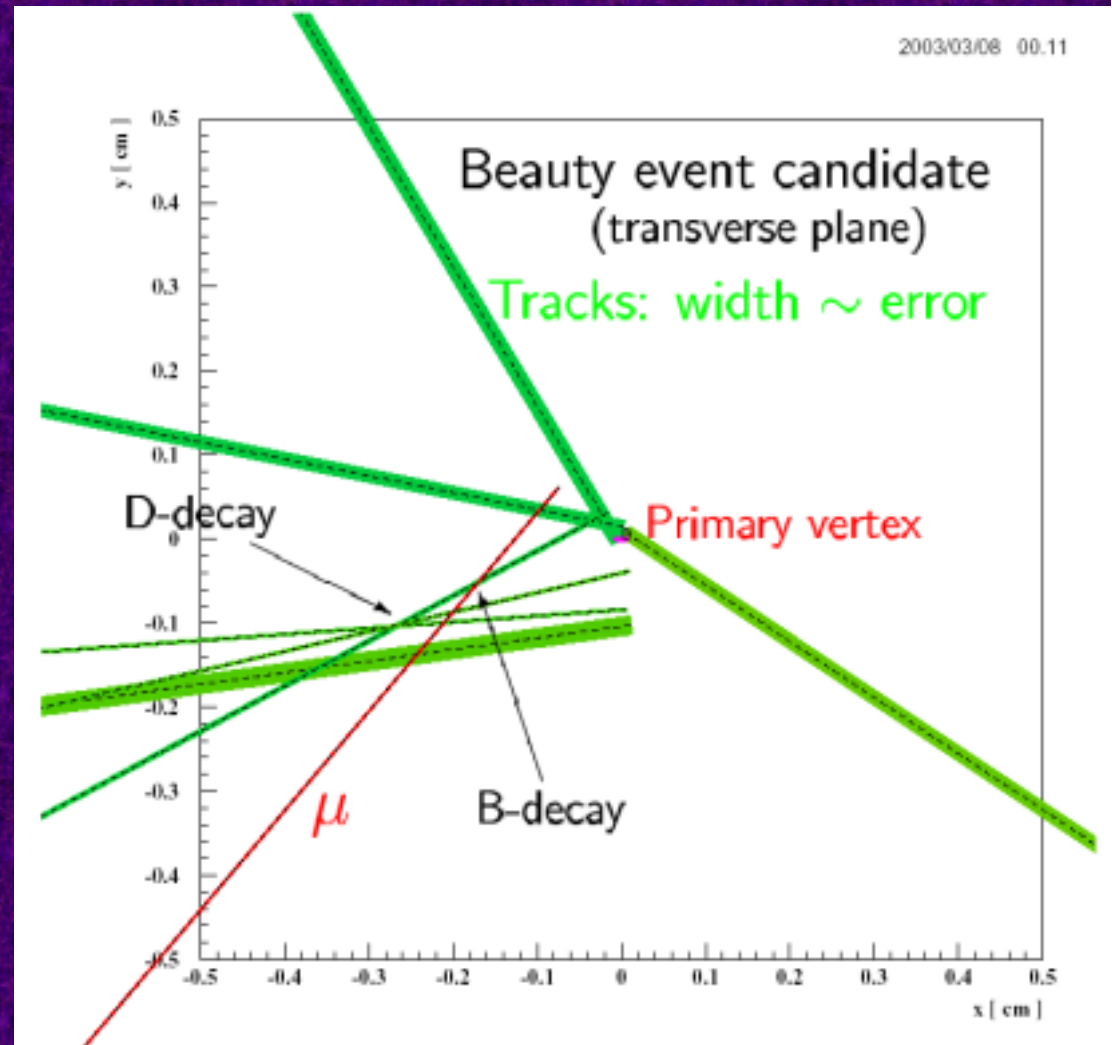
# B production

- However, at least in DIS, we seem to have a reasonable understanding of the differential cross sections also.
- But we need many more than 3 bins!  
=> HERA II.



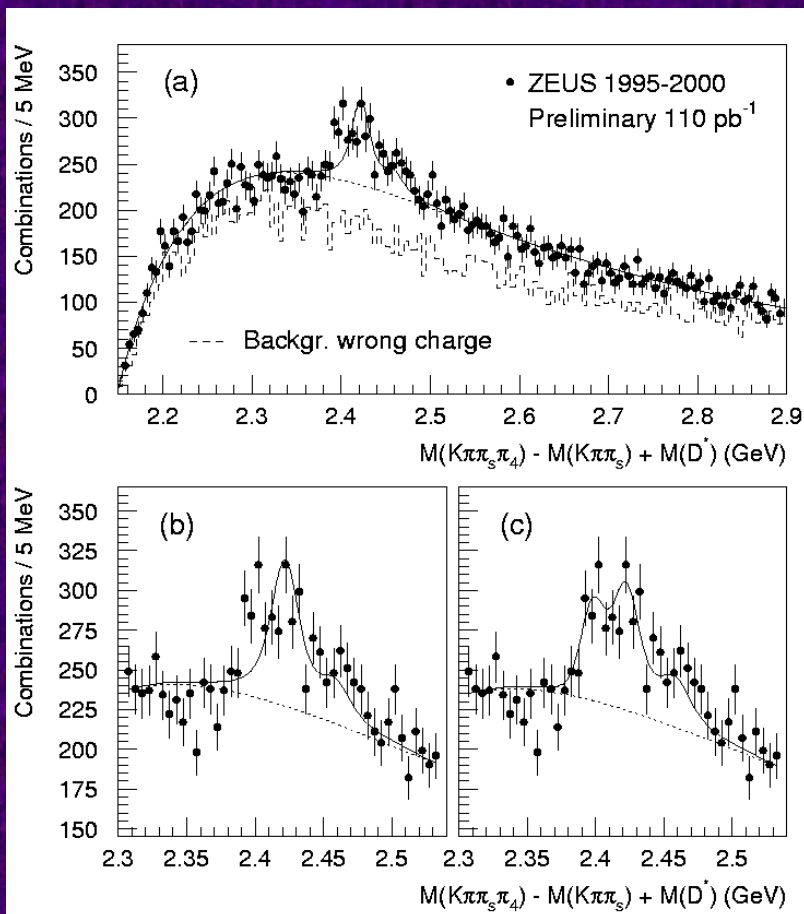
# B production

- One of the things we have seen start at HERA I has been the use of the vertex detectors to do vertex tagging.
- This will be the name of the game at HERA II.

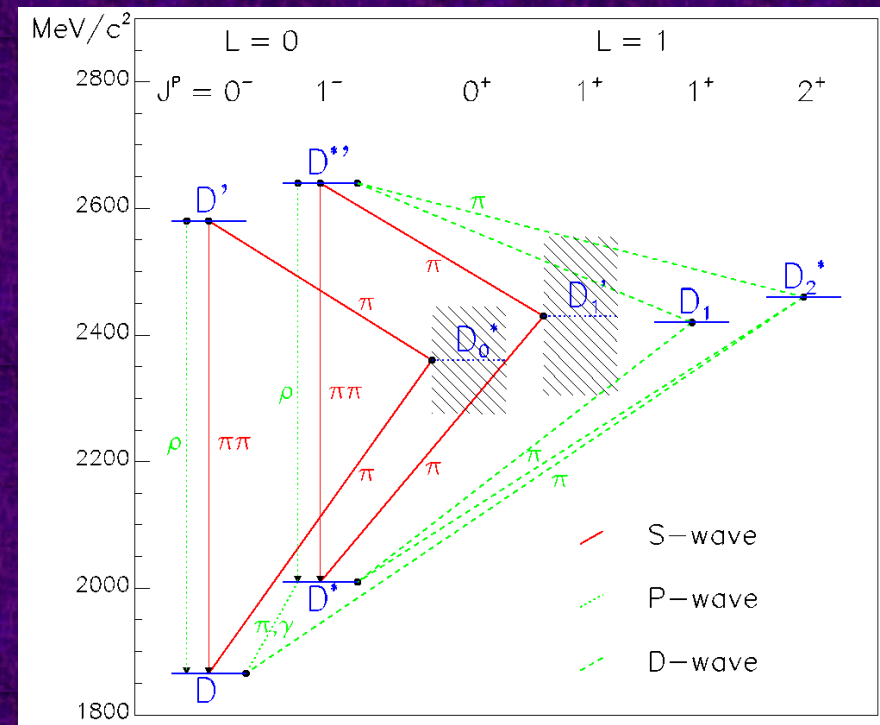


# Charm spectroscopy in $\gamma p$

- The large HERA I data sample gave the opportunity to make useful contributions to charm spectroscopy.



