

Preview of new ZEUS results for ICHEP04



Massimo Corradi, INFN Bologna

45 Papers sent to ICHEP04:

- 15 published articles
- 14 Prel. results released
for other conferences (incl. DIS04)
- **18 New results**
3 of which from HERA-II data

Summary:

- Polarized CC and NC
- PDFs and α_S
- Jets and Hadronic final states
- Diffraction
- Heavy Flavours
- Searches for new physics
- Pentaquarks

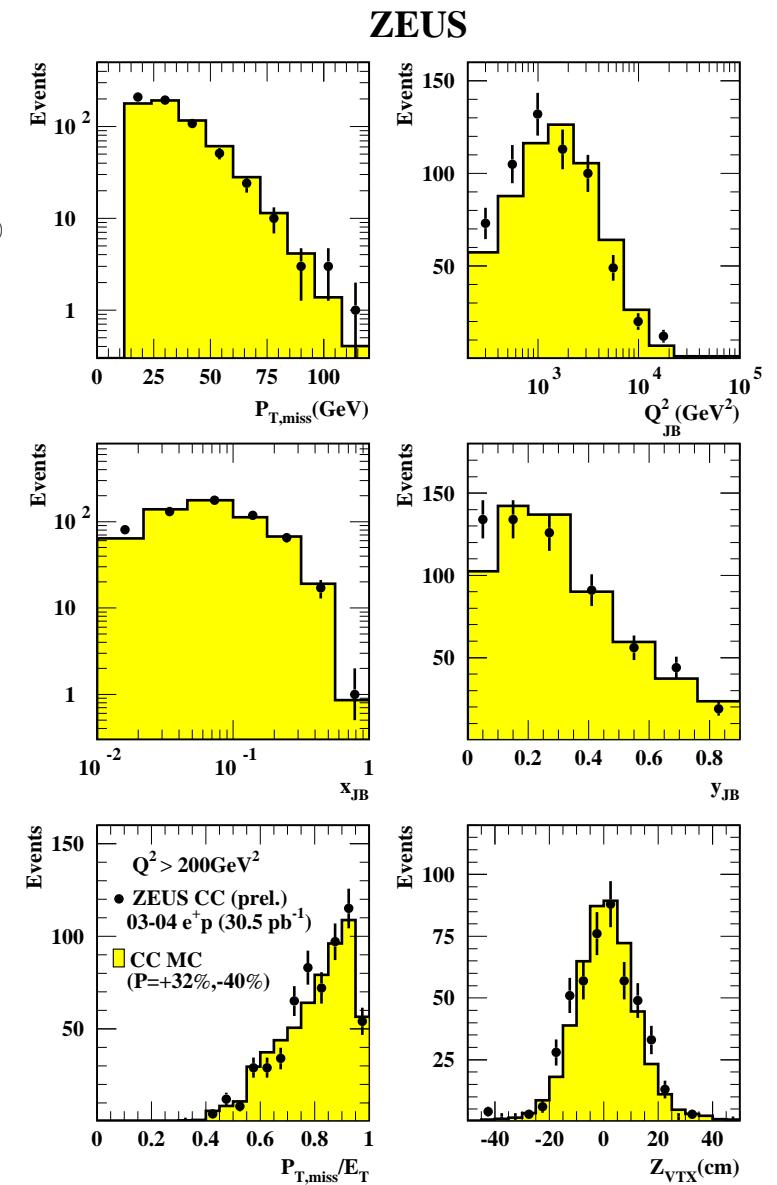
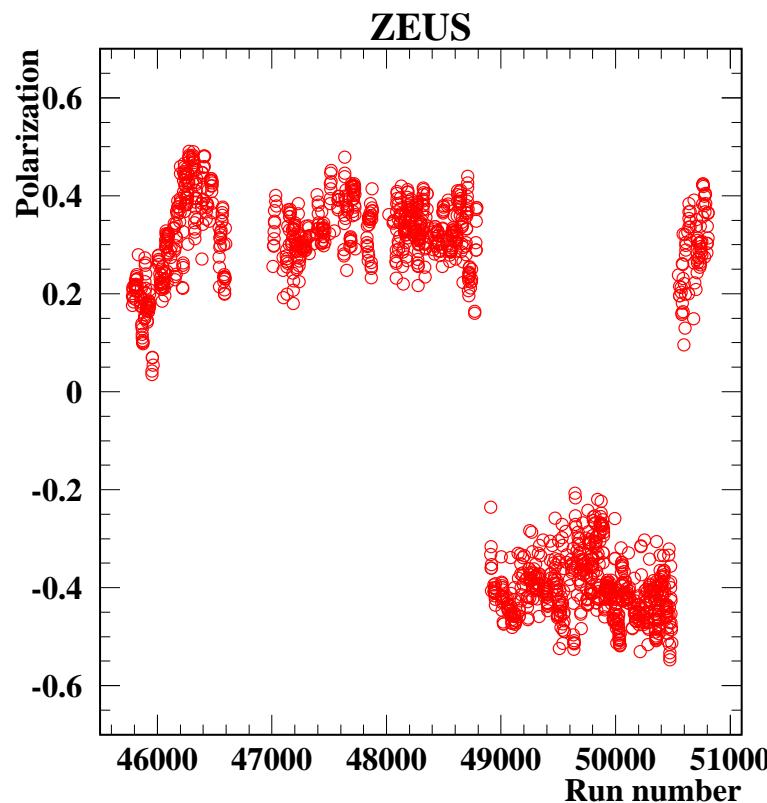
Polarized Charged Currents

03-04 data

$$P = \frac{N(e_R^+) - N(e_L^+)}{N(e_R^+) + N(e_L^+)}$$

Right-handed: $L = 14.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ $P = +31.8 \pm 0.9\%$

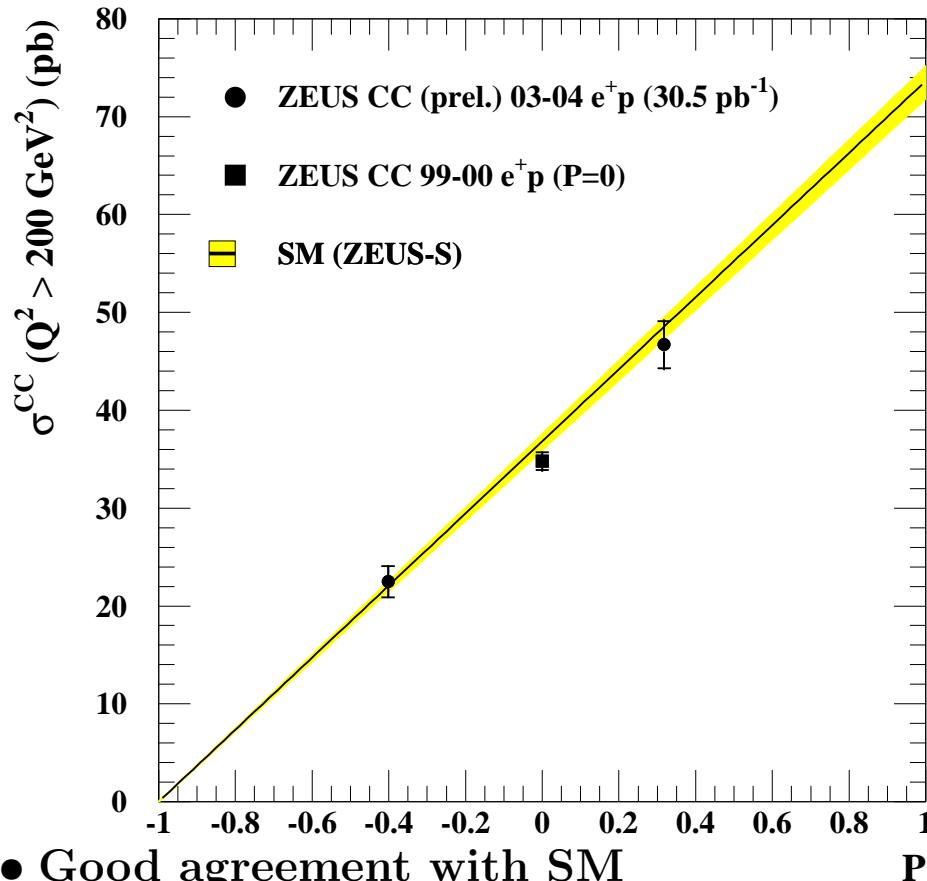
Left-handed: $L = 16.4 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ $P = -40.2 \pm 1.1\%$



