

From $H = c \sqrt{(\vec{p} - e\vec{A})^2 + m^2c^2} + e\phi$

Eq. of Motion

$$\frac{d[\gamma mc^2 \vec{\beta} - e\vec{A}]}{cdt} = -e \nabla(\phi - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A})$$

↑
momentum
due to current

On Circular Orbit

$$\frac{d(\gamma m v_r)}{dt} = \frac{\gamma m v_\theta^2}{r} + F_r$$

↑ Centrifugal force

~~Electron~~

Bunched Beam

$$\frac{d(\gamma m v_r)}{dt} = \left(\frac{\beta_c p_0}{r} - e \frac{\beta_c A_0}{r} \right) * -e \frac{\partial(\phi - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A})}{\partial r}$$

↑ Centrifugal space
charge force

If treating

$$\gamma mc^2 + e\phi = \gamma_{\text{eff}} mc^2$$

$$\gamma_{\text{eff}} = \gamma + \frac{e\phi}{mc^2}$$

In circular orbit,

$$\frac{d(\gamma + \phi) \beta_r}{cdt} - \beta_0 \left[\frac{(\gamma + \phi) \beta_0}{r} - \frac{r_0 \beta_0}{R} \right]$$

$$= \frac{e}{mc^2} \left[- \frac{\partial(\phi - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A})}{\partial r} \right] + \beta_0 \left[\frac{A_0 - \beta_0 \phi}{r} - \frac{d(A_0 - \beta_0 \phi)}{cdt} \right]$$

$$\frac{d(\gamma + \phi) \beta_0}{cdt} + \beta_r \left[\frac{(\gamma + \phi) \beta_0}{r} - \frac{r_0 \beta_0}{R} \right]$$

$$= \frac{e}{mc^2} \left[- \frac{\partial(\phi - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A})}{r \partial \theta} \right]$$

$$- \beta_0 \frac{A_r - \beta_r \phi}{r} - \frac{d(A_0 - \beta_0 \phi)}{cdt}$$

$$\frac{d(\gamma + \phi)}{cdt} = \frac{e}{mc^2} \frac{\partial(\phi - \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{A})}{cdt}$$