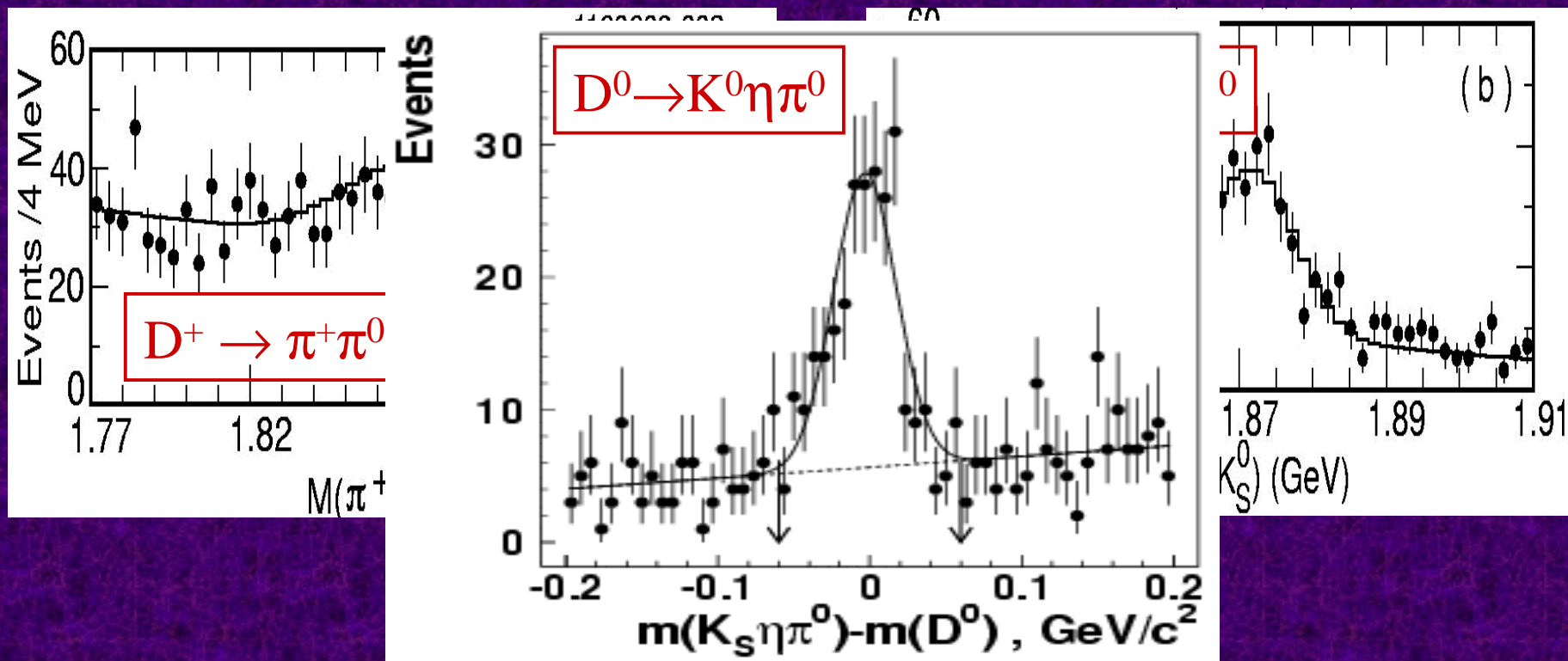
- Rich spectrum -  $D_1, D_2^*$  established;  $D^*$  seen by DELPHI, not OPAL/CLEO





# Charm spectroscopy in $\gamma p$

- However, the B and c/ $\tau$  factories are now going full steam ahead and will make even the HERA II data samples insignificant e.g. in 2004, CLEO-c plans 6M tagged D decays.

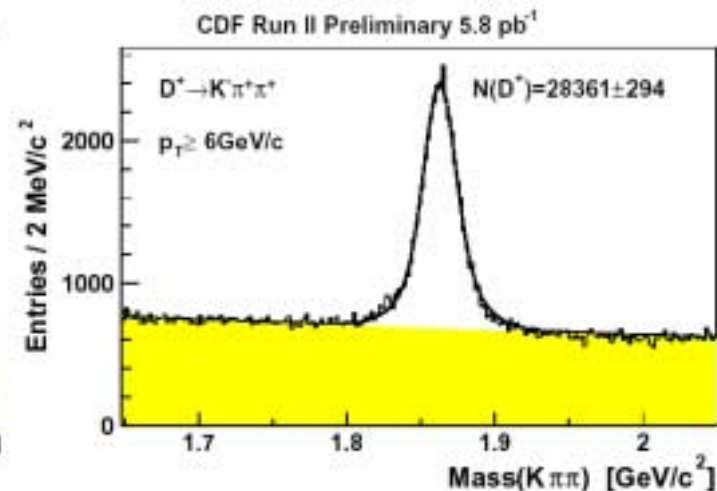
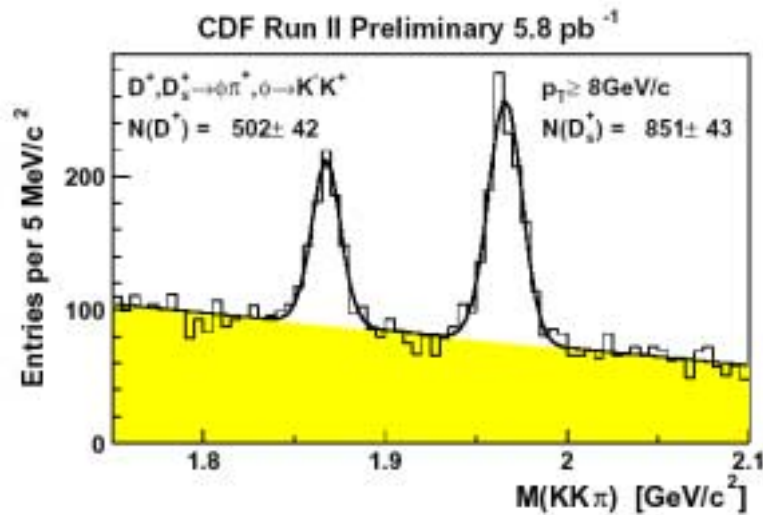
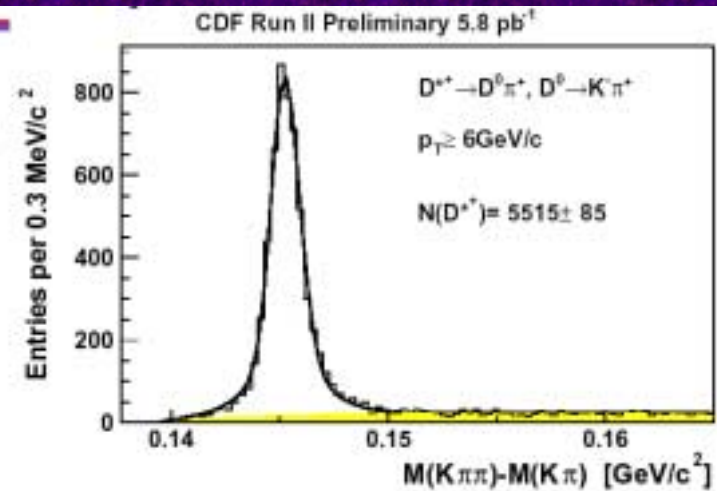


# Charm spectroscopy in CDF

- And that is even before thinking about CDF....

- Trigger on displaced tracks, accepts both bottom & charm.
- Reconstruct large samples of charm hadrons  
>85% prompt charm!