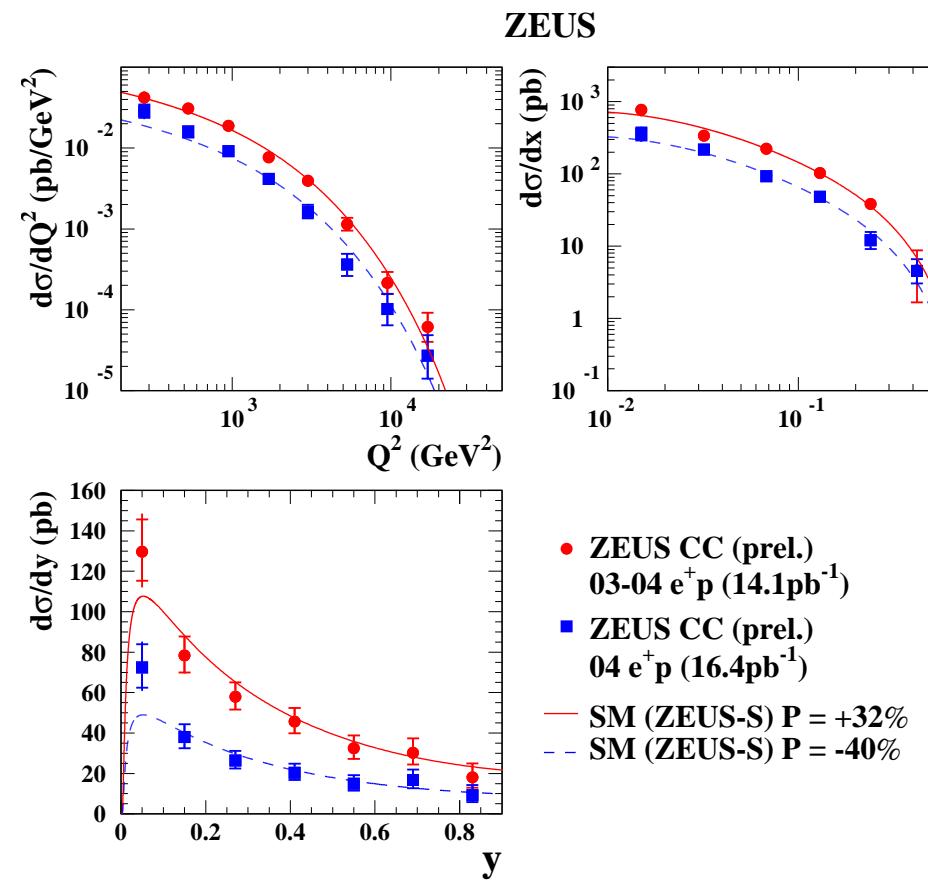
Polarized Charged Currents

$$\sigma_{cc}(e^+p) = (1 + P)\sigma_{cc}(e_R^+p)$$

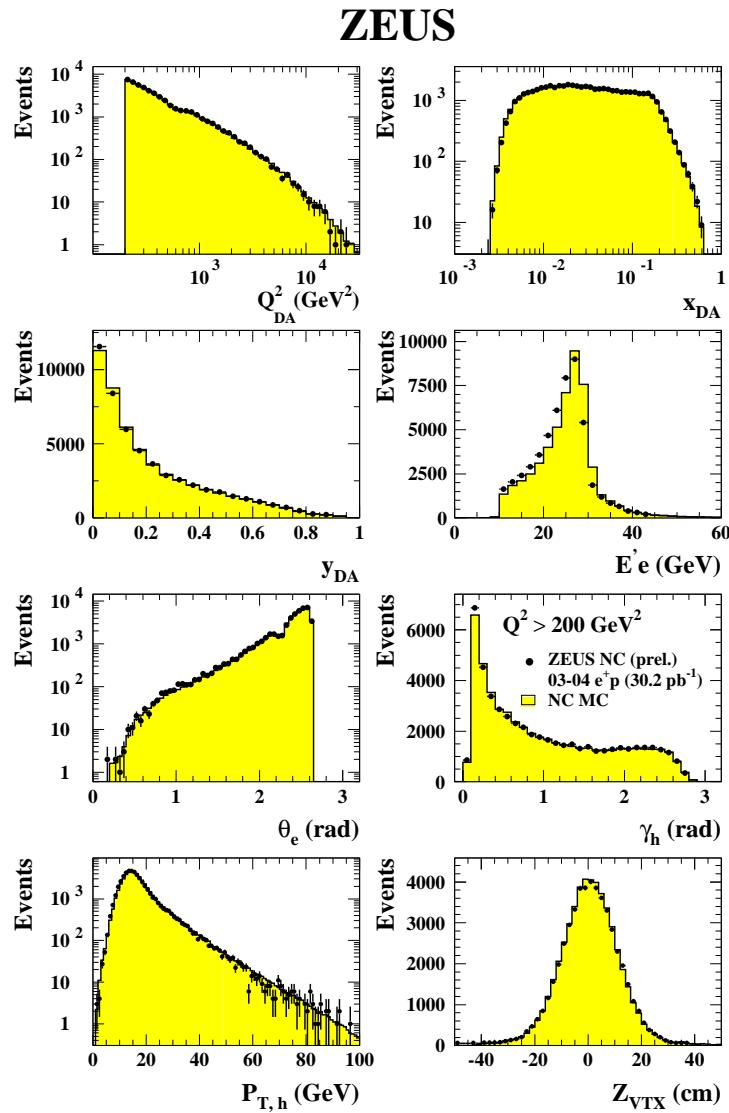
ZEUS



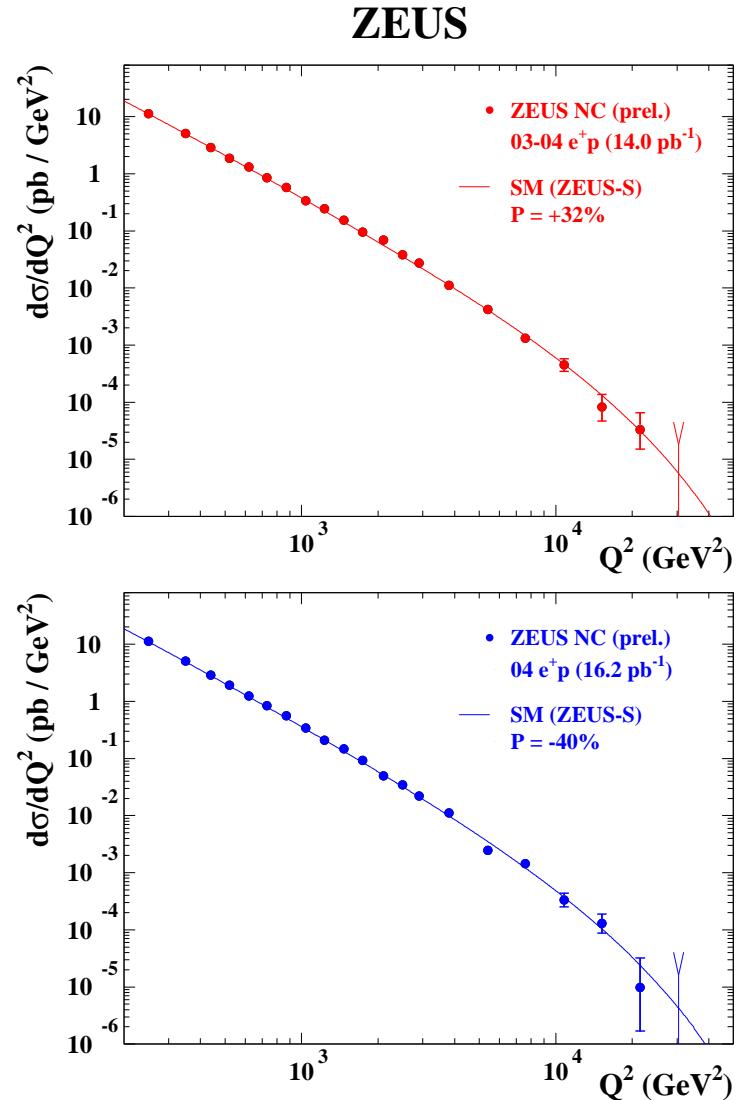
- Good agreement with SM
- No hint for right-handed charged currents



Polarized Neutral Currents



- same data set as for CC

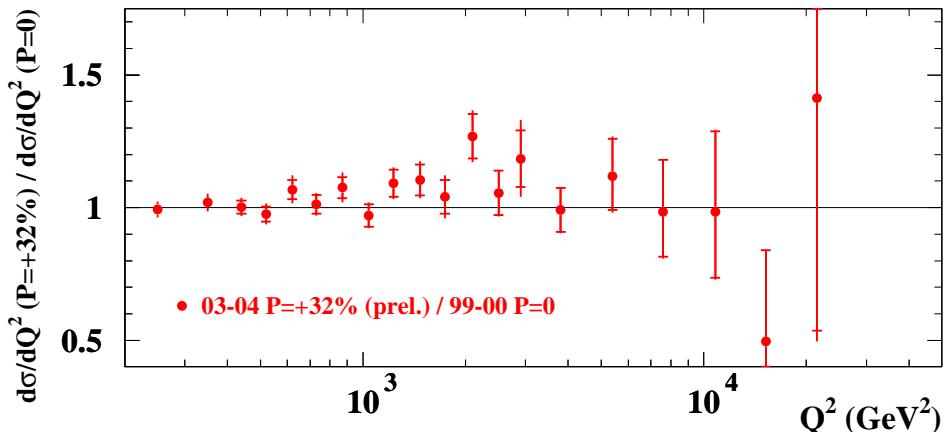


- good agreement with SM

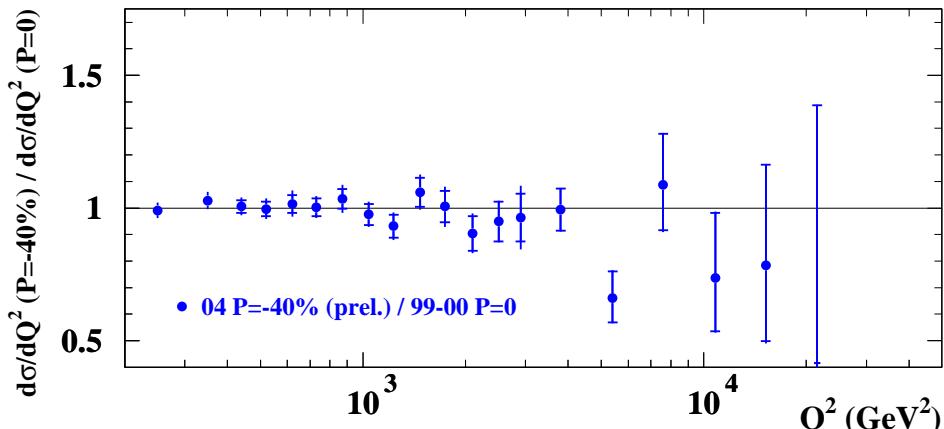
Polarized Neutral Currents

ZEUS

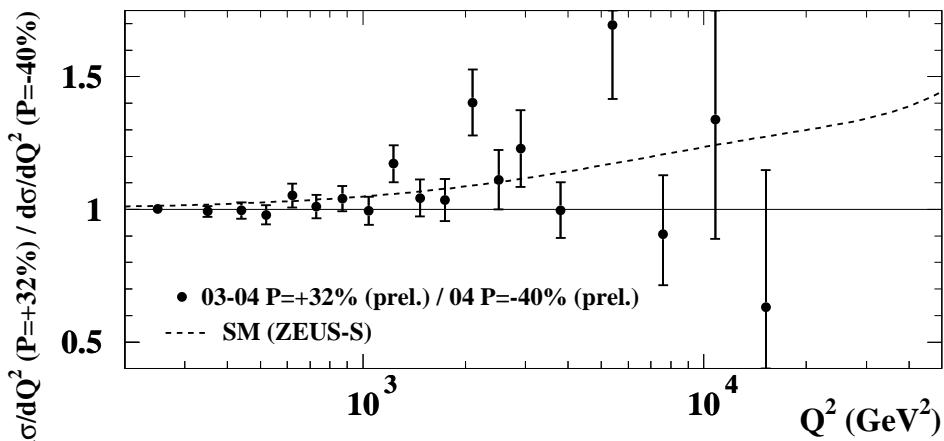
- $\frac{\sigma(P=+32\%)}{\sigma(P=0)}$ vs Q^2



- $\frac{\sigma(P=-40\%)}{\sigma(P=0)}$ vs Q^2



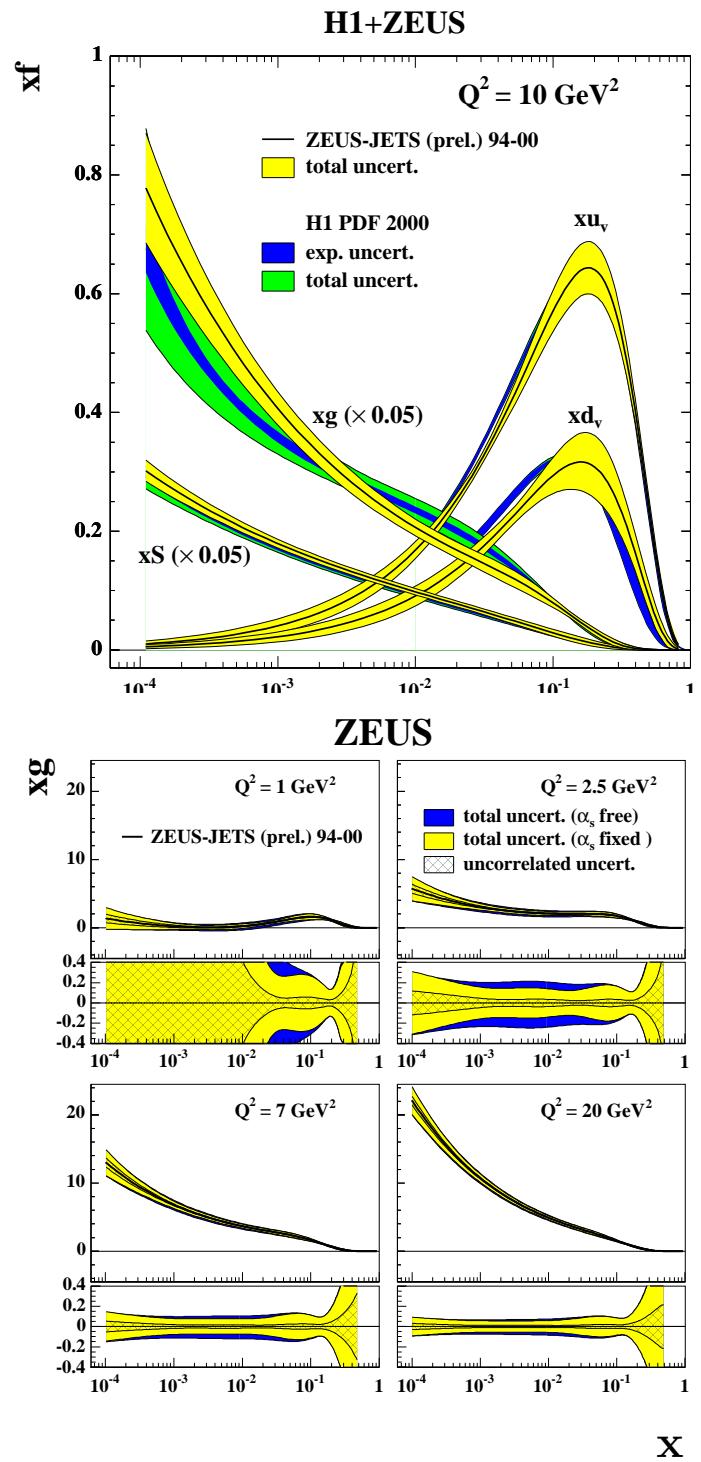
- $\frac{\sigma(P=+32\%)}{\sigma(P=-40\%)} \text{ vs } Q^2$



- $\sigma(e_R^+) > \sigma(e_L^+)$ at large Q^2
- Parity violation in neutral currents
- Agreement with SM

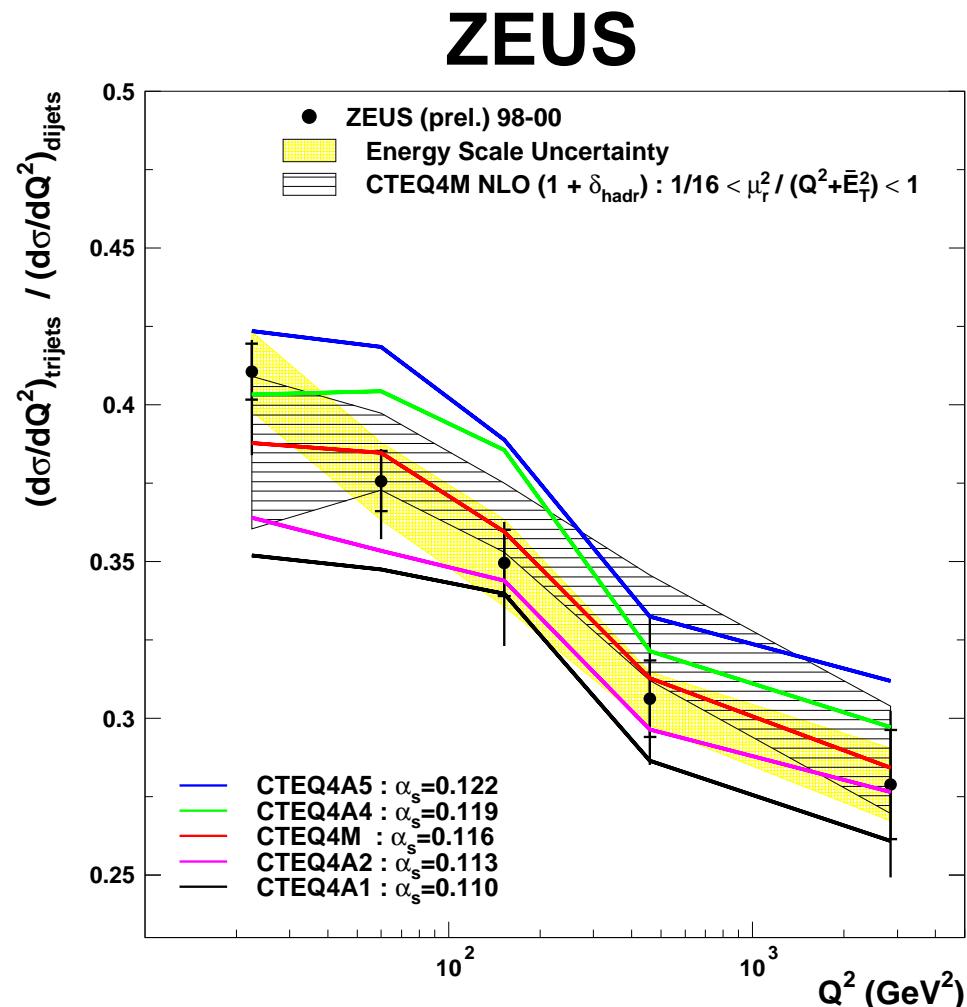
α_S and PDFs from QCD Fit

- ZEUS-jets- α_S fit (prel.)
- Use ZEUS data only:
 - NC and CC DIS
 - inclusive jets (Breit frame) in DIS
 - dijets in PhP
- jet data help fixing $g(x)$ at mid-high x
- Simultaneous determination of α_S and PDFs in 1 experiment
- $\alpha_S(M_Z) = 0.1183 \pm 0.0028(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.0008(\text{model})$
Theoretical uncertainty ~ 0.005
- Uncertainty on $g(x)$ larger than fit with constrained α_S