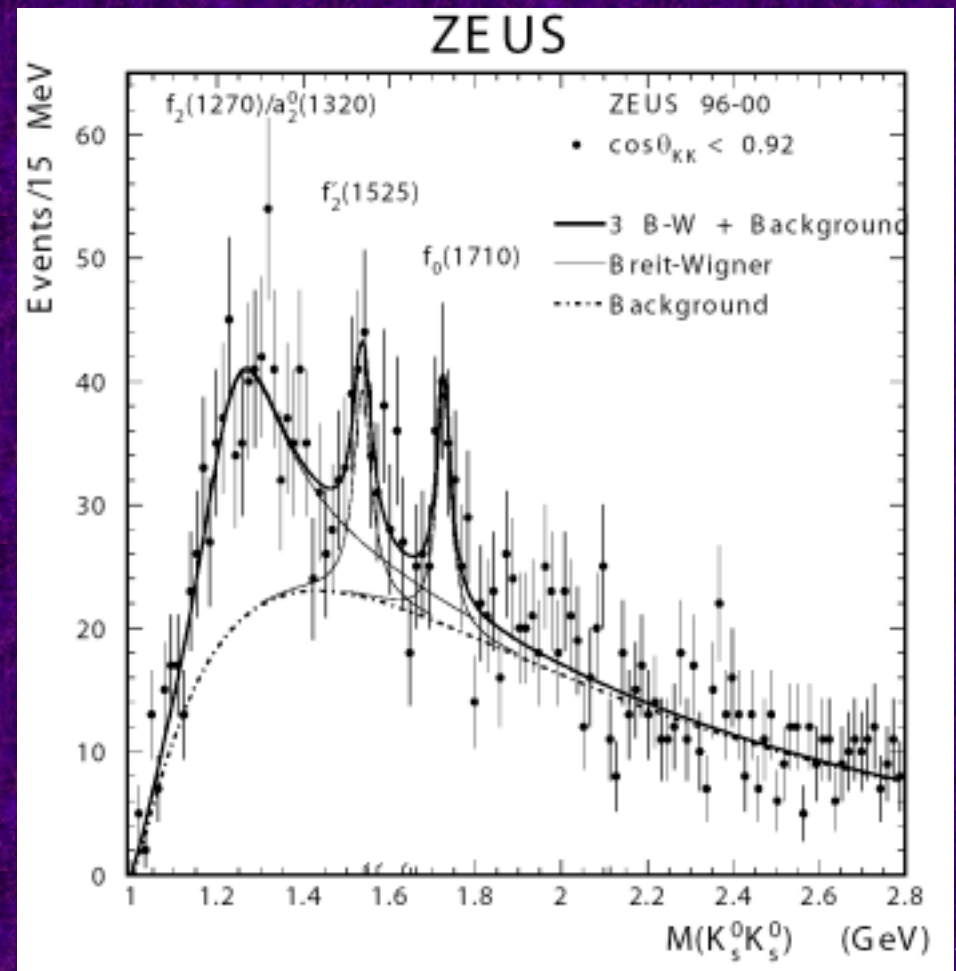
Yields shown for  $5.8\text{pb}^{-1}$



- For “standard” spectroscopy, HERA II not competitive.

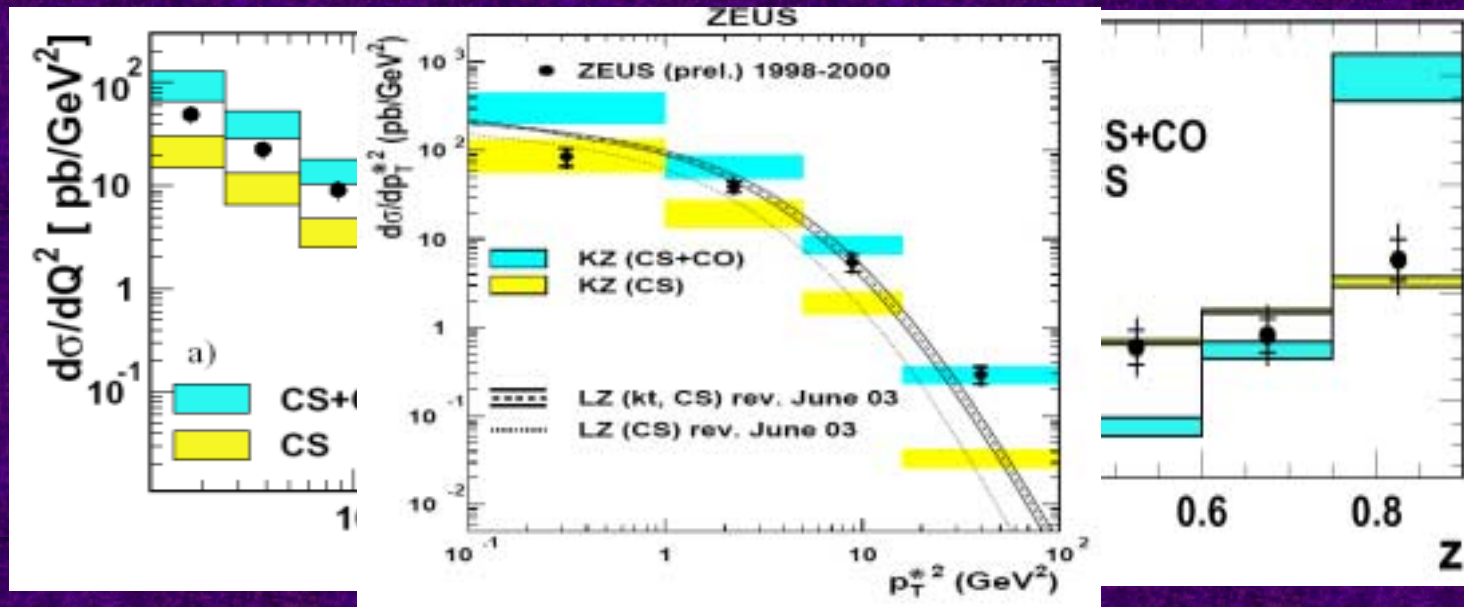
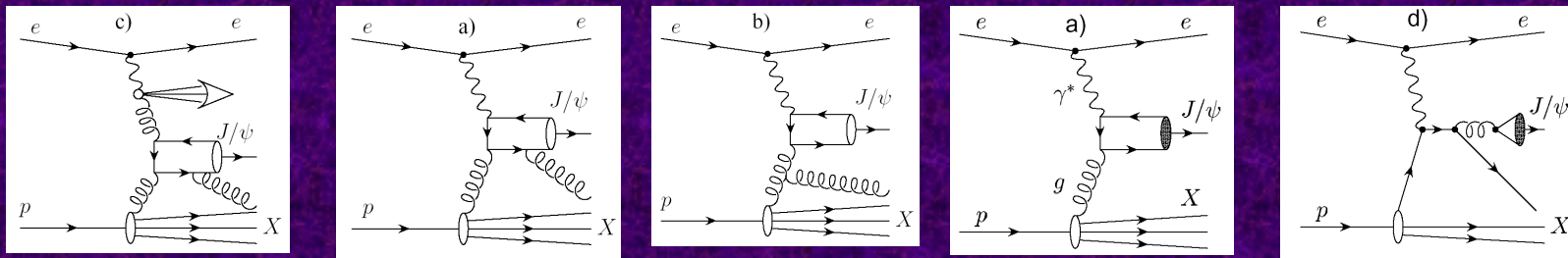
# Charm spectroscopy

- However HERA II can reach states that other machines cannot reach – e.g. states coupling strongly to gluons can be copiously produced at HERA.
- Not obvious why such states should want to decay to charm; but then we didn't expect to see them in light-quark decays either.
- Pentaheavyquarks?
- HERA II can do charm spectroscopy – we should look in those places where we are competitive.