α_S from 3/2 jets ratio in DIS

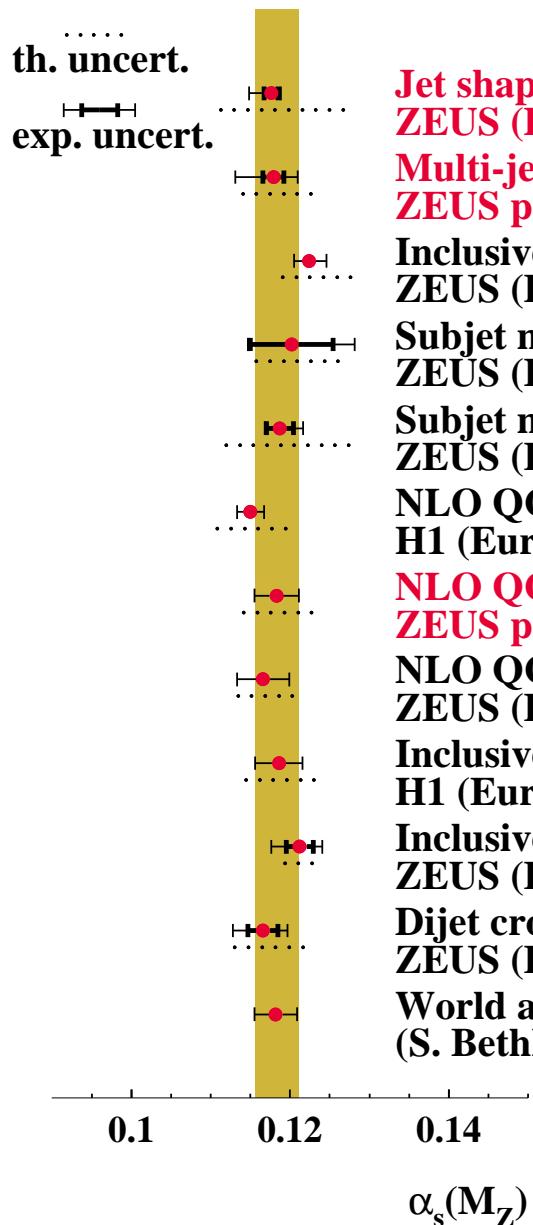
- 98-00 data (82 pb^{-1})
- $10 < Q^2 < 5000 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Breit Frame 2,3-jet events with $E_{T,B}^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}$, $-1 < \eta_{LAB}^{jet} < 2.5$, $M_{2j,3j} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- α_S from 3/2 jet ratio
- α_S measured down to $Q^2 = 25 \text{ GeV}^2$
- using ratios reduces both syst. and theo. uncertainties



$$\alpha_S(M_Z) = 0.1179 \pm 0.0013(\text{stat.})^{+0.0028}_{-0.0046}(\text{exp.})^{+0.0061}_{-0.0040}(\text{theo.})$$

Summary of α_S from ZEUS

3/2 jet ratio \Rightarrow

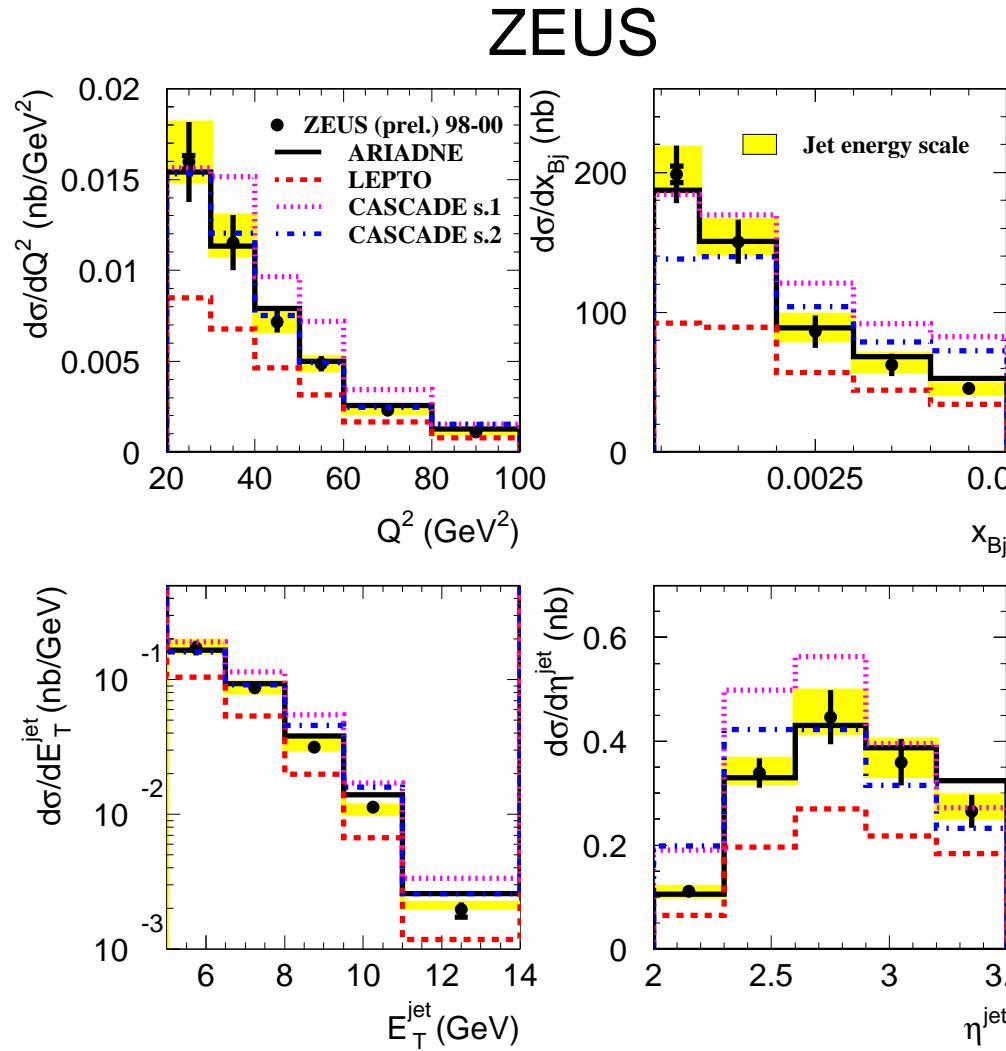


New QCD fit \Rightarrow

- Jet shapes in NC DIS
ZEUS (DESY 04-072 - hep-ex/0405065)
- Multi-jets in NC DIS
ZEUS prel. (contributed paper to ICHEP04)
- Inclusive jet cross sections in γp
ZEUS (Phys Lett B 560 (2003) 7)
- Subjet multiplicity in CC DIS
ZEUS (Eur Phys Jour C 31 (2003) 149)
- Subjet multiplicity in NC DIS
ZEUS (Phys Lett B 558 (2003) 41)
- NLO QCD fit
H1 (Eur Phys J C 21 (2001) 33)
- NLO QCD fit
ZEUS prel. (contributed paper to ICHEP04)
- NLO QCD fit
ZEUS (Phys Rev D 67 (2003) 012007)
- Inclusive jet cross sections in NC DIS
H1 (Eur Phys J C 19 (2001) 289)
- Inclusive jet cross sections in NC DIS
ZEUS (Phys Lett B 547 (2002) 164)
- Dijet cross sections in NC DIS
ZEUS (Phys Lett B 507 (2001) 70)
- World average
(S. Bethke, hep-ex/0407021)

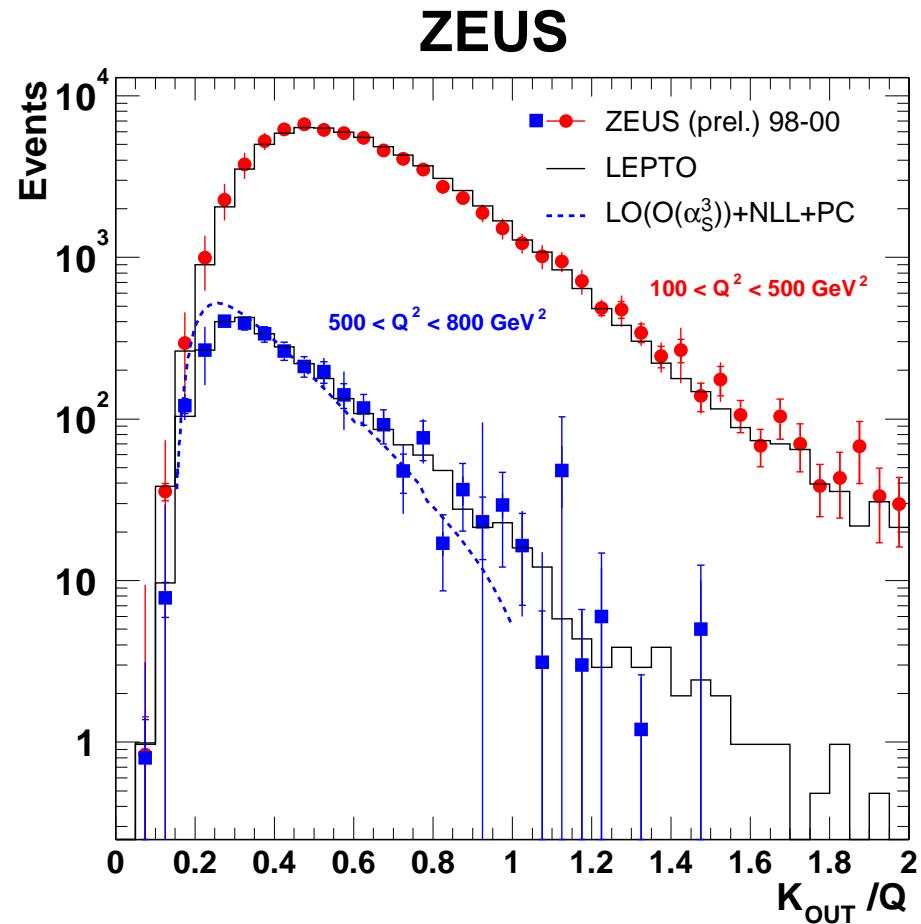
Very forward inclusive jets in DIS

- Jets up to $\eta = 3.5$ using the FPC
- 98-00 data (82 pb^{-1})
- $20 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.04 < y < 0.07$,
 $0.0004 < x < 0.005$
- Breit frame jets boosted to lab
 $E_T^{jet} > 5 \text{ GeV}$, $2 < \eta^{jet} < 3.5$
- to enhance low x effects:
 $x_{jet} = p_z^{jet}/P_p > 0.036$, $0.5 < (E_T^{jet})^2/Q^2 < 2$
- Comparison with MC models:
 - LEPTO SCI too low
 - ARIADNE describes the data well
 - CASCADE shape not OK



Event Shapes in DIS

- New event shape variable: K_{OUT}
- Events with 2 jets in Breit frame
 $K_{OUT} = \sum_i p_i^{out}$
 p_i^{out} is the hadron momentum outside the dijet plane
- 98-00 data (82 pb^{-1})
- $Q^2 > 100 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.0024 < x < 0.6$
- LO ($O(\alpha_S^3)$) + NLL + PC theory does not describe K_{OUT}/Q
NLO needed to fit α_S , α_0