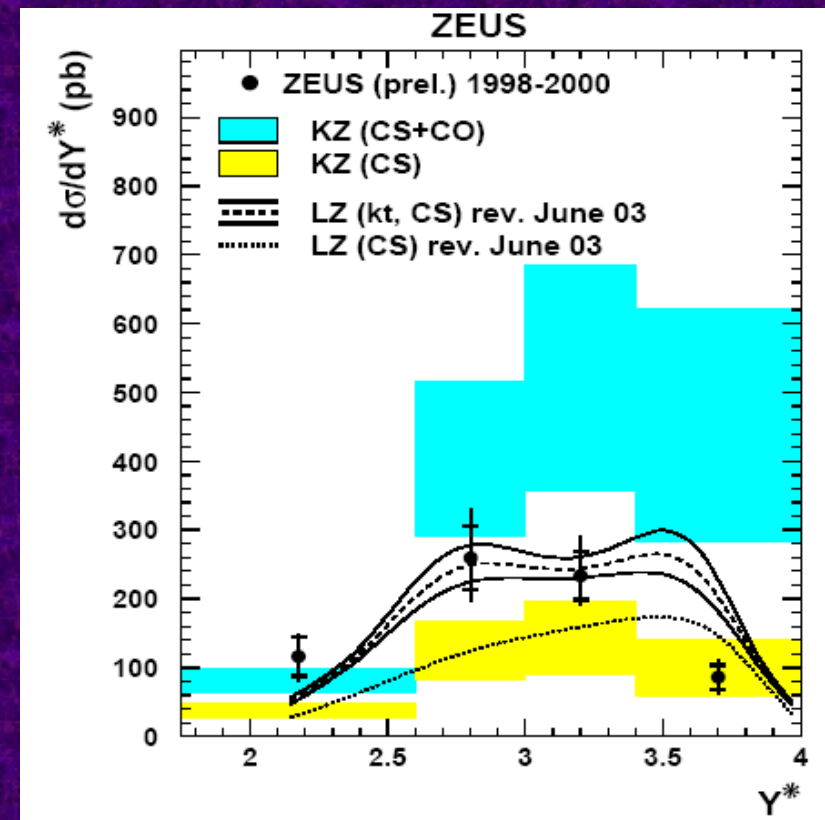
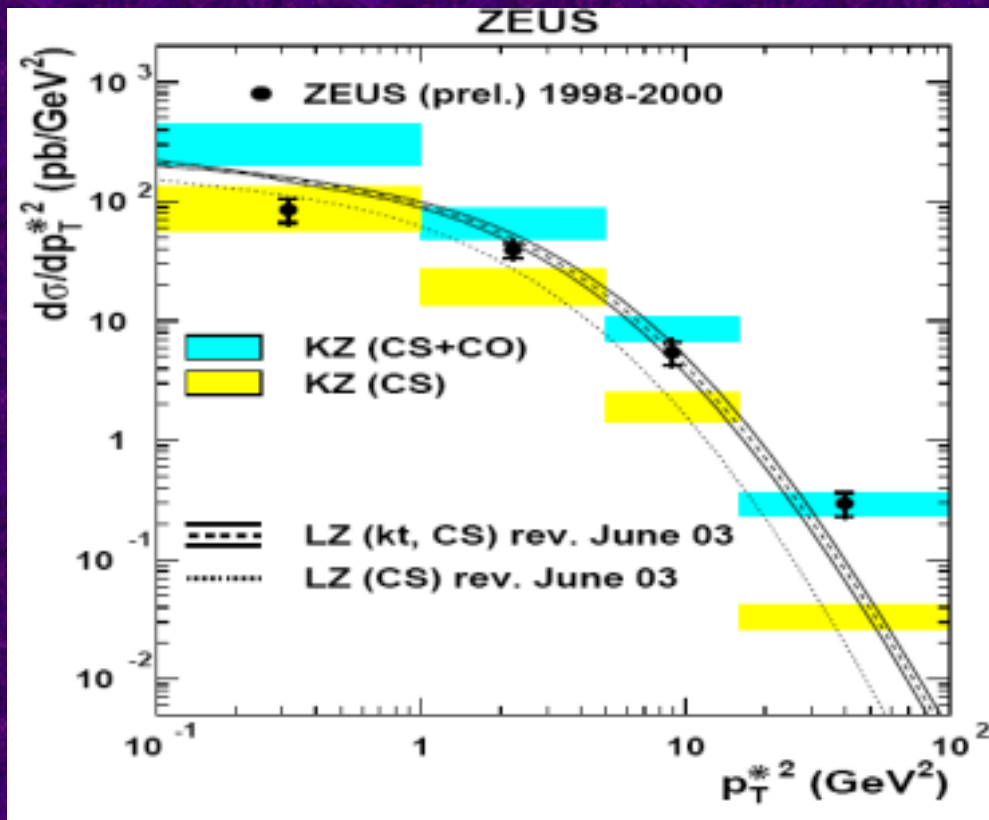


# Production mechanisms

- As an electron-proton collider, HERA II has access to unique production mechanisms that can provide strong tests of QCD.



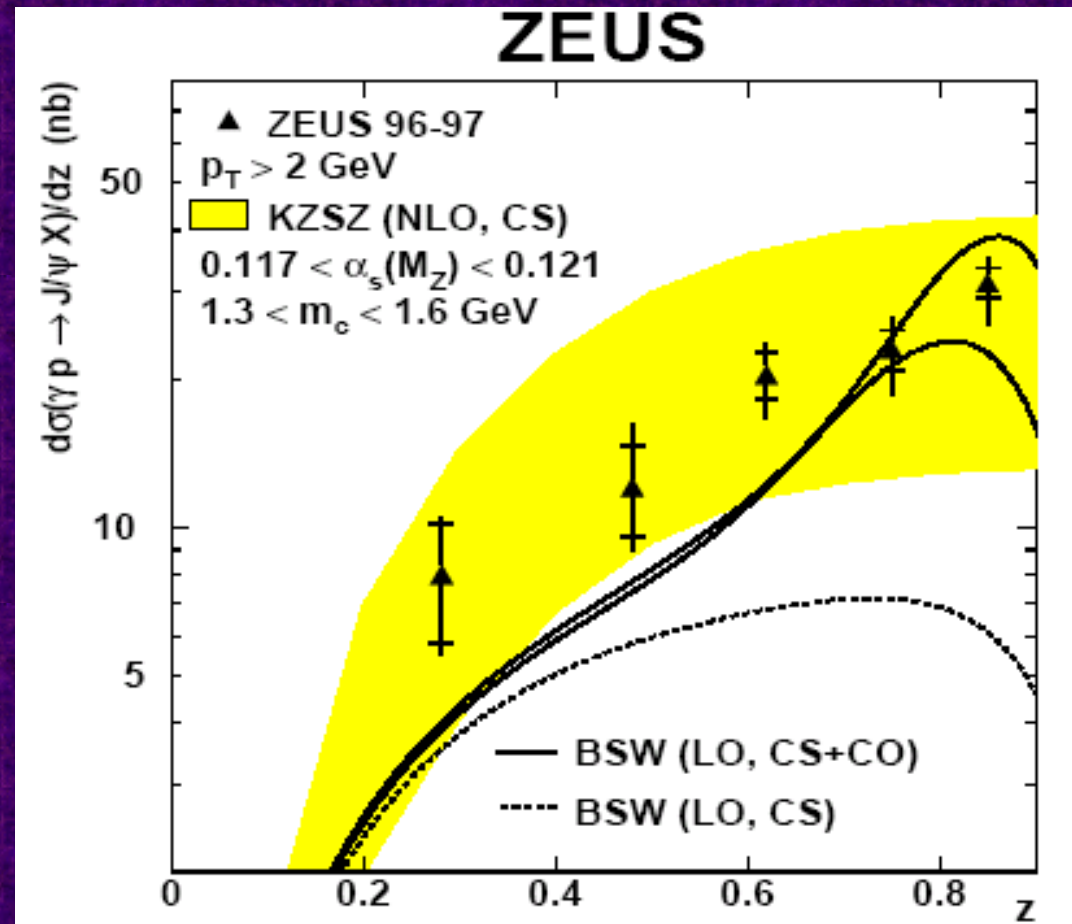
# Production mechanisms



- Rather good general agreement between Lipatov-Zotov and the data.