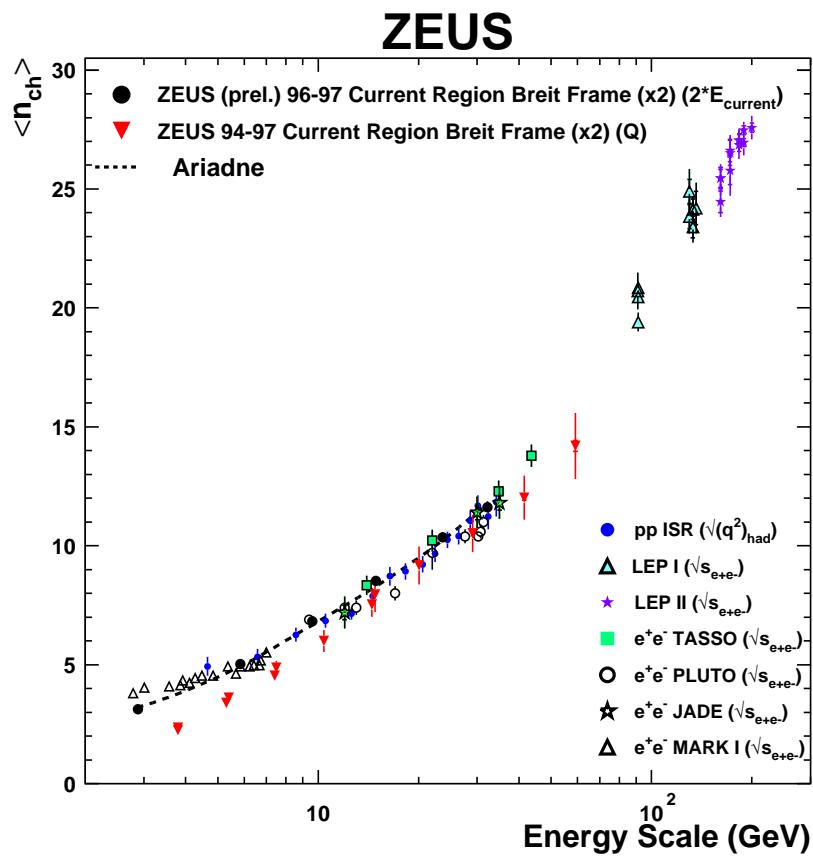


Charged particle multiplicities in DIS

Current region

$2\langle n_{ch} \rangle$ vs $2E_{current}$

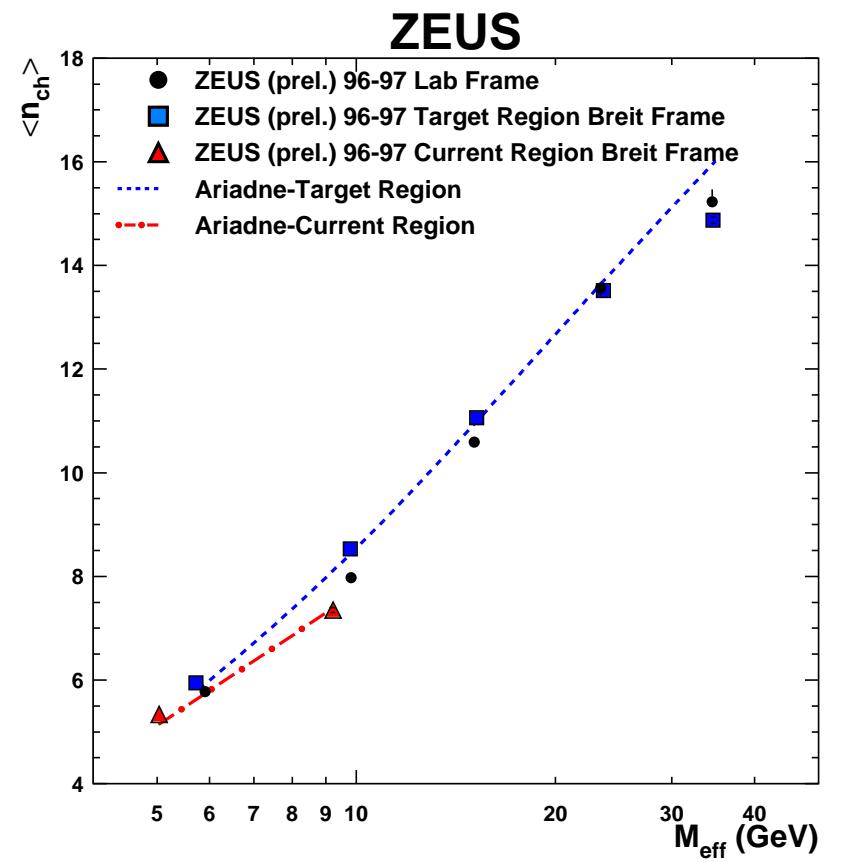
agrees with $\langle n_{ch} \rangle$ vs \sqrt{s} in e^+e^-
and Ariadne



Target region

$\langle n_{ch}^{vis} \rangle$ vs M_{eff}^{vis}

vis. mult. > than current region
agreement with Ariadne



Three-jet photoproduction and colour dynamics

- Angular distribution sensitive to color factors:

$$q \rightarrow qg \propto C_F, g \rightarrow gg \propto C_A, g \rightarrow q\bar{q} \propto T_F$$

- depend on gauge group of the theory:

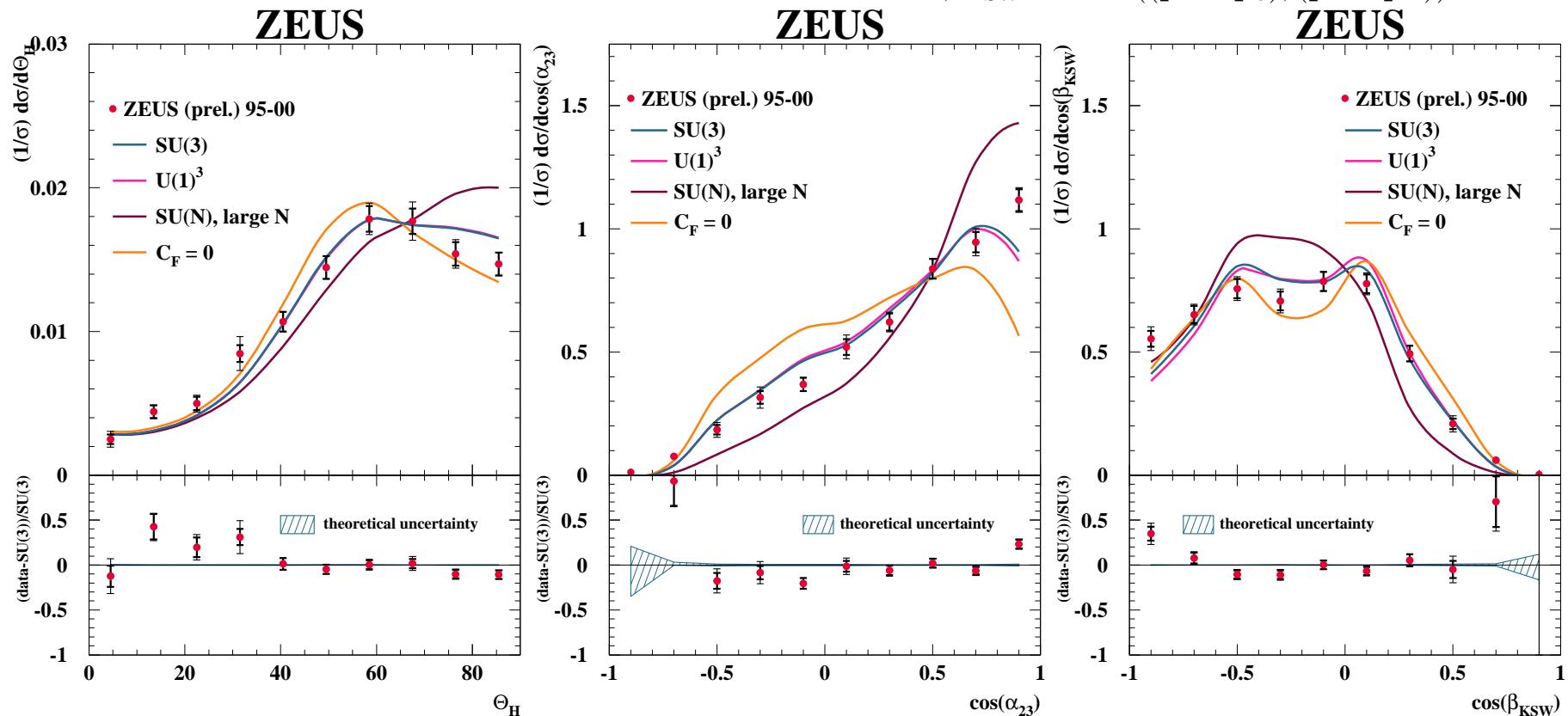
- SU(3): $C_A/C_F = 9/4, T_F/C_F = 3/8$
- U(1)³: $C_A = 0, T_F/C_F = 3$
- SU(N \gg 1): $C_A/C_F = 2, T_F/C_F = 0$

- Analysis of 3-jet angular distributions in direct photoproduction

$$L = 127 \text{ pb}^{-1}, E_T > 14 \text{ GeV}, x_\gamma^{obs} > 0.7$$

- Angular variables considered:

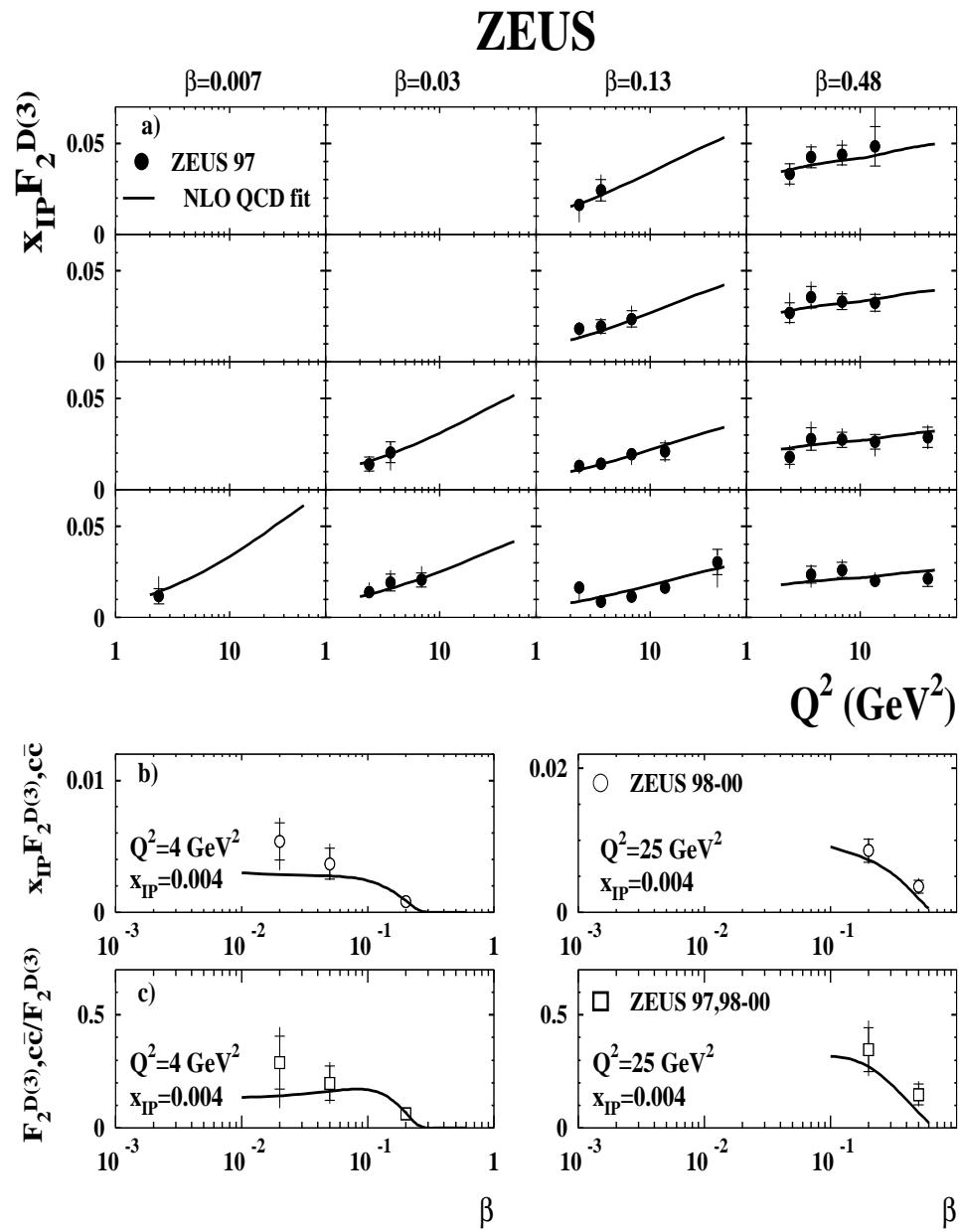
- $\theta_H = \angle((\mathbf{p}_1 \times \mathbf{p}_B), (\mathbf{p}_2 \times \mathbf{p}_3))$
- $\alpha_{23} = \angle(\mathbf{p}_2, \mathbf{p}_3)$
- $\beta_{KSW} = 0.5\angle((\mathbf{p}_1 \times \mathbf{p}_3), (\mathbf{p}_2 \times \mathbf{p}_B)) + \theta_H$



Agreement with Pythia and LO calculation for SU(3), U(1), disfavour SU(N \gg 1), $C_F = 0$

DGLAP fit of Inclusive diffraction

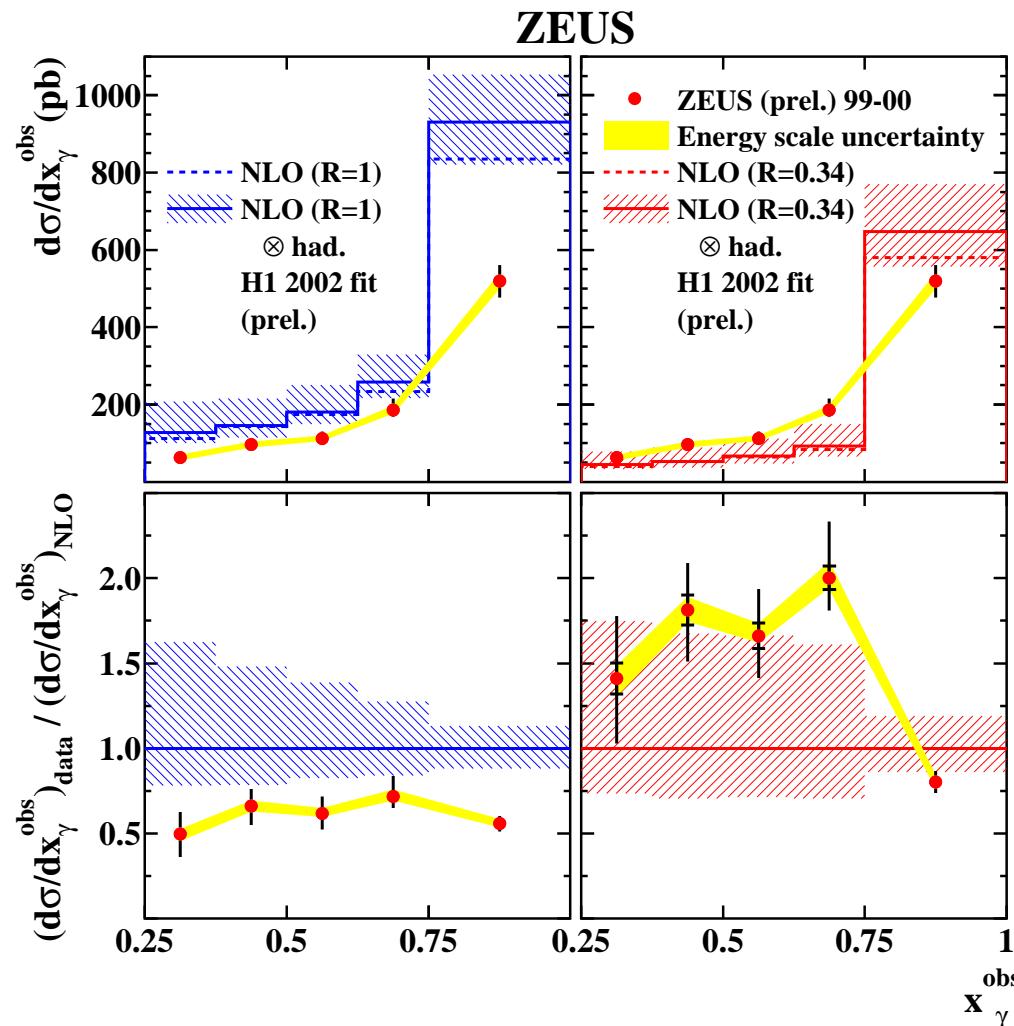
- New paper with QCD analysis of $F_2^{D(3)}$ and $F_2^{D(3),c\bar{c}}$
- Assume Regge factorization
 $F_2^{D(3)}(\beta, Q^2, x_{IP}) = f_{IP}(x_{IP}) F_2^{IP}(\beta, Q^2)$
 $f_{IP}(x_{IP})$ from Donnachie-Landshoff
- DGLAP fit of $F_2^{IP}(\beta, Q^2)$
- Data:
 - $F_2^{D(3)}$ from LPS data
 $Q^2 > 2\text{GeV}^2, x_{IP} < 0.01$
 - $F_2^{D(3),c\bar{c}}$ from diffractive D^*
- good fit
- not enough precision for PDF determination
- Momentum fraction carried by gluons:
 $\int dx x g_{IP}(x, Q^2) = (82 \pm 8(\text{stat.})^{+15}_{-16}(\text{syst.})) \%$
(at $Q^2 = 2\text{GeV}^2$)



$\sim 1/3$ of $F_2^{D(3)}$ from charm at low β , high Q^2

Diffractive dijet photoproduction

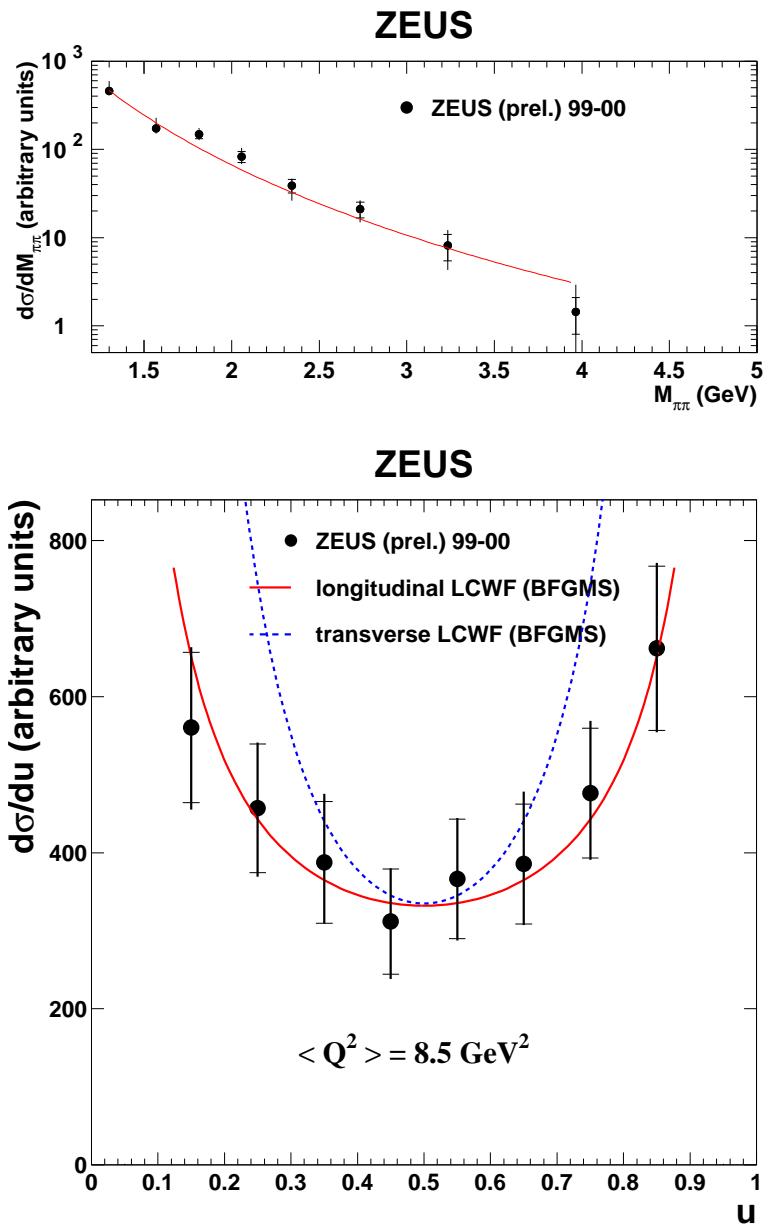
- Sensitivity to gluon
- RG suppression in γp as in $p\bar{p}$?
- 99-00 ZEUS data (77.6 pb^{-1})
- $E_T > 7.5, 6.5 \text{ GeV}$, $-1.5 < \eta < 2$, $x_P < 0.035$
- Compare with NLO
(PDF: H1 2002 fit prel.)
- NLO shape OK
normalization $\sim 2\times$ too high
- Data do not support a suppression
of the resolved part only ($R = 0.34$)



Exclusive dipion production $ep \rightarrow e\pi^+\pi^-p$

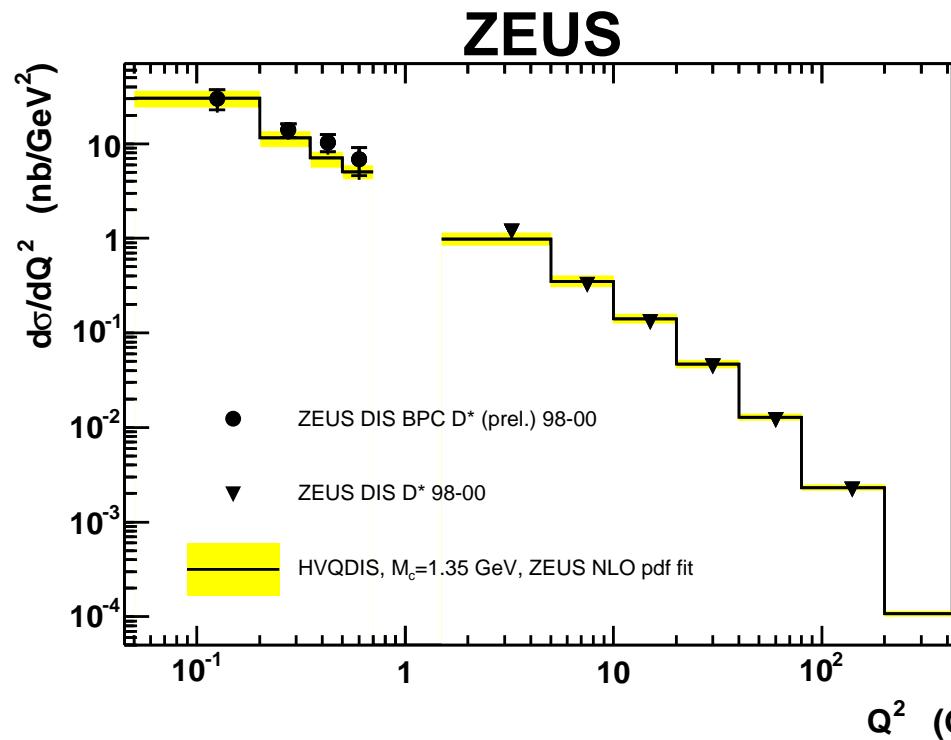
- $ep \rightarrow e'\pi^+\pi^-p$
- 1999-2000 data (66 pb^{-1})
- $2 < Q^2 < 20 \text{ GeV}^2$, $1.2 < M_{\pi\pi} < 5 \text{ GeV}$,
 $40 < W < 120 \text{ GeV}$

- hadronic Light Cone Wave Function
 $|\gamma\rangle = a|\gamma_p\rangle + b|l^+l^-\rangle + d|q\bar{q}\rangle + \dots$
- $u = \frac{(E+p_{Z'})_{\pi^+}}{(E+p_{Z'})_{\pi^+} + (E+p_{Z'})_{\pi^-}}$
(Z' =direction of $\pi\pi$ system)
reflects the momentum share in $|q\bar{q}\rangle$
- $1/\sigma d\sigma/dM_{\pi\pi} \sim M_{\pi\pi}^{-4.5}$
- $d\sigma/du$ compatible with LCWF



Extension of charm measurements in DIS

- D^* in DIS extended to low Q^2
- 98-00 BPC data ($L=80 \text{ pb}^{-1}$)
- down to $Q^2 \sim 0.05 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Good agreement with NLO (HVQDIS)



- charm measurement extended to D^0 , D^\pm and D_s
- test fragmentation also in DIS
- compare to HVQDIS \times fragmentation
- $f(c \rightarrow D)$ from e^+e^- , Peterson fragm. with $\epsilon=0.035$
- D_s rate higher than expected ?