# Production mechanisms

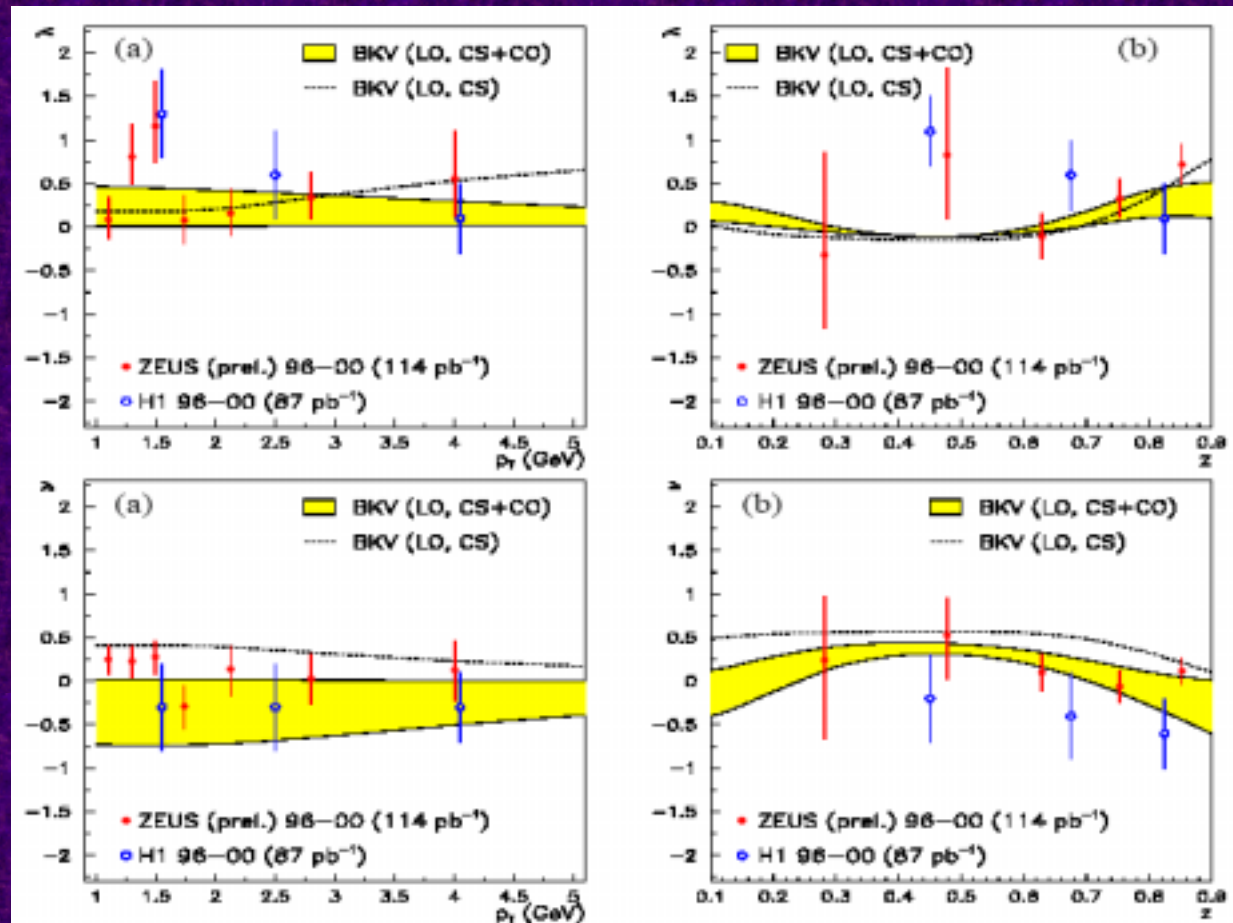
- Interplay with Tevatron can give extra constraints on relative importance of CO & CS; large uncertainties in MEs mean not so obvious that HERA II statistics very helpful without significantly more theoretical work.



# Production mechanisms

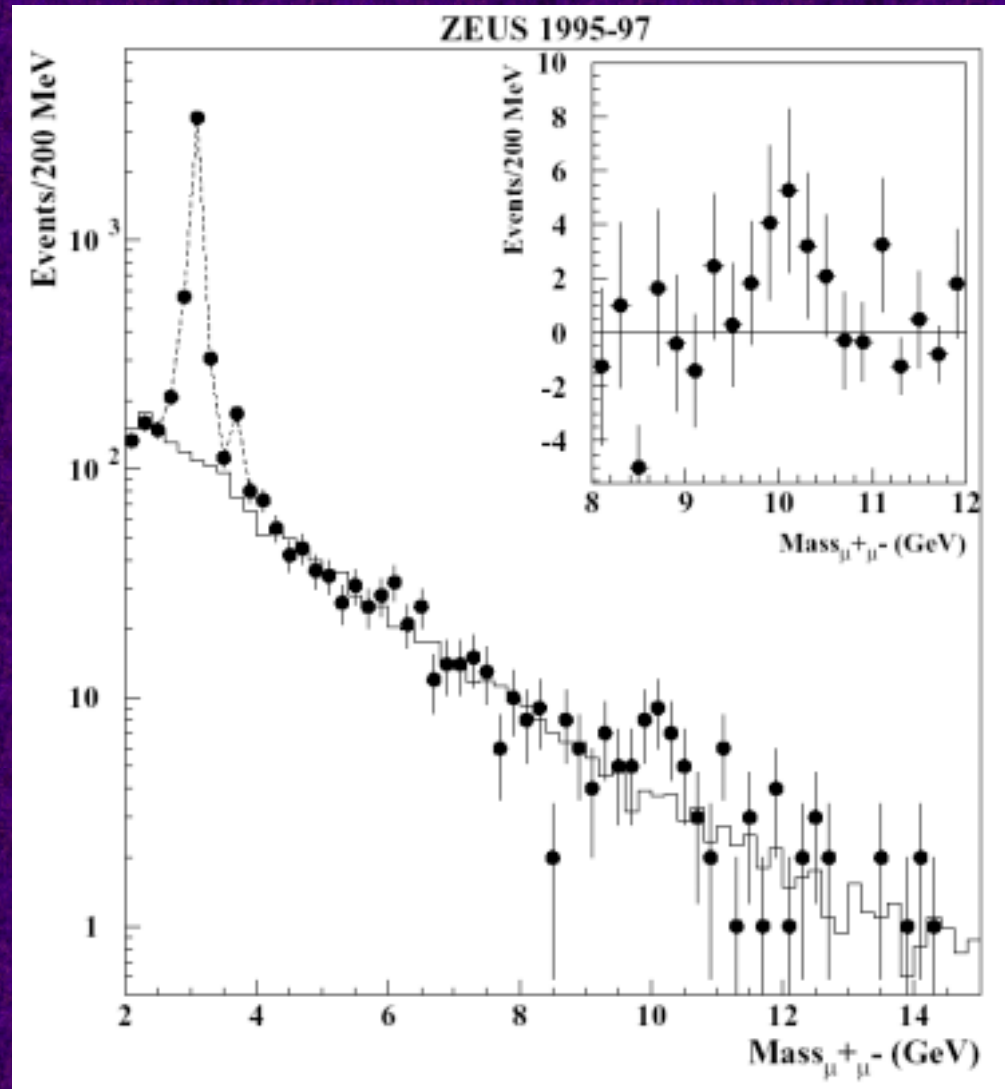
- Study of the  $J/\psi$  polarisation gives normalisation-independent information to discriminate between models.

- Clearly much more accurate data at HERA II required – and preferably less uncertainty in theory.



# Production mechanisms

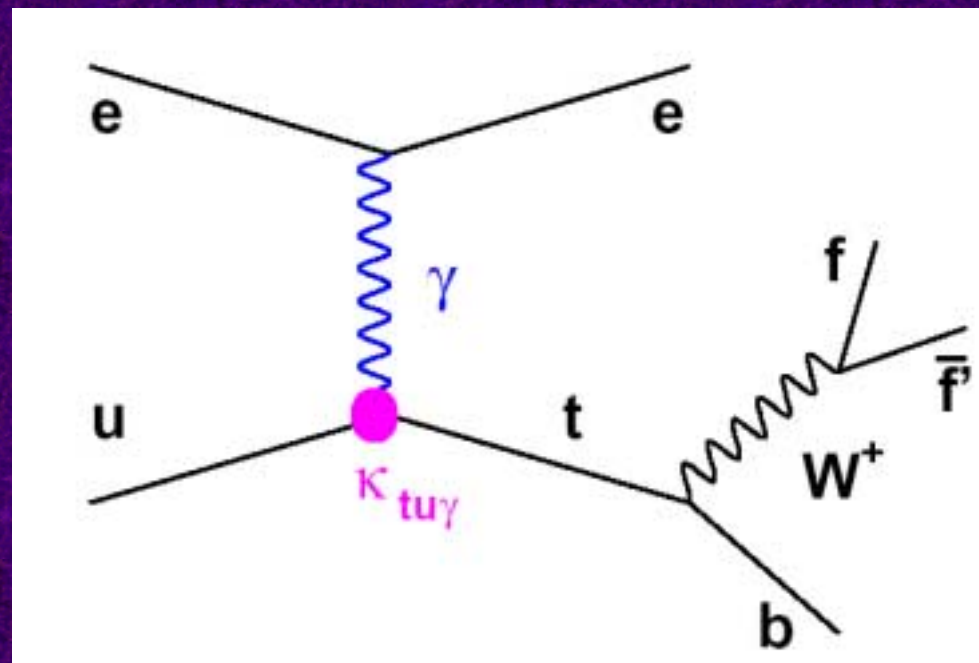
- One process at least where we know HERA II will be vital, and which may well be a help in unraveling the  $J/\psi$  problems, is ? production – at HERA I we barely (?) saw elastic production, let alone inelastic. However, we probably can expect only  $< 100$  events even at HERA II - probably not enough.