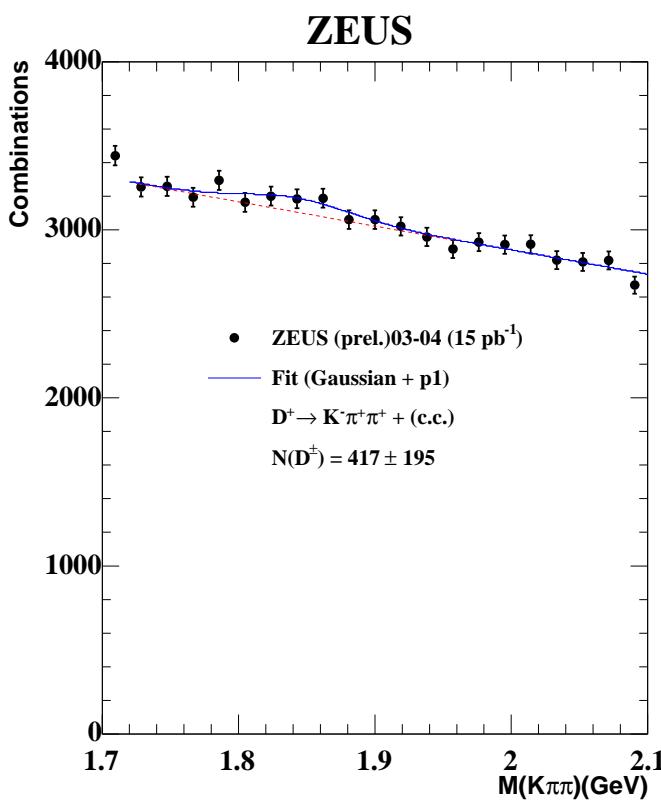
$$\sigma(ep \rightarrow e'DX) \text{ (nb)}$$

$Q^2 > 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2$, $0.2 > y > 0.7$, $p_T(D) > 3 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(D)| < 1.6$

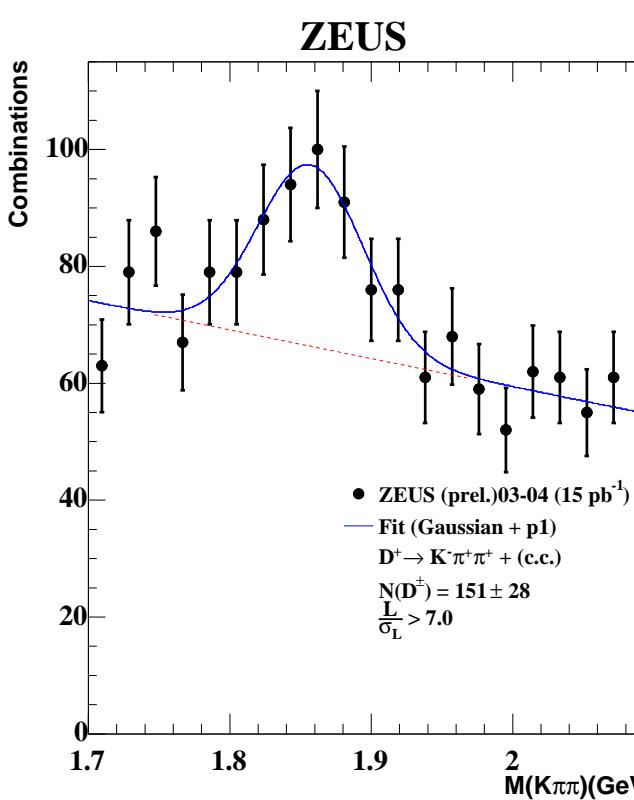
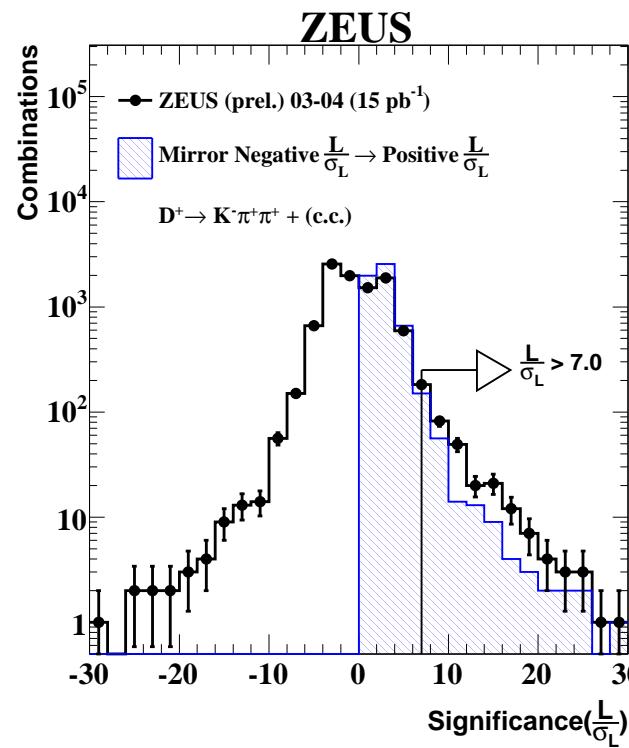
Meson	ZEUS 98-00 (prel.)	HVQD
D^0	$7.44 \pm 0.78^{+0.29}_{-0.49}$	7.14
D^+	$2.42 \pm 0.30^{+0.21}_{-0.06}$	3.02
D_S	$2.25 \pm 0.30^{+0.09}_{-0.33}$	1.32
D^*	$3.22 \pm 0.08^{+0.07}_{-0.05}$	3.06

Charm in HERA-II data

- First look at the D^+ signal in 03-04 data (15 pb^{-1}) with the new MVD
- inclusive (PhP + DIS) sample, $D^\pm \rightarrow K^\mp\pi^\pm\pi^\pm$, $p_T(D^+) > 3.7 \text{ GeV}$
- Cutting on significance of D^\pm secondary vertex improves dramatically the signal to background ratio



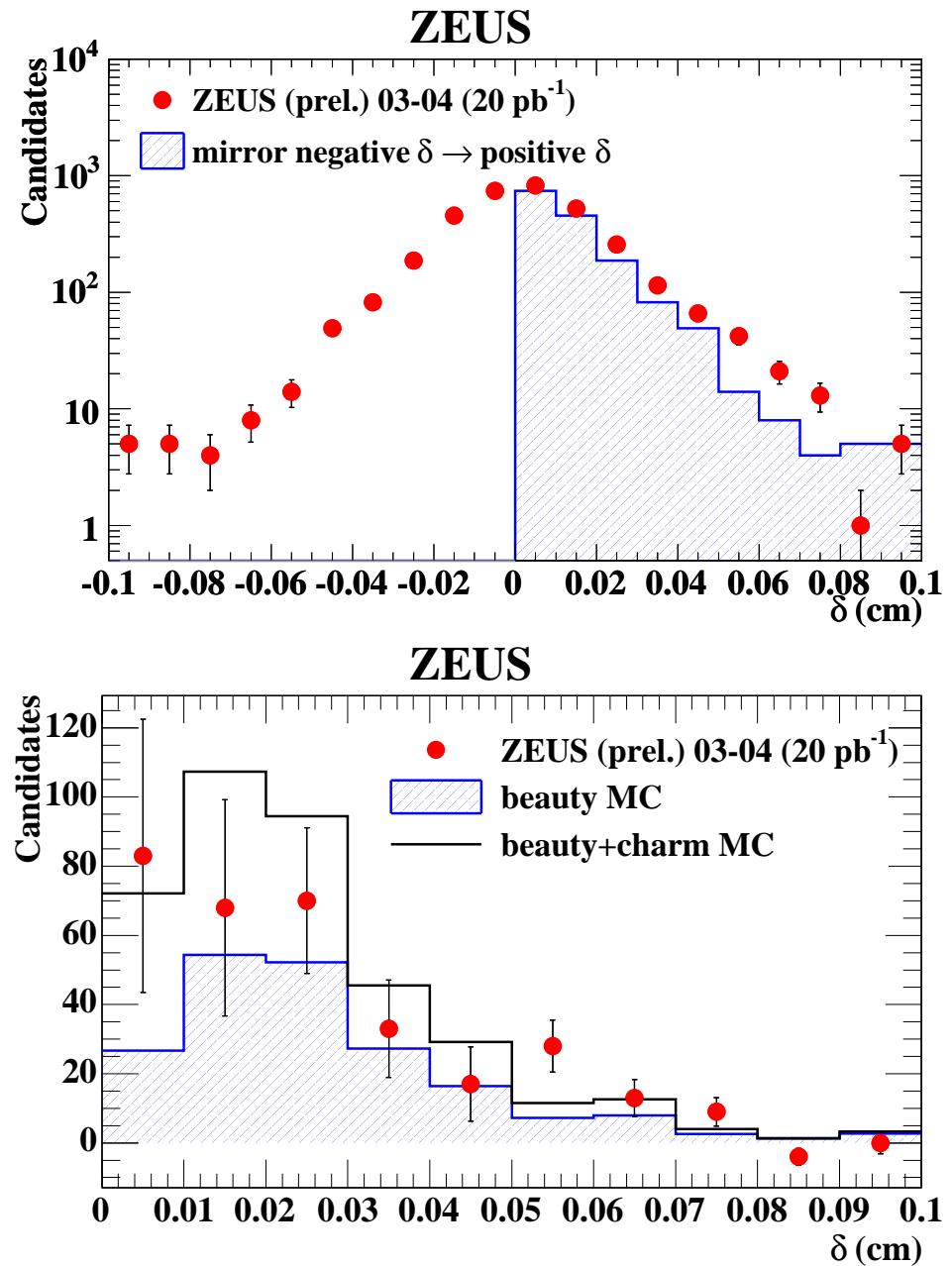
before: $N(D^+) = 417 \pm 195$



after: $N(D^+) = 151 \pm 28$

Beauty in HERA-II data

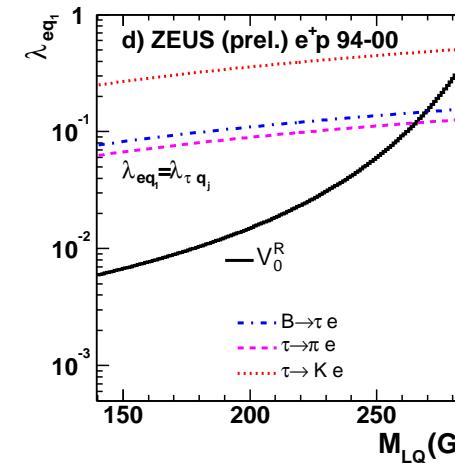
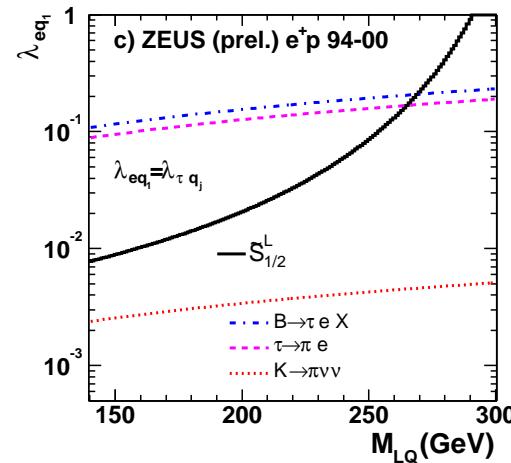
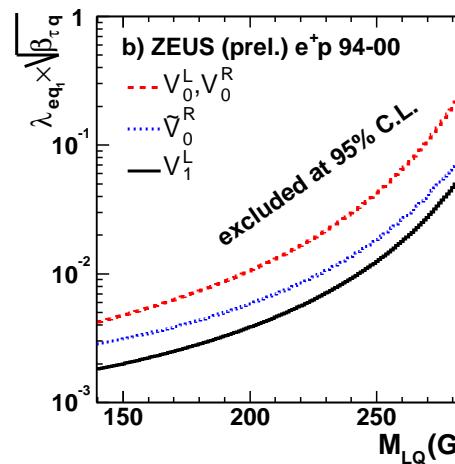
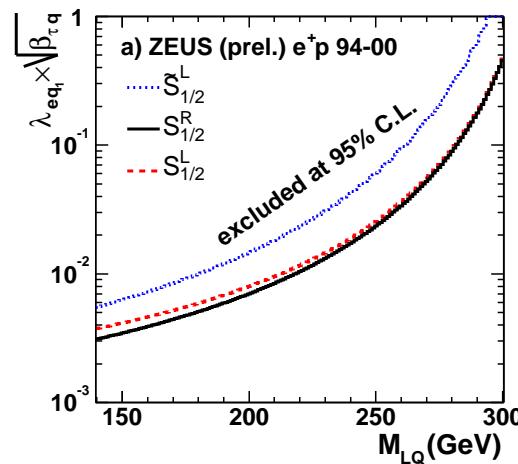
- First look at beauty with MVD
- 03-04 data (20 pb^{-1})
- Dijet+ μ PhP sample, $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 6, 7 \text{ GeV}$
 $p_T^\mu > 0.75 \text{ GeV}$ (loose μ selection)
- $f_b = 16.1 \pm 2.7(\text{stat.})\%$ from p_T^{rel} fit
- μ impact parameter wrt beam spot:
excess at positive δ
- Subtracted positive excess
compatible with $b + c$ MC
- b MC normalized to f_b from p_T^{rel}
- c MC from MC prediction for $f_c/(f_{uds})$



Lepton Flavour Violation

- Full HERA-I data sample (130 pb^{-1})
- search for
 $ep \rightarrow \mu X$
 $ep \rightarrow \tau X$
- no candidate found
- limits on LF-violating LQs
- independent from final quark flavour
- limits on $e \rightarrow \tau$
 stronger than from B and τ decays

ZEUS

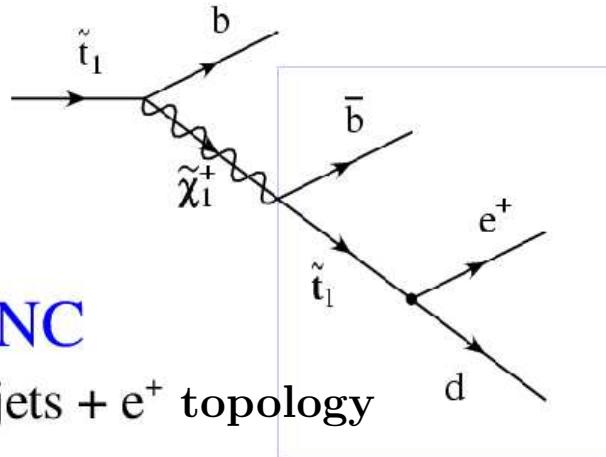


Stop

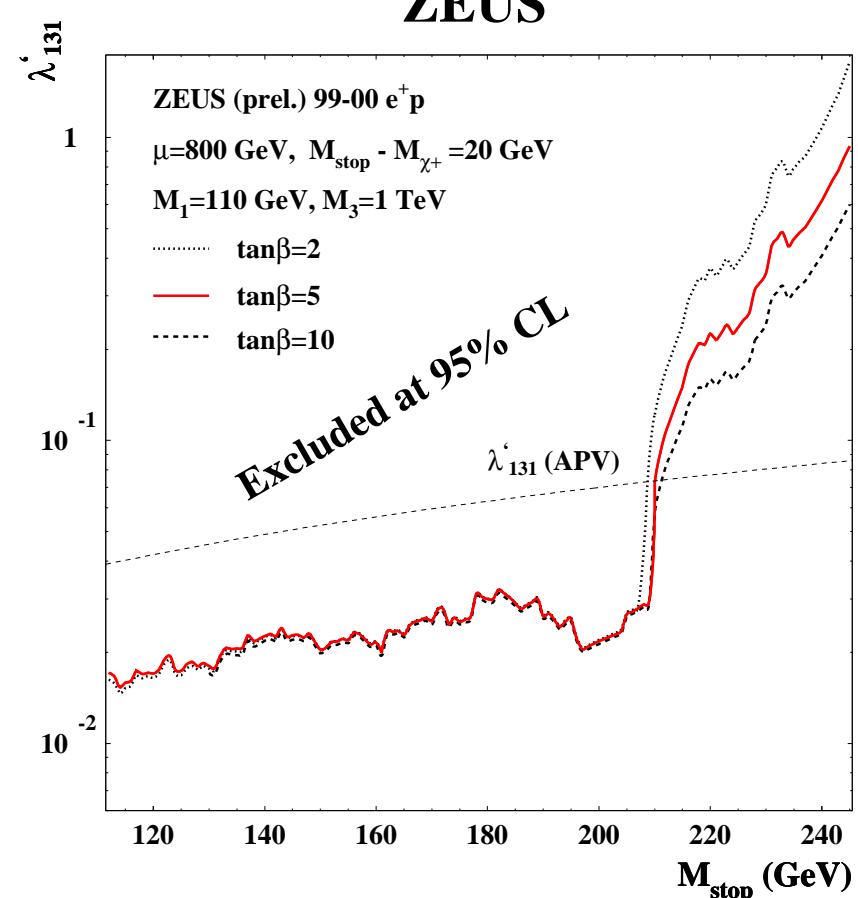
- Stop may be the lightest squark
- produced via R -parity violating coupling

$$\lambda'_{131} : \quad e^+ d \rightarrow \tilde{t}$$

- for small λ'_{131} decays mainly via chargino:

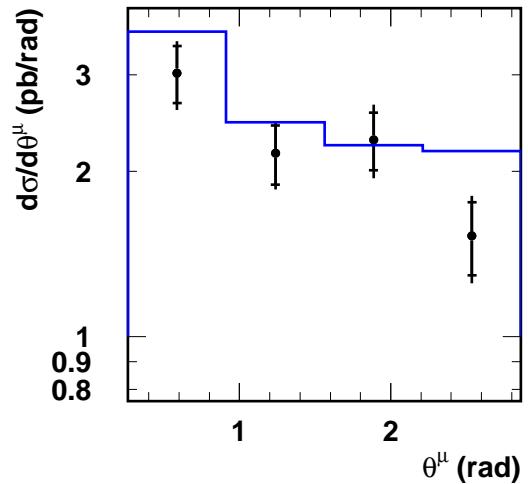
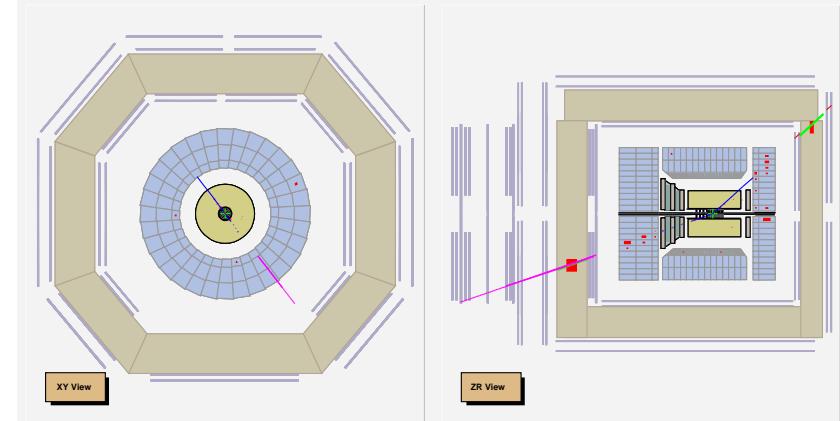
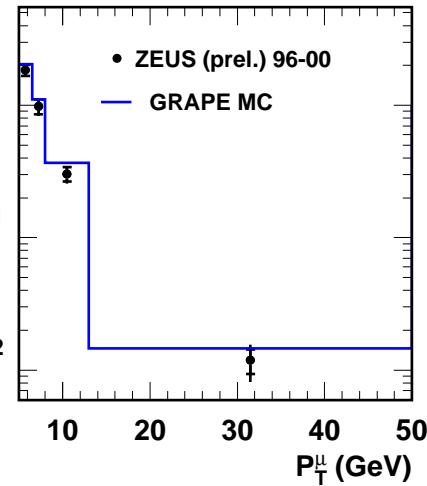
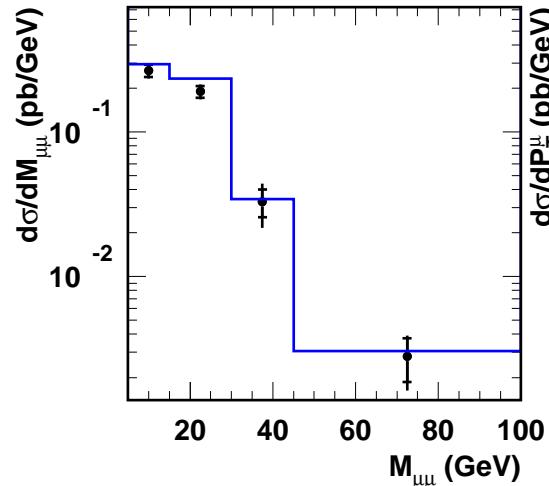


- 3 jets + e^+ topology
- 98 – 00 data (65.5 pb^{-1})
- NC DIS events with large circularity, large y and $Q^2 > 3000 \text{ GeV}^2$
- No peak found in hadron+ e mass
- limits on λ'_{131} vs $M_{\tilde{t}}$
- low dependence on MSSM parameters



Dimuon production

ZEUS

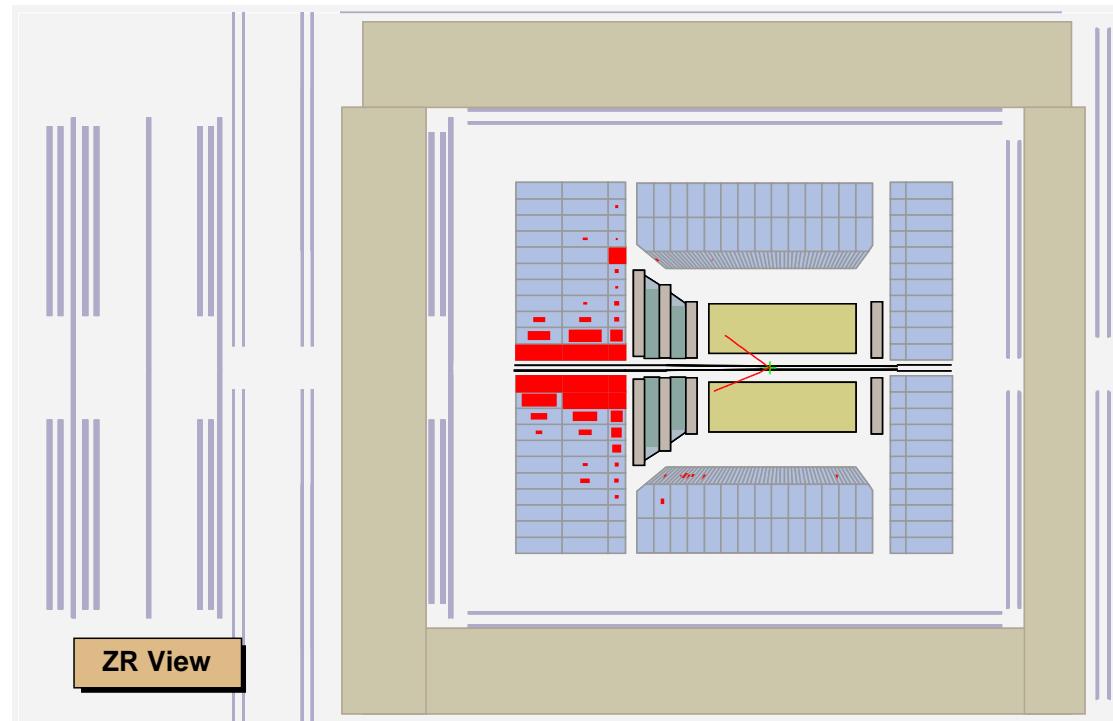


- QED process, precise theory
- 96-00 data (110 pb^{-1})
- hi-mass $\mu^+\mu^-$ pairs
- $p_T^\mu > 5 \text{ GeV}$, $12^\circ < \theta^\mu < 164^\circ$, $m_{\mu\mu} > 5 \text{ GeV}$
- Events with $M_{\mu\mu}$ up to 80 GeV
- No deviation from SM (GRAPe)

W production

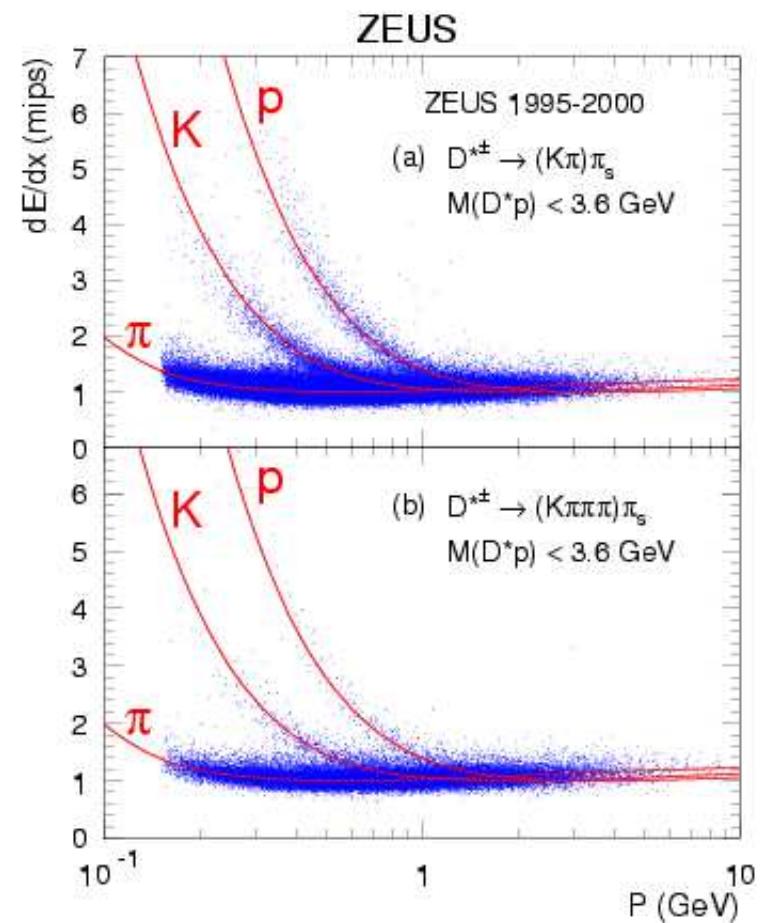
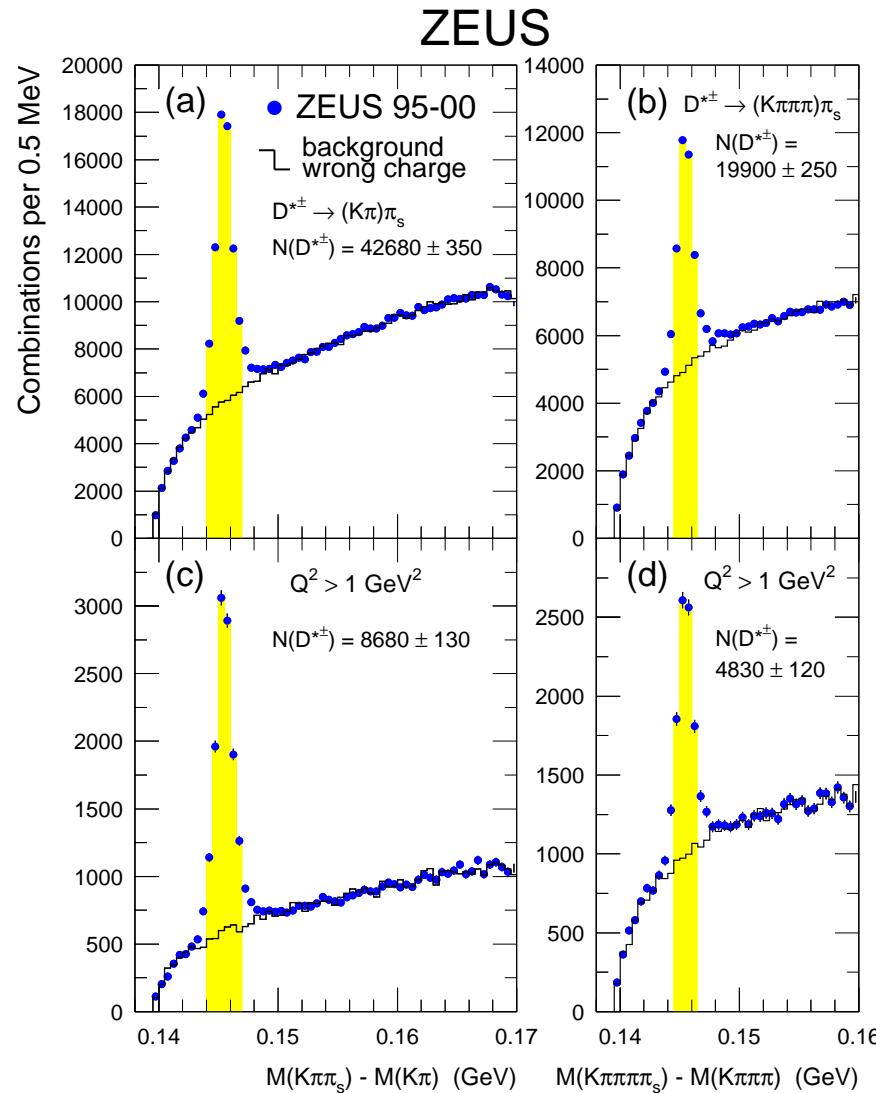
- W production: very low cross section ($\sigma_{SM} \sim 1\text{pb}$)
- search for $W \rightarrow e\nu$: electron and missing- p_T
- 98-00 data: 63 pb^{-1} (94-97 already published)
- good agreement with SM
- Upper limit: $\sigma(ep \rightarrow eWX) < 2.8\text{ pb}$ (98% CL)