# Single top production

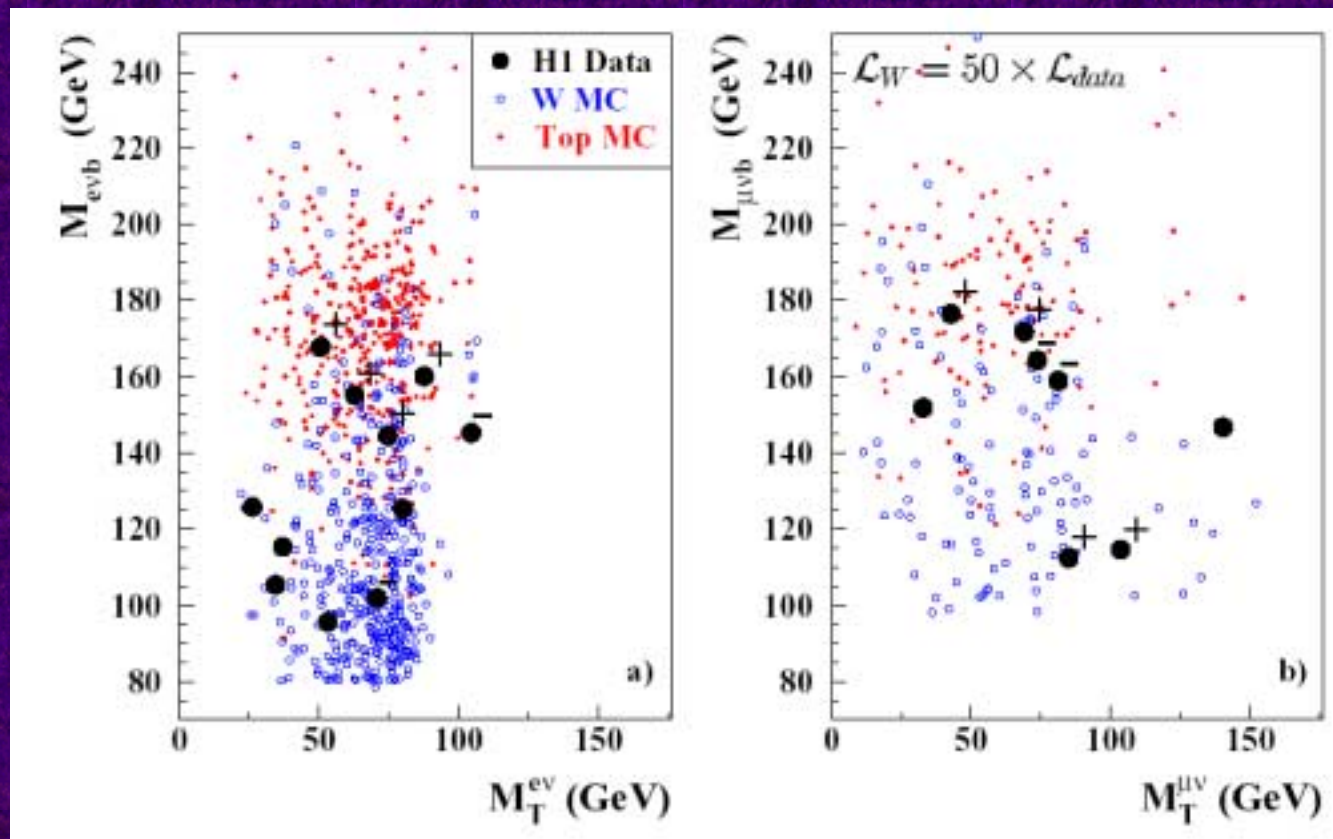
- HERA cannot produce  $t\bar{t}$  pairs and single production is highly suppressed in the SM – FCNC process.



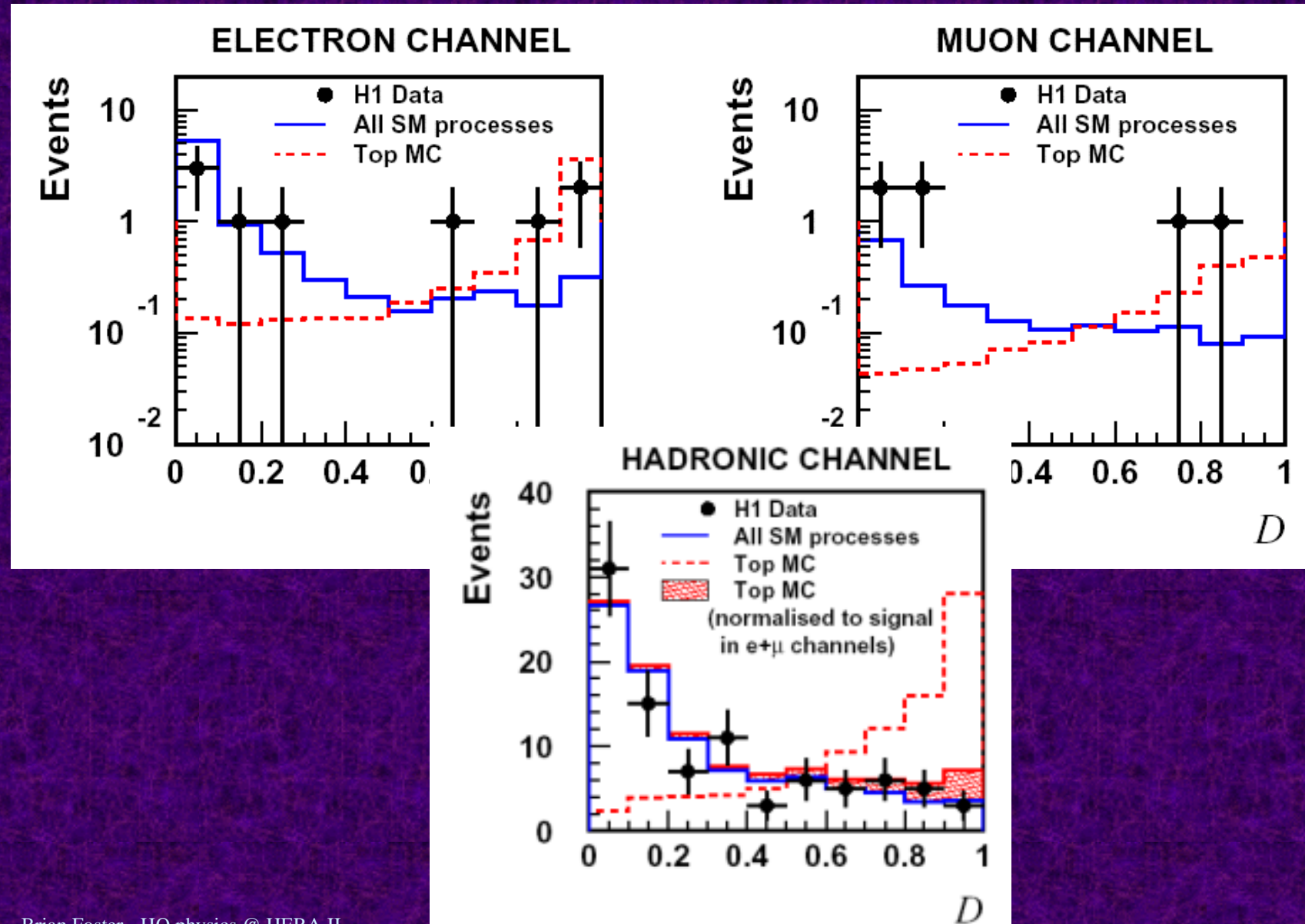
- Observation of events with high  $p_t$  lepton, jet and high missing  $p_t$  sensitive to this process – and lots of other things.

# Single top production

- As is well known, there is an excess of such events in H1, although not in ZEUS and not in either experiment in the hadron channel.