	Events
data	5
W (SM)	3.2 ± 1.1
bkg (SM)	3.5 ± 1.8



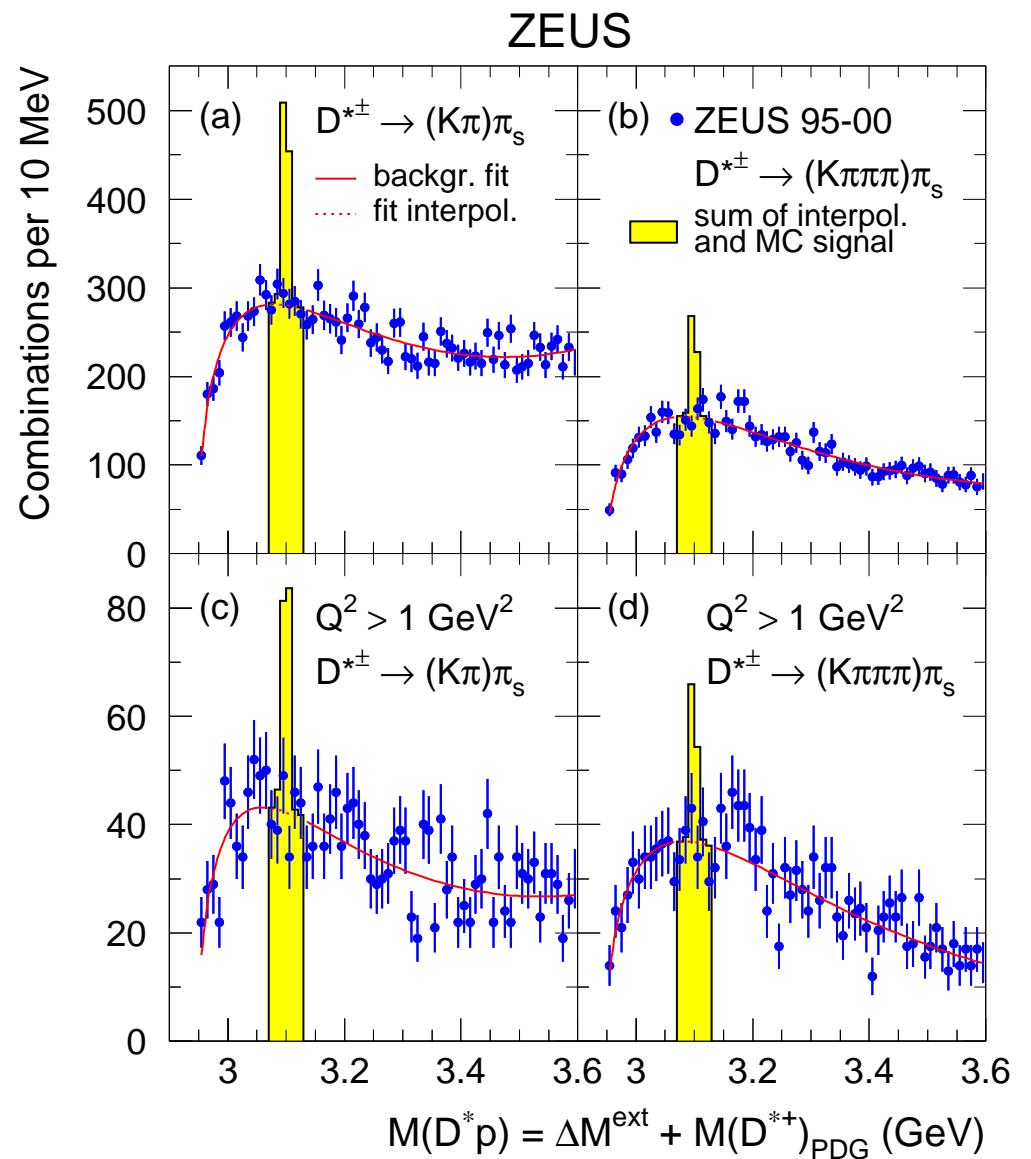
Charmed Pentaquarks I

- New paper, improved analysis
- search for $\Theta_c^0 \rightarrow D^* p$
- all HERA-I data (126 pb⁻¹)
- 42680 ± 350 D^* from $(K\pi)\pi_S$
- 19900 ± 250 D^* from $(K\pi\pi\pi)\pi_S$
- improved proton ID via dE/dx



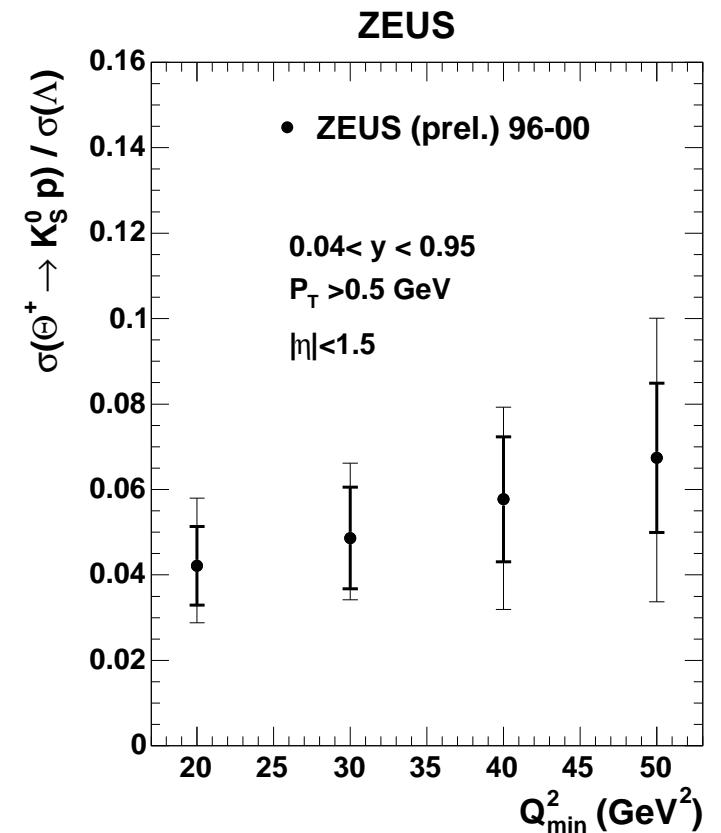
Charmed Pentaquarks II

- no signal in both channels
- no signal at $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- upper limit on
 $R = N(\Theta_c \rightarrow D^* p) / N(D^*)$
 for D^* in $P_T > 1.35 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 1.6$
- $R < 0.29\%$ at 95% CL,
 $R < 0.41\%$ for $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $R \sim 1\%$ excluded at 9σ



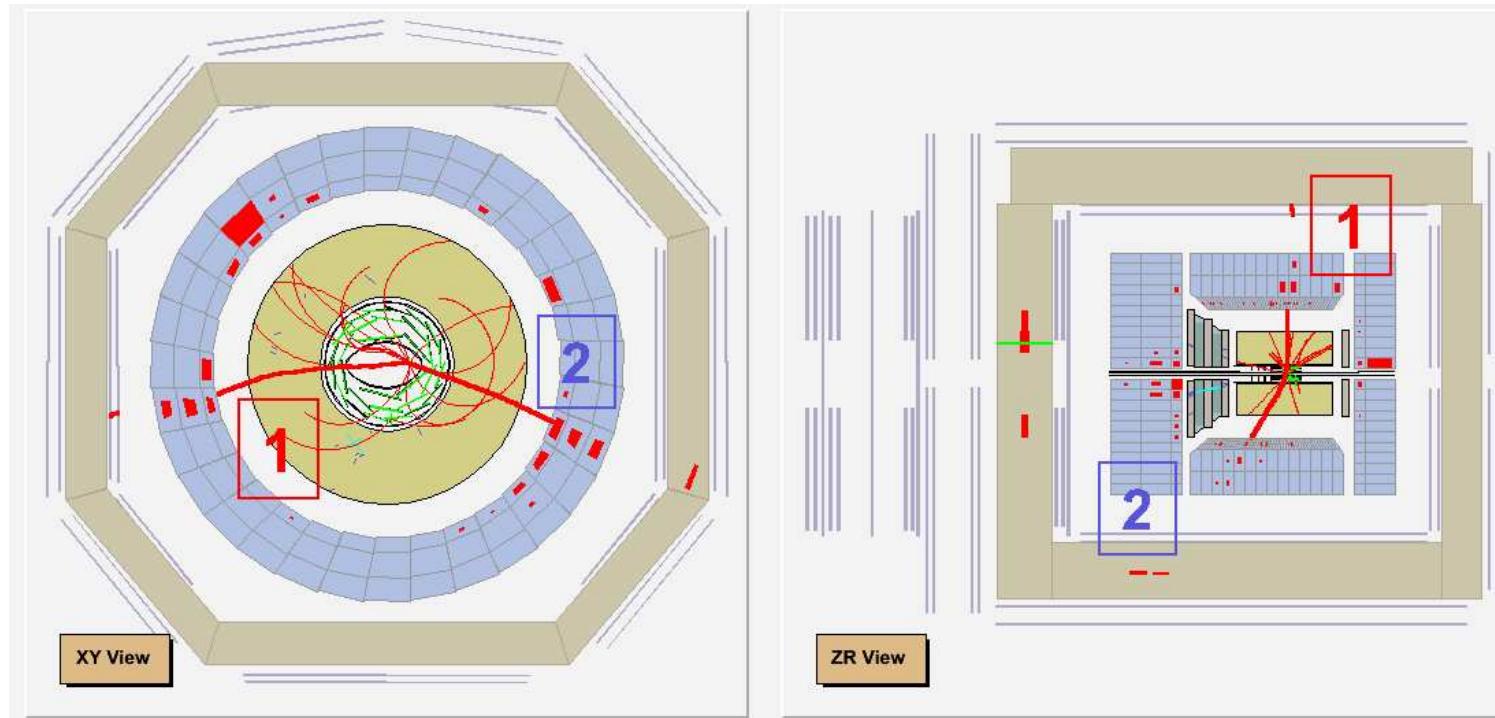
Strange Pentaquark

- cross section and
 $R = N(\Theta^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 p) / N(\Lambda(1116))$
for published $\Theta^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 p$ signal
- $Q^2 > 20 \text{ GeV}^2$, $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 1.6$
- $\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Theta^+ X) = 125 \pm 27(\text{stat.})^{+36}_{-28}(\text{syst.}) \text{ pb}$
- $R = (4.2 \pm 0.9(\text{stat.})^{+1.2}_{-0.9}(\text{syst.})) \%$
- no dependence from the Q^2 cut observed



Summary

- still many new results from HERA-I data
- first physics results from HERA-II



dijet+dimu event
 $ep \rightarrow e b\bar{b} X \rightarrow e(j\mu^+)(j\mu^-)$
 $p_T^{\text{rel}}(\mu 1) = 1.24 \text{ GeV}$
 $p_T^{\text{rel}}(\mu 2) = 2.05 \text{ GeV}$
 $\delta(\mu 1) = +250 \mu\text{m}$
 $\delta(\mu 2) = +330 \mu\text{m}$

Charmed Pentaquark with H1 selection