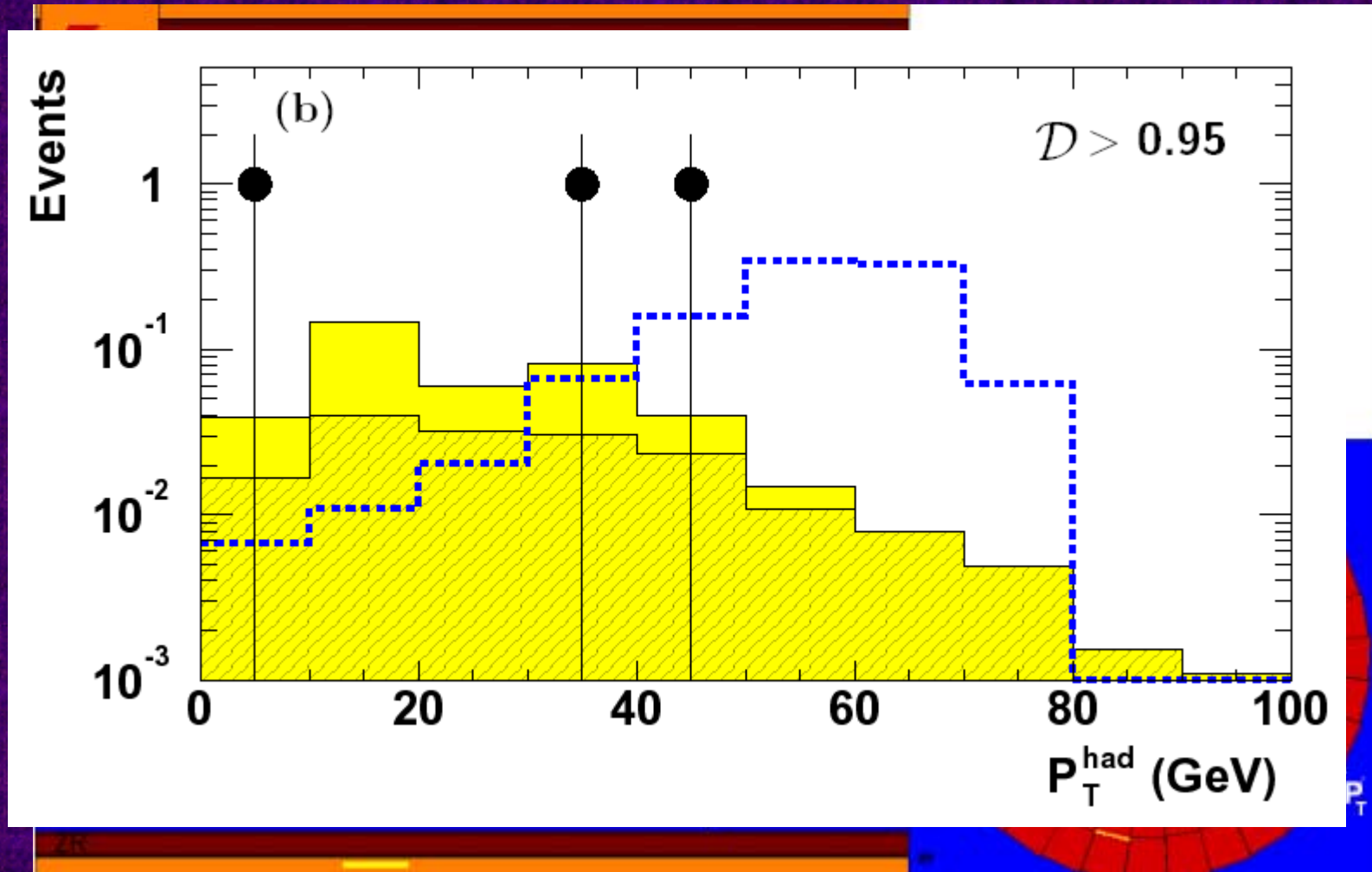


# Single top production



# Single top production

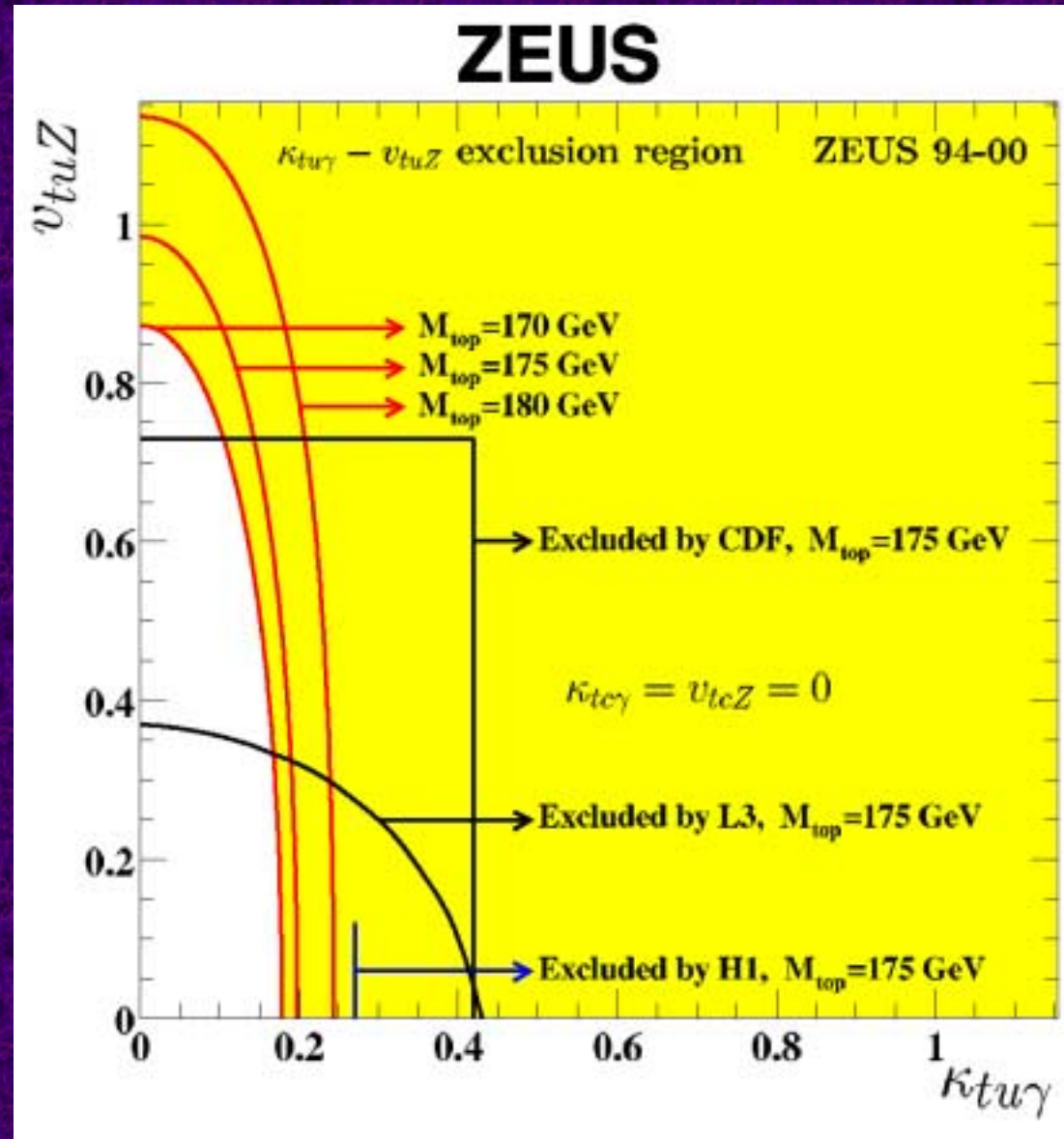
- Finally ZEUS sees an anomaly wrt Standard Model (?)



- See 2 events with  $p_T^X > 25 \text{ GeV}^2$  c.f.  $0.12 \pm 0.02$  from S.M.

# Single top production

- This is perhaps the clearest and most important area where just the statistics gain (and the better  $b$  tagging) at HERA II will really pay dividends.

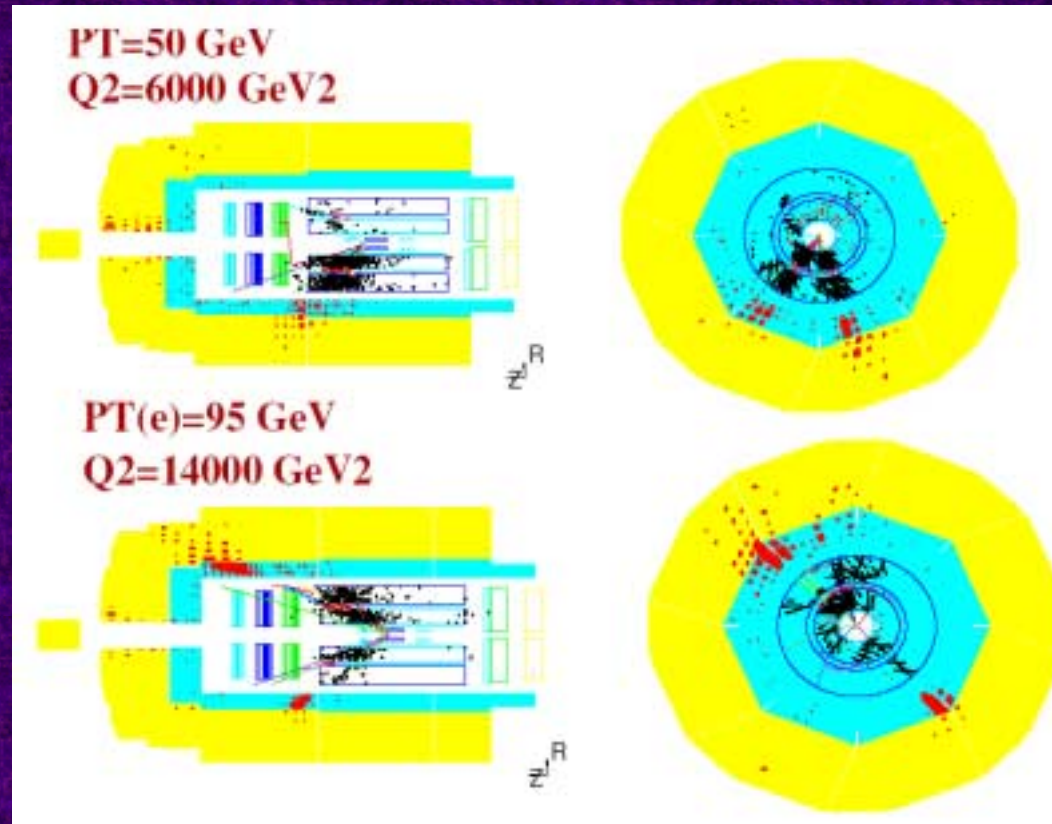


# Summary

- Heavy quark physics at HERA I has been exceptionally rich. Not only have we measured production cross sections over wide range of  $Q^2$ , we have made contributions to QCD understanding of heavy quarks, to spectroscopy and to diffraction.
- HERA II promises much. There will be factors of  $\sim 5$  in integrated luminosity; the tagging efficiency and kinematic reach for heavy quark measurements will increase because of the improvements to the detectors in general and the vertex detectors in particular.
- Many areas will benefit – particularly DIS and heavy quark structure functions, and everything to do with B production. This is a very exciting prospect indeed.

# Summary

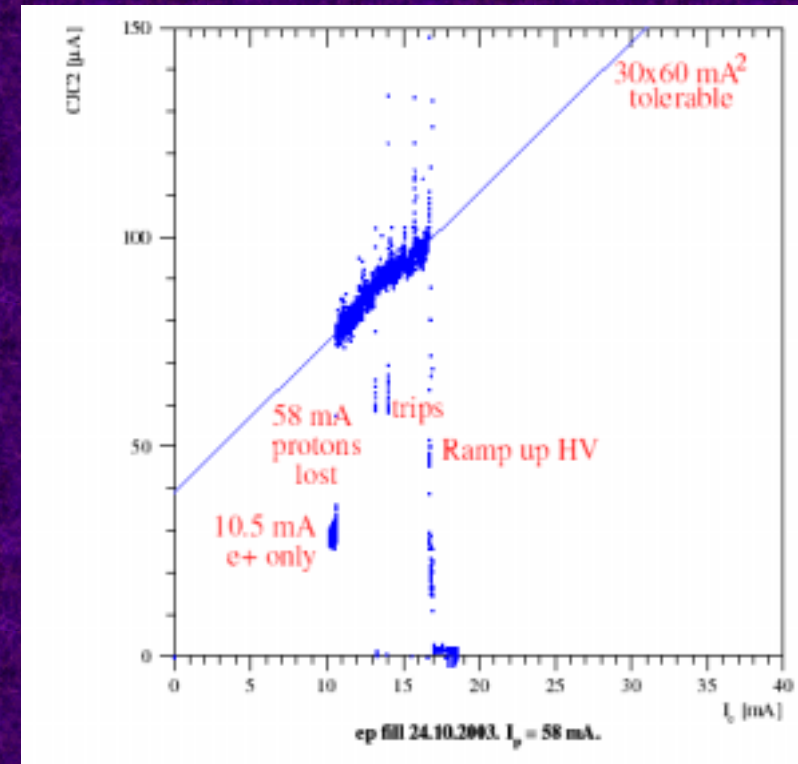
- HERA II is starting up in earnest – first data are starting to come through.



- The Si detectors, although being baked nicely, are not yet cooked and still there and working...

# Summary

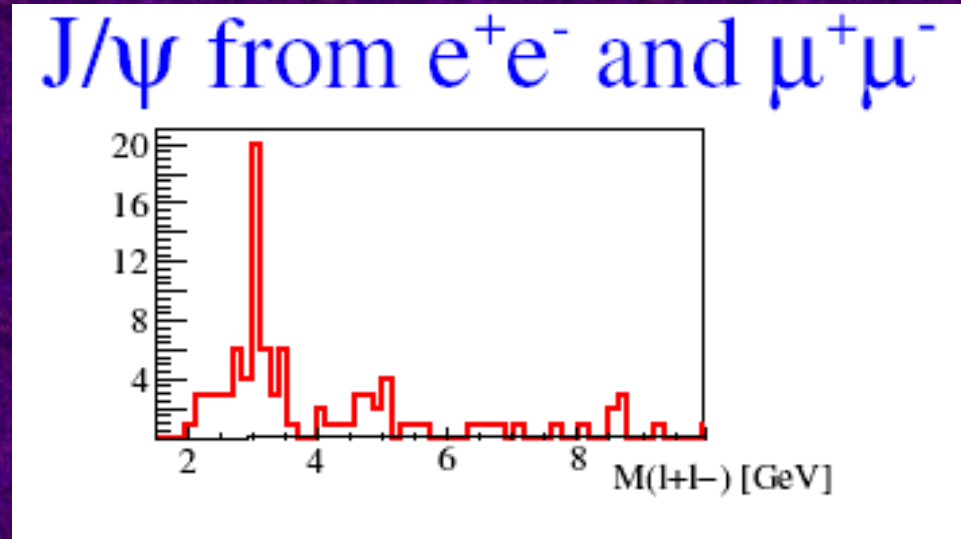
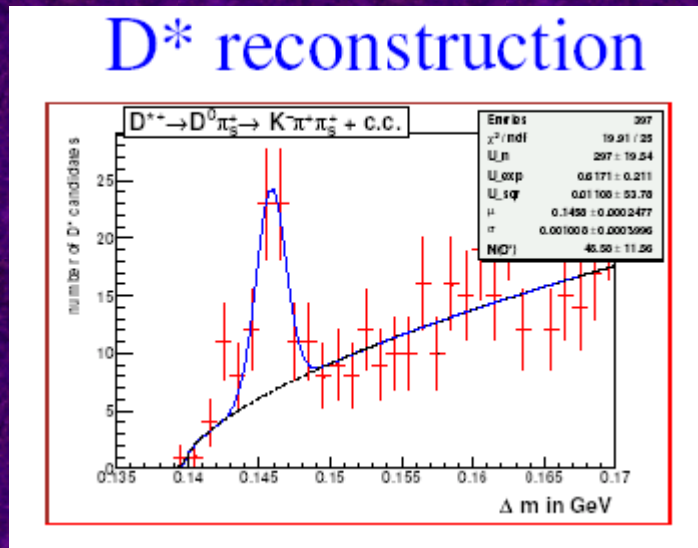
- Background conditions under study.
- **ZEUS - reflected synchrotron rad. greatly reduced. Particle backgrounds also look good if machine carefully tuned. Proton-related backgrounds still under study – but promising.**
- **H1 – vacuum conditioning worked. Need factor 3 better vacuum to run with HERA II design currents.**





# Summary

- First HQ signals starting to emerge from HERA II data.



- These signals from H1 – the opening of the HERA II floodgates?

# The Weizmann Workshop



# Summary

- **Fingers crossed, touch wood, etc. etc. –**

**The next five or so years promise to be some of the most exciting at HERA yet.**